East Pye Solar

Environmental Statement

Volume 3: Appendix 10.5 – Evaluation Trenching Report

Revision 1

March 2026

Planning Inspectorate Reference: EN0110014

Document Reference: APP/6.3.10.5

APFP Regulation 5(2)(a)

EAST PYE SOLAR, LONG STRATTON, NORFOLK:

A PROGRAMME OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL TRIAL TRENCH EVALUATION

LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY:
SOUTH NORFOLK COUNCIL

PLANNING APPLICATION NUMBERS:
1227/03

EVENT NO.: ENF158507

CNF NO.: CNF50757

PCA REPORT NO: R18241

ACCESSION NO.: NWHCM: 2025.310

OASIS: PRECONST1-539361

PRE-CONSTRUCT ARCHAEOLOGY

JANUARY 2026

East Pye Solar, Long Stratton, Norfolk: A Programme of Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation

Local Planning Authority: **South Norfolk Council**

Planning Reference: **1227/03**

Central National Grid Reference: **TM 23873 94851**

Site code: **ENF158507**

Oasis reference: **preconst1-539361**

CNF No. **CNF50757**

Report No. **R18241**

Written and researched by: [redacted]

Project Manager: [redacted]

Commissioning Client: **East Pye Solar Ltd.**

Contractor: **Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd**
Norfolk Office
Quarry Works
Dereham Road
Honingham
Norwich, NR9 5AP
Tel: **01603 863108**
E-mail: **PCrawley@pre-construct.com**
Website: **www.pre-construct.com**

©Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd

January 2026

The material contained herein is and remains the sole property of Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd and is not for publication to third parties without prior consent. Whilst every effort has been made to provide detailed and accurate information, Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd cannot be held responsible for errors or inaccuracies herein contained.

CONTENTS

CONTENTS 2
QUALITY CONTROL 13
ABSTRACT 14
1 INTRODUCTION 15
2 GEOLOGY AND TOPOGRAPHY 17
3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND 23
4 METHODOLOGY 30
5 QUANTIFICATION OF ARCHIVE 33
6 ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS 34
7 THE FINDS AND ENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE 144
8 DISCUSSION 267
9 CONCLUSIONS 285
10 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS 288
11 BIBLIOGRAPHY 289
12 APPENDIX 1: FIGURES 301
13 APPENDIX 2: PLATES 365
14 APPENDIX 3: FINDS QUANTIFICATION 425
15 APPENDIX 4: TRENCH TABLE 459
16 APPENDIX 5: CONTEXT DATA 473
17 APPENDIX 6: LITHIC CATALOGUE 560
18 APPENDIX 7: PREHISTORIC POTTERY CATALOGUE 598
19 APPENDIX 8: ROMAN POTTERY CATALOGUE 630
20 APPENDIX 9: POST-ROMAN POTTERY CATALOGUE 657
21 APPENDIX 10: POST-ROMAN POTTERY SPOTDATES 691
22 APPENDIX 11: CERAMIC BUILDING MATERIAL CATALOGUE 696
23 APPENDIX 12: FIRED CLAY CATALOGUE 706
24 APPENDIX 13: METALWORK CATALOGUE 720
25 APPENDIX 14: ANIMAL BONE CATALOGUE 735
26 APPENDIX 15: SHELL CATALOGUE 744
27 APPENDIX 16: ENVIRONMENTAL REMAINS 745
28 APPENDIX 16: OASIS ENTRY 782

TABLE 1: LOCATIONS OF ALL SITES WITH NATIONAL GRID REFERENCES ... 18
TABLE 2: GLOSSARY OF TERMS DESCRIBING LITHIC MATERIAL 144
TABLE 3: SITE 4A, STRUCK LITHIC MATERIAL..... 146
TABLE 4: SITE 4A, UNWORKED BURNT STONE..... 148
TABLE 5: SITE 5A, STRUCK LITHIC MATERIAL..... 150
TABLE 6: SITE 5A, UNWORKED BURNT STONE..... 151
TABLE 7: SITE 7C, UNWORKED BURNT STONE 153
TABLE 8: SITE 7F, UNWORKED BURNT STONE..... 155
TABLE 9: SITE 7K, UNWORKED BURNT FLINT 156
TABLE 10: SITE 9, STRUCK LITHIC MATERIAL 157
TABLE 11: SITE 9, UNWORKED BURNT FLINT 160
TABLE 12: SITE 10C, UNWORKED BURNT STONE 164
TABLE 13: POTTERY BY CONTEXT 174
TABLE 14: POTTERY BY SITE. 175
TABLE 15: FABRIC SERIES..... 175
TABLE 16: ASSEMBLAGE BY ENTITY. 176
TABLE 17: SHERD CONDITION 176
TABLE 18: SITE 4A POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY FABRICS 179
TABLE 19: SITE 9 POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY FABRICS. 183
TABLE 20: THE ROMAN POTTERY BY TRENCH 187
TABLE 21: FEATURES FROM WHICH ROMAN POTTERY WAS RECOVERED 188
TABLE 22: THE ROMAN POTTERY FABRICS, LISTED IN DESCENDING ORDER OF WEIGHT (%). 189
TABLE 23: THE ROMAN POTTERY RECOVERED FROM SITE 2A, LISTED BY TRENCH AND FEATURE 190
TABLE 24: THE ROMAN POTTERY FABRICS, VESSEL FORMS AND TYPES RECOVERED FROM SITE 2A; LISTED IN DESCENDING ORDER OF WEIGHT (%) 190
TABLE 25: THE ROMAN POTTERY FABRICS, VESSEL FORMS AND TYPES RECOVERED FROM SITE 4A; LISTED IN DESCENDING ORDER OF WEIGHT (%) 191

TABLE 26: THE ROMAN POTTERY RECOVERED FROM SITE 4A, LISTED BY TRENCH AND FEATURE 192
TABLE 27: THE ROMAN POTTERY RECOVERED FROM SITES 7A AND 7C, LISTED BY TRENCH AND FEATURE 192
TABLE 28: THE ROMAN POTTERY FABRICS, VESSEL FORMS AND TYPES RECOVERED FROM SITES 7A AND 7C; LISTED IN DESCENDING ORDER OF WEIGHT (%) 192
TABLE 29: THE ROMAN POTTERY FABRICS, VESSEL FORMS AND TYPES RECOVERED FROM SITE 9; LISTED IN DESCENDING ORDER OF WEIGHT (%) 193
TABLE 30: THE ROMAN POTTERY RECOVERED FROM SITE 9, LISTED BY TRENCH AND FEATURE 194
TABLE 31: POST-ROMAN POTTERY QUANTIFICATION BY SITE. 197
TABLE 32: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 1B, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 198
TABLE 33: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 3B, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 199
TABLE 34: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 4A, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 201
TABLE 35: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 5A, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 203
TABLE 36: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 7C, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 206
TABLE 37: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 9, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 208
TABLE 38: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 10B, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 210
TABLE 39: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 10C, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 212
TABLE 40: POST-ROMAN POTTERY FROM SITE 10E, IN APPROXIMATE DATE ORDER. 215
TABLE 41: CBM QUANTIFICATION BY SITE. 218
TABLE 42: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 1B. 218

TABLE 43: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 3B. 219
TABLE 44: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 4A. 220
TABLE 45: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 5A. 221
TABLE 46: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 7C. 222
TABLE 47: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 7D. 222
TABLE 48: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 9. 223
TABLE 49: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 10B. 224
TABLE 50: CBM FORM QUANTITIES, SITE 10C. 224
TABLE 51: FIRED CLAY QUANTIFICATION BY SITE. 226
TABLE 52: DISTRIBUTION OF CLAY TOBACCO PIPES BY CONTEXT. 233
TABLE 53: WORKED STONE CATALOGUE 236
TABLE 54: INDUSTRIAL WASTE CATALOGUE. 237
TABLE 55: GLASS CATALOGUE 240
TABLE 56: SPECIMENS (NISP) COLLECTED BY HAND BY SITE. 243
TABLE 57: SPECIMENS (NISP) RECOVERED BY ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES FROM EAST PYE SOLAR, NORFOLK. 243
TABLE 58: BURNT SPECIMENS (NISP) RECOVERED BY ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES FROM SITE 9, EAST PYE SOLAR, NORFOLK. 248

FIGURE 1: SITE LOCATION 301
FIGURE 2: DETAILED SITE LOCATION 302
FIGURE 3: SITES 1 AND 2, TRENCHES OVERLYING GEOPHYSICS INTERPRETATION 303
FIGURE 4: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 1 304
FIGURE 5: SITE 1B SECTIONS 305
FIGURE 6: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 2 306
FIGURE 7: SITES 2A, 2B AND 2C SECTIONS 307
FIGURE 8: SITE 3, TRENCHES OVERLYING GEOPHYSICS INTERPRETATION 308
FIGURE 9: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 3 309
FIGURE 10: SITE 3B SECTIONS 310
FIGURE 11; SITE 3B SECTIONS CONTINUED 311

FIGURE 12: SITE 4, TRENCHES OVERLYING GEOPHYSICS INTERPRETATION 312
FIGURE 13: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 4A NORTH 313
FIGURE 14: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 4A CENTRE 314
FIGURE 15: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 4A SOUTH 315
FIGURE 16: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 4B 316
FIGURE 17: SITE 4A SECTIONS 317
FIGURE 18: SITE 4A SECTIONS CONTINUED 318
FIGURE 19: SITE 4A SECTIONS CONTINUED 319
FIGURE 20: SITE 4A SECTIONS CONTINUED 320
FIGURE 21: SITE 4B SECTIONS 321
FIGURE 22: SITE 5, TRENCHES OVERLYING GEOPHYSICS INTERPRETATION 322
FIGURE 23: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 5A NORTH 323
FIGURE 24: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITES 5A SOUTH AND 5B 324
FIGURE 25: SITE 5A SECTIONS 325
FIGURE 26: SITES 5A AND 5B SECTIONS CONTINUED 326
FIGURE 27: SITE 7 WEST, TRENCHES OVERLYING GEOPHYSICS INTERPRETATION 327
FIGURE 28: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITES 7A, 7B AND 7C 328
FIGURE 29: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITES 7D, 7E AND 7F 329
FIGURE 30: SITES 7 EAST AND 8, TRENCHES OVERLYING GEOPHYSICS INTERPRETATION 330
FIGURE 31: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITES 7G, 7H, 7I, 7J, 7K, 7L AND 8A 331
FIGURE 32: SITES 7A, 7C AND 7L SECTIONS 332
FIGURE 33: SITE 7C SECTIONS CONTINUED 333
FIGURE 34: SITES 7C, 7D, 7E, 7F AND 7G SECTIONS CONTINUED 334
FIGURE 35: SITES 7H, 7K AND 8A SECTIONS CONTINUED 335
FIGURE 36: SITE 9, TRENCHES OVERLYING GEOPHYSICS INTERPRETATION 336
FIGURE 37: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 9 NORTH 337
FIGURE 38: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 9 SOUTH 338
FIGURE 39: SITE 9 SECTIONS 339

FIGURE 40: SITE 9 SECTIONS CONTINUED 340
FIGURE 41: SITE 9 SECTIONS CONTINUED 341
FIGURE 42: SITE 9 SECTIONS CONTINUED 342
FIGURE 43: SITE 9 SECTIONS CONTINUED 343
FIGURE 44: SITE 10, TRENCHES OVERLYING GEOPHYSICS INTERPRETATION 344
FIGURE 45: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 10B 345
FIGURE 46: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 10C 346
FIGURE 47: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 10C 347
FIGURE 48: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 10C 348
FIGURE 49: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 10E 349
FIGURE 50: DETAILED TRENCH PLAN, SITE 10E 350
FIGURE 51: SITE 10B SECTIONS 351
FIGURE 52: SITE 10C SECTIONS 352
FIGURE 53: SITE 10C SECTIONS CONTINUED 353
FIGURE 54: SITE 10C SECTIONS CONTINUED 354
FIGURE 55: SITE 10E SECTIONS 355
FIGURE 56: SITE 10E SECTIONS CONTINUED 356
FIGURE 57: SITES 1 AND 2, TRENCHES OVERLYING THE OS, SIX-INCH TO THE MILE MAP, NORFOLK SHEET XCVII.SW, PUBLISHED 1906 357
FIGURE 58: SITE 3, TRENCHES OVERLYING THE OS, SIX-INCH TO THE MILE MAP, NORFOLK SHEET XCVII.NE, PUBLISHED 1950 358
FIGURE 59: SITE 4, TRENCHES OVERLYING THE OS, SIX-INCH TO THE MILE MAP, NORFOLK SHEET LXXXVII.SW, PUBLISHED 1907 359
FIGURE 60: SITE 5, TRENCHES OVERLYING THE OS, SIX-INCH TO THE MILE MAP, NORFOLK SHEET XCVII.NE, PUBLISHED 1906 360
FIGURE 61: SITE 7 WEST, TRENCHES OVERLYING THE OS, SIX-INCH TO THE MILE MAP, NORFOLK SHEET LXXXVII.SE, PUBLISHED 1907 361
FIGURE 62: SITE 7 EAST AND 8, TRENCHES OVERLYING THE OS, SIX-INCH TO THE MILE MAP, NORFOLK SHEET LXXXVII.NE, PUBLISHED 1907 362
FIGURE 63: SITE 9, TRENCHES OVERLYING THE OS, SIX-INCH TO THE MILE MAP, NORFOLK SHEET [DETAILS HERE], PUBLISHED 19XX 363
FIGURE 64: SITE 10, TRENCHES OVERLYING THE OS, SIX-INCH TO THE MILE

MAP, NORFOLK SHEET LXXXVIII.SW, PUBLISHED 1907 364

PLATE 1: TRENCH 9, DITCH [1168], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 365
PLATE 2: TRENCH 2, VIEW SOUTH. 365
PLATE 3: TRENCH 2, TEST SLOT IN PIT [1190], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 366
PLATE 4: TRENCH 10, DITCH [1181], VIEW NORTH-EAST. 366
PLATE 5: TRENCH 15, DITCHES [1158] AND [1160], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 367
PLATE 6: TRENCH 24, DITCH [1199], VIEW NORTH. 368
PLATE 7: TRENCH 24, DITCH [1214], VIEW EAST. 368
PLATE 8: TRENCH 24, DITCHES [1207] AND [1209], VIEW WEST. 369
PLATE 9: TRENCH 24, DITCH [1203], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 369
PLATE 10: TRENCH 33, DITCH [41], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 370
PLATE 11: TRENCH 41, PIT [18], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 370
PLATE 12: TRENCH 44, PIT [6], VIEW NORTH. 371
PLATE 13: TRENCH 44, PIT [20], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 371
PLATE 14: TRENCH 45, EXTRACTION PIT [4], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 372
PLATE 15: TRENCH 45, EXTRACTION PIT [47], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 372
PLATE 16: TRENCH 45, METALLED SURFACE (58) AND (59), VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 373
PLATE 17: TRENCH 45, METALLED SURFACE (58) AND (59) WITH 1M SLOT REMOVED, VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 373
PLATE 18: TRENCH 46, VIEW NORTH. 374
PLATE 19: TRENCH 46, DITCHES [38] AND [384], VIEW EAST. 374
PLATE 20: TRENCH 46, METALLED SURFACE (67) AND (68), VIEW EAST. 375
PLATE 21: TRENCH 48, DITCH [26], VIEW WEST. 375
PLATE 22: TRENCH 51, VIEW SOUTH. 376
PLATE 23: TRENCH 57, PRE-EXCAVATION SHOT OF OVENS [237] [255] [264]. 376
PLATE 24: TRENCH 57, OVEN [237] UNDER EXCAVATION, VIEW SOUTH. 377
PLATE 25: TRENCH 57, OVEN [248] UNDER EXCAVATION, VIEW NORTH. 377
PLATE 26: TRENCH 57, OVEN [255] UNDER EXCAVATION, VIEW WEST. 378
PLATE 27: TRENCH 57, OBLIQUE SHOT OF OVENS [237] [255] [264]. 378

PLATE 28: TRENCH 57, POST-EXCAVATION OF OVENS [237] [255] [264]..... 379
PLATE 29: TRENCH 58, DITCH [105], VIEW NORTH. 379
PLATE 30: TRENCH 59, DITCH [187], VIEW NORTH-WEST..... 380
PLATE 31: TRENCH 61, VIEW WEST..... 380
PLATE 32: TRENCH 61, STRUCTURE [151] [152] PRE-EXCAVATION, VIEW NORTH-WEST..... 381
PLATE 33: TRENCH 61, STRUCTURE [151] [152] WITH 1M SLOT REMOVED AND BALK VISIBLE, VIEW NORTH-EAST. 381
PLATE 34: TRENCH 65, VIEW SOUTH-WEST..... 382
PLATE 35: TRENCH 65, PIT [89], VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 382
PLATE 36: TRENCH 67, DITCH [87], VIEW SOUTH-EAST..... 383
PLATE 37: TRENCH 67, PIT [134], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 383
PLATE 38: TRENCH 70, DITCH [142], VIEW NORTH. 384
PLATE 39: TRENCH 71, DITCHES [116] AND [222], AND TRACKWAY [224] VIEW NORTH-EAST..... 384
PLATE 40: TRENCH 71, TRACKWAY [224], VIEW NORTH. 385
PLATE 41: TRENCH 80, VIEW NORTH-WEST..... 385
PLATE 42: TRENCH 80, DITCH [157] AND [159], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 386
PLATE 43: TRENCH 80, PIT [162], VIEW WEST. 386
PLATE 44: TRENCH 80, PIT [166], VIEW NORTH..... 387
PLATE 45: TRENCH 80, DITCHES [173] AND [176], VIEW EAST. 387
PLATE 46: TRENCH 80, DITCHES [190] AND [196], VIEW NORTH-WEST..... 388
PLATE 47: TRENCH 81, VIEW NORTH-WEST..... 388
PLATE 48: TRENCH 81, PITS [213] AND [215] VIEW NORTH-EAST. 389
PLATE 49: TRENCH 81, PITS [207] AND [209], VIEW SOUTH-EAST..... 389
PLATE 50: TRENCH 81, DITCH [201] AND [203], VIEW SOUTH-WEST..... 390
PLATE 51: TRENCH 81, PIT [232] AND [235], VIEW NORTH-EAST..... 390
PLATE 52: TRENCH 81, PIT [232] AND [235], VIEW NORTH-EAST..... 391
PLATE 53: TRENCH 86, PIT [280], VIEW SOUTH..... 391
PLATE 54: TRENCH 105, DITCH [306] AND PIT [308], VIEW WEST..... 392
PLATE 55: TRENCH 108, VIEW SOUTH-WEST..... 392
PLATE 56: TRENCH 108, DITCH [322], VIEW WEST..... 393
PLATE 57: TRENCH 108, DITCH TERMINUS [382], VIEW NORTH..... 393

PLATE 58: TRENCH 111, DITCH [376] AND LAYER (375), VIEW NORTH-WEST. 394
PLATE 59: TRENCH 112, PITS [369] AND [371], VIEW SOUTH-WEST..... 394
PLATE 60: TRENCH 130, DITCH [990], VIEW EAST-SOUTH-EAST..... 395
PLATE 61: TRENCH 143, EXTRACTION PIT [1019], VIEW EAST-SOUTH-EAST. 395
PLATE 62: TRENCH 145, DITCH [1049], VIEW NORTH-WEST..... 396
PLATE 63: TRENCH 147, COBBLED SURFACE [1081], VIEW SOUTH-EAST.... 396
PLATE 64: TRENCH 155, DITCH [1122], VIEW NORTH. 397
PLATE 65: TRENCH 192, WATERING HOLE [1156] AND PIT [1153], VIEW SOUTH. 397
PLATE 66: TRENCH 192, POSTHOLES [1145], [1147] AND [1149], VIEW WEST. 398
PLATE 67: TRENCH 211, WATERING HOLE [1025], VIEW SOUTH-WEST..... 398
PLATE 68: TRENCH 231, PIT [768], VIEW SOUTH. 399
PLATE 69: TRENCH 238, DITCH [810], VIEW NORTH-WEST..... 399
PLATE 70: TRENCH 238, PIT [832] AND DITCH [834], VIEW NORTH. 400
PLATE 71: TRENCH 240, DITCHES [860] AND [862] AND SURFACE (863), VIEW SOUTH..... 400
PLATE 72: TRENCH 241, DITCH [839], VIEW EAST..... 401
PLATE 73: TRENCH 241, DITCH [841], VIEW NORTH-EAST..... 401
PLATE 74: TRENCH 242, VIEW NORTH-EAST..... 402
PLATE 75: TRENCH 242, PIT [856], VIEW NORTH-EAST. 402
PLATE 76: TRENCH 243, PIT [825], VIEW SOUTH. 403
PLATE 77: TRENCH 243, PIT [827], VIEW SOUTH. 403
PLATE 78: TRENCH 246, DITCH [819], VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 404
PLATE 79: TRENCH 246, DITCH [821], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 404
PLATE 80: TRENCH 246, DITCH [847], VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 405
PLATE 81: TRENCH 247, POSTHOLES [784], [787], [790], [793] AND [795], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 405
PLATE 82: TRENCH 247, DITCH [806] AND PITS [802], [804] AND [808], VIEW EAST..... 406
PLATE 83: TRENCH 248, DITCHES [777], [779], POSTHOLE [775] AND PIT [773],

VIEW EAST. 406
PLATE 84; TRENCH 250, PITS [947] AND [949], VIEW NORTH. 407
PLATE 85: TRENCH 250, OVEN [945], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 407
PLATE 86: TRENCH 250, OVEN [951], VIEW WEST. 408
PLATE 87: TRENCH 251, VIEW NORTH. 408
PLATE 88: TRENCH 251, OVEN [957] AND PIT [954], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 409
PLATE 89: TRENCH 251, KILN [970], VIEW SOUTH. 409
PLATE 90: TRENCH 256, DITCHES [916] AND [919], VIEW EAST. 410
PLATE 91: TRENCH 257, DITCH [926], VIEW SOUTH. 410
PLATE 92: TRENCH 258, VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 411
PLATE 93: TRENCH 258, PITS [910] AND [912], VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 411
PLATE 94: TRENCH 258, PIT [912] WITH POTTERY IN-SITU, VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 412
PLATE 95: TRENCH 258, PIT [924], VIEW NORTH-EAST. 412
PLATE 96: TRENCH 259, PIT [908], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 413
PLATE 97: TRENCH 260, PIT [900], VIEW NORTH-EAST. 413
PLATE 98: TRENCH 263, PIT [937], VIEW SOUTH. 414
PLATE 99: TRENCH 276, PIT [551], VIEW NORTH-EAST. 414
PLATE 100: TRENCH 280, KILN [620] AND RAKE-OUT PIT [622], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 415
PLATE 101: TRENCH 280, PIT [624], VIEW WEST. 415
PLATE 102: TRENCH 288, PIT [626], VIEW NORTH-EAST. 416
PLATE 103: TRENCH 291, VIEW NORTH-WEST. 416
PLATE 104: TRENCH 296, KILN [663] AND RAKE-OUT PIT [665], VIEW SOUTH. 417
PLATE 105: TRENCH 297. PIT [667], VIEW WEST. 417
PLATE 106: TRENCH 298, VIEW NORTH-EAST. 418
PLATE 107: TRENCH 298, KILN [643] AND RAKE-OUT PITS [645] AND [647], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 418
PLATE 108: TRENCH 298, KILN [655] AND RAKE-OUT PIT [657], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 419
PLATE 109: TRENCH 298, DITCH [649], VIEW NORTH-WEST. 419
PLATE 110: TRENCH 298, PIT [661], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 420

PLATE 111: TRENCH 298, DITCH [677], VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 420
PLATE 112: TRENCH 302, PIT [608], VIEW SOUTH-WEST. 421
PLATE 113: TRENCH 309, DITCH [746], VIEW WEST. 421
PLATE 114: TRENCH 309, DITCH [748], VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 422
PLATE 115: TRENCH 312, OVEN OR HEARTH [728], VIEW NORTH. 422
PLATE 116: TRENCH 313, DITCH [695], VIEW WEST. 423
PLATE 117: TRENCH 313, LAYER (723) AND PITS [724] AND [726], VIEW NORTH-EAST. 423
PLATE 118: TRENCH 315, DITCHES [707] AND [712] AND PIT [709], VIEW SOUTH-EAST. 424

Quality Control

Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd	
Site Code	ENF158507
K Code:	K9868
Report Number:	R18241

	Name	**Date**
Text Prepared by:	Marta Estanga, Naomi Pierrepoint-Davis and Thomas Lucking	22/01/26
Graphics Prepared by:	Ramon Navas	22/01/26
Project Manager Sign-off:	Peter Crawley	23/01/26

Version Control			
Version No.	Name	Reason	Date
V1	Marta Estanga, Naomi Pierrepoint-Davis and Thomas Lucking	Initial issue	23/01/26
V1	Marta Estanga and Peter Crawley	Consultant Edits	16/02/26

ABSTRACT

Between 4th August and 4th November 2025, Pre-Construct Archaeology undertook a Programme of Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation at the site of a proposed solar energy scheme (East Pye), located across several sites running from Great Moulton to Seething. A geophysical survey previously conducted across the area of the scheme had identified a number of potential archaeological anomalies, which were targeted by the trenching, as well as anomalies identified through aerial photography and existing entries on the Historic Environment Record. A total of 303 trial trenches were excavated across nine of the ten 'sites' and archaeological remains were identified in 228 of the trenches.

The densest concentrations of archaeological remains were recorded in the north-east corner of Site 3B, where medieval activity of possible industrial character was identified. Site 4A contained the remains of a Roman farmstead, along with marginal prehistoric activity toward the southern end of the field, including a small pit containing Beaker pottery. Site 5A revealed evidence of ancillary activity likely associated with the nearby manor during the medieval period. In Site 7C, a small portion of further medieval activity was encountered, showing notable similarities to that recorded in Site 3. Two possible prehistoric watering holes were revealed in 7F and K and a flint axe was picked up on the surface of 7E. In Site 9, trenches at the northern end of the site contained multi-period settlement remains with evidence of activity from the Neolithic, Iron Age, Roman and medieval periods, including a well-preserved Roman pottery kiln. A trench at the southern end also contained a possible prehistoric watering hole or large pit. In Site 10, a number of Late Saxon to early medieval pottery kilns were revealed alongside associated features in the southern block of trenches, while further medieval activity was revealed in the northernmost field. A sparse scatter of prehistoric features was also present.

Many of the trenches across the sites were targeting field boundaries present on post-medieval mapping, mostly piecemeal enclosure boundaries or later sub-divisions, although a few also formed parish boundaries. These were consistently shown to have been single episodes of ditch construction, which were maintained into the 20th century, before being backfilled at various points in the second half of the 20th century as part of wider processes of field amalgamation.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 A programme of archaeological trial trench evaluation was undertaken by Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd (PCA) on nine sites, part of a proposed solar scheme entitled ‘East Pye’ on land in South Norfolk (Figure 1). The works initiated on the 4th of August 2025 and were completed on the 4th of November 2025.

1.2 The archaeological work was commissioned by GHC Archaeology and Heritage Ltd, on behalf of East Pye Solar Ltd. A Development Consent Order for solar development of the site is being sought from the Planning Inspectorate. Norfolk County Council Historic Environment Service (NCCHES) requested that a programme of archaeological trial trenching was undertaken in order to allow reasoned and informed recommendations on the need for and extent of any further mitigation. This is due the potential archaeological significance of parts of the proposed development area (PDA), and in line with National Planning Policy Framework 2024, Section 16 'Conserving and enhancing the historic environment'.

1.3 The evaluation was carried out in accordance with a Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) prepared by GHC Archaeology (Barker, 2025) in response to pre-planning issued by John Percival (Percival, 2025) of Norfolk County Council Historic Environment Service (NCCHES).

1.4 The aim of the evaluation was to determine the location, date, extent, character, condition and quality of any archaeological remains on the site, to assess the significance of any such remains in a local, regional, or national context, as appropriate, and to assess the potential impact of the development proposals on the site's archaeology.

1.5 A total of 303 no. 50m long evaluation trenches totalling 15.15km were excavated and recorded across nine of the ten Sites within the scheme.

1.6 This report describes the results of the evaluation and aims to inform the design of an appropriate archaeological mitigation strategy. Following Transfer of Title,

the site archive will be deposited with Norfolk Museums Service [NWHCM: 2025.310].

2 GEOLOGY AND TOPOGRAPHY

2.1 Geology

2.2 The solid geology of the overall site mostly comprises Norwich Crag Sand Formation, with a small section of Lewes Nodular Chalk Formation between Long Stratton and Tasburgh in Site 4, the north of Site 1 & 2, and the west of Site 7 (BGS 2025). The overlaying superficial geology, where present, generally consists of diamicton of the Lowestoft Formation but also includes areas of Leet Hill Sand and Gravel Member (Site 4b), Head deposits (Site 5A, 7B).

2.3 Topography

2.4 The proposed development area comprises approximately 1,100ha area of land located c.10km south of Norwich (Figure 1), in the general vicinity of the town of Long Stratton and surrounding villages of Hempnall, Tasburgh and Woodton, centred at NGR TM 23873 94851. The site is located within the district of South Norfolk. The exact locations have been detailed below (Table 1).

Site	Location	National Grid Reference (NGR)
Proposed BESS	North of Station Road, Great Moulton	TM 1722 8854
1A	West of Firth Way, Great Moulton	TM 1668 8914
1B	West of Firth Way, Great Moulton	TM 1708 8916
2A	West of Ipswich Road, Long Stratton	TM 1856 8891
2B	West of Ipswich Road, Long Stratton	TM 1832 8783
2C	West of Ipswich Road, Long Stratton	TM 1897 8948
3B	South of Lundy Green, Hempnall	TM 2444 9187
4A	West of Norwich Road, Tasburgh	TM 2014 9465
4B	East of Norwich Road, Tasburgh	TM 2061 9420
5A	South of Bungay Road, Hempnall	TM 2247 9388
5B	West of The Street, Tasburgh	TM 2295 9363
7A	North of Fairstead Lane, Tasburgh	TM 2128 9567
7B	South of Fairstead Lane, Tasburgh	TM 2278 9486

Site	Location	National Grid Reference (NGR)
7C	North of Fairstead Lane, Tasburgh	TM 2274 9567
7D	South of Church Hill, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2354 9617
7E	East of Broaden Lane, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2429 9560
7F	East of Broaden Lane, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2432 9605
7G	West of Bussey's Loke, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2522 9531
7H	East of Bussey's Loke, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2580 9514
7J	South-east of Fyland's Road, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2624 9534
7K	South-west of Woodton Road, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2701 9558
7L	South-west of Woodton Road, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2723 9547
8A	South-east of Wash Lane, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2609 9671
8B	South-east of Heath Road, Saxlingham Nethergate	TM 2607 9752
9	North of Littlebeck Lane, Brooke	TM 2809 9808
10B	South of Harvey's Lane, Woodton	TM 3017 9479
10C	South of Harvey's Lane, Woodton	TM 2979 9555
10E	West of Upgate Road, Woodton	TM 3108 9628

Table 1: Locations of all sites with National Grid References

2.5 The development area comprises 96 agricultural fields in multiple locations that are predominantly currently used for arable cultivation. Due to the size of development area and its geographical spread, it has been divided into ten Sites (1-10). The archaeological trenching sites contain subdivisions of each site, with letters denoting the sub-division (e.g. Site 1A). The exceptions to this BESS which are included in Site 1. The National Grid Project Substation, 3A, Site 6, 7I, 10D and the cable route were not included in the trenching scheme. The sub-Sites are noted in Table 1 along with a visual demonstration on Figure 2.

2.6 The topography of the wider landscape is relatively flat with most of the Sites at a height of between c. 30m and c. 55m above Ordnance Datum (aOD), with the higher ground to the south of the scheme. The lowest ground is found on the

Sites along the River Hempnall, a tributary of the Tas, most notably within Sites 4A and 7A which are situated on either side of the valley on more sloping ground at a height of between c. 25m above Ordnance Datum (aOD) rising to a maximum of c. 35m aOD.

2.7 Site 1 (1A, 1B and BESS) (Figure 3)

2.8 Site 1 consists of eight arable fields between Great Moulton in the north and Tivetshall St. Margaret in the south. Moulton Road lies to the west and the A140 to the east. Site 1 comprises c. 180ha of land and has been divided into Site 1A (7.9ha centred at NGR TM 1668 8914) to the north-west and Site 1B (48.1ha centred at NGR TM 1708 8916) to the north-east. The BESS was to the south of Site 1B (approximately 23.16ha centred at NGR TM 1722 8854). For the purposes of this investigation, the BESS is considered as an extension of Site 1.

2.9 Site 2 (2A, 2B and 2C) (Figure 3)

2.10 Site 2 is located in the south-western part of the development Site near Ipswich Road, due east of the proposed BESS and directly to the west of the A140. It comprises ten agricultural fields. Site 2 is split into three non-contiguous sub-Sites: Site 2A to the south is 39.6ha (centred on NGR TM 1856 8891), Site 2B is 42.7ha (centred on NGR TM 1832 8783) and Site 2C to the north is 16.3ha (centred on NGR TM 1897 8948).

2.11 Site 3B (Figure 8)

2.12 Site 3 consists of six agricultural fields directly south of Hempnall Green, between Stebbings Lane and Barondle Lane. It is divided into two sub-sites; 3A and 3B which are separated by Spring Wood. Site 3A was located to the south-east of the wood. Site 3B, to the north-west of the wood, was 57.4ha (centred on NGR TM 2444 9187). Site 3A occupies the north-western part of the disused Hardwick Airfield but has now been excluded from the scheme.

2.13 Site 4A and 4B (Figure 12)

2.14 Site 4 is located between the villages of Tasburgh and Stratton St. Michael. It consists of arable fields transected by the A140. Accordingly, it has been subdivided into Site 4A to the west (centred at NGR TM 2014 9465) and Site 4B to the east of the A140 (centred on NGR TM 2061 9420). Site 4A is 40.2ha and Site 4B is 59.6ha.

2.15 Site 5A and 5B (Figure 22)

2.16 Site 5 was located between the villages of Hempnall and Fritton. It consists of nine arable fields east of The Street. Site 5 is split between Site 5A to the north-west (centred on NGR TM 2247 9388) and Site 5B to the south-east (centred on NGR TM 2295 9363) with the divide roughly following the line of a modern service. Site 5A is 49.6ha and Site 5B is 40.2ha in extent.

2.17 Site 6

2.18 Site 6 is located c. 970m east of Hempnall and lies immediately south of the B1527 (centred on NGR TM 2532 9378). It comprises a single field covering 18ha. No trenches were excavated within this at this stage due to a lack of anticipated development impact.

2.19 Site 7A, 7B, 7C, 7D, 7E, 7F, 7G, 7I, 7J, 7K, 7L and 7H (Figure 27 and Figure 30)

2.20 Site 7 consists of agricultural land east of Tasburgh, north of Hempnall and comprises 26 fields under a mix of grass and stewardship schemes. It has been subdivided into twelve sub-sites. 7A is located immediately to the east of Tasburgh to the north of Fairstead Lane (centred at NGR TM 2128 9567) measuring 18.9ha. Site 7B is located south of Fairstead Lane to the east of Bunn's Hill and c. 430m to the west of Hempnall (centred at NGR TM 2278 9486) measuring 9.4ha. Site 7C occupies 74.6ha of land to the north of Fairstead Lane to the north and East of Wood Farm (centred at NGR TM 2274 9567).

2.21 Site 7D occupies 43.8ha of land to the south-west of Saxlingham Green (centred at NGR TM 2354 9617). Site 7E and 7F were located to the south of Saxlingham Green, to the east of Broaden Lane (centred on NGR TM 2429 9560 and centred on NGR TM 2432 9605). Site 7E was 22.6ha and 7F was 52.2ha. Site 7G was located to the east of 7F (centred on NGR TM 2522 9531) and extends to Bussey's Loke road to the east; it was 20.4ha in extent. Site 7H occupies 13.4ha on the eastern side of Bussey's Loke, to the north of Little Wood (centred on NGR TM 2580 9514).

2.22 Sites 7I, 7J, JK and 7L form a near contiguous block of land (7I is separated by a road) around Fylands Farm, midway between Saxlingham Green and Woodton. From west to east Site 7I was 10.2ha (centred on NGR TM 2594 9568) and was removed from the scheme as the proposed trench location was inaccessible. 7J was 14.1ha (centred on NGR TM 2624 9534), 7K was 25.4ha (centred on NGR TM 2701 9558) and 7L was 21.9ha (centred on TM 2723 9547).

2.23 Site 8A and 8B (Figure 30)

2.24 Site 8 is located to the south of Shotesham, on agricultural land between Market Lane and Brooke Road/Baxters Lane. It consists of six fields under arable cultivation or stewardship schemes. The site is divided between Site 8A comprising 29.6ha on land to the East of Lathergreen Farm (centred on NGR TM 2609 9671) and Site 8B comprising 25.6ha (centred on NGR TM 2607 9752) on land to the East of Market Lane Farm.

2.25 Site 9 (Figure 36)

2.26 Site 9 consists of six agricultural fields under arable cultivation and stewardship, in the northern part of the Site to the south of the Village of Brooke. It is located directly north of Littlebeck Lane (centred on NGR TM 2809 9808) and occupies 57.7ha of land between Old House Farm to the west and Kennels Farm to the east.

2.27 Site 10A, 10B, 10C, 10D, 10E (Figure 44)

2.28 Site 10 consists of eleven agricultural fields that are mostly under grass or have been left fallow, between the villages Woodton in the south and hamlet of Upgate in the north. Norwich Road (B1332) runs along the western edge and the village of Thwaite St. Mary lies c. 1km to the east. Site 10 has been divided into five sub-sites that are separated by lanes or farm tracks. Site 10A comprises 23.7ha of land to the south of Wash Lane (centred on NGR TM 3017 9479) and was not trenched. Site 10B comprised 63.9ha between Wash Lane and Hobb's Lane (centred on centred on NGR TM 3061 9526). Site 10C comprised 39.5ha of land to the east on London road between Pound Lane to the south and Harvey's Lane to the north (centred on NGR TM 2979 9555). Site 10D occupies a small, 1.3ha, triangular area of land at to the south of Harvey's Lane (centred on NGR TM 3082 9558) and contained no trenches. Site 10E, is located further to the north, to the west of Upgate (centred on NGR TM 3108 9628) and measures 16.5ha.

3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

3.1 The following information was taken from the Written Scheme of Investigation (Barker, 2025).

3.2 Site 1 (Figure 3)

3.3 The HER contains two records within the southern part of Site 1B. One of these records relates to the recorded location of All Saints Church (NHER 10969) which was demolished in 1570. It is possible that some medieval settlement associated with the church survived in this area.

3.4 A scatter of medieval and early post-medieval pottery (NHER 14411) is recorded just to the north of the postulated church site, which may merely represent a manuring scatter (broken pottery and other artefacts were often disposed of in dung heaps that were subsequently spread on fields as fertiliser) but the concentration may be indicative of settlement activity given the proximity to the church.

3.5 Geophysical survey of Site 1B shows an area of magnetic response in the location of the postulated church that is present on the historic mapping from the late 19th century

3.6 Site 2 (Figure 3)

3.7 There were no heritage assets within Site 2 although there are a number of multi-period findspots (dating from the prehistoric through to the post-medieval period) in the vicinity of, and adjacent to, the Site. A Roman harness fitting was recorded in Site 2A (NHER 49966).

3.8 The current A410, which lies to the immediate east of Site 2, originated as a Roman road (Pye Roman Road, NHER 7947), although occupational activity appears to be further to the north.

3.9 Geophysical survey of Site 2 shows there are disturbances in Site 2B of uncertain nature and origin. The tithe mapping of 1839 indicates that there were occupational and industrial activities in this area. In the western section of Site

2B, there are two areas of disturbance that may relate to ponds.

3.10 Site 3 (Figure 8)

3.11 Site 3A, and a small part of Site 3B, are recorded by the HER as forming part of a World War II (WWII) airfield and possibly falls within the extents of a potential medieval deer park.

3.12 Site 3B is recorded on the HER as being subject to fieldwalking in the 1980s (ENF136766) and metal detecting in the early 2000s. Those surveys identified concentrations of burnt flint (NHER 24356, NHER 24357), which can be common finds on prehistoric sites, likely related to food preparation. The HER notes these finds as potential burnt mounds. However, no corresponding responses were noted in the geophysical survey, and it is likely that the burnt flints only survive as surface deposits.

3.13 The metal detecting survey identified a range of objects (NHER 29408) including a Roman coin and key handle, which may be related to the possible site of a Roman building located to the immediate north.

3.14 The geophysical survey of Site 3 has largely identified former field boundaries shown on historic mapping although there is a possible ring ditch appearing in Site 3A. The remains of a post-medieval/modern building have also been detected in Site 3B, which is shown on the LiDAR, historic mapping and the geophysics.

3.15 Site 4 (Figure 12)

3.16 Fourteen heritage assets have been identified within Site 4 predominantly comprising finds from fieldwalking and metal detecting. These include multiperiod finds in Site 4A (NHER 25691, NHER 16110), prehistoric flints in Site 4A (NHER 16112), Roman pottery in Site 4B (NHER 10163), medieval and post-medieval pottery in Site 4B (NHER 15042), multiperiod finds in Site 4B (NHER 14110), prehistoric flint and medieval and post-medieval pottery in Site 4B (NHER 14860) and multiperiod finds in Site 4B (NHER 16109, NHER 17182).

3.17 Medieval earthworks extend slightly into the southern edge of Site 4A (NHER 14107) and cropmarks of a ring ditch and possible Roman field system have been identified in Site 4B (NHER 36355).

3.18 Trial trenches excavated along the northern edge of Site 4B revealed no archaeologically significant material (NHER 68295), whilst trial trenches in in the north-eastern edge of Site 4A exposed poorly-dated pits and ditches with finds of flints and post-medieval brick and tile, largely from unstratified contexts (NHER 68292).

3.19 Tasburgh Hill Fort (NHLE1292258) a prominent Iron Age Scheduled Monument, is located to the north of Site 4A.

3.20 A building has been identified in Site 4A which is listed on the tithe map apportionment as 'In Mill Stone Close' and 'In Gt Friday Res' (Plots 26 and 27) (Headland Archaeology, 2024). The tithe map also annotates this area as 'Town'. This structure is also present on the geophysics. Within the same field, a linear feature has been identified running in a roughly north-west/south-east direction of uncertain date and origin. This has also been detected by the geophysics and the LiDAR. Neither of these features tally with any HER records. However, it runs in alignment with field boundaries on the opposite side of the Pye Roman Road to the south-east and could have potentially been a track leading to the deserted medieval settlement within Stratton St Michael.

3.21 In Site 4B, two features have been identified, one of which relates to quarrying activity along the northern edge. This is noted on the tithe and Ordnance Survey (OS) first edition mapping, suggesting it has its origins from at least the early 19th century annotated as a 'Gravel Pit'.

3.22 A second circular feature in the same field is of unknown origin or date. A depression is visible on the LiDAR and an area of disturbance has been detected on the geophysics in the same area, although nothing is marked on the historic mapping or the HER records. In Site 4B, a ring ditch has been identified that is also visible on the geophysics and faintly on the LiDAR. It is also listed on the HER (NHER 36355) in conjunction with a possible Roman

field system, although this latter element has not been detected within this study.

3.23 Site 5 (Figure 22)

3.24 There are five HER entries within Site 5 comprising a possible site of a medieval building (NHER14318) and multi-period finds. The southern tip of Boyland deserted medieval village and Hall (NHER 10168) is also recorded as extending into the northern part of Site 5A.

3.25 The geophysical survey has identified a range of enclosures and associated features along the eastern edge of Site 5B which are likely to represent medieval/early post-medieval settlement and/or stock enclosures. Within the north-western part of Site 5A the survey has identified a large oval enclosure, potentially with internal features. The date and nature of this feature is currently unclear.

3.26 The aerial mapping has identified a spoil heap at the northern end of Site 5A that likely relates to the construction of the road to the north. This is also visible on the geophysics and the LiDAR. On the HER, this is also the location of a possible medieval building (NHER 14318).

3.27 Two areas of ponds/pits have been interpreted in Site 5B that are also recognised on the geophysics and the LiDAR. Two areas of historic plantations have been identified in Field 5A, which tally with the historic mapping.

3.28 Site 6

3.29 The only HER record falling within Site 6 relates to Saxon, medieval and post-medieval finds (NHER 61677) recovered by metal detecting within the site. It would seem likely that these finds derive from manuring scatters.

3.30 The geophysical survey has identified a number of former field boundaries, some of which are not represented on historic mapping, but which are on a similar alignment and pattern to those shown on historic mapping. A possible pit has been identified in the eastern part of the Site that tallies with the LiDAR

and the tithe mapping that annotates this plot as 'Clay Pit Close' (Plot 599).

3.31 Site 7 (Figure 27 and Figure 30)

3.32 The HER contains 11 entries falling within Site 7. This includes the edge of a medieval moated site in Site 7C (NHER 10117) and a post-medieval coin (MNF43667) found by metal detecting in Site 7A. Fieldwalking in Site 7B and 7C recovered medieval and post-medieval pottery (NHER 17052, NHER 15043).

3.33 The site of a medieval/post-medieval house (NHER 22194) is recorded in the northern part of Site 7D (which coincides with a series of geophysical anomalies potentially indicating roadside settlement and/or stock enclosures).

3.34 A possible medieval moated site (NHER 28810) is recorded on the southern boundary of Sites 7E and 7F, although nothing obvious relating to this is shown on the LiDAR data and the area of the record was not suitable for geophysical survey due to it falling partly within a block of woodland and partly overgrown fallow land.

3.35 A WWII bombing decoy site (NHER 32723) is recorded in Site 7H but no indication of any associated remains was identified by the geophysical survey.

3.36 The remaining records within the wider Site 7 area generally relate to multi-period findspots dating from the Bronze Age to post-medieval periods.

3.37 In addition to the roadside features in Site 7D that are noted above, the geophysical survey has identified a likely prehistoric ring ditch in Site 7B and a series of undated enclosures in Site 7C. This may include part of the medieval moated site indicated by HER data along the southern edge of Site 7E and 7F. A potential Roman road runs through Site 7G.

3.38 A pipeline/cable route runs through the Site in a roughly north-east/south-west direction through Site 7E and 7F as well as through Site 7G and 7H.

3.39 The aerial mapping identified a pond or pit feature in Site 7A. This correlates with the LiDAR in which a circular depression is noted, although it is not marked

on any of the historic mapping. In Site 7C, a field system or trackway has been interpreted, which tallies with the LiDAR. There does not appear to be any correlation with the geophysics. Whilst there are also no linkages with the historic mapping, the east/west boundary aligns with a field boundary to the east.

3.40 Geological marks have been detected within Site 7E, which tally with the geophysical survey. A pond or pit feature has been identified within the north-eastern part of Site Field 7F. The geophysics and the LiDAR also show a depression in this area, although it is not noted on the historic mapping. The LiDAR shows the structure associated with 'Mudhole' in the south-western corner of Site 7D, although there are no signs of structures in the northern part of Site 7D or in the southern part of Site 7F.

3.41 Site 8 (Figure 30)

3.42 The only HER entry for Site 8 relates to a findspot of five palaeolithic flint flakes (NHER 11658) recovered from the ploughed surface within Site 8B.

3.43 The geophysical survey indicated a low potential for archaeological remains. A linear feature runs through the northern part of Site 8B in a north-east/south-west direction that corresponds with a modern pipeline.

3.44 A pond/pit was identified from the aerial mapping in the northern part of Site 8B which tallies with the historic mapping. Data from the British Geological Survey indicates that this area was used for quarrying. There are also two linear features that run parallel to each other within the same field in the vicinity of the pits. One of these is likely to be a field boundary as indicated by the historic mapping.

3.45 Site 9 (Figure 36)

3.46 One HER entry has been identified within Site 9 following metal detecting in the central part of the Site, which recovered a medieval coin and a medieval/post medieval copper alloy vessel fragment (NHER 61813). The geophysical survey has identified a series of enclosures of uncertain date in the north-eastern part

of Site 9. These may be related to settlement activity or stock enclosures, which align with the former field boundary visible on the early 19th century enclosure and tithe maps suggestive of a medieval to post-medieval date.

3.47 The aerial mapping identified circular features of uncertain function or date in the north-western part of the Site. Curvilinear features have also been interpreted in the eastern part of the Site, again of uncertain origin or function. Neither of these have been detected in the geophysics, LiDAR or historic mapping.

3.48 Site 10 (Figure 44)

3.49 There are four HER entries within Site 10 relating to metal detecting finds in Site 10C, comprising a medieval harness pendant, a medieval bronze plaque, a Roman coin and sherds of late Saxon and medieval pottery (NHER 33204). Site 10E contained a fragment of a Roman quern-stone (NHER 19382), and a medieval seal matrix was recorded in Site 10A (NHER 33206).

3.50 The north-eastern part of Site 10C, the eastern part of Site 10B, along with Site 10D and 10E, fall within the extents of the WWII airfield at Seething (NHER 10466), which was considerably larger than the existing airfield beyond the Site boundary. The geophysical survey has identified a number of rectilinear enclosures within Site 10C. It is not possible to date these features on morphological grounds although they are unlikely to be prehistoric. Other features of interest include a circular response in the centre of Site 10C that may be prehistoric.

3.51 Site 10B contains an area of disturbance relating to the remains of Berry's Farm that was previously sited in this area in accordance with the historic mapping and the LiDAR. Several anomalies have been identified in Site 10B, 10C, 10D and 10E that represent part of the former RAF Seething airfield.

3.52 Aerial mapping also identified a circular feature in Site 10C that tallies with the geophysics and may be a prehistoric ring ditch. The outlines of the airfield as well as Berry's Farm are also visible on the aerial mapping.

4 METHODOLOGY

4.1 General

4.1.1 The archaeological evaluation comprised 303 2m x 50m trial trenches, totalling 15.15 linear km. These were distributed evenly across the site in order to provide a representative sample of the development area.

4.1.2 The trial trenching was undertaken according to the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) Standard for archaeological field evaluation (CIfA 2023a), Universal guidance for archaeological field evaluation (CIfA 2023b), the Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials (CIfA 2020) and the Standards for Development-led Archaeological Projects in Norfolk (Robertson et al 2018).

4.1 Excavation methodology

4.1.1 Ground reduction during the evaluation was carried out using several machines ranging in size from a 13-ton to a 21-ton 360° tracked mechanical excavator, which was used to strip the excavation area. Topsoil and other overburden of low archaeological value was removed in spits down to the level of the undisturbed natural geological deposits where potential archaeological features could be observed and recorded.

4.1.2 Exposed surfaces were cleaned by trowel and hoe as appropriate, and all further excavation was undertaken manually using hand tools.

4.2 Recording and Finds Recovery

4.2.1 The limits of excavations, heights above Ordnance Datum (m OD) and the locations of archaeological features and interventions were recorded using a Leica 1200 GPS rover unit with RTK differential correction, giving three-dimensional accuracy of 20mm or better.

4.2.2 Deposits or the removal of deposits judged by the excavating archaeologist to constitute individual events were each assigned a unique record number (often referred to within British archaeology as ‘context numbers’) and

recorded with PCA's bespoke digital recording system using terminology defined in PCA's excavation manual (Taylor and Brown 2018) and linked to a Geographical Information System (QGIS) used to interrogate the data.

4.2.3 Archaeological processes recognised by the deposition of material are signified in this report by round brackets (thus), while events constituting the removal of deposits are referred to here as 'cuts' and signified by square brackets [thus]. Where more than one slot was excavated through an individual feature, each intervention was assigned additional numbers for the cutting event and for the deposits it contained (these deposits within cut features being referred to here as 'fills'). The record numbers assigned to cuts, deposits and groups are entirely arbitrary and in no way reflect the chronological order in which events took place.

4.2.4 Artefacts recovered during excavation were assigned to the record number of the deposit from which they were retrieved. A summary catalogue of finds from each context is given in Appendix 3. Details of all trenches on the scheme, including those not excavated, are given in Appendix 4. All features and deposits excavated during the evaluation are listed in Appendix 5.

4.2.5 Metal-detecting was carried out during the topsoil and subsoil stripping and throughout the excavation process. Archaeological features and spoil heaps were scanned by metal-detector periodically.

4.2.6 High-resolution digital photographs were taken of all relevant features and deposits and were used to keep a record of the excavation process.

4.3 Sampling Strategy

4.3.1 Discrete features were half-sectioned, photographed and recorded by a cross-section scaled drawing at an appropriate scale (either 1:10 or 1:20). Where large or significant finds assemblages were present, features were subsequently 100% excavated for finds recovery.

4.3.2 Linear features were investigated by means of regularly-spaced slots

amounting to 25% of their lengths. Where stratigraphic relationships between features could not be discerned in plan, relationship slots were also excavated and these were recorded as part of the GPS survey and noted on the relevant context sheets.

4.4 Environmental Sampling

4.4.1 A total of 81 bulk samples (generally 20-40 litres in volume) were taken to extract and identify micro- and macro-botanical remains. The aim of this sampling was to investigate the past environment and economy of the site, the diet of the ancient inhabitants and the agricultural basis of the settlement. An additional aim of the sampling was to recover small objects that are not readily recovered by hand-collection, such as metalworking debris and bones of fish and small animals. These samples were taken from sealed deposits.

5 QUANTIFICATION OF ARCHIVE

5.1 Paper Archive

Context register sheets	60
Context sheets	1122
Plan registers	1
Plans at 1:10	2
Section register sheets	17
Sections at 1:10 & 1:20	377
Trench record sheets	303
Photo register sheets	47
Small finds register sheets	8
Environmental register sheets	7

5.2 Digital Archive

Digital photos	2991
GPS survey files	20
Digital plans	1
GIS project	1
Access database	1

5.3 Physical Archive

Struck flint	353 pieces
Burnt flint	32045g
Pottery	4,441 sherds
Ceramic building material (CBM)	15,191g
Fired Clay	30,836g
Ceramic Tobacco Pipe (CTP)	9
Glass	11 sherds
Metalwork	82 objects
Small Finds	8
Slag	701.52g
Animal bone	777
Shell	1493g
Environmental bulk samples	81
Environmental bulk samples (10 litre buckets)	179 buckets

6 ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS

6.1.1 A total of 303 trenches were excavated across nine of the ten sites on the scheme, which have been further divided into their sub-sites and individual trenches to aid analysis. Archaeological remains were recorded in 228 trenches across all nine sites. A further twelve trenches were originally planned to be excavated in the Substation area and Sites 5, 8 and 9, but these were removed from the scheme during the course of the works.

6.1.2 Trench numbers given at the header of each section are the provisional ones used by PCA, with trench numbers within the approved WSI given alongside this. For example, Trench 190 / (7F-11).

6.1.3 References to historic mapping and aerial photography given in the text, particularly for post-medieval field boundaries and systems are derived from a range of sources. Historic Ordnance Survey (OS) mapping is sourced from the National Library of Scotland (National Library of Scotland 2025), while 19th-century Tithe mapping and some aerial photography (that of the 1940s, 1960s and 1980s) is sourced from Norfolk County Council's Historical Maps of Norfolk website (Norfolk County Council 2025). References to more recent aerial photography are sourced from Google Earth (Google Earth 2025).

6.1.4 Trenches 3, 7, 8, 23, 52, 54, 55, 60, 76, 84, 95, 97, 98, 100, 101, 103, 106, 113, 118, 122, 131, 138, 139, 146, 149, 150, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, 166, 157, 158, 170, 173, 175, 176, 185, 186, 190, 191, 195, 196, 197, 198, 201, 207, 210, 213, 214, 215, 217, 218, 220, 229, 232, 235, 239, 344, 262, 265, 270, 272, 273, 279, 285, 289, 292, 293, 301, and 314 contained no archaeological features.

6.1.5 Trenches 39, 42, 74, 82, 116 contained only natural features.

6.1.6 Trenches 1, 119, 123, 124, 125, 221, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227 and 228 were removed from the scheme during the course of the works.

6.2 Proposed BESS, Site 1A and B (Figure 3, Figure 4, Figure 5 and Figure 57)

6.3 Overview

6.3.1 The only evidence of archaeological activity in Sites 1A and 1B were the remnants of a post-medieval field system detailed below.

6.4 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.4.1 Site 1A and 1B comprised Trenches 6 to 23, spread across five separate fields located to the west of Frith Way. The topsoil in this area was a medium greyish brown to brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones. There was a layer of subsoil recorded, comprising of a medium yellowish brown sandy silt. The geological substrate was a medium orange silty clay diamicton.

6.5 Post-Medieval Field System

6.5.1 Trenches 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 ,15, 26, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 all contained post-medieval ditches which combined to form larger complexes of former field enclosures. The trenches containing pros medieval boundary ditches were sampled in line with NCCHES' expectations. These interventions are listed below but are not described in any further detail in this section.

6.5.2 The investigated post-medieval field system comprised Ditches [1160] (Section 418), [1163] (Section 419), [1166] (Section 420), [1168] (Section 421, Plate 1), [1170] (Section 422), [1178] (Section 430), [1185] (Section 428) and [1187] (Section 429). The boundaries are present on OS and Tithe mapping of the area, indicating they were at least of 19th-century date, but possibly had earlier origins. The boundaries had disappeared by the 1980s, as part of wider processes of field amalgamation at this time. Some ditches were removed by the late 19th century, such as Ditch [1166], which is not present on First Edition OS mapping. Aerial imagery of the area indicates the remaining ditches were visible in 1999 and gone by 2005.

6.6 Trench 2 / BESS - 01 (Figure 4, Plate 2)

6.6.1 Trench 2 contained one large pit.

6.6.2 Pit [1190]/[1192] (Section 431, Plate 3) was not completely visible in plan but was likely sub-circular and it measured 9.6m. It had near vertical sloping sides and the base of the feature was not reached due to safety restrictions. The deepest slot contained two fills. Fill (1193) was 0.23m deep firm, with a medium greyish brown sandy silt composition. Fill (1194) was 0.42m deep and was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and was composed of sandy silt. No finds were retrieved from this feature, but it was interpreted on site as a possible watering hole.

6.7 Trench 10 / 1B - 03 (Figure 4)

6.7.1 Trench 10 contained one post-medieval ditch [1178] present on the historical maps and the geophysical survey and one pit.

6.7.2 Pit [1181] (Section 426, Plate 4) was sub-circular in plan but it extended beyond the limit of the trench. The visible portion was 3.8m long and 0.4m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. The fill (1182) consisted of firm sandy clay which was medium greyish brown in colour, which contained two sherds (10g) of late medieval to post-medieval pottery and a fragment of post-medieval tile.

6.8 Trench 15 / 1B - 08 (Figure 4)

6.8.1 Trench 15 contained two ditches (Plate 5). Ditch [1160] was aligned east to west and present on historic mapping and the geophysical survey. This ditch creates a field division that was also present in Trenches 17, 19 and 22.

6.8.2 Ditch [1158] (Section 418) was aligned north north-west to south south-east. It crossed the whole trench along the western limit of it the maximum width exposed was of 0.96m and it was 0.56m deep. It was truncated by post-medieval Ditch [1160]. It had moderate sloping sides and a convex base. The fill (1159) consisted of compact silty clay which was medium yellowish brown in colour. No finds were retrieved from this feature. However, the pottery retrieved from it in Trench 16 suggests a possible high medieval date.

6.9 Trench 16 / 1B - 09 (Figure 4)

6.9.1 Trench 16 contained one possible medieval ditch that was the continuation of ditch [1158].

6.9.2 Ditch [1195] (Section 433) was aligned north-west to south-east. It was 2.5m wide and 0.9m deep. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It contained three fills. Fill (1196) was 0.15m thick and was firm, with a medium brownish grey colour and was composed of clay. Fill (1197) was 0.46m thick and was firm, with a medium reddish grey colour and silty clay composition. This fill contained a sheep sized tibia fragment. Fill (1198) was 0.29m thick and was firm, with a medium yellowish-brown colour and was composed of clayey silt, which contained two sherds (6g) of high medieval pottery.

6.10 Trench 17 / 1B - 10 (Figure 4)

6.10.1 Trench 17 contained one post-medieval ditch present in the OS map and the geophysical survey map and a small pit.

6.10.2 Pit [1183] was elongated in plan, it had gradual sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1m long, 0.8m wide, and 0.2m deep. The fill (1184) consisted of soft clayey sand which was light greyish brown in colour.

6.11 Trench 19 / 1B - 12 (Figure 4)

6.11.1 Trench 19 contained the continuation of the post-medieval ditch in Trench 17 and three possible postholes.

6.11.2 Posthole [1172] (Section 423) was sub-circular in plan with moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.37m long, 0.35m wide, and 0.17m deep but it extended beyond the limit of the trench. The fill (1173) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.11.3 Posthole [1174] (Section 424) was sub-circular in plan with gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.43m long, 0.58m wide, and 0.17m deep but it extended beyond the limit of the trench. The fill (1175) consisted of friable clayey sand which was medium blueish grey in colour.

6.11.4 Posthole [1176] (Section 425) was sub-circular in plan with moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.32m long, 0.2m wide, and 0.13m deep but it extended beyond the limit of the trench. The fill (1177) consisted of friable clayey sand which was mid blueish grey in colour.

6.12 Site 2A, 2B and 2C (Figure 3, Figure 6 and Figure 57)

6.13 Overview

6.13.1 The earliest archaeological activity was identified within Site 2A, where evidence of Roman activity was recorded in Trench 24. All other archaeological features identified across the remaining trenches are interpreted as forming part of a post-medieval field system.

6.14 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits.

6.14.1 Sites 2A, 2B and 2C comprised of Trenches 24 to 32, spread across three separate fields located immediately to the west of Ipswich Road. The topsoil in this area was a medium greyish brown to brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones. There was a layer of subsoil recorded, comprising of a medium yellowish brown sandy silt. The geological substrate was a medium orange silty clay diamicton.

6.15 Post-Medieval Field System

6.15.1 Trenches 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 all contained post-medieval ditches which combined to form larger field systems that were depicted both in the historical mapping and the geophysical survey. The trenches containing pros medieval boundary ditches were sampled in line with NCCHES' expectations. These interventions are listed below but are not described in any further detail in this section.

6.15.2 The field system comprised Ditches [1216] (Section 442), [1218] (Section 443), [1222] (Section 445), [1225] (Section 446), [1232] (Section 448) and [1229] (Section 447). The ditches present in Trenches 25, 26, 27, 29 and 32 were all visible on Tithe and First Edition OS mapping. Most of the ditches were removed by the 1980s. Trench 30 contained a parish boundary [1229] (Section 447) present on the 1880 OS map but gone by

the 1950's.

6.16 Trench 24 / [2A - 01] (Figure 6)

6.16.1 Trench 24 contained eight ditches and one pit. One of the ditches was post-medieval in date and it was present on the geophysical survey plan and the historical mapping. However, the rest of the features present in this trench were not recorded in any previous survey.

6.16.2 Ditch [1199]/[1207] (Sections 434 and 438, Plate 6 and 8) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 1.37m wide, and 0.37m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. Its fill (1200) consisted of soft sandy silt which was mid greyish brown in colour. Fourteen sherds (176g) of Romano-British pottery and fragments from a horse tibia were retrieved from fill (2000). It was truncated by Ditch [1209] to the north and a post medieval boundary ditch to the south.

6.16.3 Ditch [1214] (Section 440, Plate 7) was aligned north-west to south-east. The maximum width exposed was of 1.06m and the maximum depth reached within the slot was of 0.37m. It had moderate sloping sides, a concave base and contained a singular fill (1215) of firm medium greyish brown silty clay.

6.16.4 Ditch [1220] (Section 444) was aligned east to west and it measured 0.32m wide and 0.1m deep. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (1221) consisted of soft silty clay which was medium yellowish grey in colour.

6.16.5 Ditch [1205] (Section 437) was aligned east to west and it measured 0.65m wide and 0.25m deep. It had gradual sloping sides, a concave base and contained one fill (1206), which consisted of soft yellowish brown sandy silt. Fragments of indeterminate cattle-sized animal bones were retrieved from this feature.

6.16.6 Ditch [1209] (Section 438, Plate 8) was aligned east to west and truncated Ditch [1207]. It measured 1.9 m wide and 0.8m deep and it had moderate

sloping sides and a concave base. It contained two fills. Fill (1210) was a firm medium yellowish grey silty clay, and it was 0.1m deep. Fill (1211) was firm, with a medium greyish brown silty clay composition and it was 0.8m deep. This fill yielded ten sherds (42g) of Romano-British pottery, one of which dated from mid to late 2nd century.

6.16.7 Pit [1212] (Section 439) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.08m long, 0.98m wide and 0.16m deep. It contained one singular fill (1213), comprised of a soft greyish brown silty clay. Three fragments (36g) of Romano-British pottery and more than twenty fragments of horse, dog and unidentified animal bone fragments were retrieved from this feature.

6.16.8 Ditch [1201] (Section 435) was aligned north-east to south-west and it measured 0.56m wide and 0.29m deep. It had moderate sloping sides, a concave base and one singular fill (1202) of soft sandy silt which was medium greyish brown in colour. This feature contained seven sherds (84g) of Romano-British pottery.

6.16.9 Ditch [1203] (Section 436, Plate 9) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 0.56m wide and 0.29m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (1204) consisted of soft sandy silt which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.17 Site 3B (Figure 9 and Figure 58)

6.18 Overview

6.18.1 Two distinct phases of archaeological activity were identified within Site 3B. Trenches 33 to 43 predominantly contained post-medieval boundary ditches, along with a single pit containing burnt material. In contrast, the north-east corner of Site 3B, investigated by Trenches 44 to 50, revealed evidence of medieval activity, including two cobbled surfaces, associated ditches and two extraction pits.

6.19 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.19.1 Sites 3B comprised Trenches 33 to 50, located to the south of Lundy Green. The topsoil in this area was a soft dark brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones. No subsoil was encountered in this area. The geological substrate consisted of bands of compact bright yellowy chalky clay mixed with a firm mid brownish orange sandy clay with occasional small sub angular stones.

6.20 Post-Medieval Field System

6.20.1 Trenches 34 to 38, 40, 43, 45 and 46 contained remains of a post-medieval field system. This field system was sampled in line with NCCHES' expectations and recorded as ditches [10] and [13] (Section 4), [28] (Section 11), [30] (Section 12), [36] (Section 15), [45] (Section 19) and [384] (Section16). All the ditches conforming this field system were present on the Tithe map and were backfilled by 1988. The geophysical survey depicted all of them.

6.20.2 Trenches 35 and 36 revealed the corner of a boundary ditch enclosing a building. This consisted of one large building and a smaller building, both visible on the Tithe map and gone by 1988. Trench 35 [34] (Section 14) was meant to pick up this building, however, the planned location was not accessible due the existence of a clay pigeon shooting station.

6.20.3 Ditches [41] (Section 17, Plate 10) and [43] (Section 18) in Trench 33 were not present on OS mapping or any earlier mapping. However, it was seen on 1960s aerial photography and is therefore likely to be contemporary with the post-medieval ditches.

6.21 Natural Features

6.21.1 Trench 39, 40, 42 and 43 contained natural features, determined to be the remains of possible glacial scarring.

6.22 Trench 41 / 3B - 09 (Figure 9)

6.22.1 Trench 41 contained one small pit.

6.22.2 Pit [18] (Section 6, Plate 11) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.62m long, 0.52m wide and 0.11m deep. It contained a singular infill (19) of firm medium greyish brown silty clay, with a large amount of charcoal present. The function or dating of this pit is very limited due to the lack of finds within its fill and its isolated location.

6.23 Trench 44 / 3B - 12 (Figure 9)

6.23.1 Trench 44 contained three ditches and two pits.

6.23.2 Ditch [8] (Section 3) had sloping sides and a concave base and it measured 0.8m wide and 0.26m deep. The fill (9) consisted of firm greyish brown silty clay. Twenty-three fragments of a horse jaw were retrieved from this feature.

6.23.3 Pit [6] (Section 2, Plate 12) was sub-circular in plan and it measured 0.35m long, 3.04m wide and 0.1m deep. It had gradual sloping sides and a flat base. The fill (7) consisted of firm orangish brown silty clay.

6.23.4 Pit [20] (Section 8, Plate 13) was sub-circular in plan, with moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.58m long, 0.5m wide and 0.1m deep and contained two fills. Fill (21) was 0.1m thick and it was a firm dark greyish black clay, which contained 48g of burnt stone. Sample <1> taken from this fill yielded abundant charcoal, occasional charred brassica seeds and indeterminate grains and small amounts of burnt flint. Fill (22) was a hard medium yellowish-brown clay that was 0.06m deep.

6.23.5 Ditch [23] (Section 9) was aligned east to west, continuing to the east into Trench 46. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base, and it measured 1.12m wide and 0.43m deep. It contained two fills. Fill (24) was 0.22m thick and it was a hard medium greyish orange clay, which contained a single sherd (1g) of early medieval pottery, 2g of fired clay as well as horse and red deer bones. The second fill (25) was 0.21m thick and consisted of a soft, medium reddish brown colour silty clay composition.

6.23.6 Ditch [60] (Section 24) was aligned east to west and it measured 3.4m wide and 0.84m deep. It had complex sloping sides and a concave base. It contained two fills, the first of which (61) was compact, with a medium brownish grey silty clay composition and was a maximum of 0.3m thick. Fill (62) was a maximum of 0.56m thick and was a compact medium yellowish brown colour silty clay, which contained a single iron nail.

6.24 Trench 45 / 3B - 13 (Figure 9)

6.24.1 Trench 45 contained two extraction pits, a metalled surface and two ditches. Both ditches were not excavated in this trench as they converged in Trench 46. Metalled surface recorded to the south-east endo of the trench was recorded as an "L" shaped anomaly on the geophysical survey, and it extended to the east into Trench 46, where another metalled surface was recorded (67).

6.24.2 Extraction pit [4] (Section 1, Plate 14) was sub-circular in plan and steep sloping sides. It extended beyond the trench limit, but the exposed section was 9.5m long. It had steep sloping sides and base of the feature was not reached due to depth constraints. The fill (5) consisted of firm medium orangish brown silty clay.

6.24.3 Extraction pit [47] (Section 20, Plate 15) was irregular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides. It extended beyond the trench limit, but the exposed section was 5.5m long. The base was not reached due to depth constraints. The fill (48) consisted of compact medium reddish grey clay, which contained twenty-four sherds (118g) of early to high medieval pottery, 22g of fired clay, a copper-alloy mount (SF 1) depicting a bull or ox, an iron staple, bones from a range of species including horse, sheep/goat, unidentified cattle and sheep-sized taxa and 9g of oyster shell.

6.24.4 Layers (58) and (59) (Plate 16 and Plate 17) were interpreted as a metalled surface. Layer (58) was roughly 0.1m deep and comprised flint stones laid directly onto the geological substrate. It contained eighty-one sherds (426g) of high to late medieval pottery, six fragments (65g) of late medieval tile, two fragments of a whetstone, 43g of fired clay, cattle- and sheep-sized

indeterminate animal bones, a cat tibia and 13g of oyster shell. Layer (59) consisted of a dark brownish grey silty clay which overlaid the surface and contained four fragments (513g) of medieval to post-medieval tile, a large fragment of lavastone quern, a large iron nail or bolt and five other iron nails. This feature extended beyond the limit of the trench but it maximum length was of 6.26m.

6.25 Trench 46 / 3B - 14 (Figure 9, Plate 18)

6.25.1 Trench 46 contained three ditches and a metalled surface. The ditch at the northern end of the trench was not excavated as it was a continuation of Ditch [23] in Trench 44. The geophysical plan depicted the post medieval ditch [384] and the metalled surface (67), however the east to west aligned linear in the centre of the ditch was not confirmed.

6.25.2 Ditches [38] and [384] were both linear in plan and aligned east to west, with Ditch [384] truncating through Ditch [38].

6.25.3 Ditch [38] (Section 16, Plate 19) was had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It was 3.17m wide and 0.94m deep and it contained two fills. Fill (39) was 0.64m thick and had a compact medium yellowish brown silty clay composition. Fill (40) was 0.4m thick, compact and composed of a light yellowish brown silty clay, which contained twelve sherds (69g) of early to high medieval pottery, two fragments (30g) of medieval tile and horse and cow bone fragments.

6.25.4 Ditch [384] (Section 16, Plate 19) was 2m wide and 0.7m deep and it was aligned east to west. It had moderately sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (385) consisted of hard silty clay which was medium brownish grey in colour.

6.25.5 Metalled surface (67) and (68) (Plate 20) ran parallel to ditches [38] [384], aligned east to west. Layer (67) contained small and medium sized flints and stones which formed the basis of the metalled surface, with a single nail and indeterminate cattle-sized animal and deer bones being found from within the stones. This surface was roughly 0.1m deep and it was pressed

into the geological substrate. Layer (68) was an orangish brown silty clay that overlaid the stone surface. This feature extended beyond the limit of the trench but the exposed section was 2.1m wide.

6.26 Trench 47 / 3B - 15 (Figure 9)

6.26.1 Trench 47 contained one small ditch.

6.26.2 Ditch [32] (Section 13) was 1.38m wide and 0.56m deep and it was aligned east to west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (33) consisted of firm clay which was mid orangish brown in colour.

6.27 Trench 48 / 3B - 16 (Figure 9)

6.27.1 Trench 48 contained one ditch, likely continuing into Trench 49 [49] and creating an enclosure depicted in the geophysical survey plan.

6.27.2 Ditch [26] (Section 10, Plate 21) was 2.7m wide and 0.63mdeep and it was aligned north-west to south-east. It had steep sloping sides and a flat base. The fill (27) consisted of compact silty clay light yellowish brown in colour. A small sherd of residual Early Neolithic pottery was found in this feature, as well as a single sherd (1g) of early medieval pottery and 1g of fired clay.

6.28 Trench 49 / 3B - 17 (Figure 9)

6.28.1 Trench 49 contained one ditch, likely forming a small enclosure with Ditch [26] in Trench 48. This trench had to be shortened by 22m due to access constraints.

6.28.2 Ditch [49] (Section 21) was aligned north-east to south-west. It was 3.3m wide and 0.78m deep and it had steep sloping sides and a flat base. The fill (50) consisted of firm medium orangish brown silty clay.

6.29 Trench 50 / 3B - 18 (Figure 9)

6.29.1 Trench 50 contained one ditch. This ditch was more likely part of the same enclosure system previously described in Trenches 48 and 49. This side of the enclosure was also depicted by the geophysical survey.

6.29.2 Ditch [15] (Section 5) was aligned north-west to south-east and it was 4.1m

wide and 0.59m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It contained two fills. Fill (16) was 0.22m thick, hard, with a medium orangish grey colour and was composed of silty clay, which contained an iron nail. Fill (17) was 0.37m thick, firm and with a medium orangish brown clayey silt composition. Sample <2> from this fill yielded abundant charcoal and occasional amorphous material and charred nutshell, and small amounts of burnt flint. It contained a fragment (2g) of ceramic building material and ten fragments of sheep-sized bones.

6.30 Site 4A and 4B (Figure 12, Figure 13, Figure 14, Figure 15, Figure 16 and Figure 59)

6.31 Overview

6.31.1 Sites 4A and 4B contained evidence for several phases of activity in the area. Site 4A contained three Roman ovens and a structure, which were found close to the historic line of the Roman Pye Road, now the A140. The southern end of site 4A also identified settlement traces that predated the roman road, however this activity was only encountered to the west of the A410, in Site 4A.

6.31.2 There was evidence of a possible post-medieval trackway running from the south-east to the north-west, although it was only present in one trench and was not seen in any other trenches on its projected route.

6.31.3 Site 4B was adjacent to 4A, on the opposite side of the A140. The features investigated within the northern cluster of trenches did not contain any datable element, but the main activity seemed to be related to the quarrying activity depicted on the historical mapping. The southern cluster seemed to equally reflect post medieval activity.

6.32 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.32.1 Sites 4A and 4B comprised of Trenches 51 to 90, with the two areas being divided by the A140. The topsoil in this area was a soft dark brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones, similar to that in Site 3B. A small amount of soft medium greyish brown sandy silt subsoil was

recorded in this area. The geological substrate consisted of bands of medium yellowish brown clayey sand with patches of brownish yellow sandy clay mixed with moderate small and medium sub-angular stones.

6.33 Post-Medieval Field System

6.33.1 Within Sites 4A and 4B, post-medieval ditches were encountered in only eight trenches. The proportion of sampled features in this site is higher than in other areas, largely because many of these ditches were not depicted on the first Ordnance Survey map. However, no further description beyond the recorded cut and section numbers is provided in this section.

6.33.2 Trenches 51, 53 and 58 formed a field division depicted on the Tithe map that was backfilled before the production of the first OS map in the 1880's. This feature was investigated in every trench where it was encountered: [130] (Section 51, Plate 22), [112] (Section 42) and [78] (Section 31).

6.33.3 Trenches 73 [140] (Section 55) and 75 [218] (Section 76) contained two parallel ditches of similar alignment and character. The ditch in Trench 73 was recorded on the Tithe Map and had been backfilled prior to the 1880s; however, it is likely that both features formed part of the same post-medieval field system. The ditch recorded in Trench 75 is interpreted as a continuation of the post-medieval ditch identified in Trenches 57 [69] (Section 27) and 68 [132] (Section 52), as all align with the corner of an east–west aligned ditch shown on the Ordnance Survey mapping that remains extant. Trench 77 contained a single post-medieval ditch visible on Ordnance Survey mapping. This feature also appears on late 1980s aerial photography, indicating that it was infilled relatively recently. All of these post medieval ditches were depicted by the geophysical survey except for the one in Trench 58.

6.34 Trench 53 / 4A - 03 (Figure 13)

6.34.1 Trench 53 contained a post medieval ditch [112] and a natural feature

6.34.2 The ditch [114] (Section 43) was linear in plan and was aligned north-east to southwest. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured

1.5m wide, and 0.13m deep. The fill (115) consisted of firm silty sand which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.35 Trench 56 / 4A - 06 (Figure 13)

6.35.1 Trench 56 contained two small ditches. Ditch [108] was visible on the geophysical and the aerials, however, it does look like the anomaly extends longer to the south-west than the feature and it joins in with the signal from the possible trackway in trenches 71 and 72.

6.35.2 Ditch [110] (Section 41) was aligned north to south and it measured 1.02m wide, and 0.12m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. The fill (111) consisted of firm silty sand which was a medium greyish brown in colour.

6.35.3 Ditch [108] (Section 40) was aligned north to south and it measured 0.78m wide and 0.1m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (109) consisted of soft medium brownish grey silt.

6.36 Trench 57 / 4A - 07 (Figure 13)

6.36.1 Trench 57 contained one post-medieval ditch and three Roman ovens.

6.36.2 Oven [237] (Section 83, Plan 2, Plate 23, Plate 24,Plate 27, Plate 28) was elongated in plan and was aligned east to west, located directly to the north-west of ovens [248] and [255]. It had complex sloping sides and a concave base. It was 1.7m long, 0.76m wide and 0.22m deep. It contained 10 fills in total. The lining on the sides (238) and (240) and base (239) of the oven were composed of a hard, medium red clay which had been exposed to high levels of heating. This lining was between 0.05 and 0.17m thick. 238g of burnt flint and 124g of fired clay was recovered from (238). The stokehole (240) was located to the east, which contained a firm dark greyish black fill with frequent charcoal deposits. 320g of burnt flint and 28g of fired clay was recovered from this. Evidence of burning (241) (246) was encountered overlaying the clay flooring, which had a maximum thickness of 0.07m and was composed of a dark greyish silty clay with frequent charcoal present and from which 129g of burnt flint and 262g of fired clay was recovered. It

is likely the remnants of a firing chamber. Samples <8>, <9>, <10>, <11>, <12>, <13> and <14> from this feature yielded varying quantities of charcoal.

6.36.3 There was a clear infill (242) (243) (244) (246) that was probably from after the oven fell out of use. The fill contained a mix of medium reddish orange fired clay remnants and a dark reddish black fill with charcoal deposits throughout. Fill (242) produced a single struck flint, 120g of burnt flint and 17g of fired clay, and (243) produced three struck flints, 76g of burnt flint and 358g of fired clay. Some unidentified animal bone fragments were retrieved from this fill. These fills were interpreted as the remains of the oven structure collapsing in. The final infilling event (245) was a soft medium greyish brown silty clay, interpretated as a gradual silting that overlaid the oven once it was out of use, which produced 293g of fired clay. Fill (247) was soft, with a mid-brownish grey colour and ashy clay composition, which produced two struck flints, 103g of burnt flint and 106g of fired clay.

6.36.4 Oven [248] (Section 89, Plan 3, Plate 25) was elongated in plan and aligned east to west. It was the earliest of the ovens, being truncated by Oven [255] to its west. It had near vertical sloping sides and a concave base, and was 1.3m long, 0.64m wide and 0.28m deep. It contained a total of six fills. Fill (253) was firm, with a light greyish brown colour and clayey sand composition, which produced 14g of fired clay. The clay lining (254) ranged between 0.02 and 0.07m in thickness and was compact, medium orangish red in colour. It was composed of clay, from which 263g of fired clay was recovered. Fill (250) (same as (251)) was a firm medium orangish brown clayey sand and it represents the destruction event of the kiln. It produced four struck flints, 75g of burnt flint and 286g of fired clay. 0.05m of charcoal remains (252) were observed above the clay lining, likely indicative of the firing chamber, which contained 3g of burnt flint and 8g of fired clay. The walls do not appear to be fully fired, perhaps suggesting a short lifespan. The final infilling event (249) was a firmer, medium greyish brown sandy clay, likely a gradual silting similar to Fill (245), which produced 66g of burnt

flint and 107g of fired clay. Samples <15>, <16>, <17>, <18>, <19> and <20> from this feature contained varying quantities of charcoal.

6.36.5 Oven [255] (Section 89, Plan 3, Plate 23, Plate 26, Plate 27 and Plate 28) was elongated in plan and was aligned north to south. It had near vertical sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.64m long, 0.77m wide and 0.31m deep and it contained eight fills in total. The lining (256) (Same as (257)) comprised a compact medium orangish red colour clay which had been affected by heat. It ranged between 0.02 and 0.07m in thickness and produced a combined 49g of burnt flint and 556g of fired clay. Fill (258) was a 0.03m thick black layer of charcoal, likely remnants of firing taking place in the firing chamber, which produced 53g of burnt flint and 283g of fired clay. Fill (260) was similar in composition and thickness and interpreted as the remnants of a rake out pit, which produced 523g of fired clay. Fill (259) overlaid the charcoal, comprising of a medium orangish brown clayey sand, likely representative of the collapsing of the oven and marking it end of its use. This fill contained five struck flints, 29g of burnt flint, nine sherds (19g) of Romano-British grey ware and other reduced wares, sixteen fragments (187g) of Roman tile and 213g of fired clay. Some of the material dates to the mid–late 1st century AD, with two sherds identified as transitional grog-tempered wares. Fill (261) was firm, with a mid-orangish brown colour and clayey sand composition, which contained 138g of fired clay. A deliberate backfill (262) (263) was observed which was a medium greyish brown clayey sand, which contained a combined 77g of fired clay. Fill (262) contained 55g of burnt flint. Fill (263) contained seventeen struck flints and 32g of burnt flint, and (264) contained four struck flints. Samples <21>, <22>, <23>, <24>, <25>, <26>, <27> and <28> from this feature produced varying quantities of charcoal.

6.36.6 Pit [264] (Section 89, Plan 3, Plate 23,Plate 27 and Plate 28) was located to the rear of Oven [255] and was sub circular in plan. It was 0.72m long, 0.27m wide and 0.15m deep and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (265) consisted of firm clayey sand which was light greyish brown in colour. The pit was likely associated with Oven [255] due to its

proximity. 1g of burnt flint and one very abraded small sherd (2g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery was retrieved from this feature. Sample <29> from this fill contained charcoal and occasional brassica seeds.

6.37 Trench 58 / 4A - 08 (Figure 13)

6.37.1 Trench 58 contained three ditches. One of them [78] was a post medieval field boundary. The other two could be part of the north-east to south-west aligned enclosure depicted in the geophysical survey, also recorded in trenches 59 [187], 70 [142], 66 [73], 67 [87] and 70 [142].

6.37.2 Ditch [105] (Section 39, Plate 29) was aligned north-east to south-west and it measured 1m wide and 0.28m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It had two fills. Fill (106) 0.06m thick and was a hard dark yellowish brown sandy clay, which contained 10g of burnt flint. Fill (107) was 0.2m thick, firm and with a medium greyish brown colour and a clayey sand composition. A total of seven struck flints and eight small sherds (33g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery were recovered from this feature.

6.37.3 Ditch [199] (Section 71) was aligned north to south and it measured 1.13m wide, and 0.58m deep. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (200) consisted of soft sandy silt which was medium greyish brown in colour, which contained a single struck flint and two small sherds (3g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery.

6.38 Trench 59 / 4A - 09 (Figure 13)

6.38.1 Trench 59 contained one ditch depicted in the geophysical plan as part of the rectangular enclosure described above.

6.38.2 Ditch [187] (Section 69, Plate 30) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 2.5m wide and 0.62m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It contained two fills. Fill (188) was 0.34 m thick and comprised firm, medium orangish-brown silty sand. It contained four struck flints, a single sherd (6g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery, eight sherds (125g) of Roman pottery of mid-2nd to 3rd century date and a large fragment of puddingstone quern. Fill (189) was 0.38m thick and was soft,

with a light greyish brown colour and clayey silt composition.

6.39 Trench 61 / 4A - 11 (Figure 13, Plate 31)

6.39.1 Trench 61 contained the remains of a partially exposed building (Plate 32, Plate 33). Six fragments (336g) of Roman tile were recovered from the topsoil of this trench. The geophysical survey identified a small, partial enclosure-like anomaly; however, this was not confirmed during the trench evaluation. It is possible that any associated features extend beyond the limits of the excavated trench.

6.39.2 The building consisted of a sub rectangular cut [152] (Section 58) measuring between 1 and 1.4m and 0.43m deep. The internal space of the building was 3.5m long and only a maximum of 0.3m of its width was exposed within the trench limit. The cut contained medium to large flint nodules (150) and greyish brown sandy silt infilling. Twenty-seven fragments (420g) of Roman tile were recovered from the wall. The existence of a possible flooring was suggested by the recovery of three possible stone tesserae from within the internal space of the wall.

6.40 Trench 62 / 4A - 12 (Figure 13)

6.40.1 Trench 62 contained three ditches and three natural features, which were tested but not fully recorded. The ditches corresponded with anomalies identified on the geophysical survey, appearing as two parallel linear anomalies (ditches [124] and [126]) and a further roughly east–west aligned feature (ditch [138]). This latter feature was not identified extending eastwards into Trench 63, despite its apparent continuation suggested by the geophysical plan.

6.40.2 Ditch [124] (Section 48) was aligned east to west and it measured 2.7 m wide and 0.44m deep. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (125) consisted of loose sand which was medium greyish brown in colour.

6.40.3 Ditch [126] (Section 49) was aligned east to west and it measured 2.3 m wide and 0.42m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base.

The fill (127) consisted of loose gravel which was medium greyish brown in colour.

6.40.4 Ditch [138] (Section 54) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 1.3m wide and 0.66m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (139) consisted of loose greyish brown silty sand, which contained two fragments (14g) of modern tile.

6.41 Trench 63 / 4A - 13 (Figure 13)

6.41.1 Trench 63 contained a single ditch. It remains uncertain whether this feature corresponds with the square enclosure indicated by the geophysical survey, as the accuracy of the survey data in this corner of the field appears to be reduced.

6.41.2 Ditch [148] (Section 57) was curvilinear in plan, it measured 0.93m wide and 0.32m deep and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (149) consisted of a firm medium brownish orange silty sand.

6.42 Trench 64 / 4A - 14 (Figure 13)

6.42.1 Trench 64 contained three ditches. Ditch [65] may represent the continuation of a north-west to south-east aligned cropmark also depicted by the geophysical survey. However, the pit-like form of the anomaly recorded in Trench 65 [101], together with its relatively small dimensions in Trenches 64 and 56 when compared to the width of the corresponding anomaly, casts doubt on this interpretation, particularly in light of the higher level of accuracy demonstrated elsewhere across the site.

6.42.2 Ditch [63] (Section 25) was aligned east to west and it measured 2.28 m wide and 0.36m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (64) consisted of hard silty sand which was mid greyish brown in colour, which contained two struck flints and a fragment of likely cattle bone.

6.42.3 Ditch [65] (Section 26) was aligned north to south and it measured 0.6m wide and 0.19m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It contained one fill (66) which consisted of a soft clayey sand which was

dark brownish grey in colour. This ditch contained a cow bone fragment.

6.42.4 Ditch [71] (Section 28) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 1.4m wide and 0.38m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (72) consisted of a hard medium brownish orange silty sand.

6.43 Trench 65 / 4A - 15 (Figure 13, Plate 34)

6.43.1 Trench 65 contained two pits and one ditch. Pit [89] was targeted as a big curvilinear anomaly on the geophysical plan but the relation of pit [101] with the linear anomaly remained unclear.

6.43.2 Ditch [99] (Section 36) was north-east to south-west aligned and measured 1.98m wide and 0.5m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (100) consisted of firm silty sand which was medium brownish orange in colour. This feature contained three struck flints, a single sherd (2g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery, eight sherds (89g) of mid to late 2nd century pottery, including a mortarium fragment.

6.43.3 Pit [89] (Section 35, Plate 35) was only partially exposed with a maximum length of 9.5m and a maximum depth of 0.76m. It had steep sloping sides and the base was not reached due to safety concerns. It contained nine fills, ranging in thickness from 0.14m and 0.35m and with a composition that varied from a medium brownish grey silty sand (90) (92) (94) (95) (97) and a hard medium brownish orange sandy clay (91) (93) (96) (98). The infilling is likely representative of a deliberate backfill which contained redeposited sandy clay throughout. A single sherd (2g) of medieval pottery was recovered from (92). Two struck flints, seven fragments (51g) of possible Roman tile, fifteen fragments of lavastone, a fragment of sheet copper-alloy (SF 2) and a 275g lump of ironworking slag was found within fill (96), while two small sherds of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery were retrieved from fill (95) and thirteen fragments of lavastone from (98).

6.43.4 Pit [101] (Section 37) was irregular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 3.2m long, 2.2m wide and 0.24m deep.

The fill (102) consisted of compact sandy silt which was light greyish brown in colour.

6.44 Trench 66 / 4A - 16 (Figure 13)

6.44.1 Trench 66 contained two ditches with the same alignment. Ditch 73 was recorded in the geophysical survey as part of a north-east to south-west aligned enclosure that was also recorded in Trench67 [87] and in Trench 70 [142].

6.44.2 Ditch [76] (Section 30) was 1m wide and 0.34m deep and it was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (77) consisted of firm medium yellowish brown sandy clay.

6.44.3 Ditch [73] (Section 29) was 1m wide and 0.41m deep and it was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base and contained two fills. Fill (74) was 0.09m thick, hard, with a medium orangish brown colour and was composed of sandy clay. This fill contained a single struck flint. Fill (75) measured 0.32 thick, it was soft light orangish brown clayey sand, and it contained an uncertain iron object.

6.45 Trench 67 / 4A - 17 (Figure 13)

6.45.1 Trench 67 contained a ditch and pit. The ditch was depicted in the geophysical survey plan as one of the ditches that forms part of the Romano British enclosure mentioned above.

6.45.2 Ditch [87] (Section 34, Plate 36) was 1.28m wide and 0.63m deep and it was aligned north-west to south-east. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (88) consisted of soft medium reddish brown clayey sand. This ditch produced a single struck flint, along with the largest assemblage of Romano-British pottery recovered from any feature on this site, comprising 143 sherds (683g). In addition, a single fragment of Roman tile (435g) and 5g of fired clay were also recovered. The pottery ranged in date from the Late Iron Age–Early Romano-British transition to the Middle Romano-British period, with some undiagnostic Romano-British pottery also present. This suggests that the feature was in use from the transitional

phase through to the mid–late 2nd century AD.

6.45.3 Pit [134] (Section 53, Plate 37) was sub-circular in plan and it had vertical sides. It measured 1.72m long, 0.66m wide and maximum depth of 0.8m, however the base of the feature was not reached due to depth constraints. It contained three fills. Fill (135) was 0.26m thick, soft, with a dark reddish-brown colour and a clayey sand composition. It contained 10g of burnt flint, three small sherds (9g) of Post-Deverel-Rimbury pottery, three sherds (53g) of Romano-British pottery, 4.44kg of fired clay, an iron nail, fragments of an iron object and indeterminate cattle-sized animal bone fragments. Sample <3> from this fill yielded charcoal, grass seeds and charred grains. Fill (136) was 0.16m thick, firm, with a medium reddish-brown colour and a clayey sand composition. 3.5kg of fired clay were retrieved from this fill. Fill (137) was compact, with a light greyish yellow colour, a clay composition and a maximum thickness of 0.38m. This pit was located approximately 100m to the south-east from the ovens in Trench 57, which could explain the high concentration of fired clay recovered from it.

6.46 Trench 68 / 4A - 18 (Figure 13)

6.46.1 Trench 68 contained one post-medieval ditch [69] and two undated ditches. The post medieval ditch was depicted in the geophysical plan and was also exposed to the north in Trench 57 [132].

6.46.2 Ditch [51] (Section 22) was aligned north to south and it measured 1.2m wide and 0.42m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It contained three fills. Fill (52) was 0.26m thick and was firm, with a medium reddish grey colour and a clayey sand composition. Fill (53) 0.06m thick and it was firm, with a light brownish yellow colour and clayey composition. Fill (54) was 0.19m thick, firm, medium reddish-brown silty sand. This fill contained a single sherd (1g) of high medieval pottery.

6.46.3 Ditch [55] (Section 23) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 0.51m wide and 0.23m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. Its fill (57) was hard, with a medium orangish orange colour and was composed of sandy clay, which contained 33g of burnt flint.

6.47 Trench 69 / 4A - 19 (Figure 13)

6.47.1 Trench 69 contained two ditches. Although these were not depicted on the geophysical plan, the alignment of the features and the associated pottery suggest that they formed part of the north-east to south-west aligned field system recorded in several trenches to the east.

6.47.2 Ditch [82] (Section 33) truncated Ditch [85] and was aligned east to west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base, and it measured 1.5m wide and 0.8m deep. It contained two fills. Fill (83) was 0.21m thick and it was firm, with a dark greenish grey colour and a silty clay composition. Fill (84) was 0.62m thick and was firm, with a medium greyish green colour and a silty clay composition. This fill contained a single struck flint, six small sherds and a crumb of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery, two sherds of Romano-British pottery (18g) and 10g of fired clay.

6.47.3 Ditch [85] (Section 33) was aligned east to west and it measured 1.24 m wide and 0.62m deep. It was truncated by Ditch [82]. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (86) consisted of firm light greyish silty clay, which contained 31g of Romano-British pottery.

6.48 Trench 70 /4A - 20 (Figure 14)

6.48.1 Trench 70 contained two ditches. Ditch [142] was depicted on the geophysical plan and was part of the Romano British field system also recorded in trenches 58, 59 66 and 67.

6.48.2 Ditch [103] (Section 38) was north to south aligned and it measured 1m wide and 0.38m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (104) consisted of firm medium brownish orange silty sand, which produced a single fragment (1g) of ceramic building material.

6.48.3 Ditch [142] (Section 56, Plate 38) was aligned north to south and it measured 1.56m wide and 1.14m deep. It had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It contained five fills. Fill (143) was 0.33m thick, and comprised firm, dark greyish brown clayey sand. Fill (144) was 0.22m thick, loose, with a medium orangish brown colour and was composed of silty sand. Fill (145)

was 0.56m thick and was compact, with a medium orangish grey colour and silty clay composition. Fill (146) was 0.43m thick, firm, with a medium orangish brown colour and a clayey sand composition. Fill (147) was 0.55m thick, firm and with a medium greyish brown silty sand composition. A total of fourteen struck flints, 36g of burnt flint and thirty-four sherds (71g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury were retrieved from this feature (19g from fill (143), 17g from fill (146) and 41g from fill 147).

6.49 Trench 71 / 4A - 21 (Figure 14)

6.49.1 Trench 71 contained two ditches, a layer and a shallow pit. A single struck flint was recovered from the topsoil. The ditches [222] and [116], together with layer [224], correspond with a curvilinear anomaly identified by the geophysical survey, which extended into Trench 72 to the south-east. These features are interpreted as forming part of a post-medieval trackway.

6.49.2 Ditch [116] (Section 44, Plate 39) was aligned north-west to south-east and flanked surface [224] to the south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base and measured 0.52m wide and 0.18m deep. The fill (117) consisted of firm medium greyish brown silty clay, which produced a struck flint and a single fragment (6g) of post-medieval tile.

6.49.3 Ditch [222] (Section 77, Plate 39) was aligned north-west to south-east and flanked surface [224] to the north-east. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base, and it measured 1.32m wide and 0.53m deep. The fill (223) consisted of soft sandy silt which was mid orangish brown in colour, which produced a single fragment (9g) of ceramic building material.

6.49.4 Surface[224] (Section 78, Plate 39 and Plate 40) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 2.63m wide and 0.28m deep. It had complex sloping sides and an irregular base. The surface of loose medium orangish brown sandy gravel with frequent large flint inclusions (225). Sixty-seven fragments (2402g) of post-medieval brick were recovered from this context.

6.49.5 Pit [122] (Section 47) was sub-circular in plan, it measured 1.35m long, 1.12m wide and 0.11m deep and it had gradual sloping sides and a flat

base. The fill (123) consisted of firm sandy clay which was a medium brownish orange in colour.

6.50 Trench 72 / 4A - 22 (Figure 14)

6.50.1 Trench 71 contained two ditches. These two ditches were more likely the continuation of the two ditches described in Trench 71.

6.50.2 Ditch [118] (Section 45) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 0.76m wide, and 0.1m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a convex base. The fill (119) consisted of soft silt which was medium brownish grey in colour.

6.50.3 Ditch [120] (Section 46) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 0.92m wide and 0.1m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. The fill (121) consisted of soft medium brownish grey silt.

6.51 Trench 78 / 4A - 28 (Figure 15)

6.51.1 Trench 78 contained two north–south aligned ditches, one of which was not excavated as it continued into Trench 80 [190]. Both ditches correspond with parallel linear anomalies identified by the geophysical survey. Although only targeted within Trench 78, they were both recorded in Trench 80 to the south as [157] and [190]. The third anomaly to the east was not confirmed.

6.51.2 Ditch [164] (Section 61) was aligned north to south and it measured 1.76m wide and 0.49m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (165) consisted of firm medium brownish grey sandy silt, which contained nine struck flints, 32g of burnt flint, two sherds (2g) of Early/Middle Bronze Age pottery and fragments of cow teeth.

6.52 Trench 79 /4A - 29 (Figure 15)

6.52.1 Trench 79 contained one ditch which was not excavated as it continued into Trench 80 were it was recorded as ditch [196].

6.53 Trench 80 / 4A - 30 (Figure 15, Plate 41)

6.53.1 Trench 80 contained five ditches and three pits. Ditches [157] and [190] represent the continuation of the parallel ditches first identified in Trench

78. Ditches [173], [176] and [196] share the same alignment as a linear anomaly identified by the geophysical survey. However, an associated anomaly extending into Trench 81 [203], produced medieval pottery, indicating that this anomaly relates either to ditch [173] or [176].

6.53.2 Ditch [157] (Section 59, Plate 42) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 1.8m wide and 0.38m deep. There was a land drain, located on the south-western side, truncating the ditch and it was also truncated by pit [159]. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It contained two fills. Fill (158) was 0.38m thick, firm, medium orangish brown silty clay, which contained thirteen struck flints, a single sherd (3g) of Early Neolithic pottery and a single sherd (12g) of Middle Iron Age pottery. Fill (161) was a 0.23m thick firm orangish brown silty clay.

6.53.3 Pit [159] (Section 59, Plate 42) was sub-circular in plan and it measured 1.03m long, 0.64m wide and 0.35m deep. This pit extended beyond the limit of the trench and truncated earlier ditch [157]. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (160) consisted of soft medium greyish brown sandy silt, which contained five struck flints.

6.53.4 Pit [162] (Section 60, Plate 43) was sub-circular in plan and it measured 0.54m long, 0.53m wide and 0.13m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (163) consisted of soft yellowish brown clayey sand with inclusions of frequent angular stones, which contained a single struck flint, 10g of burnt flint and four sherds (18g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery. The decoration of one of the sherds suggested a date range of 800-400/350 BC.

6.53.5 Pit [166] (Section 65, Plate 44) was sub-circular in plan and it measured 0.36m long, 0.23m wide, and 0.07m deep. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base and it was likely disturbed by a plough scar. The fill (167) consisted of soft medium orangish brown sandy silt. A total of 3g of burnt flint, 333g of burnt sandstone and 33 sherds (189g) of beaker pottery were retrieved from this feature. The presence of two calcinated bone fragments (0.1g) in the sample taken from this feature (<4>) raises the possibility of

this feature being a cremation. However, the small quantity and size of the bone fragments, together with the degree of truncation of the feature, mean that this interpretation remains tentative. Further material from Samples <4>, <5> and <6> consisted of a quantity of charcoal.

6.53.6 Ditch [173] (Section 66, Plate 45) was aligned north-west to south-east, truncating over Ditch [176] to the west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base, and it measured 1.3m wide and 0.56m deep. It contained two fills: fill (174) was 0.32m thick, soft, medium orangish brown silty sand, which contained seven struck flints, a single sherd (17g) of Romano-British pottery and a single sherd (10g) of high medieval pottery. Fill (175) was a 0.28m thick soft medium brownish orange silty sand with occasional large flint stones.

6.53.7 Ditch [176] (Section 66, Plate 45) was aligned north-west to south-east and it measured 1.43m wide and 0.91m deep. It was truncated by [173] to the north-east. The ditch had steep sloping sides and a concave base, and it contained six fills. Fill (177) was 0.44m thick, soft, with a medium orangish brown colour and silty sand composition. Fills (178) (179) were a firm medium yellowish-brown colour and silty clay composition and were 0.19m and 0.13m thick respectively. These three fills appeared to be the result of the deliberate backfilling of this feature. Fills (180) and (181) were a soft dark brownish grey silty clay composition. Fill (180) was 0.39m thick and it contained five sherds (59g) of medieval pottery and three fragments of lavastone. Fill (181) was 0.25m thick and contained 234g of burnt flint, four fragments of indeterminate sheep-sized bones and five fragments of indeterminate cattle-sized bones. Sample <7> from this fill yielded abundant charcoal and occasional grass seeds, legumes and charred grains. Fill (182) was a 0.12m thick, firm medium brownish yellow in colour and was composed of clay, perhaps a small slump of a ditch bank, and contained fourteen fragments of lavastone. These lower fills are probably indicative of gradual silting before the ditch was backfilled.

6.53.8 Ditch [190] (Section 70, Plate 46) was aligned north to south and was

truncated by Ditch [196]. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base and it measured 3.92m wide and 1.08m deep. It contained five fills. Fill (191) was a 0.21m thick, firm, medium greyish green silty clay and it contained seven sherds (23g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery. The decoration of one of the sherds narrowed down the dating to the Early Iron Age. Fill (192) was a 0.11m thick, firm medium greyish of silty clay. Fill (193) was 0.1m thick firm medium brownish grey silty clay. Fill (194) was a 0.49m thick, hard medium blueish grey silty clay. It contained two struck flints, two sherds of Post Deverel-Rimbury (7g) pottery, a single sherd (1g) of Late Saxon pottery, as well as fragments of indeterminate cattle-sized animal bones and unidentified bones. Fill (195) was a 0.34m thick, firm medium greyish brown silty clay, which contained nine struck flints and two fragments (69g) of possible Roman tile. The fills likely represent gradual infilling of the ditch over a prolonged period of time.

6.53.9 Ditch [196] (Section 70, Plate 46) was aligned north-west to south-east and truncated Ditch [190]. It had moderate sloping sides, a concave base and measured 2.12m wide and 0.79m deep. It contained two fills which were indicative of an intentional backfill. Fill (197) was 0.19m thick and hard medium greyish brown silty clay with chalk inclusions. Fill (198) measured 0.52m in thickness and consisted of a hard, medium greenish brown silty clay, which contained five sherds (111g) of post-medieval pottery.

6.54 Trench 81 / 4A - 31 (Figure 15, Plate 47)

6.54.1 Trench 81 contained six pits and five ditches. The high density of activity in the corner of this site was initially suggested by the geophysical survey and later confirmed by the trial trenching. Although it is hard to line every anomaly with its correspondent feature, it seems reasonable to suggest that ditch [203] was part of the linear anomaly running into the trench from the north and was related to either Ditch [173] or [176] in Trench 80. Ditch [153]/[168]/[209] seemed to be forming an enclosure with [203], with a possible entrance marked by small termini [168] and [171]. Pit [235] seemed to also correspond to a specific magnetic response.

6.54.2 Pit [213] (Section 75, Plate 48) was elongated in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.1m long, 0.7m wide and 0.14m deep and was truncated by Pit [215] to the south-east. The fill (214) consisted of soft medium brownish orange silty clay with occasional inclusions of fired clay.

6.54.3 Pit [215] (Section 75, Plate 48) was elongated in plan and truncated Pit [213] to the north-west. It measured 2.25m long, 0.52m wide, and 0.26m deep and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (216) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark greyish brown in colour, which contained a single sherd (7g) of Late Saxon pottery.

6.54.4 Ditch [155] (Section 62) was aligned north-west to south-east, and it truncated Ditch [153]. It measured 9.53m wide and 0.3m deep and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (156) consisted of firm medium greyish brown silty clay.

6.54.5 Ditch [153]/[168]/[209] (Sections 62, 63 and 73, Plate 49) was aligned north-west to south-east. It ran for 16.7m through the centre of the trench, where it terminated. It was 0.37m deep and its maximum exposed width was of 1.68m. It was truncated by both Ditch [155] and Pit [207]. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (154) (210) (170) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark brownish grey in colour and produced five sherds (33g) of medieval pottery. Fill (170) produced a small sherd (2g) of Middle Iron Age pottery and 113g of fired clay. Fill (210) produced 1.5g of fired clay and fragments of sheep/goat and indeterminate animal bone. A patch of redeposited clay (169) was found in the terminus of Ditch [153].

6.54.6 Pit [207] (Section 73, Plate 49) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.48m long, 0.42m wide and 0.1m deep. The fill (208) consisted of hard medium greyish brown in colour clayey sand.

6.54.7 Ditch [171]/[201] (Sections 64 and 72, Plate 50) was aligned east to west. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It was fully exposed within

the trench and it was 7.5m long and 0.6m wide and 0.12m deep. Its central section was truncated by ditch [203]. The fills (172) (202) consisted of firm silty sand which was dark greyish brown in colour with minimal small stone inclusions. These produced 3g of fired clay.

6.54.8 Ditch [203] (Section 72, Plate 50) was aligned north-east to south-west and it measured 3.2m wide and more than1.1m deep. It had steep sloping sides, and the base of the feature was not reached due to depth constraints. It was infilled by three fills. Fill (204) was 0.54m thick, firm, with a medium greyish brown colour. It yielded 44g of burnt flint, thirteen sherds (162g) of medieval pottery, 12g of fired clay, a few indeterminate cattle-sized bone fragments and 153g of oyster shell. Fill (205) 0.1m deep, compact, with a medium yellowish-brown colour and silty clay composition and it contained a single struck flint, 40g of burnt flint, one sherd (4g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery, seven sherds (12g) of early medieval pottery, 2g of fired clay and ironworking slag fragments. Fill (206) was 0.6m in thickness and consisted of a hard, medium greyish brown clayey sand. This fill contained 453g of burnt flint, five sherds (18g) of medieval pottery, 2g of fired clay and four fragments of an iron object.

6.54.9 Ditch [185] (Section 68) was north-east to south-west aligned and it measured 0.56m wide, and 0.2m deep. It had vertical sloping sides and a flat base. The fill (186) consisted of compact silty clay which was light yellowish brown in colour, which produced a single sherd (1g) of medieval pottery and 1g of fired clay.

6.54.10 Pit [232] (Section 82, Plate 51 and Plate 52) was sub-circular in plan and was truncated by [235]. It had steep sloping sides, and the base of the feature was not reached due to depth constraints. It contained two fills. Fill (233) was firm, with a medium brownish grey colour and clayey silt composition and it had a maximum thickness of 0.55m. Fill (234) was firm, with a medium brownish grey colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.38m thick and produced ten struck flints, twelve sherds (38g) of medieval pottery, 50g of fired clay and a fragment of an iron object.

6.54.11 Pit [235] (Section 82, Plate 51 and Plate 52) was sub-circular in plan and truncated Pit [232]. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. The exposed portion measured 8.8m long, 2.1m wide and 0.28m deep. Its fill (236) consisted of a hard medium yellowish sandy clay, which produced a single struck flint, 3g of fired clay, part of a late medieval or post-medieval horseshoe, a fragment of cow bone, a sheep-sized bone, ten fragments of dog bones and 27g of oyster shell.

6.54.12 Ditch [211] was aligned north to south, only a maximum width of 1.33m was exposed and it was 0.49m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (212) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.55 Trench 83 / 4B - 02 (Figure 16)

6.55.1 Trench 83 contained one ditch and a tree throw.

6.55.2 Ditch [272] (Section 92) was aligned east to west. It ran parallel to the trench for 13.35m and terminated within the trench. Only a maximum width of 0.8m of this ditch was exposed and it was 0.27m deep. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (273) consisted of soft sandy silt which was mid brownish grey in colour. This ditch terminated within the trench.

6.55.3 Tree throw [228] (Section 81) measured 1.29m long, 1 m wide, and 0.34m deep and was aligned east to west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It contained tree fills. Fill (229) was 0.39m thick, firm, with a medium orangish brown colour and clay composition. Fill (230) was soft, with a light brownish yellow colour and was composed of silty sand. It measured 0.34m in thickness and contained a single struck flint and 21g of burnt flint. Fill (231) was 0.09m thick, soft, with a medium brownish grey colour and sandy silt composition.

6.56 Trench 85 / 4B - 04 (Figure 16)

6.56.1 Trench 85 contained one pit.

6.56.2 Pit [226] (Section 80) was 0.48m long, 0.36m wide, and 0.17m deep. It had

steep sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (227) consisted of soft medium greyish brown silty sand.

6.57 Trench 86 / 4B - 05 (Figure 16)

6.57.1 Trench 86 contained a large quarry pit that was depicted as a cropmark.

6.57.2 Pit [280]/[289] (Sections 96 and 99, Plate 53) was not fully visible in plan and it extended beyond the northern and southern LOE of the trench, so its shape remained unknown. The exposed portion was 33.14m long and 0.94m deep. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. The slot opened on the edge of the feature [280] had four fills: Fill (281) was a soft, medium greyish brown colour, a sandy silt composition and measured 0.41m thick. Fill (282) was a 0.24m thick, hard light yellowish-brown clayey silt. Fill (283) was 0.31m thick, soft, dark brownish grey and it had a clayey sand composition. Fill (284) was 0.09m thick and was firm, with a mid-yellowish green colour and was composed of clay. The slot opened through the centre of the feature contained three fills. Fill (290) was 0.41m thick, and consisted of a soft, dark brownish grey colour and was composed of clayey sand. Fill (291) 0.39m thick, soft, with a mid-yellowish-brown colour and clayey silt composition. Fill (292) was 0.16m thick, hard, with a mid-yellowish green colour and was composed of clay.

6.58 Trench 87 / 4B - 06 (Figure 16)

6.58.1 Trench 87 contained one pit, one land drain and one natural feature.

6.58.2 Pit [278] (Section 95) was sub-circular in plan, and it had steep to near-vertical sloping sides and a concave base. The exposed portion of the feature was 3.21m long, 0.88m wide and 0.42m deep. The fill (279) consisted of soft silty medium orangish brown.

6.58.3 Land drain [274] (Section 93) was linear in plan and was aligned north-south. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (275) consisted of compact clayey sand which was mid yellowish grey in colour.

6.59 Trench 88 / 4B - 07 (Figure 16)

6.59.1 Trench 88 contained one single ditch that was depicted in the geophysical plan as a north-east to south-west aligned linear. It is possible that this is the continuation of same alignment ditch present on the OS map to the east.

6.59.2 Ditch [276] (Section 94) was northeast to southwest aligned and it measured 0.87m wide, and 0.54m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (277) consisted of firm clayey silt which was dark yellowish brown in colour, which produced two struck flints, four sherds (12g) of high medieval pottery, a single fragment (1101g) of 18th-19th-century floor brick and a complete iron folding knife.

6.60 Trench 89 / 4B - 08 (Figure 16)

6.60.1 Trench 89 contained two ditches.

6.60.2 Ditch [268] (Section 87) was aligned north to south and it measured 1m wide and 0.5m deep. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (269) consisted of compact clayey sand which was medium brownish brown in colour and produced a single struck flint and a fragment of 17th-century clay tobacco pipe bowl.

6.60.3 Ditch [270] (Section 88) was aligned north to south and it measured 1.19m wide, and 0.15m deep. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (271) consisted of soft clayey silt which was mid brownish grey in colour.

6.61 Trench 90 /4B - 09 (Figure 16)

6.61.1 Trench 90 contained one ditch.

6.61.2 Ditch [266] (Section 86) was east to west aligned and measured 1.8m wide, and 0.56m deep. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (267) consisted of hard, dark orangish brown sandy clay.

6.62 Site 5A and 5B (Figure 22, Figure 23, Figure 24 and Figure 60)

6.63 Overview

6.63.1 Sites 5A and 5B comprised Trenches 91 to 126. The main activity was focussed on the north-west corner of the site in Trenches 106 (5A-16) to 118 (5A-28). The features encountered in these trenches appeared to represent ancillary activity for the nearby manor located on the northern side of the road. Part of the activity recorded was medieval, but this field was converted into a landscape park in the post-medieval period. Some of the features recorded along the western side of the site were associated with tree lines and boundary ditches of parkland plantations that survived until the 1980s. Trenches 111 and 114 contained what was interpreted as the remains of an occupational layer. This layer was not consistent and was recorded infilling some natural hollows in the trenches. The development of a park associated with Boyland Hall during the 19th century modified the original landscape of the field and subsequent bioturbation processes appear to have mixed and compressed this occupational layer into the natural substrate. There is a possibility that this layer could also indicate a levelling event, where waste material from elsewhere in Site 5 was dumped in here.

6.64 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.64.1 The topsoil in this site was a soft dark brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones, similar to that in 3A, 4A and 4B. A small amount of soft medium greyish brown sandy silt subsoil was recorded in this area. The geological substrate consisted of compact medium orangey brown silty clay with occasional medium-sized stones. A layer of soft medium brownish yellow silty sand colluvium (324) was present in Trenches 93, 108 and 109 due to the field sloping to the west.

6.65 Post-Medieval Field System

6.65.1 In Sites 5A and 5B, several trenches encountered ditches that were present in the late 19th century. Trenches 91 [316] (Section 106), 92 and 94 [301] (Section 101) contained the remains of a post-medieval woodland shown

on the First Edition OS map of 1888 that survived until the 1980s (the northern part of this woodland is still in use).

6.65.2 Trenches 96 [330] (Section 111), 99, 102 [336] (Section 113), 104, 105 [306] (Section 103, Plate 54) 117 [311] (Section 311) and Trench 126 [297] confirmed the presence of field divisions recorded on the Tithe Map and backfilled by the 1980's (except for those recorded in Trenches 104 and 105 that were gone by the 1880s).

6.65.3 Trench 120 [299] contained the remains of a post-medieval field boundary visible on OS mapping and backfilled by the 1960s.

6.65.4 Trenches 93 [325] (Section 109), [328] (Section 110) and 109 [334] (Section 112) exposed a tree line that was firstly recorded in the OS map from 1888 and was still visible on the aerial photographs from the 1950s.

6.66 Trench 107 / 5A - 17 (Figure 23)

6.66.1 Trench 107 contained one ditch. This feature was depicted on the geophysical plan as linear of agricultural origin and it ran into trench 112 [353] to the east.

6.66.2 Ditch [373] (Section 126) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.05m in width and 0.17m in depth. The fill (374) consisted of firm medium greyish brown silty sand, which produced 46g of fired clay.

6.67 Trench 108 / 5A - 18 (Figure 23, Plate 55)

6.67.1 Trench 108 contained two ditches. Ditch [322] was depicted in the geophysical plan as an agricultural feature and it was also recorded in trenches 110 [320] and 115 [341] to the east.

6.67.2 Ditch [322] (Section 108, Plate 56) was aligned east to west and truncated the colluvium layer (324). It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.8m in width and 0.35m in depth. There was one fill present (323) that consisted of firm silty clay which was medium brownish grey in colour and contained nine fragments (76g) of post-medieval tile, 4g of fired

clay, alongside fragments of cattle, pig, sheep/goat and unidentified species bones. This ditch was also recorded to the east in Trench 110.

6.67.3 Ditch [339]/[360]/[382] (Sections 114, 122 and 129, Plate 57) was aligned north to south and terminated within the trench. It had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured a maximum length of 16m, between 0.7-0.8m in width and had a depth of 0.2m, which shallowed out to 0.09m towards the terminus. It consisted of one fill (340) (361) (383) of soft sandy silt which was medium blueish grey in colour. It contained a single struck flint, 73g of burnt flint, thirteen sherds (17g) of early to high medieval pottery, 8g of fired clay alongside a moderate amount of indeterminate cattle-sized and unidentified animal bone fragments. Sample <33> from (361) contained charcoal and a range of seeds and charred grains.

6.68 Trench 110 / 5A - 19 (Figure 23)

6.68.1 Trench 110 contained two ditches and a small pit. Ditch [365] was depicted in the geophysical survey plan but the other two anomalies targeted in this trench were not confirmed.

6.68.2 Ditch [318] (Section 107) was aligned east to west, truncated by Pit [320] to the south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.2m in width and 0.28m in depth. The fill (319) consisted of firm light greyish brown silty clay.

6.68.3 Pit [320] (Section 107) was circular in plan and truncated Ditch [318]. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.4m in length, 0.3m in width and 0.18m in depth. The fill (321) consisted of soft silt which was medium greyish brown in colour with occasional flecks of charcoal present.

6.68.4 Ditch [365] (Section 124) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.24m in width and 0.69m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (366) was firm, with a medium brownish orange colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.2m in thickness. Fill (367) was a hard light greyish brown silty clay consistency which measured 0.31m in thickness. Fill (368) was hard, composed of a medium greyish

brown silty clay. It measured 0.26m in thickness and contained a single sherd (6g) of Early Anglo-Saxon pottery, four sherds (35g) of high medieval pottery, 16g of fired clay and 36g of oyster shell.

6.69 Trench 111 / 5A - 20 (Figure 23)

6.69.1 Trench 111 contained one ditch, one pit and a layer (375) that seem to represent the remains of a big circular anomaly present on the geophysics plan. The ditch [111] was also depicted as a linear anomaly but the other linear anomaly inside the circular enclosure was not present.

6.69.2 Ditch [376] (Section 127, Plate 58) was aligned north to south. It had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.68m in width and 0.62m in depth. The fill (377) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid greyish brown in colour and yielded thirty-five sherds (270g) of high medieval pottery, fragments of horse bones and 3g of oyster shell.

6.69.3 Pit [313] (Section 105) was sub-circular in plan, steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.9m in length, 0.68m in width and 0.69m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (314) was a 0.58m thick, firm medium yellowish-brown colour and was composed of silty clay. Fill (315) was a 0.36m thick, firm, with a dark brownish grey colour and clayey silt composition, which contained 72g of burnt flint, 114 sherds (647g) of early and high medieval pottery, 111g of fired clay, a copper-alloy wire sewing pin (SF 3), 101g of oyster shell and 39g of whelk shell. The sample taken from this fill <30> yielded fragments of various animals including sheep-sized bones, deer, frogs, microfauna and unidentified species, as well as charcoal and a range of seeds and charred grains. Both fills were the result of deliberate backfilling.

6.69.4 Layer (375) (Plate 58) orientated north to south. It measured 2m in width and 0.05m in depth. It was composed of soft medium brownish grey silty clay, which contained a single struck flint, eight sherds (41g) of medieval pottery, an iron nail and fragment of pig bone. It correlated with a large geophysical anomaly, but was very shallow and irregular, so was recorded as a layer.

6.70 Trench 112 / 5A - 21 (Figure 23)

6.70.1 Trench 112 contained two ditches and three pits. Ditch [355] could be the continuation of ditch [376] even though the material infilling both features were different. Pit [378] was depicted as a rounded anomaly in the geophysics plan. An extension of 2x2.5m was opened to fully exposed pits [369] and [371] as initially were thought to be ovens or kilns but that hypothesis was discarded after the excavation.

6.70.2 Ditch [355] (Section 121) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had complex sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 2.3m in width and 0.81m in depth. It contained four fills in total. Fill (356) was hard, with a medium yellowish-brown colour and was composed of clay. It measured 0.22m in thickness. Fill (357) was firm, with a medium yellowish-brown colour and clay composition. These fills were indicative of an initial slumping or silting of the ditch and totalled 0.15m in thickness. Fill (358) was a soft dark greyish black colour and was composed of clayey silt with frequent charcoal inclusions. It measured 0.47m thick and contained 1.25kg of burnt flint, sixty-three sherds (388g) of early to high medieval pottery, 1.13kg of fired clay and bone fragments of pig and sheep sized species, frog, microfauna and unidentified species. Sample <35> from this fill produced charcoal and a range of seeds and charred grains. Fill (359) was firm, with a dark brownish grey colour silty clay composition and measured 0.29m in thickness. Fills (358) and (359) mark the end of the ditch, with the deliberate backfill perhaps being industrial waste from features located beyond the trench.

6.70.3 Pit [378] (Section 128) was located directly next to Ditch [355] and it had near-vertical sides. The pit measured 3.8m in length, 1.52m in width and 0.55m in depth. The base of the feature was not fully excavated due to depth constraints. The full extent of the shape of the feature was not visible in the trench. It contained three fills. Fill (379) was a firm dark brownish grey silty clay, which contained 9g of burnt flint, twelve sherds (61g) of early to high medieval pottery, 19g of fired clay, a fragment of lavastone and a fragment of indeterminate cattle-sized bone. It measured 0.55m in

thickness. Fill (380) was 0.15m thick and consisted of a firm light yellowish brown clay with fired clay with CBM frequently present throughout. Fill (381) was soft, with a dark brownish grey colour and clayey silt composition. It measured 0.28m in thickness. All three fills likely originated from the same backfilling event, similar to that seen in Ditch [355].

6.70.4 Pit [369] (Section 125, Plate 59) was sub-circular in plan and only a small amount of the oven base had survived. It measured 1.92m in length, 1.5m in width and 0.12m in depth. It had gradual sloping sides and a flat base. The fill (370) consisted of hard fired clay which was medium reddish orange in colour, likely dumped in this pit from a nearby feature, of which 4291g of fired clay was recovered. Sample <36> from this fill produced fairly frequent charcoal and occasional seeds and charred barley grains.

6.70.5 Pit [371] (Section 125, Plate 59) was elongated in plan and located adjacent to pit [359], and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.1m in length, 0.1m in width and 0.3m in depth. The fill (372) consisted of hard chalk which was light brownish yellow in colour, which produced 440g of burnt flint and 98g of fired clay. This pit was truncated by pit [369]. Sample <37> from this feature produced charcoal and a range of seeds and charred grains and nutshells.

6.70.6 Ditch [353] (Section 120) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.34m in width and 0.24m in depth. The fill (354) consisted of soft medium yellowish brown silty sand, likely a deliberate backfilling, which contained a single struck flint.

6.71 Trench 114 / 5A - 23 (Figure 23)

6.71.1 Trench 114 contained two pits, two ditches, one posthole, and a layer. A 59.82g lump of ironworking slag was recovered from the topsoil of the trench. Layer (364) indicated the presence of the rounded enclosure also exposed in Trench 111; however, in both trenches this feature was very faint. The remaining internal features were likewise visible on the geophysical survey plan.

6.71.2 Ditch [343] (Section 116) was located directly to the west of Pit [350], aligned north to south. It measured 1.08m in width and 0.2m in depth. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (344) consisted of firm medium greyish brown silty clay, which contained twenty-two sherds (100g) of early medieval pottery, 19g of fired clay, as well as bone fragments from cattle, pig, sheep-sized species, small mammals, and indeterminate taxa.

6.71.3 Ditch [345] (Section 117) was aligned east to west, running 6.6m it the east before terminating. It truncated Pit [347] to the south, had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.2m in width and 0.3m in depth. The fill (346) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark greyish brown in colour. It contained four struck flints, 7g of burnt flint, 159 sherds (1686g) of medieval pottery, 71g of fired clay, eleven fragments of lavastone, an iron loop, an iron fiddle key nail, a possible iron nail and a fragment of iron of uncertain function, as well as bones of frog, fish and unidentified animals, 914g of oyster shell and 33g of whelk shell. Sample <31> contained charcoal and a range of seeds and charred grains.

6.71.4 Pit [347] (Section 117) was not completely visible in plan and was truncated by Ditch [345] to the north. It measured approximately 4.59m in length and 0.9m in width, although it is difficult to ascertain the full measurements as the pit was truncated to the north and the full extend was not visible in the trench. It was shallow, at a depth of 0.20m, and had gradual sloping sides and a flat base. It contained two fills. Fill (348) was a firm medium brownish grey silty clay, which contained six sherds (20g) of medieval pottery and a single iron nail. It measured 0.04m in thickness. This fill overlaid the bottom fill (346) which was thicker at 0.16m. It contained 10g of fired clay and 8g of oyster shell. The bottom of the pit was lined with large flint cobble stones (349).

6.71.5 Pit [350] (Section 119) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.53m in length, 0.92m in width and 0.33m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (351) was a dark brownish grey colour silty clay and measured 0.24m in thickness. It contained a single

struck flint, 38g of burnt flint, twenty-five sherds (177g) of medieval pottery, 38g of fired clay, as well as bone fragments of sheep-sized species and 40g of oyster shell. Fill (352) was firm, measured 0.07m in thickness, and was a medium greyish orange colour silty clay. It contained two sherds (14g) of high medieval pottery, 3g of fired clay and a fragment of deer bone.

6.71.6 Posthole [362] (Section 123) was circular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It was 0.28m in length, 0.27m in width and 0.21m in depth. The fill (363) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark greyish brown in colour. It contained two struck flints, 9g of burnt flint, six sherds (6g) of medieval pottery, 9g of fired clay and a few sheep sized animal and unidentified animal bone fragments, some of which were retrieved from Sample <32>, which also produced abundant charcoal and occasional charred wheat grains.

6.71.7 Layer (364) (Section 123) was soft silty clay in composition and was mid brownish grey in colour. It measures 1.5m in width and 0.05m in depth. It was roughly linear in plan and north-south aligned. It correlated with a large geophysical anomaly, but was very shallow and irregular, so was recorded as a layer. It contained eleven sherds (46g) of high medieval pottery, 226g of fired clay and a single fragment of oyster shell.

6.72 Trench 115 / 5A - 24 (Figure 23)

6.72.1 Trench 115 contained one ditch, depicted on the geophysical survey plan.

6.72.2 Ditch [341] (Section 115) was aligned east to west. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It was 0.71m in width and 0.1m in depth. The fill (342) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour. This ditch appeared to be part of the large circular geophysical anomaly recorded in Trenches 111 and 114 as a layer.

6.73 Trench 121 / 5B - 03 (Figure 24)

6.73.1 Trench 121 contained one pit and one ditch.

6.73.2 Ditch [293] (Section 100) was aligned north-west to south-east. The ditch

truncated Pit [295] to the south. It measured 0.54m in width and 0.16m in depth. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (294) consisted of firm sandy clay which was dark orangish brown in colour.

6.73.3 Pit [295] (Section 100) was circular in plan, and it had complex sloping sides and a concave base. It was truncated by Ditch [293] to the north. It measured 0.45m in length, 0.41m in width and 0.11m in depth. The fill (296) consisted of firm sandy clay which was dark orangish brown in colour.

6.74 Site 7 (Figure 27, Figure 28, Figure 29, Figure 30, Figure 31, Figure 61 and Figure 62)

6.74.1 Site 7 covered twenty-six fields stretching from the eastern side of Tasburgh, eastwards as far as Shotesham All Saints. For ease of interpretation, the results of this site have been divided into two distinct areas. These comprise Sites 7A to 7D, and 7E to 7L, which were divided on the ground by the line of Broaden Lane at Saxlingham Green.

6.75 Sites 7A to 7D (Figure 27, Figure 28 and Figure 29)

6.76 Overview

6.76.1 Sites 7A to 7D were formed of seven fields between Tasburgh, Saxlingham Nethergate and Hempnall. Sites 7A to 7C principally contained several post-medieval field systems and a focus of medieval activity in 7C. The existence of a medieval moat less than 500m to the north-west of the site suggests that the activity recorded within these trenches could represent some ancillary industrial activity related to it.

6.77 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.77.1 Sites 7A to 7D comprised trenches 127 to 176. The topsoil in this area was a soft dark greyish brown clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones, varying towards a lighter orangey brown sandy silt in the central part of area 7C. The geological substrate consisted of compact medium orangey brown silty clay diamicton with occasional medium-sized stones and chalky patches. The southern end of field 7C presented a sandier composition. A single flint core was recovered from the subsoil in 7C.

6.78 Post- Medieval Field System

6.78.1 In Sites 7A to 7D several post-medieval field boundaries were encountered. Except for those in Site 7D, these were formed of piecemeal enclosure boundaries of former areas of open field, which were present on Tithe mapping and backfilled by 1988 at the latest. Those recorded in Site 7D, were recorded on historic OS mapping from the 1880s and backfilled by 1988 at the latest. The trenches that contained the remains of these field systems were 128 [1013] (Section 373), 130 [983], 132, 134, 135 [987] (Section 639), 136 [1031] (Section 378), 137, 140, 141, 142, 160 [1042] (Section 382), 161, 162, 165, 169, 172, and 174. These were sampled in line with NCCHES' expectations but no further description will be given in this section.

6.79 Trench 127 / 7A-01

6.79.1 This trench only contained two natural features.

6.80 Trench 129 / 7A-03 (Figure 28)

6.80.1 Trench 129 contained two ditches.

6.80.2 Ditch [981] (Section 365) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.71m in width and 0.35m in depth. It contained one fill. Fill (982) was firm, with a mid-brownish grey colour and was composed of silty clay. It contained four struck flints, 10g of burnt flint, a single sherd (2g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery and seventeen sherds (83g) of Romano-British pottery of early to mid-2nd-century date.

6.80.3 Ditch [979] (Section 364) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.56m in width and 0.31m in depth. It contained one fill. Fill (980) was firm, with a mid-brownish grey colour and was composed of silty clay.

6.81 Trench 130 / 7A-04 (Figure 28)

6.81.1 Trench 130 contained two ditches in the centre, one of which [983] was of post-medieval date. They were both present on the geophysical survey

plan.

6.81.2 Ditch [990] (Section 368, Plate 60) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.7m in width and 0.61m in depth. It contained one fill. Fill (991) was firm, with a mid-orangish brown colour and was composed of silty clay. This feature yielded 17 sherds (67g) of Romano-British pottery.

6.82 Trench 135 / 7C-05 (Figure 28)

6.82.1 This trench contained two big modern rubbish pits to its north-west end, a post medieval ditch [987] and a natural feature to its south-east end.

6.83 Trench 143 / 7C-13 (Figure 28)

6.83.1 Trench 143 contained two ditches and one big extraction pit. The geophysical survey did indicate some activity targeted in this trench, however the outline of the magnetic anomalies were not well defined.

6.83.2 Ditch [1040] (Section 381) was a north to south aligned linear with moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.5m in width and 0.21m in depth. Its fill (1041) was hard, mid brownish-grey clayey sand.

6.83.3 Ditch [1054] (Section 385) was an east to west aligned linear with moderately sloping concave sides. It measured 1.2m in width and 0.51m in depth. Its fill (1055) was firm, light greyish-brown chalky clay. A sherd of Romano-British greyware was found within the fill of this feature.

6.83.4 Pit [1019]/[1035] (Sections 375 and 379, Plate 61) was a big extraction pit running beyond the limit of excavation on three of its sides. It measured 12.89m in width and varied in depth from 0.6-0.8m although the full depth was not reached. The edge slot, [1019] contained three fills. Fill (1020) was firm, mid brownish-grey silty clay, which contained 14g of fired clay. It measured 0.15m in thickness. Fill (1021) was firm, mid greyish-brown silty clay which measured 0.2m in thickness. It contained 17g of burnt flint and three sherds (45g) of high medieval pottery. Fill (1022) was firm, mid greyish-brown silty clay, which contained 68g of burnt flint, twenty-one

sherds (43g) of medieval and post-medieval pottery, two fragments (2g) of ceramic building material and 5g of fired clay. It measured 0.46m in thickness. A 1 x 1 m slot opened in the centre of the feature [1035] contained two fills. Bottom fill (1036) consisted of a compact, mid greenish-grey, clayey sand with occasional chalk inclusions. It measured 0.36m in thickness. It contained four sherds (9g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery, two fragments (2g) of ceramic building material, 10g of fired clay and a small quantity of indeterminate cattle-sized, sheep-sized and unidentified animal bone fragments. Top fill (1037) measured 0.35m in depth and contained 12g of burnt flint, ten sherds (23g) of medieval and post-medieval pottery, four fragments (28g) of post-medieval tile and 4g of fired clay.

6.84 Trench 144 / 7C-14 (Figure 28)

6.84.1 Trench 144 contained one large extraction pit and two natural features. Fitch [1067] was depicted in the geophysical plan as a linear that could form an enclosure with ditch [1049] in Trench 145. The possible internal rectangular enclosure was not found within this trench.

6.84.2 Ditch [1067] (Section 390) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 4.4m in width and 0.85m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (1068) was soft, with a light orangish brown colour and was composed of silty sand. It measured 0.12m in thickness and contained five sherds (32g) of medieval pottery. Fill (1069) was compact, with a mid-greenish brown colour and clay composition and measured 0.31m in thickness. It contained 42g of burnt flint, six sherds (19g) of early medieval pottery, 3g of fired clay and occasional fragments of sheep-sized animal bones. Fill (1070) was soft, with a mid-greyish brown colour and was composed of sandy clay. It measured 0.48m in thickness which contained 81g of burnt flint, six sherds (28g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery and 3g of fired clay.

6.84.3 Natural feature [1056]/[1076] was a shallow natural hollow with an irregular base filled up with a variety of fills. It measured 5.4m in width and 0.38m in depth. The eastern slot [1056] contained three fills: Fill (1057) was firm, mid

brownish-grey, and composed of silty clay, fill (1058) consisted of firm, mid greyish-brown sandy silt and fill (1059) was firm, mid greyish-brown, and composed of sandy silt. The western slot [1076] contained one single (1077) which consisted of soft silty sand which was mid orangish brown in colour, which produced 69g of fired clay.

6.85 Trench 145 / 7C-15 (Figure 28)

6.85.1 Trench 145 contained one single ditch at its northern end. This ditch was present on the geophysical survey as the continuation of an enclosure corner-like anomaly investigated in Trench 144 [1967].

6.85.2 Ditch [1049] (Section 384, Plate 62) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides, and the base was not reached due to depth constraints. It measured 6.3m in width and 1.2m in depth. It contained 4 fills. Fill (1050) was hard, with a dark greyish brown colour and was composed of silty sand. It measured 0.19m in thickness. Fill (1051) was hard, with a mid-greyish brown colour and silty sand composition, which contained a single fragment (1g) of post-medieval tile and 4g of fired clay. Fill (1052) was hard, with a mid-orangish brown colour and was composed of silty sand, which contained 3g of fired clay. It measured 0.61m in thickness. Fill (1053) was hard, with a mid-greyish brown colour and silty sand composition, which contained 9g of fired clay. It measured 0.23m in thickness, although the base was not reached. This ditch aligned with a corner of a boundary ditch present on historic mapping, which could indicate that in medieval times this corner was part of a north-south division of the field.

6.86 Trench 147 / 7C-17 (Figure 28)

6.86.1 Trench 147 contained four ditches and one cobbled surface. The features recorded in this trench matched the targeted geophysical anomalies.

6.86.2 Ditch [1015] (Section 374) was a linear feature aligned north-east to south-west, with moderately sloping sides and a flat base, interpreted as a medieval drainage ditch associated with cobbled surface [1081]. It measured 3.36m in width and 0.44m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill

(1016) was firm and mid orangish-brown in colour with a silty clay composition, which contained 6g of burnt flint, a single sherd (5g) of high medieval pottery and 5g of oyster shell. It measured 0.25m in thickness. Fill (1017) was firm and mid greyish-green, comprising silty clay with frequent small chalk inclusions. It measured 0.09m in thickness. Fill (1018) was a firm, dark brownish-grey sandy clay that measured 0.3m in depth. It contained eight sherds (16g) of early and high medieval pottery and a single fragment (1g) of post-medieval tile.

6.86.3 Ditch [1044] (Section 383) was a linear feature aligned north-east to south-west, with steeply sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.91m in width and 1.09m in depth. It contained four fills. Fill (1045) was firm and mid orangish-blue in colour with a silty clay composition. It was 0.47m in thickness. Fill (1046) was a firm, mid greyish-green with a silty clay composition that measured 0.24m in thickness. Fill (1047) was firm and dark brownish-grey composed of silty clay. It was 0.16m in thickness. Fill (1048) was firm and mid brownish-grey with a silty clay composition that measured 0.16m in thickness. It contained four sherds (18g) of high medieval pottery, 2g of fired clay and an iron nail.

6.86.4 Ditch [1065] (Section 389) was a linear feature aligned north-east to south-west, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.1m in width and 0.45m in depth. It contained one fill (1066), which was soft, mid orangish-brown in colour and composed of silty sand and produced seventeen sherds (199g) of high and late medieval pottery and 3g of fired clay.

6.86.5 Ditch [1107] (Section 401) was a linear feature aligned north-east to south-west, with moderately sloping sides. It measured 3.39m in width and 0.79m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (1108) was hard, mid greyish-blue in colour and composed of silty clay. It measured 0.24m in thickness. Fill (1109) was firm, mid greenish-brown silty clay composition that measured 0.26m in thickness. Fill (1110) was firm, dark greyish-brown in colour and composed of silty clay, which contained a single sherd (6g) of medieval

pottery. It measured 0.12m in thickness.

6.86.6 Cobbled surface [1081] (Plate 63) had gradual sides and a flat base. The full width of the surface was 9.7m and 0.25m in depth. It contained two fills. (1082) was a layer of poorly sorted small to large stones and flints forming the cobbled surface. Sample <90> from this fill contained abundant charcoal. (1083) covered the cobbled surface and was firm, dark greyish-brown in colour and composed of sandy clay with occasional small charcoal inclusions, which contained eleven sherds (43g) of late medieval and early post-medieval pottery, three fragments (5g) of ceramic building material, five fragments of lavastone and eight iron nails. Both fills contained fragments of horse, cattle, sheep/goat and chicken.

6.87 Trench 148 / 7C-18 (Figure 28)

6.87.1 Trench 148 contained a silted up natural hollow and a small pit.

6.87.2 Pit [992] (Section 369) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.77m in length, 0.76m in width and 0.23m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (993) was firm, with a mid-brownish grey colour and sandy silt composition, which contained 109g of burnt flint. It measured 0.12m in thickness. Fill (994) was soft, with a mid-yellowish grey colour, was composed of silty sand and measured 0.13m in thickness.

6.88 Trench 151 / 7C-21 (Figure 28)

6.88.1 Trench 151 contained one possible pond at its northern end.

6.88.2 Pond [1078]/[1103] (Sections 393 and 398) had steep sloping sides. It measured between approximately 11.6m in width, although the full extent of the feature was not revealed, and between 0.4-0.44m in depth. The slot opened on the edge presented one fill, (1104) that consisted of firm silty clay and was mid brownish grey in colour, which produced two fragments (7g) of possible Roman tile and 2g of fired clay. The 1.5 x 1 m slot opened in the centre contained two fills. Fill (1079) was firm, with a mid-greyish brown colour and clayey silt composition, which contained five sherds (20g) of medieval pottery. Fill (1080) was firm, with a mid-yellowish brown colour

and was composed of sandy clay. This slot was augered up to 1.8m deep and the base was still not reached. However, a highly organic fill was encountered. Both fills were 0.4m in thickness.

6.89 Trench 152 / 7C-22 (Figure 28)

6.89.1 Trench 152 contained two ditches. Ditch [1073] aligned with a linear anomaly depicted in the geophysical plan.

6.89.2 Ditch [1063] (Section 388) was a linear feature aligned east to west, with gradually sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.38m in width and 0.28m in depth. It contained one fill (1064), which was compact, dark greyish-brown, and composed of silty clay with occasional charcoal.

6.89.3 Ditch [1073] (Section 392) was a linear feature aligned east to west, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 4.8m in width and 0.7m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (1074) was compact, mid orangish-brown, and composed of silty clay. It measured 0.14m in thickness. Fill (1075) was hard, mid greyish-brown, composed of clayey sand and measured 0.7m in thickness. which contained two sherds (3g) of medieval pottery and a fragment of post-medieval clay tobacco pipe stem.

6.90 Trench 154 / 7C-24 (Figure 28)

6.90.1 Trench 154 contained a small ditch and a small layer. Both of these features were recorded in the geophysical plan. Ditch [1119] is aligned with a small corner in a north to south aligned trench depicted on the OS map which can indicate an older boundary of medieval origin.

6.90.2 Layer (1106) (Section 395) was soft, mid greyish-brown, and was composed of silty sand. It measured 3.5m in width and 0.15m in depth. It was just 0.15m deep and produced sixteen sherds (150g) of medieval pottery and 12g of fired clay.

6.90.3 Ditch [1119] (Section 400) was a linear feature aligned east to west, with complex sides and a flat base. It was 2.31m in width and 0.75m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (1120) was firm, mid greyish-brown, and composed

of clayey sand, which contained sheep-sized bone fragments. It measured 0.54m in thickness. Fill (1121) was soft, mid orangish-brown, and composed of silty sand and measured 0.22m in thickness. It contained a single sherd (6g) of medieval pottery.

6.91 Trench 155 / 7C-25 (Figure 28)

6.91.1 Trench 155 contained three postholes, one layer and two ditches. Both ditches matched with the geophysical but the other two anomalies targeted in this trench where not confirmed.

6.91.2 Layer (1105) (Section 399) was firm, mid orangish-brown, and composed of silty sand. It measured 10m in width and 0.16m in depth. It was 0.15m deep and the three postholes were cut through it.

6.91.3 Posthole [1071] (Section 391) was sub-circular with steeply sloping sides and a concave base, possibly part of a curving fence line with [1117] and [1084]. It measured 0.27m in length, 0.25m in width and 0.21m in depth. It contained one fill: (1072), which was firm, dark brownish-black, and composed of clayey silt with charcoal. Sample <91> from this fill produced abundant charcoal.

6.91.4 Posthole [1084] (Section 394) was circular with near-vertical sides and a flat base. It measured 0.39m in length, 0.2m in width and 0.07m in depth. It contained one fill (1085), which was firm, mid brownish-orange, and composed of clayey sand.

6.91.5 Posthole [1117] (Section 403) was circular with steeply sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 0.31m in length, 0.14m in width and 0.09m in depth. It contained one fill (1118), which was soft, dark brownish-black, and composed of silty sand with charcoal.

6.91.6 Ditch [1122] (Section 404; Plate 64) was aligned north to south, with steeply sloping sides. It measured 2.87m in width, but the base was not reached due to safety constraints. It contained two fills. Fill (1123) was firm, mid greyish-brow, measured 0.25m in thickness and was composed of clayey

silt with occasional charcoal. It contained seven sherds (73g) of medieval pottery and a fragment of sheep/goat bone. Fill (1124) was firm, light yellowish-grey, and composed of clayey silt with occasional charcoal, which contained two sherds 21g of medieval pottery. It measured 0.24m in thickness.

6.91.7 Ditch [1125] (Section 405) was aligned north-west to south-east, with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.4m in width and 0.65m in depth. It contained one fill (1126), which was compact, mid yellowish-brown, and composed of silty clay.

6.92 Trench 163 / 7C-33 (Figure 28)

6.92.1 Trench 163 only contained a single small pit to its north-eastern end.

6.92.2 Pit [1038] (Section 380) was sub-circular in plan and was aligned north-west to south-east. It measured 0.95m in in length, 0.89m in width and 0.17m in depth. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (1039) consisted of firm sandy silt which was dark greyish blue in colour and contained 2209g of burnt flint. Sample <89> contained abundant charcoal.

6.93 Trench 171 / 7D-03

6.93.1 This trench only contained a Victorian spread (1088) that was recorded in plan. It measured approximately 14.2m in width. Three sherds (14g) of post-medieval pottery, a single fragment of clear window or vessel glass was collected from this spread, as well as a pressed copper-alloy thimble and a mother of pearl button.

6.94 Sites 7E to 7L (Figure 27, Figure 29, Figure 30, Figure 31, Figure 61 and Figure 62)

6.95 Overview

6.95.1 Sites 7E to 7L consisted of a dispersed group of fields and trenches stretching from the eastern side of Broaden Lane between Saxlingham Green and Hempnall, 3.5km eastwards to Woodton Lane in Shotesham All

Saints.

6.95.2 Trenches 185, 186, 190, 191, 195, 196, 197, 198, 201, 207, 210, 213, 214 and 215 contained no archaeology and any anomalies on the geophysics or air photo interpretation that were targeted by these trenches were shown not to be archaeological in origin.

6.96 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.96.1 Sites 7E to 7L comprised of Trenches 177 to 215. The topsoil in this area was a soft dark brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones. Subsoil was not encountered in any of the trenches. The geological substrate consisted of compact medium orangey brown silty clay diamicton with occasional medium-sized stones and chalky patches.

6.97 Post-Medieval Field System

6.97.1 In Sites 7E to 7L, several trenches targeted ditches dating to the post-medieval period that were extant on historic mapping. The vast majority of these represented piecemeal enclosures of former areas of open fields, or later enclosure and sub-division of the agricultural landscape. Trenches 180 to 184 contained the remains of these post-medieval boundaries, as well as Trenches 178 [1135] (Section 409), 180 [1093], 181 [1095], 182 [1097], 183 [1099], 184 [1101], 187, 188 [1111], 189 [115], 194 [1138] (Section 410), 200 [1141] (Section 411), 204, 205, 206, 208 [1101], 209 [1109], 211 [1027] and 212 [1029]. These boundaries were present on historic OS mapping from at least the 1880s onwards, with the ditches being removed variously between the 1950s and 1990s. Those that were sample excavated were all shown to have been maintained up until they were infilled, with no sign of older fills or earlier cuts. The backfilling of these ditches was done by pushing topsoil and probably bank material and hedge into the ditches to infill and level them, before modern ploughing created a layer of topsoil above. These were sampled in line with the expectations of NCCHES but not discussed further in this section.

6.98 Site 7E

6.99 Trench 177 / 7E-01 (Figure 29)

6.99.1 Trench 177 contained one ditch depicted on the geophysical survey.

6.99.2 Ditch [1131] (Section 408) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 3.15m wide and 0.74m deep. The fill was a firm medium yellowish brown silty clay with small occasional stones throughout.

6.100 Trench 179 / 7E-03 (Figure 29)

6.100.1 Ditch [1129] (Section 407) was aligned east to west and correlated with a linear anomaly on the geophysics. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.8m wide and 0.55m deep. The fill consisted of a firm medium brownish yellow clay sand.

6.101 Site 7F

6.102 Trench 192 / 7F-13 (Figure 29)

6.102.1 Trench 192 contained a prehistoric watering hole, cut or re-cut by a pit, and three prehistoric postholes. The watering hole correlated with an anomaly present on the geophysics.

6.102.2 Watering hole [1156] (Section 417, Plate 65) was partially exposed in the central part of the trench and was cut by pit [1153]. It had complex sloping sides and an irregular base at a depth of 0.38m suggesting the trench may only have hit one edge of the feature. The fill (1157) consisted of compact silty clay which was mid orangish grey in colour.

6.102.3 Pit [1153] (Section 417, Plate 65) was partially exposed re-cutting watering hole [1153]. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measures 1.53m in length, 1.48m in width and 0.72m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (1154) was firm, with a mid-blueish grey colour, it was composed of silty clay and measured 0.71m thick. Fill (1155) was firm, with a mid-greyish brown colour and silty clay composition, which contained two struck flints and 601g of burnt flint. It measured 0.51m in thickness.

6.102.4 Posthole [1145] (Section 413; Plate 66) was located just to the south of watering hole [1156] and pit [1153]. It was sub-circular in plan with steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measures 0.23m in length, 0.2m in width and 0.1m in depth. The fill (1146) consisted of soft clayey silt which was dark blueish black in colour, which contained 49g of burnt flint. Sample <92> contained charcoal and indeterminate charred grains.

6.102.5 Posthole [1147] (Section 414; Plate 66) was located just to the south of watering hole [1156] and pit [1153]. It was sub-circular in plan with steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.25m in length, 0.23m in width and 0.13m in depth. The fill (1148) consisted of soft clayey silt which was dark blueish black in colour and contained 99g of burnt flint. Sample <93> contained charcoal and amorphous burnt material.

6.102.6 Posthole [1149] (Section 415; Plate 66) was located just to the south of watering hole [1156] and pit [1153]. It was sub-circular in plan with steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.21m in length, 0.18m in width and 0.14m in depth. The fill (1150) consisted of soft clayey silt which was dark blueish black in colour and contained 368g of burnt flint. Sample <94> contained charcoal.

6.103 Trench 193 / 7F-14 (Figure 29)

6.103.1 Trench 193 contained two east to west ditches, one of which was investigated by excavation of a hand-dug slot. Both ditches correlated with linear anomalies on the geophysics. The other ditch was located at the southern end of the trench and was truncated by an extant modern land drain and not excavated.

6.103.2 Ditch [1151] (Section 416) had moderate sloping sides and a convex base, located at the northern end of the trench. It measured 2m in length and 0.64m in depth. The fill (1152) consisted of compact silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.104 Site 7H

6.105 Trench 199 / 7H-01 (Figure 31)

6.105.1 Trench 199 contained a single post-medieval ditch at its southern end that was not present on any historic mapping. It correlated with a linear anomaly present on the geophysics.

6.105.2 Ditch [1127] (Section 406) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.43m in width and 0.77m in depth. The fill (1128) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid yellowish brown in colour, which contained a single sherd (13g) of post-medieval pottery and a single iron nail.

6.106 Trench 200 / 7H-02 (Figure 31)

6.106.1 Trench 200 contained a post medieval ditch [1141] and a layer.

6.106.2 Layer (1143) was compact silty clay in composition and was mid yellowish brown in colour. It measured c.1.8m long, 5.2m wide, and 0.03m deep.

6.107 Site 7K

6.108 Trench 209 / 7K-02 (Figure 31)

6.108.1 Trench 209 contained a post-medieval field boundary ditch and a pit of probable prehistoric date. The boundary ditch was present as a linear anomaly on the geophysics, but the pit was not discernible from the background noise.

6.108.2 Pit [1011] (Section 372) was circular in plan with moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.44m long, 0.41m wide, and 0.17m deep. The fill (1012) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark greyish brown in colour and contained 111g of burnt flint. Sample <87> contained abundant charcoal.

6.109 Trench 211 / 7K-04 (Figure 31)

6.109.1 Trench 211 contained a prehistoric watering hole, a ditch that may be related to the watering hole, and a post-medieval ditch that was present on

historic mapping. The ditch was present as a linear anomaly on the geophysics but the watering hole was not readily discernible. Two further linear anomalies were shown not to be real.

6.109.2 Watering hole [1025] (Section 377) (Plate 67) was partially exposed in the eastern end of the trench. It had moderate sloping sides, but the base was not reached. It appeared that the trench had exposed one side of it, with the rest of the feature extending to the south. It measured approximately 10m in exposed length and 0.57m in depth at the excavated slot. The fill (1026) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid blueish grey in colour and contained 144g of burnt flint. Sample <88> from this fill contained fairly frequent charcoal. Ditch [1023] appeared to be contemporary with this feature and it may be that it was an access ramp for the watering hole rather than a ditch.

6.109.3 Ditch [1023] (Section 376) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.63m in width and 0.75m in depth The fill (1024) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid brownish grey in colour and contained 306g of burnt flint.

6.110 Site 7L

6.111 Trench 202 / 7L-01 (Figure 31)

6.111.1 Trench 202 contained a single post-medieval ditch in its central area that was not present on any historic mapping. It was present as a linear anomaly on the geophysics.

6.111.2 Ditch [1003] (Section 370) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.87m in width and 0.63m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (1004) was hard, with a dark yellowish brown colour, composed of silty clay and measured 0.58m in maximum thickness. Fill (1005) was hard, with a dark greyish brown colour and silty clay composition. It measured 0.06m in thickness.

6.112 Trench 203 / 7L-02 (Figure 31)

6.112.1 Trench 203 contained a single post-medieval ditch in its central area that was not present on any historic mapping. It was present as a linear anomaly on the geophysics.

6.112.2 Ditch [1006] (Section 371) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.81m in width and 0.78m in depth It contained two fills. Fill (1007) was firm, with a mid-yellowish brown colour silty clay that measured 0.42m in maximum thickness. Fill (1008) was firm, with a mid-yellowish brown colour and was composed of silty sand which measured 0.4m in maximum thickness.

6.113 Site 8 (Figure 30 and Figure 62)

6.114 Overview

6.114.1 Site 8 only revealed a post-medieval field system present on the Tithe map and backfilled by 1988. The trenches that exposed these piecemeal enclosures were 216 [963] and 959 (Section 358), 219 [978] (Section 363) and 222. These were sampled in line with the expectations of NCCHES but are not discussed further.

6.114.2 Trenches 221, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228 were removed from the scheme before excavation and Trenches 217, 218 and 220 contained no archaeology. Where these had targeted anomalies on the geophysics or air photo interpretation these were shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.115 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.115.1 The topsoil across the site comprised a soft dark brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones. Towards the southern extent of the site, at a lower point on the slope, this overlay a mid orange-brown clayey silt subsoil, which measured between 0.15m and 0.20m in thickness.

6.115.2 The geological substrate consisted of compact medium orangey brown silty clay diamicton with occasional medium-sized stones and chalky patches at the southern end of site, and mixed sands and gravels with some patches

of clay on the sloping northern end of the site.

6.116 Trench 216 / 8A-01 (Figure 31)

6.116.1 Trench 216 contained two post-medieval ditches present on historic mapping and one small pit to the north end of the trench. The two ditches were present as anomalies on the geophysics.

6.116.2 Pit [965] (Section 359) was sub-circular in plan and was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.7m in length 0.57m in width and 0.24m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (966) was firm, with a mid yellowish brown colour and was composed of clay. Fill (967) was firm, with a dark greyish brown colour and silty clay composition.

6.117 Site 9 (Figure 36, Figure 37, Figure 38 and Figure 63)

6.118 Overview

6.118.1 Site 9 contained thirty-five trenches across two fields, comprised of Trenches 229 to 263. Trenches 229, 232, 239, 244 and 262 contained no archaeology. Where these trenches were targeting anomalies on the geophysics or air photo interpretation, these were shown not to be of archaeological origin. Trenches 225 to 228 were removed from the scheme before excavation.

6.119 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.119.1 The topsoil on this site was variable. At the southern end, on the higher plateau it was formed of a soft dark brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones. Lower down the slope at the northern end of site it was of sandier composition, being noticeably lighter than many of the fields encountered on the scheme. Subsoil was not encountered in any of the trenches at the southern end but was formed of a light brownish grey sandy silt on the lower slopes of the site to the north. The geological substrate consisted of compact medium orangey brown silty clay diamicton with occasional medium-sized stones and chalky patches at the southern end of site, and mixed sands and gravels with some patches of clay on the sloping northern end of the site. A single retouched flake was recovered

from the topsoil on this site and 600g of burnt flint was collected from the subsoil of Trench 236.

6.120 Post-Medieval Field System

6.120.1 In Site 9, several trenches targeted ditches dating to the post-medieval period that were extant on historic mapping. The vast majority of these represented piecemeal enclosures of former areas of open fields, or later enclosure and sub-division of the agricultural landscape. Trenches 230, 233, 236, 248, 249, 253, 254 and 255 contained the remains of these post-medieval boundaries. These boundaries were present on historic mapping from at least the 1880s onwards, with the ditches being removed at various times in the second half of the 20th century. Those that were sample excavated were all shown to have been maintained up until they were infilled, with no sign of older fills or earlier cuts. The backfilling of these ditches was done by pushing topsoil and probably bank material and hedge into the ditches to infill and level them, before modern ploughing created a layer of topsoil above. These ditches were sampled in line with the expectations of NCCHES and were recorded as [761] (Section 285) [892] (Section 331) and [868] (Section 322) are not discussed further.

6.121 Trench 231 / 9-07 (Figure 38)

6.121.1 Trench 231 only contained a single pit that extended beyond the southern limit of excavation and was not readily discernible on the geophysics. Other targeted anomalies within this trench were shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.121.2 Pit [768] (Section 288, Plate 68) was partially exposed within the trench. It was sub-circular in plan with moderate and steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 4.1m in excavated length, 1.9m in excavated width and 0.68m in depth. It contained four fills. Fill (769) was firm, with a mid-brownish grey silty clay composition that measured 0.12m in thickness. Fill (770) was firm, with a dark brownish black colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.22m in thickness with frequent charcoal inclusions and rare sheep-sized bone fragments. Fill (771) was hard, with a mid-

blueish grey colour, clay composition and moderate charcoal inclusions. It measured 0.28m in thickness. Fill (772) was hard, with a mid-greyish brown colour clay composition, that measured 0.12m in thickness. One small sherd (8g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery was retrieved from fill (771). Sample <62> from this fill contained charcoal.

6.122 Trench 234 / 9-10 (Figure 38)

6.122.1 Trench 234 contained a single large extraction pit, present as a discrete anomaly on the geophysics. The eastern limit of the trench was extended in a 15 x 6.5m area in order to expose the eastern edge of this feature.

6.122.2 Pit [878] (Section 356) was irregular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured approximately 8m in length, 4m in width and 1.34m in depth. The fill (879) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour and contained occasional inclusions of fired clay, of which 513g was recovered.

6.123 Trench 237 / 9-13 (Figure 37)

6.123.1 Trench 237 only contained one ditch to the north-west end. This ditch was not discernible on the geophysics, while the two linear anomalies targeted by this trench were not archaeological and appear to correspond with modern land drains on the field.

6.123.2 Ditch [757] (Section 283) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 0.69m in width and 0.21m in depth. The fill (758) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid orangish brown in colour. This ditch appeared to continue as Ditch [777] in Trench 248.

6.124 Trench 238 / 9-14 (Figure 37)

6.124.1 Trench 238 contained two ditches and two pits, which corresponded with anomalies on the geophysics.

6.124.2 Ditch [810] (Section 299, Plate 69) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.4m in width and 0.79m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (811) was hard, with a dark

greyish grey colour and silty clay composition, which produced eleven struck flints, 4650g of burnt flint and 35g of fired clay. It measured a thickness of 0.43m. Sample <69> from this fill contained charcoal and occasional indeterminate charred seeds. Fill (812) was soft, with a mid greyish brown colour and was composed of silty clay. It was 0.35m thick and contained 124g of burnt flint. This ditch appeared to be a continuation of Ditch [779] in Trench 248.

6.124.3 Pit [832] (Section 309, Plate 70) was circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.57m in diameter and 0.9m in depth. The fill (833) consisted of soft silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour and contained 21g of burnt flint.

6.124.4 Ditch [834] (Section 309, Plate 70) was aligned north-south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.98m in width and 0.33m in depth. It had a single fill (835) of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour and contained 58g of burnt flint and three sherds (6g) of medieval pottery.

6.124.5 Pit [851] (Section 316) was elongated in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.53m in length, 0.54m in width and 0.24m in depth. The fill (852) consisted of soft silty clay which was dark greyish grey in colour, which contained 572g of burnt flint and 106g of fired clay. Sample <72> contained charcoal.

6.125 Trench 240 / 9-16 (Figure 37)

6.125.1 Trench 240 contained two parallel ditches with a metaled surface in between forming a medieval trackway. In total the trackway and flanking ditches were approximately 5.3m in width, with Ditch [861] flanking on the left side and Ditch [859] on the right. This was present on the geophysics, while the other two linear anomalies covered by this trench were shown not to be archaeological in origin.

6.125.2 Ditch [859] (Section 319, Plate 71) flanked the right side of Trackway (863), aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base.

It measured 1.22m in width and 0.31 in depth. The fill (860) consisted of firm sandy clay which was dark yellowish brown in colour. Three sherds (12g) of medieval and post-medieval pottery and twelve fragments of sheep-sized indeterminate animal bones were retrieved from this feature.

6.125.3 Ditch [861] (Section 320, Plate 71) flanked the western edge of the trackway and was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.45m in width and 0.34 in depth. The fill (862) consisted of firm sandy clay which was dark yellowish brown in colour. It contained twelve sherds (23g) of medieval pottery, 1g of fired clay, as well as fragments of horse and indeterminate cattle-sized bones and 23g of oyster shell.

6.125.4 Trackway (863) (Plate 71) was a metaled surface, the edges of which extended over the top of the fills of Ditches [859] and [861]. Its fine composition was a firm sandy clay that was mid orangish brown in colour, while it was principally formed of medium to large flint and stone cobbles that had been compacted into a flattened surface. In total the trackway was 2.8m in width, in between the flanking ditches. Evidence of wheel-rutting was present in some of this, and it contained a single sherd (9g) of high medieval pottery.

6.126 Trench 241 / 9-17 (Figure 37)

6.126.1 Trench 241 contained four ditches and a posthole, all of medieval date. The ditches appeared to correspond with linear anomalies on the geophysics.

6.126.2 Ditch [837] (Section 310) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.13m in width and 0.16m in depth. The fill (838) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid greyish brown in colour, which contained six sherds (11g) of medieval pottery.

6.126.3 Ditch [839] (Section 311, Plate 72) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.07m in width and 0.35m in depth. The fill (840) consisted of firm clayey silt which was

mid brownish grey in colour, which contained six sherds (14g) of early medieval pottery.

6.126.4 Ditch [841] (Section 312, Plate 73) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.56m in width and 0.22m in depth. The fill (842) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid brownish grey in colour, which contained one sherd (2g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery and four sherds (11g) of early medieval pottery.

6.126.5 Posthole [843] (Section 313) was circular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 0.3m in diameter and 0.11m in depth. The fill (844) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid brownish grey in colour, which contained a single sherd (1g) of high medieval pottery.

6.126.6 Ditch [845] (Section 314) was aligned east to west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.69m in width and 0.27m in depth. The fill (846) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid brownish grey in colour, which contained two sherds (6g) of early to high medieval pottery.

6.127 Trench 242 / 9-18 (Figure 37, Plate 74)

6.127.1 Trench 242 contained two ditches and a pit, all of which appeared to be of medieval date. The ditches appeared to correspond with linear anomalies on the geophysics.

6.127.2 Ditch [853] (Section 317) was aligned north to south. It had complex sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.59m in width and 0.44m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (854) was soft, with a dark brownish grey colour, was composed of silty clay a maximum of 0.44m in thickness, which contained a single struck flint, two sherds (13g) of early medieval pottery, a large iron nail and a fragment of a sheep-sized animal bone. Fill (855) was soft, with a mid brownish grey silty clay which was a maximum of 0.32m in thickness.

6.127.3 Pit [856] (Section 318, Plate 75) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.11m in length, 0.19m in width and 0.11m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (857) was soft, with a dark

blackish colour and charcoal and fired clay composition 0.11m in maximum thickness. Sample <73> contained charcoal. Fill (858) was soft, with a mid brownish grey colour and was composed of silty clay 0.07m in maximum thickness, which contained a single struck flint.

6.127.4 Ditch [880] (Section 327) was aligned north to south. It had complex sloping sides and a base that was not reached. It measured 4.66m in width and 1.3m in excavated depth. It contained three fills. Fill (881) was firm, with a mid orangish brown colour and silty clay composition that measured 0.64m in thickness. It contained a single struck flint, six sherds (38g) of early and high medieval pottery, an encrusted iron object and indeterminate cattle-sized bone and unidentified taxa fragments. Fill (882) was firm, with a light brownish grey colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.2m in thickness and contained twenty-five sherds (126g) of early and high medieval pottery, a single fragment (228g) of Roman tile and 1g of fired clay. Fill (883) was firm, with a mid blueish grey colour and silty clay composition. It measured 0.46m in thickness, which contained 7g of oyster shell.

6.128 Trench 243 / 9-19 (Figure 37)

6.128.1 Trench 243 contained two prehistoric pits and an undated ditch. None of these features were discernible on the geophysics and the anomaly targeted was shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.128.2 Ditch [823] (Section 305) was aligned north to south. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.75m in width and 0.45m in depth. The fill (824) consisted of firm sandy silt which was light greyish brown in colour.

6.128.3 Pit [825] (Section 306, Plate 76) was circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.44m in length, 0.43m in width and 0.16m in depth The fill (826) consisted of firm sandy silt which was dark brownish grey in colour. It was 100% excavated for finds retrieval but no artefacts were encountered.

6.128.4 Pit [827] (Section 307, Plate 77) was circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.98m in diameter and 0.2m in depth. The fill (828) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid brownish grey in colour, which contained a single struck flint, 23g of burnt flint and two sherds (22g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery. This pit was 100% dug.

6.129 Trench 245 / 9-21 (Figure 37)

6.129.1 Trench 245 contained a single posthole and two ditches, which were not excavated as they were continuations of ditches excavated in Trench 247. The larger of the two ditches corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics, while the remaining two features were not discernible.

6.129.2 Posthole [815] (Section 301) was circular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.33m in length, 0.32m in width and 0.25m in depth. The fill (816) consisted of firm sandy clay which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.130 Trench 246 / 9-22 (Figure 37)

6.130.1 Trench 246 contained four ditches of probable prehistoric date, two of which were curvilinear and possible drip gullies for roundhouses. Ditch [847] corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics, while the remaining features were not discernible.

6.130.2 Ditch [813] (Section 300) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.5m in width and 0.18m in depth. The fill (814) consisted of firm clayey silt which was dark brownish grey in colour, which contained a single struck flint, 182g of burnt flint, two sherds (8g) of Middle Iron Age pottery and 29g of fired clay.

6.130.3 Ditch [819] (Section 303, Plate 78) was curvilinear, entering and leaving on the north-western side of the trench. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.42m in width and 0.04m in depth. The fill (820) consisted of soft silty sand which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.130.4 Ditch [821] (Section 304, Plate 79) was curvilinear entering and leaving on

the north-western side of the trench. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.29m in width and 0.08m in depth. The fill (822) consisted of firm sandy clay which was dark greyish brown in colour, and it contained one sherd (4g) of Belgic type pottery.

6.130.5 Ditch [847] (Section 315, Plate 80) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.81m in width and 0.64m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (848) was compact, with a mid-greyish brown clayey silt that measured 0.17m in thickness. Fill (849) was firm, with a dark brownish grey colour and sandy silt composition 0.25m thick. Fill (850) was firm, with a mid-greyish brown colour and was composed of sandy silt. It measured 0.53m in thickness, which contained twelve struck flints, 420g of burnt flint and 49g of fired clay.

6.131 Trench 247 / 9-23 (Figure 37)

6.131.1 Trench 247 contained four ditches, seven postholes and four pits. The postholes formed structural remains of a roundhouse of Middle Iron Age date, with the ditches and pits around these features appearing to be part of the contemporary settlement. The ditches appeared to correspond with linear anomalies on the geophysics, while it is unclear if a curving anomaly in the vicinity of the roundhouse related to this structure.

6.131.2 Ditch [759] (Section 284) was north to south aligned with moderately sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.48m in width and 0.3m in depth. It contained a single fill (760) of hard mid brownish-grey sandy silt.

6.131.3 Ditch [764] (Section 286) was located toward the eastern end of the trench and was a small north to south ditch with steep sides and a concave base. It measured 0.45m in width and 0.27m in depth. It contained a single fill (765) of firm mid brownish-grey clayey silt containing occasional medium charcoal, which produced 16g of burnt flint, four (17g) sherds of Middle Iron Age pottery and 34g of fired clay.

6.131.4 Ditch [806] (Section 297, Plate 82) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.48m in

width and 0.19m in depth. The fill (807) consisted of firm silty sand which was mid brownish grey in colour, which contained a single struck flint. This ditch truncated Pit [804].

6.131.5 Ditch [886] (Section 329) was aligned north to south. It had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 2.26m in width and 1.19m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (887) was firm, with a medium brownish grey colour and clayey silt composition 0.41m thick with occasional charcoal, which contained four struck flints. Fill (888) was firm, with a dark blueish grey colour and was composed of clayey silt. It measured 0.23m in thickness and contained 13g of burnt flint, cattle- and sheep- sized animal bone fragments and a single human premolar. Fill (889) was compact, with a light orangish brown colour, silty sand composition that measured0.67m in thickness. It had occasional charcoal inclusions, which contained one small sherd (4g) of Early/Middle Bronze Age pottery, 6g of fired clay and more than sixty fragments of animal bone, mainly cattle and some unidentified species.

6.131.6 A group of postholes [784], [787], [790], and [793] (Sections 290, 291, 292 and 293, Plate 81) located near the centre of the trench formed part of a possible roundhouse. Each had steep sides, concave or flat bases, and two fills. They ranged between 0.14m and 0.29m in depth and they had an average diameter of approximately 0.45m. The primary fills (785), (788), (791) and (794) consisted of dark greyish-blue clayey silt containing frequent small charcoal, indicating a possible burning in situ. Fill (788) contained a single struck flint. These were enclosed within secondary fills (786), (789), (792) and (795) of light yellowish-grey clay with rare medium charcoal, likely deliberate packing around burnt-out posts. Samples <65>, <66>, <67> and <68> taken from these features produced varying quantities of charcoal.

6.131.7 A second group of smaller postholes [796], [798], and [800] (Sections 294, 295 and 296) may represent a later addition to the roundhouse. They all had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. They ranged between

0.07m and 0.14m in depth and had an average diameter of approximately 0.27m. Each contained a single firm bluish-grey clayey silt fill (797), (798) and (801) with frequent small charcoal.

6.131.8 Pit [829] (Section 308) was elongated in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 1.42m in length, 0.51m in width and 0.29m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (830) was firm, with a dark brownish grey colour 0.23m thick, it contained frequent charcoal, was composed of clayey silt, which contained ten struck flints, 186g of burnt flint, 19g of fired clay and fragments of unidentified animal bones. Sample <70> from this fill contained charcoal and indeterminate charred grains. Fill (831) was soft, with a light yellowish grey colour 0.29m thick, silty clay composition and a frequent amount of medium sized charcoal, which contained four struck flints, 119g of burnt flint and 8g of fired clay. It contained the same clayey packing fill as the adjacent postholes, suggesting that it was part of the same structure. Sample <71> from this fill contained charcoal.

6.131.9 Pit [802] (Section 297, Plate 82) was sub-circular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.75m in length, 0.65m in width and 0.19m in depth. The fill (803) consisted of firm silty sand which was mid brownish grey in colour. This pit truncated Pit [804].

6.131.10 Pit [804] (Section 297, Plate 82) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.69m in length, 1.45m in width and 0.27m in depth. The fill (805) consisted of firm silty sand which was mid brownish grey in colour and contained 108g of burnt flint and one sherd (4g) of Middle Iron Age pottery. This pit was truncated by Ditch [806] and pit [802].

6.131.11 Pit [808] (Section 298, Plate 82) was elongated in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.77m in length, 0.25m in width and 0.06m in depth. The fill (809) consisted of firm silty sand which was mid brownish grey in colour and contained 135g of burnt flint.

6.132 Trench 248 / 9-24 (Figure 37)

6.132.1 Trench 248 contained three ditches, one pit and one posthole. The southernmost ditch represented the continuation of post-medieval ditch [761] investigated in Trench 236 and was not investigated further. A partially exposed ditch at the northernmost end of the trench was a continuation of ditch [759] in Trench 247 and was not investigated further. One of the investigated ditches corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics, while the remaining investigated features were not discernible.

6.132.2 Pit [773] (Section 289, Plate 83) was an irregular feature with gradually sloping sides and an uneven base. It measured 0.85m in length, 0.75m in width and 0.37m in depth. It contained a single fill (774) of mid greyish-brown sandy silt with rare charcoal inclusions. The pit appeared partially truncated by Ditch [779] and Posthole [775].

6.132.3 Posthole [775] (Section 289, Plate 83), which cut into pit [773], was a steep-sided sub-circular feature with a concave base. It measured 0.54m in length, 0.24m in width and 0.54m in depth. Its fill (776) consisted of light brownish-grey sandy silt.

6.132.4 Ditch [777] (Section 289, Plate 83) was a small east to west aligned linear feature with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.04m in width and 0.47m in depth. It contained a single fill (778) of light brownish-grey sandy silt with rare charcoal, which contained five struck flints, 206g of burnt flint, five sherds (37g) of Early Iron age pottery and 6g of fired clay. This ditch was truncated by Ditch [779].

6.132.5 Ditch [779] (Section 289, Plate 83), also aligned east to west, was a large feature with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.42m in width and 0.76m in depth. It contained four fills. The earliest fill (780) was a light reddish-grey sandy silt with rare charcoal inclusions and measured 0.15m in thickness, representing initial silting. This was overlain by fill (781), a darker brownish-grey sandy silt 0.21m thick containing occasional charcoal. A total of 50g of burnt flint was recovered from this fill, along with a quantity of indeterminate cattle-sized bone and unidentified

animal bone fragments retrieved from Sample <63>. Above this was fill (782), a dark brownish-grey sandy silt 0.14m thick with frequent charcoal, some recovered from Sample <64>, forming a distinct dump of burnt material. This fill also contained three struck flints. The uppermost fill (783) consisted of mid greyish-brown sandy silt, which measured 0.4m in thickness. It contained occasional charcoal inclusions alongside two struck flints, 1100g of burnt flint, four sherds (48g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery (one of them consisted of Belgic Type pottery) and 434g of fired clay. This large ditch truncated Pit [773] and Ditch [777] and appeared to be a continuation of Ditch [810] in Trench 238.

6.133 Trench 249 / 9-25 (Figure 37)

6.133.1 Trench 249 contained three ditches, three pits and a natural feature. None of these features were readily discernible on the geophysics and the targeted anomaly was shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.133.2 Ditch [817] (Section 302) was a slightly curvilinear feature aligned north-west to south-east, with steep sides and a concave base. It measured 0.5m in width and 0.2m in depth. It contained one fill (818), a soft, dark brownish-grey silty clay containing burnt flint.

6.133.3 Ditch [868] (Section 322) was linear in plan and was aligned north-south. It had moderate and steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1m in width and 0.35m in depth. The fill (869) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark brownish grey in colour.

6.133.4 Ditch [870] (Section 323) was a shallow, narrow linear feature aligned north to south, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.26m in width and 0.04m in depth. It contained a single fill (871), a firm dark greyish-brown sandy clay.

6.133.5 Pit [864] (Section 321) was rectangular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.6m in length, 1.48m in width and 0.35m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (865) was hard, with a light greenish brown colour and clay composition, and measured 0.19m in thickness. Fill

(866) was firm, with a mid greyish brown colour clay and measured 0.16m thick.

6.133.6 Pit [872] (Section 324) extended beyond the limit of the trench, and it had complex sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 0.62m in length, 0.58m in width and 0.19m in depth. The fill (873) consisted of firm silty which was mid brownish grey in colour and contained over 2kg of burnt flint. Sample <74> contained charcoal and indeterminate charred grains. The pit appears to have been used for the disposal of burnt flint, possibly pot-boilers, and represents deliberate backfilling and that seemed to be the case for pit [874] and Natural Feature [876]. Sample <75> contained a small amount of charcoal.

6.133.7 Pit [874] (Section 325) was sub-circular in plan, and it had vertical / near vertical sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.3m in length, 0.25m in width and 0.15m in depth. The fill (875) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark brownish grey in colour and contained nearly 1.7kg of burnt flint.

6.133.8 Natural Feature [876] (Section 326) was an elongated irregular feature with gradual sides and a concave base. It measured 2.33m in length, 0.91m in width and 0.21m in depth It contained one fill (877), a soft mid brownish-grey silty clay, which produced three struck flints, almost 2.5kg of burnt flint, 7g of fired clay and cattle sized animal bone fragments. Sample <76> contained frequent charcoal and occasional charred grains. This natural feature appears to have served the same function of burnt flint disposal as the deliberately excavated pits recorded within this trench.

6.134 Trench 250 / 9-26 (Figure 37)

6.134.1 Trench 250 contained two pits and two ovens. The southern end of this trench was slightly extended in order to expose the western oven. These features appeared to correlate with discrete magnetic responses on the geophysics.

6.134.2 Pit [947] (Section 354, Plate 84) was an irregular feature with moderately

sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 3m in length, 0.98m in width and 0.38m in depth. It contained a single fill (948), a firm light yellowish-brown silty sand. The deposit appears to be deliberate backfill, possibly deriving from nearby extraction pits.

6.134.3 Pit [949] (Section 354, Plate 84) was a sub-circular feature with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.64m in length, 0.58m in width and 0.18m in depth. It contained one fill (950), a firm dark brownish-grey silty sand with abundant charcoal. This fill represents a dump of rubbish, likely oven waste of Roman date. It contained 32g of burnt flint, a single sherd (3g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery, forty-seven sherds (207g) of mid-2nd century to 3rd century pottery, a single fragment (35g) of Roman tile, 40g of fired clay, a possible copper-alloy bracelet and two unidentified animal bone fragments. Sample <81> contained charcoal. This pit cut through pit [947].

6.134.4 Oven [945] (Section 353, Plate 85) was a small, elongated feature with gradual sides and a concave base. It measured 1.75m in length, 0.62m in width and 0.1m in depth. It was keyhole-shaped in plan, with a clear fire pit and rake-out area to its northeast end and is likely Roman in date based on material recovered. A single fill (946) was present within the oven and extended over the rake-out area. It consisted of soft mid brownish-grey silty sand with occasional charcoal, which contained a single struck flint, 9g of burnt flint, three fragments (49g) of Roman tile and 48g of fired clay. This material likely represents a mix of the final usage of the oven and gradual silting. No structural lining survived within the fill. Sample <80> contained charcoal and occasional charred nutshell

6.134.5 Oven [951] (Section 355, Plate 86) was an elongated feature with gradual sides and a concave base. It measured 1.62m in length, 0.6m in width and 0.14m in depth. It contained two fills (952) and (953). The oven lies to the south-west of oven [945]. Fill (952) was a soft mid brownish-grey silty sand containing occasional charcoal 0.14m thick, some of which was recovered in Sample <82>, alongside 115g of burnt flint. This deposit represents rake-

out material associated with the oven's operation. Fill (953) comprised hard mid orangish-red silty clay and represented the collapsed superstructure 0.13m thick. A total of 340g of burnt flint and sixty-one sherds (95g) of Romano-British pottery were retrieved from this feature, dated between the early 2nd and mid-3rd centuries, as well as a combined nearly 3.7g of fired clay. Sample <83> from this fill contained charcoal.

6.135 Trench 251 / 9-27 (Figure 37, Plate 87)

6.135.1 Trench 251 was shifted eastwards from its originally intended position to avoid damaging bird cover along the edge of the field. It was shifted to target a series of discrete magnetic anomalies. It contained three ditches, two pits, one oven, one pottery kiln and one layer. One of the ditches, running east to west to the north of ditch [976] was not excavated as it appeared to be a continuation of ditch [916] in Trench 256. The pottery kiln corresponded well with a particularly strong magnetic anomaly on the geophysics.

6.135.2 Ditch [943] (Section 352) was east to west aligned with moderate sides and a concave base. It measured 0.88m in width and 0.27m in depth. It contained a single fill (944), a soft mid greyish-brown silty clay with rare small charcoal. Eight fragments (212g) of Romano-British pottery were retrieved from this feature. One of the sherds consisted of a Baetican Amphora fragment (177g).

6.135.3 Ditch [976] (Section 362) was a linear feature aligned east to west with steep sides and a concave base. It measured 1.76m in width and 0.86m in depth. It contained one fill (977), a firm mid greyish-brown silty clay. The alignment of this ditch with ditches [916] and [919] in Trench 256 suggests the feature was part of the same Romano-British boundary or enclosure system. A severely abraded small sherd (2g) of residual Middle Iron Age pottery was retrieved from this feature. This ditch truncated Pit [974].

6.135.4 Pit [974] (Section 362) was a circular feature with steep sides and a concave base. It measured 0.96m in diameter and 1.02m in depth. It contained a single fill (975), a firm medium greyish-brown silty clay with rare small charcoal. A roman pottery fragment (8g) was retrieved from this

feature along with a 37g fragment of Ironworking slag and a fragment of clinker.

6.135.5 Oven [957] (Section 357, Plate 88) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.92m in length, 0.78m in width and 0.09m in depth. Only the fire pit and a small part of the rake-out area survived. It contained one fill (958), a firm mid brownish-grey silty sand with charcoal and fired clay, representing in situ burning from the final firing and subsequent silting. Two struck flints, 132g of burnt flint, two sherds (7g) of Romano-British pottery, 87g of fired clay and an iron hobnail were retrieved from this feature. Sample <84> taken from this feature contained bone fragments from small mammals, sheep and cattle sized animals and unidentified taxa, as well as charcoal. This oven was truncated by Pit [954].

6.135.6 Kiln [970] (Section 361, Plate 89) was a sub-circular Roman pottery kiln with undercutting sides. It measured 1.14m in length, 1.05m in width and 0.8m in excavated depth. In agreement with NCCHES, excavation ceased at the top of the pedestal at a depth of 0.80m, with the feature extending deeper below this. The kiln contained two fills. Fill (971) was a hard mid brownish-grey silty sand, rich in charcoal inclusions. It measured 0.34m in thickness, representing fuel residues and waste. It contained 146g of burnt flint, a single fragment (140g) of Roman tile, nearly 1.4kg of fired clay and an iron nail. Sample <85> taken from this fill contained fragments of indeterminate cattle-sized animal bone alongside other unidentified animal bone fragments, charcoal and charred grains. Overlying this, fill (972) was a hard medium greyish-brown silty sand with occasional charcoal inclusion. It measured 0.62m in thickness, interpreted as deliberate backfill, possibly derived from historic topsoil after the kiln fell out of use or collapsed. It contained 30g of burnt flint and 705g of fired clay. Sample <86> from this feature contained charcoal. Fragments of cattle and indeterminate cattle-sized bones were retrieved from this fill. A total of 248 fragments (c. 2.14kg) of Romano-British pottery were retrieved from this feature. 1.73kg were retrieved from basal fill (971) and 409g were retrieved from top fill (972).

Most of this pottery was produced in coarse sandy micaceous greyware. Approximately half of this fabric (by weight) comprises misshapen waster sherds which likely belong to the lower part of a single jar. Small quantities of micaceous reduced and oxidised fabrics and non-micaceous greyware also recovered, as well as two Lower Nene Valley Colour-Coated ware sherds. The pottery recovered ranged in date from the Early to the Late Romano-British period the kiln was interpreted as later Roman (mid-3rd to later 4th-century) in date. The slot dug into this feature was lined with geotextile and backfilled for protection, with the top of the feature also covered with membrane.

6.135.7 Pit [954] (Section 357, Plate 88) was a large sub-circular feature with moderate sides and a concave base, probably an extraction pit. It measured 2.54m in length, 1.18m in width and 0.4m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (955) was a compact mid brownish-grey sandy silt with rare charcoal inclusions. It measured 0.15m in thickness and contained four sherds (123g) of Romano-British pottery dating to the mid-2nd to 3rd century AD. Above it, fill (956) was a soft mid greyish-brown silty clay with rare charcoal inclusions. It measured 0.39m in thickness and represented natural infilling. The pit may have been linked to activity around the nearby pottery kiln.

6.135.8 Layer (973) (Section 362) was soft silty clay in composition and was dark greyish brown in colour. It was 0.25m thick and it covered pit [974] and ditch [976]. Three sherds (62g) of mid-3rd to 4th century pottery and a 248g fragment of ironworking slag were found within this layer.

6.136 Trench 252 / 9-28 (Figure 37)

6.136.1 Trench 252 contained a single ditch, which corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics.

6.136.2 Ditch [715] (Section 270) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.9m in width and 0.7m in depth. The fill (716) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid yellowish brown in colour.

6.137 Trench 253 / 9-29 (Figure 37)

6.137.1 Trench 253 contained two ditches. The one to the eastern end was a post-medieval boundary ditch investigated in Trench 255. Both ditches corresponded with linear anomalies on the geophysics but the cluster of discrete anomalies targeted by the central part of the trench were shown not to be archaeological in origin.

6.137.2 Ditch [921] (Section 344) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had complex sides and a concave base. It measured 1.9m in width and 0.57m in depth. It contained two fills. The primary fill (922) was a firm mid greyish-brown silty clay with small amounts of charcoal. It measured 0.37m in thickness, representing natural infilling, and contained two struck flints. It contained six sherds (65g) of early medieval pottery. The upper fill (923) was a soft dark brownish-grey clayey silt that measured 0.21m in thickness and contained rare charcoal.

6.138 Trench 254 / 9-30 (Figure 37)

6.138.1 Trench 254 contained two ditches. The ditch at the northernmost end was only partially exposed and was not investigated as it was a continuation of post-medieval ditch [892] in Trench 255. Ditch [890] was not discernible on the geophysics.

6.138.2 Ditch [890] (Section 330) was a linear in plan and east to west aligned with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.06m in width and 0.24m in depth. It contained a single fill, (891), which was a soft mid greyish-brown silty clay with moderate amounts of charcoal.

6.139 Trench 255 / 9-31 (Figure 37)

6.139.1 Trench 255 contained the continuation of the post-medieval ditch present in Trenches 253 and 254. A slot was opened through it in this trench. Fragments of barbed wire and iron sheeting, as well as two iron nails were recovered from this slot. The two linear anomalies on the geophysics that were targeted by this trench were shown not to be of archaeological origin. In particular, ditch [902] investigated in Trench 256 did not extend into this trench.

6.140 Trench 256 / 9-32 (Figure 37)

6.140.1 Trench 256 contained two ditches to its north end and another ditch to its south end. These features appeared to correspond with linear anomalies on the geophysics.

6.140.2 Ditch [902] (Section 336) was a large east to west aligned feature linear in plan with gradually sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 3.02m in width and 0.28m in depth. It contained a single fill (903) that consisted of a firm medium greyish-brown silty clay, which contained nine struck flints, 7g of burnt flint and two sherds (7g) of medieval pottery.

6.140.3 Ditch [916] (Section 343, Plate 90) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.84m in width and 0.43m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (917) was hard, with a medium orangish grey colour and clayey sand composition 0.13m thick. Fill (918) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and was composed of sandy clay 0.31m thick.

6.140.4 Ditch [919] (Section 343, Plate 90) was an east to west aligned linear feature with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.67m in width and 0.22m in depth. It contained a single fill, (920), a firm mid greyish-brown sandy clay. The relationship between this ditch and ditch [916] was not evident within the trench.

6.141 Trench 257 / 9-33 (Figure 37)

6.141.1 Trench 257 contained a single ditch, which corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics. This ditch was also exposed in Trench 258.

6.141.2 Ditch [926] (Section 346, Plate 91) was a north to south aligned feature with steep sides and a concave base. It measured 2.38m in width and 0.64m in depth. It contained two fills. The lower fill, (927), was a firm mid greyish-brown silty clay representing natural infilling, which measured 0.24m in thickness. Above this, the upper fill, (928), consisted of soft dark greyish-brown silty clay with moderate small–medium charcoal. It was 0.40m in thickness and 25 fragments of indeterminate cattle-sized bones were

retrieved from this fill along with 11 sherds (77g) of mid to late 2nd century pottery.

6.142 Trench 258 / 9-34 (Figure 37, Plate 92)

6.142.1 Trench 258 contained two ditches, as well as five small pits in its north-eastern half. Two of the pits produced Early Neolithic pottery and the similar size and proximity of the other pits suggests that they may all potentially be of a similar date. An interesting assemblage of fourteen struck flints were recovered from subsoil (501) of this trench, concentrated at the north-eastern end in a similar area to the Neolithic pits. This suggests the subsoil in this area may in fact be a historic colluvium sealing the Early Neolithic features. The two ditches corresponded with linear anomalies on the geophysics, while the feature targeted from the air photo interpretation was shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.142.2 Pit [910] (Section 339, Plate 93) was a sub-circular feature that extended beyond the trench limit. It had gradual sides and a concave base. It measured 0.55m in length, 0.4m in width and 0.07m in depth. Fill (911) consisted of firm mid greyish brown silty sand with rare charcoal. It contained six struck flints including larger Early Neolithic biface thinning flakes, 7g of burnt flint and two sherds (18g) of Early Neolithic pottery, supporting the interpretation of a deliberately placed deposit. Sample <78> contained charcoal and occasional charred nutshell. The exposed extent of this feature was fully excavated but it continued beyond the limits of the trench.

6.142.3 Pit [912] (Section 340, Plate 93 and Plate 94) was a sub-circular feature with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.92m in length, 0.82m in width and 0.17m in depth. Fill (913) comprised firm dark greyish brown silty sand with rare charcoal, containing what may be a placed deposit of Early Neolithic pottery and flint. This pit was fully excavated and produced a total of thirty-four struck flints, 47g of burnt flint and twenty-four sherds (875g) of Early Neolithic pottery, suggesting these finds may have been a deliberately placed Early Neolithic deposit. Sample

<79> produced charcoal and abundant charred nutshell.

6.142.4 Pit [924] (Section 345, Plate 95) was a circular feature with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.89m in length, 0.87m in width and 0.25m in depth. Fill (925) comprised firm dark brownish grey silty sand, which contained nine struck flints, 215g of burnt flint, three sherds (4g) of Romano-British pottery and 15g of fired clay. This pit was 100% excavated.

6.142.5 Pit [929] (Section 347) extended beyond the limit of the trench, though moderately sloped sides and a concave base were recorded within the excavated area. It measured 0.72m in exposed length, 0.25m in width and 0.17m in depth. Fill (930) consisted of firm dark brownish grey silty sand, which contained 83g of burnt flint.

6.142.6 Pit [933] (Section 348) was sub-circular in plan and extended beyond the limit of the trench. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.91m in exposed length, 0.74m in width and 0.23m in depth. The fill (934) consisted of firm silty sand which was mid greyish brown in colour, which contained 32g of burnt flint.

6.142.7 Ditch [914] was linear in plan and was aligned northwest to southeast. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.1m in width and 0.2m deep. The fill (915) consisted of firm sandy silt which was mid greyish brown in colour. This ditch contained one struck flint (6g).

6.142.8 Ditch [931] was an unexcavated feature with an irregular plan that may indicate a ditch corner or curve. It measured 1.45m in width and 0.77m in depth. Fill (932) was firm dark brownish grey silty clay, and as the ditch remained unexcavated, nine struck flints, three sherds (13g) of Romano-British pottery were collected from the surface of the fill. The ditch was the continuation of a ditch recorded in Trench 257.

6.143 Trench 259 / 9-35 (Figure 37)

6.143.1 Trench 259 only contained one pit that extended beyond the trench limit to

the north end. The two linear anomalies on the geophysics that were targeted by this trench were shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.143.2 Pit [908] (Section 341, Plate 96) was a large sub-circular feature, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 3.32m in length, 1.6m in width and 0.5m in depth. Fill (909) consisted of soft mid greyish brown silty sand. The function of this pit is uncertain, but twenty-three sherds (251g) of Post-Deverel-Rimbury and Decorated Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery were retrieved from it, as well as 16g of fired clay. This ceramic tradition narrows down the dating of this feature to the Early Iron Age.

6.144 Trench 260 / 9-36 (Figure 37)

6.144.1 Trench 260 contained a single pit that extended beyond the limit of the trench. The linear anomaly on the geophysics that was targeted by this trench was shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.144.2 Pit [900] (Section 335, Plate 97) was a sub-oval feature with gradually sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.53m in length, 0.9m in width and 0.29m in depth. Fill (901) consisted of soft mid greyish brown silty sand with rare charcoal. The function of the pit is uncertain, though its position among other prehistoric features and the burnt flint within the fill suggest a prehistoric date. Over 4kg of burnt flint and a single sherd (6g) of Romano-British pottery was found within its fill, which may have been intrusive. Sample <77> contained charcoal.

6.145 Trench 261 / 9-37 (Figure 37)

6.145.1 Trench 261 contained four possible cultivation beds and one extraction pit to the north-west end. None of these features were discernible on the geophysics.

6.145.2 Pit [884] (Section 328) was a steep-sided medieval quarry or extraction pit. The base was not reached. It measured 3.3m in length, 1m in width and 1.01m in depth. It contained a single fill (885) of soft dark orangish brown clayey sand containing moderate small to medium charcoal. This formed

the sole deposit and represented deliberate backfilling of the disused pit. Scattered pockets of redeposited material within the fill support this interpretation. Four small sherds (1g) of Middle Romano-British pottery and two sherds (6g) of Late Saxon to early medieval pottery were retrieved from this feature.

6.145.3 Ditch [894] (Section 332) was a possible cultivation bed aligned north to south. It had moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.57m in width and 0.17m in depth. Fill (895) was a firm dark yellowish brown sandy clay.

6.145.4 Ditch [896] (Section 333) was a possible cultivation bed aligned north to south, with moderately sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.07m in width and 0.21m in depth. Fill (897) was a firm mid yellowish brown sandy clay. No finds were recovered.

6.145.5 Ditch [904] (Section 337) was a possible cultivation bed aligned north to south, had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.9m in width and 0.44m in depth. Fill (905) was a firm dark yellowish brown sandy clay, which contained one sherd (2g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery, 7g of fired clay, and sheep-sized animal bone fragments.

6.145.6 Ditch [906] (Section 338) was a shallow linear feature aligned north–south with moderate sloping sides and irregular base. It may represent either a Roman cultivation bed or a natural hollow, differing slightly in alignment from the three similar ditches in Trench 261. It measured 0.9m in width and 0.13m in depth. Fill (907) consisted of firm mid yellowish brown sandy clay with occasional small charcoal inclusions.

6.146 Trench 263 / 9-39 (Figure 37)

6.146.1 Trench 263 contained two ditches and one small pit. Ditch [937] corresponded with a strong discrete magnetic anomaly on the geophysics and may be a large pit, but within the limits of the trench had the appearance of a ditch and was therefore recorded as such.

6.146.2 Pit [898] (Section 334) was not fully exposed within the trench and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.14m in length, 0.65m in width and 0.37m in depth. The fill (899) consisted of soft clayey sand which was dark orangish brown in colour.

6.146.3 Ditch [937] (Section 350, Plate 98) was elongated in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.85m in width and 0.71m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (938) was a firm, medium brownish grey colour clayey silt that measured 0.34m in thickness. It contained two sherds (11g) of medieval pottery and a single fragment (47g) of Roman tile. Fill (939) was hard, with a medium yellowish grey colour and silty clay composition. It measured 0.28m in thickness and it contained a single sherd (12g) of Middle Iron Age pottery and a single fragment (107g) of Roman tile. Fill (940) was compact, medium brownish grey colour sandy silt that measured 0.18m in thickness.

6.146.4 Ditch [941] (Section 351) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.81m in width and 0.28m in depth. The fill (942) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid orangish grey in colour.

6.147 Site 10 (Figure 44, Figure 45, Figure 46, Figure 47, Figure 48, Figure 49, Figure 50 and Figure 64)

6.147.1 Site 10 was formed of five blocks of land between Seething, Woodton and Hedenham. Fifty-two trenches were excavated on three of the sites (Sites 10B, 10C and 10E), comprising Trenches 264-315. Trenches 265, 270, 271, 272, 273, 279, 285, 289, 292, 293, 301, and 314 were blank and any anomalies on the geophysics that were targeted by these trenches were shown not to be archaeological in origin.

6.147.2 A number of 'green lanes' were present crossing the area or forming boundaries to the site. The Late Saxon and medieval activity revealed in the trenches appeared to front onto these lanes, suggesting that they were also of at least contemporary date. Where these lanes had subsequently been removed, such as in Trench 275, they survived archaeologically as a

pair of parallel ditches. The lane in Trench 275 (named as Loxley Lane on historic mapping) also formed the parish boundary, further suggesting these routeways were of medieval or earlier date. The Late Saxon and medieval archaeology therefore appear to have taken the form of discrete areas of focused activity dispersed across the wider landscape, centred on pottery production.

6.148 Overburden and Natural Geological Deposits

6.148.1 The topsoil in this site was formed of a soft dark brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub-angular stones. Subsoil was not encountered in any of the trenches, with the exception of Trench 309. The geological substrate consisted of compact medium orangey brown silty clay diamicton with occasional medium-sized stones and chalky patches. The clay geology here was noted as the heaviest encountered across the entire scheme in places.

6.149 Post-Medieval Field System

6.149.1 In Site 10, several trenches targeted ditches dating to the post-medieval period that were extant on historic mapping. The vast majority of these represented piecemeal enclosures of former open fields, or later enclosure and sub-division of the agricultural landscape. Trenches 267, 274, 290, 294, 295, 296, 300, 303 and 307 contained the remains of these post-medieval boundaries. These boundaries were present on historic mapping from at least the 1840s onwards, and certainly by the 1880s, with the ditches being removed at various times in the second half of the 20th century. Those that were sample excavated were all shown to have been maintained up until they were infilled, with no sign of older fills or earlier cuts. The backfilling of these ditches was done by pushing topsoil and probably bank material and hedge into the ditches to infill and level them, before modern ploughing created a layer of topsoil above. These were sampled in line with the expectations of NCCHES and recorded as [522] (Section 208), [561] (Sections 220 and 221), [563] (Section 222), [610] (Section 236), [631] (Section 242) and [673] (Section 242) but are not discussed further.

6.149.2 In the eastern end of Site 10B, within the area of the former Second World War airfield, a number of ditches and large pit showed evidence for having been backfilled with demolition and industrial rubble at time of the creation of the airfield, in order to level the ground. These features were recorded in plan but not excavated for health and safety reasons. They were present in Trenches 275, 277 and 278 and are not described further. They all corresponded with anomalies present on the geophysics.

6.150 Site 10B

6.151 Trench 264 / 10B-01 (Figure 48)

6.151.1 Trench 264 contained a single post-medieval ditch that was not present on any historic mapping. This ditch corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics, while a second targeted linear anomaly was shown not to be archaeological in origin.

6.151.2 Ditch [635] was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.85m in width and 0.64m in depth. The fill (636) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid brownish grey in colour and contained three fragments (404g) of post-medieval ceramic building material.

6.152 Trench 266 / 10B-03 Figure 45)

6.152.1 Trench 266 contained two parallel ditches in the south-western end of the trench, possible representing a former routeway or 'green lane' in the landscape. It was noted that the parish boundary passed close to this trench on a similar alignment to the ditches, and it is possible that they formed the original parish boundary, which may have shifted slightly after those ditches were infilled. They were not discernible on the geophysics.

6.152.2 Ditch [573] (Section 223) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.3m in width and 0.3m in depth. The fill (574) consisted of firm sandy clay which was mid orangish brown in colour.

6.152.3 Ditch [575] (Section 224) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.15m in width and 0.2m in depth. The fill (576) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid orangish brown in colour.

6.153 Trench 268 / 10B-05 Figure 45)

6.153.1 Trench 268 contained a ditch, a pit, a wall foundation cut and the remains of another wall without a cut. All were of post-medieval date and are part of a former post-medieval farm, which was present on Tithe mapping of the 1840s and archaeologically appeared to be of 18th- or early 19th-century date, with no evidence for activity pre-dating this. These features corresponded with the air photo interpretation and magnetic noise on the geophysics survey.

6.153.2 Ditch [553] (Section 217) was aligned east to west. It had complex sloping sides and a base that was not reached. It measured 2.2m in width and 0.7m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (554) was firm, with a medium yellowish brown colour and was composed of clayey sand. It measured 0.17m in thickness and contained eleven sherds (482g) of post-medieval pottery, fragments of a brown glass gin bottle and clear glass moulded dish. Fill (555) was soft, dark greyish brown clayey silt composition that measured 0.56m in thickness.

6.153.3 Wall foundation [556] (Section 218) was aligned east to west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.65m in width and 0.25m in depth. It contained two fills and a line of masonry bricks. Fill (557) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and silty clay composition 0.1m thick. Fill (579) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and silty clay composition 0.15m thick. It contained five sherds (130g) of post-medieval pottery, three fragments of clay tobacco pipe and fragments of cattle and pig bones. Masonry (558) was formed of a single broken course of red bricks of 18th- or early 19th-century date laid into the top of the foundation. They were interpreted as the base of a thin, external wall.

6.153.4 Pit [559] (Section 219) was sub-circular in plan, and it had steep sloping

sides and a flat base. It measured 0.6m in length, 0.55m in width and 0.06m in depth The fill (560) consisted of hard silty clay which was light brownish grey in colour.

6.153.5 Wall (571) formed just the very base remains of a brick wall that did not have a clear foundation cut. It effectively consisted of the remains of broken brick and mortar 0.36m in width pressed into the top of the natural geology. It was only recorded in plan.

6.154 Trench 269 / 10B-06 Figure 45)

6.154.1 Trench 269 contained a metaled surface, two manholes and a ditch. A slot into the ditch was stopped after fragments of asbestos tile were found. All of the features in this trench are part of an external yard area of a former post-medieval farm. These features corresponded with the air photo interpretation and magnetic noise on the geophysics survey.

6.154.2 Ditch [566] was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a not reached base. It measured 1.4m in width. Fill (567) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid brownish grey in colour. Excavation of this feature was stopped after fragments of asbestos tile were found, which also confirmed its relatively recent infill date.

6.154.3 Manholes (568) and (569) were located in the western part of the trench. They were both built from brick and backfilled with mixed silty material and demolition rubble. They were interpreted as part of the wider drainage systems of the post-medieval farm and were of 19th-century or later date.

6.154.4 Surface (570) was the remains of a metaled surface at the western end of the trench. It consisted of a compacted layer of medium to large flint cobbles surviving approximately 5m in length. This was interpreted as part of the external post-medieval farmyard area.

6.155 Trench 276 / 10B-13 (Figure 45)

6.155.1 Trench 276 contained a ditch and a pit, as well as two sections of concrete runway foundation from the former airfield, matching the same northeast to

southwest alignment as one of the main runways that was visible on historic aerial photography and detected by the geophysical survey.

6.155.2 Ditch [549] (Section 214) was slightly curvilinear in plan and was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.83m in width and 0.17m in depth. Fill (550) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid orangish brown in colour.

6.155.3 Pit [551] (Section 215, Plate 99) was circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.15m in length, 0.69m in width and 0.06m in depth. The fill (552) consisted of hard clay which was dark greyish grey in colour and showed signs of burning in-situ. This was interpreted as a possible hearth or small charcoal clamp, which produced 2g of burnt flint, two sherds (1g) of early medieval pottery and 22g of fired clay. Sample <50> from this fill contained abundant charcoal and some uncharred seeds.

6.156 Trench 280 / 10B-17 (Figure 48)

6.156.1 Trench 280 contained part of a Late Saxon to early medieval pottery kiln, the rake-out pit for the kiln and a pit containing pottery and kiln waste. These features were present as strong discrete anomalies on the geophysics, with further similar anomalies in the vicinity of the trench.

6.156.2 Kiln [620] (Plate 100) was partially exposed on the western side of the trench, extending further west beyond the limits of excavation. It was sub-rectangular in plan and appeared to align north-west to south-east. It measured 1.8m in exposed length and 1.3m wide. It was not excavated and was covered with a protective geotextile. The fill (621) consisted of firm kiln demolition backfill which was mid pinkish red in colour and contained lumps of kiln structure, which was left in-situ.

6.156.3 Rake-out Pit [622] (Plate 100) was located on the south-eastern side of Kiln [620]. It was sub-rectangular in plan and measured 2m long and 1.9m wide. The fill (623) consisted of firm charcoal and ash which was very dark grey in colour. It contained 51g of burnt flint 150 sherds (996g) of Late Saxon

pottery and 666g of fired clay. It was unexcavated but was cleaned, with the spoil from the cleaning being sampled and finds collected from the surface. Sample <52> contained charcoal in varying sizes.

6.156.4 Pit [624] (Section 239, Plate 101) was partially revealed at the northern end of the trench and contained what was interpreted as waste material from the adjacent kiln(s). It was irregular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a flat base, 0.35m deep. It contained two fills. Fill (625) was firm, with a dark greyish brown colour and silty clay composition, which contained 500 sherds (3495g) of Late Saxon pottery, 1880g of fired clay. Sample <53> taken from this fill contained charcoal. It measured 0.15m in thickness. Fill (637) was soft, with a mid orangish brown colour and silty clay composition that measured 0.25m in thickness. It contained 100 sherds (677g) of Late Saxon pottery and 88g of fired clay.

6.157 Trench 281 / 10B-17 (Figure 45)

6.157.1 Trench 281 contained a post-medieval pond, present on historic mapping and as an anomaly on the geophysics. A ditch that was also present on historic mapping and the geophysical survey was not seen in this trench and appears to be because the pond and ditch were open at the same time and formed part of the same boundary at this point, so only the pond was visible in plan.

6.157.2 Pond [577] (Section 225) was partially exposed. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base 0.56m deep. The fill (578) consisted of soft clayey sand which was dark yellowish brown in colour and contained a single struck flint.

6.158 Site 10C

6.159 Trench 282 / 10C-01 (Figure 46)

6.159.1 Trench 282 contained three ditches, the largest of which corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics, while the two smaller ditches were not discernible. Other anomalies targeted by this trench were shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.159.2 Ditch [512] (Section 204) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 2.2m in width and 0.41m in depth. The fill (513) consisted of hard clayey sand which was light yellowish brown in colour and contained three sherds (42g) of medieval and post-medieval pottery, ten fragments (304g) of possible Roman tile, a single fragment (14g) of post-medieval tile and a single fragment of clay tobacco pipe. This ditch is the continuation of ditch [520], recorded to the east in Trench 283. This feature was depicted on the geophysical survey and it seemed to be forming an enclosure with the north to south aligned ditch [529] recorded in Trench 284.

6.159.3 Ditch [516] (Section 206) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.33m in width and 0.08m in depth. The fill (517) consisted of firm clayey silt which was medium greyish brown in colour.

6.159.4 Ditch [518] (Section 206) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.33m in width and 0.06m in depth. The fill (519) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.160 Trench 283 / 10C-02 (Figure 46)

6.160.1 Trench 283 contained two ditches. The ditch at the southern end of the trench is interpreted as the continuation of ditch [512], previously investigated to the west in Trench 282, and corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics. The ditch at the northern end may correspond to a northwest–southeast aligned linear anomaly but this is not certain. Other anomalies targeted by this trench were shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.160.2 Ditch [507] (Section 202) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.02m in width and 0.26m in depth. The fill (508) consisted of compact sandy silt which was medium greyish brown in colour.

6.160.3 Ditch [520] (Section 207) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.95m in width and 0.46m in depth. The fill (521) consisted of compact silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.161 Trench 284 / 10C-03 (Figure 46)

6.161.1 Trench 284 contained two ditches, both of which corresponded with linear anomalies on the geophysics.

6.161.2 Ditch [529] (Section 211) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 3m in width and 0.59m in depth. The fill (530) consisted of hard clayey silt which was light yellowish brown in colour and produced three sherds (7g) of medieval and post-medieval pottery, a single fragment (163g) of Roman tile, 4g of fired clay and fragments of indeterminate cattle-sized animal bones.

6.161.3 Ditch [543] (Section 212) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.26m in width and 0.52m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (544) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and was composed of silt. It measured 0.28m in thickness. Fill (545) was soft, with a medium greyish brown colour, silty clay composition and measured 0.21m in thickness. It contained eighteen sherds (118g) of high medieval pottery. The similarity in alignment with ditch [539] could indicate that it may have formed part of an internal subdivision of the enclosure.

6.162 Trench 286 / 10C-05 (Figure 46)

6.162.1 Trench 286 contained three ditches, the two largest of which corresponded with linear anomalies on the geophysics, while the smallest ditch was not discernible.

6.162.2 Ditch [514] (Section 205) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.72m in width and 0.3m in depth. The fill (515) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greenish brown in colour.

6.162.3 Ditch [525] (Section 209) was aligned north to south. It had steep sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 1m in width and 0.45m in depth. The fill (526) consisted of hard silty clay which was mid brownish brown in colour and contained five sherds (9g) of medieval pottery and a single fragment (154g) of post-medieval floor brick that could probably be an intrusive find.

6.162.4 Ditch [546] (Section 213) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.8m in width and 0.35m in depth. The fill (547) consisted of hard silty clay which was medium brown in colour and contained ten sherds (26g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery and 2g of fired clay.

6.163 Trench 287 / 10C-06 (Figure 46)

6.163.1 Trench 287 contained a single ditch, which corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics. A second linear anomaly was shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.163.2 Ditch [527] (Section 210) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.6m in width and 0.3m in depth. The fill (528) consisted of compact silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour. This fill contained a single sherd (24g) of medieval pottery and a cattle bone fragment.

6.164 Trench 288 / 10C-07 (Figure 46)

6.164.1 Trench 288 contained three ditches and what was interpreted as a partially exposed, large rectangular pit, which contained possible pottery production waste. Ditch [601]/[603] was not discernible on the geophysics, while the three larger features all appeared to correspond with anomalies on the geophysics.

6.164.2 Ditch [590] (Section 229) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.97m in width and 0.49m in depth. The fill (591) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour and contained fifty-six sherds (587g) of Late Saxon

and medieval pottery, 33g of fired clay, three iron nails and fragment of sheep/goat bone.

6.164.3 Ditch [601]/[603] (Sections 232 and 233) was aligned east to west, fully exposed within the trench. A slot was excavated into each terminus. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 3m long, 0.37m wide, and 0.09m deep. The fill (602)/(604) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid brownish brown in colour.

6.164.4 Ditch [618] (Section 238) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2m in width and 0.7m in depth. The fill (619) consisted of firm silty clay which was medium greyish brown in colour and contained eight sherds (3g) of early and high medieval pottery and 8g of oyster shell.

6.164.5 Pit [626] (Section 240, Plate 102) was partially exposed in the trench. It had steep sloping sides and a base that was not reached, being greater than 1.2m in depth. It measured 3.34m in width. It contained two fills. Fill (627) was firm, with a medium blueish brown colour, a silty clay composition and contained a single struck flint, twenty-six sherds (629g) of Late Saxon and early medieval pottery, a single fragment (202g) of Roman tile, 48g of fired clay and a single animal bone fragment. It measured 0.25m in thickness. Fill (628) was hard, with a dark greyish brown colour and was composed of silty clay, which contained eight struck flints, 228g of burnt flint, 420 sherds (4071g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery, 438g of fired clay, a lead pot mend (SF 52), a socketed iron tool, an iron nail and fragments of cattle and unidentified animal bones. It was thicker than fill (627), measuring 0.85m thickness. Sample <54> from this fill contained charcoal and charred nutshell.

6.165 Trench 290 / 10C-09 (Figure 46)

6.165.1 Trench 290 contained three ditches and a pit. One of the ditches was part of the post-medieval field system described above. This truncated one ditch such that it was not possible to excavate a slot into the earlier feature. This ditch was north-west to south-east aligned and present in the central part

of the trench. The ditches in this trench corresponded with linear anomalies on the geophysics.

6.165.2 Pit [580] (Section 226) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.05m long, 0.8m wide, and 0.24m deep. The fill (581) consisted of hard clayey silt which was light greyish brown in colour, which contained twelve sherds (67g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery.

6.165.3 Ditch [582] (Section 227) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.05m in width and 0.24m in depth. The fill (583) consisted of hard silty clay which was dark yellowish brown in colour, which contained sixteen sherds (77g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery and 94g of fired clay.

6.165.4 Ditch [592] (Section 230) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.77m in width and 0.64m in depth. The fill (593) consisted of compact silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour. This ditch was likely to be part of the post medieval system and is the same one that appeared in the southern end of the trench were it truncated the earlier features.

6.166 Trench 291 / 10C-10 (Plate 103) (Figure 46)

6.166.1 Trench 291 contained three ditches and a possible extraction pit. The ditches corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics, but the possible extraction pit was not discernible.

6.166.2 Ditch [588]/[612] (Sections 228 and 237) was aligned northwest to southeast. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.8m in width and 0.34m in depth. The fill (589)/(613) consisted of hard silty clay which was dark brownish grey in colour and contained 200 sherds (1017g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery, a piece of rolled up copper-alloy (SF 50) and part of a tentatively dated late medieval to early post-medieval iron horseshoe (SF 51), although it is possible this may be an early medieval type given the dating of other finds.

6.166.3 Ditch [586]/[616] (Sections 228 and 237) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 0.94m in width and 0.28m in depth. The fill (587)/(617) consisted of hard silty clay which was medium yellowish brown in colour. Fifty-six sherds (412g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery, as well as a single fragment (981g) of post-medieval tile were recovered from (587), while 199g of fired clay, fragments of indeterminate cattle-sized animal bones and 26g of oyster shell were retrieved from (617). This is possibly the latest ditch in the sequence, but the precise stratigraphy could not be determined within the trench limits. It may be contemporary with pit [594] discussed below.

6.166.4 Ditch [599]/[614] (Sections 231 and 237) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.75m in width and 0.17m in depth. The fill (600)/(615) consisted of hard silty clay which was light yellowish brown in colour, which contained fifty-five sherds (376g) of Late Saxon and early medieval pottery, a single fragment (29g) of possible Roman tile and 12g of fired clay.

6.166.5 Pit [594] (Section 231) was only partially exposed along one edge of the trench. It had moderate sloping sides and a base that was not reached due to depth constraints. It measured 1.11m in exposed width and 0.4m in depth. It contained four fills. Fill (595) was hard, with a dark yellowish brown colour and silty clay composition, which contained three sherds (9g) of Late Saxon and early medieval pottery. It measured 0.15m in thickness. Fill (596) was firm, with a dark orangish brown colour, was composed of clayey silt and measured 0.39m in thickness. It contained twenty-eight sherds (133g) of Late Saxon to medieval pottery. Fill (597) was hard, with a medium yellowish brown sandy clay composition and measured 0.13m in thickness. Fill (598) was hard, with a medium yellowish brown colour and was composed of silty clay, which contained two sherds (18g) of early medieval pottery. It measured 0.15m in thickness. Some of the fills appeared to be mixed with redeposited natural present, and the overall shape of the feature suggested that it was more likely to be the edge of an extraction pit than the linear feature present on the geophysics in this area.

It is notable that Trench 293 did not reveal any archaeology of what was plotted as the southeast continuation of this linear feature, suggesting the character of the archaeology here differs from the interpretation of the geophysics, with features that may not be easily discernible from the magnetometry.

6.167 Trench 292 / 10C-11 (Figure 46)

6.167.1 Trench 292 contained a single posthole which was not discernible on the geophysics. A linear anomaly targeted by this trench was shown not to be archaeological in origin.

6.167.2 Posthole [605] (Section 234) was sub-rectangular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.47m in length, 0.28m in width and 0.26m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (606) was firm, with a dark brownish grey silty clay that measured 0.21m thick. Fill (607) was firm, with a light greyish brown colour and silty clay composition. It measured 0.09m in thickness.

6.168 Trench 294 / 10C-13 (Figure 48)

6.168.1 Trench 294 contained four ditches. Three appeared to be medieval while one was part of a post-medieval field boundary present on historic mapping. This ditch was fully investigated to the north in Trench 295 [673]. Ditch [683] corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics, as did the post-medieval ditch, while the remaining features were not discernible.

6.168.2 Ditch [675] (Section 675) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.3m in width and 0.12m in depth. The fill (676) consisted of hard silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour, which contained three sherds (15g) of early medieval pottery.

6.168.3 Ditch [683] (Section 259) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.52m in width and 0.59m in depth. The fill (684) consisted of hard silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour, which contained thirty-six sherds (247g) of Late

Saxon and medieval pottery.

6.168.4 Ditch [689] (Section 261) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.5m in width and 0.57m in depth. The fill (690) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid yellowish brown in colour, which contained one small (2g) fragment of residual Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery, ten sherds (63g) of medieval pottery, fragments of sheep/goat bones and 28g of oyster shell.

6.169 Trench 295 / 10C-14 (Figure 48)

6.169.1 Trench 295 contained three ditches and a posthole. Ditch [673] was present on historic mapping and as a linear anomaly on geophysics and continued through Trenches 294 and 297. Ditch [691] corresponded with a linear anomaly on geophysics while the remaining features were not discernible.

6.169.2 Posthole [669] (Section 252) was circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.34m in length, 0.33m in width and 0.11m in depth. The fill (670) consisted of hard clay which was dark brownish grey in colour, which contained a single struck flint.

6.169.3 Ditch [673] (Section 254) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.83m in width and 0.74m in depth. The fill (674) consisted of hard silty clay which was dark brownish grey in colour.

6.169.4 Ditch [679] (Section 257) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 0.98m in width and 0.42m in depth. The fill (680) consisted of hard clay which was mid greyish brown in colour. It may be a continuation of ditch [683] in Trench 294.

6.169.5 Ditch [691] (Section 262) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.55m in width and 0.15m in depth. The fill (692) consisted of hard silty clay which was mid yellowish brown in colour and contained 18g of burnt flint. It correlates with a feature on the geophysics but may also be a continuation of ditch [689] in

Trench 294.

6.170 Trench 296 / 10C-15 (Figure 48)

6.170.1 Trench 296 contained a large medieval pottery kiln and associated rake-out pit, and two ditches. The kiln corresponded with a strong discrete anomaly on the geophysics and ditch [671] also corresponded with a linear anomaly. A further linear anomaly targeted by this trench was shown not to be archaeological in origin.

6.170.2 Kiln [663] (Plate 104) was elongated and rectangular in plan. It was unexcavated and covered with a protective geotextile. It measured 5.1m long and 1.8m wide and was aligned north-east to south-west. The fill (664) consisted of hard silty clay which was light greyish red in colour and contained abundant fragments of kiln demolition material.

6.170.3 Kiln rake-out Pit [665] (Plate 104) was located outside the south-western end of Kiln [663]. It was sub-circular in plan and measured 1.2m long and 1.2 m wide. The fill (666) consisted of hard silty clay which was dark greyish black in colour. It was unexcavated but finds were collected from its surface, which consisted of five sherds (25g) of medieval pottery.

6.170.4 Ditch [671] (Section 253) was aligned east to west. It had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 0.55m in width and 0.25m in depth. The fill (672) consisted of hard silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour and contained six sherds (168g) of Late Saxon pottery.

6.170.5 Ditch [681] (Section 258) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.35m in width and 0.18m in depth. The fill (682) consisted of hard silty clay which was medium greyish brown in colour, which contained four sherds (73g) of medieval pottery and 5g of fired clay.

6.171 Trench 297 / 10C-16 (Figure 48)

6.171.1 Trench 297 contained three ditches and a pit. Two of the ditches were medieval while one was part of a post-medieval field boundary that was not

excavated in this trench. The fill of pit suggested it had been backfilled with waste material from the nearby pottery kilns. The ditches corresponded with linear anomalies on the geophysics, while the pit was not discernible from the background magnetic noise but may have been represented by a small discrete anomaly.

6.171.2 Pit [667] (Section 251, Plate 105) was sub-circular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 0.91m in length, 0.53m in width and 0.18m in depth. The fill (668) consisted of hard silty clay which was mid brownish grey in colour, which contained six sherds (36g) of Late Saxon pottery and 12g of fired clay.

6.171.3 Ditch [685] (Section 260) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had complex sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 2.22m in width and 0.29m in depth. It cut Ditch [687]. The fill (686) consisted of hard clay which was mid greyish brown in colour, which contained nine herds (128g) of Late Saxon pottery and 2g of fired clay.

6.171.4 Ditch [687] (Section 260) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had complex sloping sides and a not reached base. It measured 1.25m in width and 0.35m in depth. It was cut by Ditch [685]. The fill (688) consisted of hard clay which was medium greyish brown in colour and contained two sherds (7g) of early medieval pottery and 2g of fired clay.

6.172 Trench 298 / 10C-17 (Plate 106) (Figure 48)

6.172.1 Trench 298 contained at least two partially exposed pottery kilns with associated rake-out pits, two ditches, three postholes and two pits. Many of the features in this trench were backfilled with waste material from the pottery kilns. These features corresponded with a cluster of strong discrete anomalies on the geophysics, with further similar anomalies in the vicinity of the trench.

6.172.2 Kiln [643] (Plate 107) was partially exposed at the south-western end of the trench. It was not excavated and was covered with a protective geotextile. It appeared to be elongated in plan and measured 1m in exposed length

and 0.7m wide. The fill (644) consisted of hard silty clay which was mid brownish grey in colour.

6.172.3 Kiln rake-out Pit [645] (Plate 107) was circular in plan and measured 0.5m long and 0.4m wide. The fill (646) consisted of hard silty clay which was a dark black in colour. It was not excavated but finds were collected from its surface, consisting of 28g of burnt flint, fifteen sherds (418g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery and 756g of fired clay.

6.172.4 Kiln rake-out Pit [647] (Plate 107) was circular in plan and measured 1.4m long and 1.2m wide. The fill (648) consisted of hard silty clay which was a dark black in colour. It was not excavated but finds were collected from its surface, consisting of seven sherds (47g) of Late Saxon pottery.

6.172.5 Kiln [655] (Plate 108) was partially exposed in the central part of the trench. It appeared to be sub-circular in plan and measured 1.03m long and 0.94m wide. It was not excavated and covered with a protective membrane. The fill (656) consisted of compact kiln structure which was mid brownish red in colour and contained three sherds (4g) of Late Saxon pottery.

6.172.6 Kiln rake-out Pit [657] (Plate 108) was elongated in plan and measured 1.15m long and 0.98m wide. The fill (658) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark greyish black in colour. It was not excavated but finds were collected from its surface, consisting of twelve sherds (56g) of Late Saxon pottery.

6.172.7 Pit [638] (Section 244) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.68m in length, 0.52m in width and 0.24m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (639) was soft, with a dark greyish black colour and clayey silt composition which measured 0.17m in thickness. It contained fifteen sherds (418g) of medieval pottery. Fill (640) was firm, with a medium greyish yellow colour and was composed of silty clay, which contained seven sherds (17g) of early medieval pottery. It measured 0.07m in thickness.

6.172.8 Ditch terminus [649] (Section 246, Plate 109) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.78m in width and 0.25m in depth. The fill (650) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark brownish grey in colour and contained 13g of burnt flint, 266 sherds (643g) of Late Saxon pottery and 652g of fired clay. Sample <55> contained charcoal.

6.172.9 Posthole [651] (Section 247) was sub-circular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.6m in length, 0.45m in width and 0.16m in depth. The fill (652) consisted of hard silty clay which was light yellowish brown in colour and contained two sherds (5g) of Late Saxon pottery.

6.172.10 Posthole [653] (Section 248) was circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.25m in length, 0.21m in width and 0.09m in depth. The fill (654) consisted of hard sandy clay which was dark greyish brown in colour.

6.172.11 Posthole [659] (Section 249) was sub-circular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.5m in length, 0.4m in width and 0.14m in depth. The fill (660) consisted of hard silty clay which was light yellowish grey in colour and contained ten sherds (22g) of Late Saxon pottery.

6.172.12 Pit [661] (Section 250, Plate 110) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.61m in length, 1.35m in width and 0.45m in depth. The fill (662) consisted of hard clay which was mid greyish brown in colour and contained 203 sherds (860g) of Late Saxon pottery and 318g of fired clay. Sample <56> contained charcoal and occasional legumes.

6.172.13 Ditch [677] (Section 256, Plate 111) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.1m in width and 0.49m in depth. The fill (678) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark yellowish brown in colour, which contained 176 sherds (850g) of

Late Saxon and medieval pottery as well as a single sherd of likely intrusive late medieval pottery, and 96g of fired clay. It is possibly related to linear anomalies on the geophysics extending to the east and west of the trench.

6.173 Trench 299 / 10C-18 (Figure 48)

6.173.1 Trench 299 contained a single ditch, which correlated with a linear anomaly on the geophysics.

6.173.2 Ditch [641] (Section 245) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.23m in width and 0.36m in depth. The fill (642) consisted of hard clay which was light greyish brown in colour and contained a single sherd (3g) of late medieval pottery.

6.174 Trench 302 / 10C-21 (Figure 47)

6.174.1 Trench 302 contained a post-medieval field boundary ditch which was not present on historic mapping, and a prehistoric pit. The post medieval ditch [629] was the only one present of the two linear anomalies identified on the geophysical plan, the other of which was shown not to be of archaeological origin. The prehistoric pit was not discernible from the background magnetic noise.

6.174.2 Pit [608] (Section 235, Plate 112) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 0.8m in length, 0.6m in width and 0.11m in depth. Fill (609) consisted of hard silty clay which was mid pinkish brown in colour, which contained 2.6kg of burnt flint and stones, seven small fragments (11g) of Post Deverel-Rimbury pottery and 24g of fired clay. Sample <51> taken from this feature produced charcoal and charred seeds.

6.174.3 Ditch [629] (Section 241) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.84m in width and 0.76m in depth. The fill (630) consisted of hard silty clay which was medium brownish grey in colour.

6.175 Trench 304 / 10C-23 (Figure 47)

6.175.1 Trench 304 contained a large natural hollow infilled with modern sand and aggregates. The infilling consisted of a series of visible lenses of tipped material, all of which exceptionally well sorted and uniform, even if each lens was slightly different in composition from those surrounding it. This uniformity and the thickness of the lenses of tipped material suggests this material was mechanically sorted and tipped at scale by mechanical means, all of which supports a relatively modern date.

6.176 Trench 305 / 10C-24 (Figure 47)

6.176.1 Trench 305 contained a single ditch which corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics.

6.176.2 Ditch [505] (Section 201) was aligned east to west. It had steep sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.22m in width and 0.33m in depth. The fill (506) consisted of hard silty clay which was dark yellowish brown in colour and contained three sherds (3g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery.

6.177 Trench 306 / 10C-25 (Figure 47)

6.177.1 Trench 306 contained a ditch and a posthole. Neither feature was discernible on the geophysics and a linear anomaly targeted by this trench was shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.177.2 Posthole [503] (Section 200) was circular in plan, and it had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.36m in diameter and 0.13min depth. The fill (504) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid greyish brown in colour, which contained six sherds (16g) of mid-1st to mid-2nd century Romano-British pottery, 3g of fired clay and fragments of sheep/goat bones.

6.177.3 Ditch [509] (Section 203) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had steep sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 0.95m in width and 0.43m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (510) was compact, with a mid yellowish brown colour and was composed of clay. It measured 0.20m in thickness. Fill (511) was firm, with a mid orangish grey colour clay composition and

measured 0.23m in thickness.

6.178 Trench 307 / 10C-26 (Figure 47)

6.178.1 Trench 307 contained a single ditch, which corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics. A second linear anomaly targeted by this trench was shown not to be of archaeological origin.

6.178.2 Ditch [522] (Section 208) was aligned east to west. It had steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.76m in width and 0.66m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (523) was hard, with a medium greyish brown colour, silty clay composition and measured 0.23m in thickness. It contained four fragments (13g) of possible Roman tile, a fragment (1g) of possible post-medieval brick and 14g of fired clay. Fill (524) was firm, with a medium greyish brown silty clay, and measured 0.43m in thickness. It contained a single sherd (2g) of medieval pottery, four fragments (15g) of possible Roman tile, seven fragments (1162g) of post-medieval ceramic building material, three fragments (14g) of uncertain ceramic building material and an iron nail.

6.179 Site 10E

6.180 Trench 308 / 10E-01 (Figure 49)

6.180.1 Trench 308 contained a ditch and a large pit. The large pit corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics and it is possible that it may be a substantial ditch. However, the excavated feature more closely resembled a pit in form and was recorded as such. The smaller ditch was not discernible on the geophysics.

6.180.2 Pit [738] (Section 276) was extended beyond the limit of the trench so its shape in plan remained unknown. It had moderate sloping sides. It measured 1m in exposed length, 1.4m in width and 0.74m in excavated depth. The base of the pit was not reached due to safety restrictions. The fill (739) consisted of hard sandy clay which was dark yellowish brown in colour. A single sherd (48g) of late medieval pottery and a fragment of sheep-sized animal was retrieved from this feature.

6.180.3 Ditch [744] (Section 278) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.47m in width and 0.07m in depth. The fill (745) consisted of firm sandy clay which was dark greyish brown in colour, which contained a single sherd (1g) of early medieval pottery, 12g of fired clay and 14g of oyster shell.

6.181 Trench 309 / 10C-02 (Figure 49)

6.181.1 Trench 309 contained three ditches and a pit. A notable quantity of medieval and early post-medieval pottery (thirty-seven sherds, 475g) was collected from the subsoil spoil heaps of this trench, which was not present around other trenches and suggested a focus of activity. Ditch [748] corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics. The remaining features did not directly correspond to anomalies on the geophysics but were within a recognised area of magnetic noise.

6.181.2 Ditch [746] (Section 279, Plate 113) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.77m in width and 0.2m in depth. The fill (747) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid brownish grey in colour and contained two sherds (20g) of high medieval pottery.

6.181.3 Ditch [748] (Section 280, Plate 114) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had complex sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.33m in width and 0.78m in depth. It contained four fills. Fill (749) was firm, with a medium greyish brown silty clay composition that measured 0.44m thick. It contained four sherds (7g) of Late Saxon and medieval pottery. Fill (750) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour. It measured 0.44m in thickness, was composed of silty clay and contained a cattle bone fragment. Fill (751) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and silty clay composition. It measured 0.78m in thickness. Fill (752) was hard, with a light greyish yellow silty clay that measured 0.44m thick. The bottom fill (749) contained indeterminate cattle-sized animal bone fragments.

6.181.4 Pit [753] (Section 281) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 1.82m in length, 1.74m in width and

0.21m in depth. The fill (754) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.181.5 Ditch [755] (Section 282) was aligned north-east to south-west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.31m in width and 0.44m in depth. The fill (756) consisted of firm silty clay which was medium greyish brown in colour.

6.182 Trench 310 / 10E-03 (Figure 49)

6.182.1 Trench 310 contained a large extraction pit and a smaller pit. The larger pit corresponded with a possible curvilinear anomaly on the geophysics.

6.182.2 Pit [701] (Section 267) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.8m in length, 0.2m in width and 0.11m in depth. The fill (702) consisted of firm clayey silt which was dark greyish black in colour. Sample <58> contained charcoal.

6.182.3 Pit [740] (Section 277) was partially exposed in the central part of the trench. It had complex sloping sides and a base that was not reached due to depth constraints. It measured 1.64m in excavated length and a maximum of 0.83m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (741) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and silty clay composition and it contained three sherds (48g) of high and late medieval pottery, bone fragments of unidentified animals, indeterminate cattle-sized animal bones, unidentified bird bones and 11g of oyster shell. It measured 0.20m in thickness. Fill (742) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.35m in thickness. Fill (743) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and silty clay composition, which contained twenty-seven sherds (98g) of high and late medieval pottery, 7g of fired clay, as well as cattle and sheep sized animal bone fragments, dog bones and 5g of oyster shell. It measured 0.45m in thickness.

6.183 Trench 311 / 10E-04 (Figure 50)

6.183.1 Trench 311 contained a ditch and a possible natural feature. The ditch corresponded with a linear anomaly on the geophysics.

6.183.2 Ditch [717] (Section 271) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had complex sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 2.06m in width and 0.72m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (718) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.55m in thickness and contained a single struck flint, two sherds (6g) of early and high medieval pottery and 1g of fired clay. Fill (719) was firm, with a light greyish yellow colour silty clay composition that measured 0.64m in thickness. Fill (720) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.72m thick and contained a single sherd (2g) of early medieval pottery.

6.183.3 Natural Feature [721] (Section 272) was partially exposed in the trench. It had moderate sloping sides and an irregular base. It measured 2.05m in width and 0.24m in depth. The fill (722) consisted of hard silty clay which was medium yellowish brown in colour. Three sherds (2g) of early medieval pottery and two fragments of sheep-sized bones were retrieved from this feature. The irregularity of the base and relatively shallow depth of the feature, as well as not being present on the geophysical survey, supported the interpretation that this was a natural feature rather than archaeological.

6.184 Trench 312 / 10E-05 (Figure 50)

6.184.1 Trench 312 contained two pits and a possible small oven or hearth. None of these features were clearly discernible on the geophysics but were part of a concentration of magnetic responses targeted by Trenches 312 and 313. A linear anomaly targeted by the northern end of this trench was shown not to be archaeological in origin.

6.184.2 Pit [697] (Section 265) was partially exposed in the trench. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 2.21m in excavated length and 0.2m in depth. The fill (698) consisted of soft silty clay which was mid greyish orange in colour.

6.184.3 Pit [699] (Section 266) was partially exposed in the trench. It had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 3.57m in length and 0.2m in depth. The fill (700) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown

in colour, which contained 21g of fired clay.

6.184.4 Possible hearth or oven [728] (Plate 115) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a flat base. It measured 0.84m in length, 0.72m in width and 0.36m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (729) was firm, with a light brownish white colour and silty clay composition. Fill (730) was firm, with a medium yellowish orange colour and was composed of clay. Sample <60> from this fill contained charcoal. Both fills (729) and (730) were 0.12m in thickness. Fill (731) was 0.25m thick, a firm light brownish grey colour and silty clay in composition. It contained 5g of burnt flint. Sample <61> from this fill contained charcoal and charred grains.

6.185 Trench 313 / 10E-06 (Figure 50)

6.185.1 Trench 313 contained two ditches, a large extraction pit, two smaller pits and a layer. Pits [724] and [726] cut through Layer (723) and ditch [695]/[736] appeared to cut Pit [732]. Pit [732] appeared to correspond with a linear anomaly on the geophysics. The remaining features were not clearly discernible but were within an area of magnetic features targeted by Trenches 312 and 313.

6.185.2 Ditch [695]/[736] (Sections 264 and 275, Plate 116) was curvilinear with steep sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.8m in width and 0.4m in depth. The fill (696)/(737) consisted of firm clayey silt which was mid reddish grey in colour, which contained seventeen sherds (70g) of early and high medieval pottery and 2g of fired clay. Sample <57> contained sheep-sized and unidentified animal bone fragments, as well as charcoal and charred grains.

6.185.3 Ditch [703] (Section 268) was aligned north to south. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.6m in width and 0.39m in depth. It contained three fills. Fill (704) was firm, with a medium greyish brown colour and was composed of silty clay, which contained seven sherds (55g) of Late Saxon and early medieval pottery. It measured 0.28m in thickness. Fill (705) was firm, with a medium yellowish brown colour and silty clay composition. Fill (706) was firm, with a medium brownish grey

colour and was composed of silty clay. Both fills (705) and (706) measured 0.16m in thickness.

6.185.4 Layer (723) (Section 273, Plate 117) was firm silty clay in composition and was mid brownish grey in colour. It measured c.8m long, at least 2m wide, and 0.1m deep. Twenty-one sherds (169g) of early and high medieval pottery were recovered from this feature.

6.185.5 Pit [724] (Section 273, Plate 117) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1m in length, 0.75m in width and 0.22m in depth. The fill (725) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid greyish brown in colour.

6.185.6 Pit [726] (Section 273, Plate 117) was sub-circular in plan, and it had gradual sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.09m in length, 0.6m in width and 0.14m in depth. The fill (727) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark brownish grey in colour, which contained 82g of burnt flint, sixteen sherds (47g) of early and high medieval pottery, 24g of fired clay and an iron nail. Sample <59> contained charcoal.

6.185.7 Pit [732] (Section 275) was partially exposed in the trench. It had steep sloping sides and the base was not reached due to safety constrains. It measured 5.27m in exposed length and 1.05m in excavated depth. It contained three fills. Fill (733) was firm, with a medium brownish grey colour and clayey silt composition. It measured 0.25m in thickness. Fill (734) was firm, with a medium brownish grey colour clayey silt that measured 0.46m thick. Fill (735) was firm, with a medium orangish grey colour and clayey silt composition. It measured 0.45m in thickness.

6.186 Trench 315 / 10E-08 (Figure 50)

6.186.1 Trench 315 contained three ditches, a pit and the remains of two strips of concrete runway foundation from the former airfield, which was present on historic aerial photography and the geophysical survey. Ditches [707] and [712] appeared to cut over pit [709]. None of the archaeological features were discernible on the geophysics but the airfield remains had generated

a significant amount of magnetic noise in this part of the field.

6.186.2 Ditch [693] (Section 263) was aligned east to west. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 0.41m in width and 0.13m in depth. The fill (694) consisted of firm silty clay which was mid brownish grey in colour and contained three sherds (45g) of Late Saxon and early medieval pottery.

6.186.3 Ditch [707] (Section 269, Plate 118) was possibly curvilinear and was aligned north-east to south-west. It measured 2.25m in width and 0.48m in depth. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. The fill (708) consisted of firm silty clay which was dark greyish brown in colour and contained thirty-nine sherds (203g) of Late Saxon to high medieval pottery, a single fragment (5g) of post-medieval brick, as well as cattle and indeterminate cattle-sized bone fragments.

6.186.4 Pit [709] (Section 269, Plate 118) was sub-circular in plan, and it had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 2.65m in length, 1m in width and 0.35m in depth. It contained two fills. Fill (710) was hard, with a light orangish brown colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.31m thick. Fill (711) was firm, with a dark greyish brown colour silty clay composition that measured 0.08m thick. Twelve sherds (42g) of early medieval pottery as well as fragments of sheep/goat bone were retrieved from this fill.

6.186.5 Ditch [712] (Section 269, Plate 118) was aligned north-west to south-east. It had moderate sloping sides and a concave base. It measured 1.6m in width and 0.4m in depth and contained two fills. Fill (713) was hard, with a mid orangish brown silty clay composition that measured 0.16m thick. Fill (714) was firm, with a dark greyish brown colour and was composed of silty clay. It measured 0.26m thick and contained eighteen sherds (89g) of Late Saxon and early medieval pottery, 10g of fired clay and fragments of cattle- and sheep-sized bones.

7 THE FINDS AND ENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE

7.1 Lithic Assessment

Laura Desrosiers-Whalley

Introduction, Aims & Methodology

7.1.1 The evaluation East Pye Solar Farm, Norfolk, resulted in the recovery of a fairly large assemblage of lithic material, totalling 353 pieces of struck material and 32,045g of unworked burnt flint.

7.1.2 The assemblage has been comprehensively catalogued and this includes further descriptive details of the pieces (Appendix 6). This report summarises the data in the catalogue; it quantifies and describes the material by major feature class and presents a preliminary assessment and outline of its significance, identifying any further work that may be required in order for it to achieve its full research potential.

7.1.3 The worked flint assemblage was recorded following standard technological and typological classifications and largely follows the methodology of Inizan *et al.* (1999) with modifications and additions as indicated in the text by the author. Retouched tools were classified following standard British works such as Healy (1988) and Bamford (1985). Measurements were taken following the methodology of Saville (1980).

Term	Definition
Blade	A struck lithic piece at least double the length of its width
Decortication flake/blade	A primary reduction flake, with 50% or more of the dorsal face covered by cortex
Incipient Hertzian Cone (IHC)	A faint ring-shaped mark on a lithic piece caused by direct percussive force, almost always anthropogenically generated, which has failed to detach a flake
Microdebitage	A piece of knapping debitage smaller than 10mm in its maximum dimension
Recortication/patination	A blue-to-white discolouration present on some pieces of flint, either in spots or entirely
Retouched	A piece with additional modification or alteration to create a tool, by the intentional removal of small, regular flakes along the margins

Table 2: Glossary of terms describing lithic material

Raw Materials & Condition

7.1.4 The struck flint was mostly made from good knapping quality 'glassy' grey and brown flint of various hues and translucencies, which is frequently speckled or mottled. A few pieces are made from a more 'stony', opaque mottled light grey flint which may have its origins in the Lincolnshire Wolds, but which can also be found in East Anglia as glacially derived 'erratics'. Thermal surfaces and internal flaws are also common, and the raw materials are likely to have been obtained from the flint-rich glacial deposits that mantle the area.

7.1.5 The condition of the pieces varies from sharp to chipped, with one piece described as 'battered' due to post-depositional damage, although the majority show only minor edge chipping or rounding. Nine struck pieces also appeared to have been burnt to varying degrees.

7.2 Site 2B

7.2.1 A single squat flake was recovered from ditch [1232] in Trench 31, weighing 17g. These are typically Bronze Age in date, reflecting a more casual reduction strategy seen in these later periods. This piece is very likely residual in a later feature.

7.3 Site 3B

7.3.1 A small quantity of burnt flint was recovered from pit [20], in Trench 44. This amounted to five pieces, weighing a total of 48g, which were all heavily burnt to the point of complete discolouration. This suggests concentrated burning, perhaps from a feature such as a hearth. Ground-set hearths are common features of prehistoric landscapes, where natural flints in the ground is subject to heavy burning. The fill of this feature, (21), was described as dark and charcoal-rich; it is possible that a hearth was located here, though it is unclear if this pit was prehistoric in date.

7.4 Site 4A

7.4.1 A total of 162 struck lithic pieces, c.46% of the total assemblage, and 2,729g of unworked burnt stone, was recovered from Site 4A.

Quantification of the Struck Lithic Material

7.4.2 The struck lithic material from Site 4A was recovered in small quantities across 27 different features. The majority were recovered from ditches (101 pieces, c.62% of the assemblage), though some were recovered from various pits (21 pieces, c.13%) or ovens (39 pieces, c.24%). A single retouched piece was recovered from the site's Topsoil (1), near Trench 71.

7.4.3 The Site 4A assemblage was diverse, including elements from the entire knapping sequence. Flake of various type were most common, totalling 88 pieces (c.54%). Twenty-six blades or blade-like flakes were recovered (c.16%), and 25 pieces of microdebitage, largely from environmental samples (c.25%). Retouched pieces were fairly common, with 17 recovered (c.10%). Two cores, two core fragments, a possible hammerstone and two thermally fractured pieces complete this assemblage (Table 3).

Lithic Type	Count
Blade fragment	1
Blade-like flake	11
Conchoidal chunk	2
Core	2
Core fragment	2
Core modification / rejuvenation	3
Crested blade	1
Decortication blade	5
Decortication flake	20
Flake	60
Flake fragments	2
Micro-debitage <10mm	25
Non-prismatic blade	6
Prismatic blade	2
Retouched	17
Squat flake	3
Grand Total	162

Table 3: Site 4A, struck lithic material

7.4.4 The flakes ranged somewhat in size and shape, reflecting the various stages in reduction, from decortication and core shaping to core maintenance and adjustment. Generally, these were thin and well

detached, with a mean weight of c.7g, demonstrating some care and skill in knapping.

7.4.5 Of the 26 blades and blade-like flakes, 11 were blade-like flakes and only two of the blades were truly prismatic. These were all narrow and thin, with a mean weight of c.7g, though this drops to c.4g when blade-like flakes are eliminated.

7.4.6 The majority of the retouched pieces (eight total) were simple edge-trimmed implements, adjusted for scraping or cutting purposes. A further seven were scrapers, though only two of these could be described as such with any confidence; the rest were described as 'possible' scrapers. The final two pieces were a notched piece, from ditch [218], and a piercer, which was recovered from the topsoil. Seven of the retouched pieces were recovered from ditch [218], and four were recovered from pit [232]. These ranged in date from the Mesolithic to Neolithic (generally those utilising narrow blades as blanks) to the Neolithic to Bronze Age. The notched piece was likely later in date, likely from the Bronze Age to Iron Age.

7.4.7 One core and one core fragment each were recovered from ditches [157] and [164]. The cores were both fairly small and irregularly worked; the example from [164] was minimally worked, as a high percentage of cortex was still present on various surfaces. This suggests these pieces may have been later in date, relying on opportunistic knapping styles seen in the later prehistoric periods (Bronze Age to Iron Age).

7.4.8 Several of the pieces from this assemblage could only be broadly dated as 'prehistoric' (preh), as they lacked any typological traits able to ascribe them to a more specific period (39 pieces, c.24%). Most of these pieces were small flakes and microdebitage. The largest proportion of the assemblage dated to the Neolithic to Bronze Age period (68 pieces, c.42%), particularly 11 of the retouched pieces. Overlapping this, though potentially earlier, 37 pieces dated from the Mesolithic to Neolithic period (c.23%), largely the blades and blade-like flakes, as blade-based technologies are a hallmark of earlier Mesolithic industries, though endure into the Early Neolithic. Only

18 pieces date from the Bronze Age to Iron Age (c.11%).

Unworked Burnt Stone

7.4.9 A significant quantity of unworked burnt stone was recovered from Area 4A, totalling 360 pieces weighing 2,396g. Two pieces of burnt sandstone, weighing 333g, were also recovered from cremation [333] (Table 4).

Cut no.	Feature Type	Burnt stone (no.)	Burnt stone (wt: g)
55	Ditch	1	33
69	Ditch	1	10
105	Ditch	2	10
142	Ditch	1	36
164	Ditch	6	32
176	Ditch	15	234
203	Ditch	5	537
218	Ditch	2	20
237	Oven	207	1098
248	Oven	29	144
255	Oven	60	218
134	Pit	14	10
162	Pit	1	10
166	Cremation	13	3
264	Pit	3	1
Sandstone: [166]	Cremation	2	333
Grand Total		362	2729

Table 4: Site 4A, unworked Burnt Stone

7.4.10 Burnt flint is not inherently dateable but is often recovered from prehistoric contexts. It is usually indicative of incidental debris from ground-set hearths, where the natural flint within the geology is incidentally heated during the hearth's use. The majority of the burnt flint here was heavily burnt to the point of complete discolouration and shattering, suggesting prolonged or intense heating consistent with this process. The small quantities and the presence of this material within ditch features suggests that the majority of the unworked burnt material was disturbed from its original context and is residual in these later features. The three pits which contained the burnt material were possibly used as prehistoric refuse pits; pit [162] also contained a small Mesolithic blade, and pit [264] contained four pieces of

struck material, none of which was burnt. Pit [134] contained no struck material, so is of unknown date.

7.4.11 The large quantities of burnt flint associated with ovens [237], [248] and [255] were likely burnt incidentally while this feature was in use. The burnt flint and sandstone from cremation [166] were most likely incidentally included within the pyre debris.

Discussion

7.4.12 With the exception of a few later elements, the assemblage seems to generally trend toward the earlier prehistoric periods, with the majority likely dating to the Early Neolithic. This is evidenced by the style and nature of the retouched elements present, as well as the endurance of blade-based technologies (alongside a distinct lack of Mesolithic microliths) and the relatively small size and thin proportions of the flakes present.

7.4.13 Larger deposits of struck lithic material are found in ditches [164] (22 pieces), [142] (14 pieces), [157] (13 pieces) and [190] (11 pieces), as well as pit [232] (10 pieces)and ovens [248] and [255] (10 and 23 pieces respectively). Pits [162] and [264] contained small amounts of struck and heavily burnt lithic material. These contexts would benefit from comparisons with other finds assemblages, particularly pottery, to ascertain whether this material is residual in nature or deliberately deposited. Pit [232] is likely Neolithic, perhaps Early Neolithic, in origin, the lithic material deliberately deposited therein.

7.5 Site 4B

7.5.1 Four struck pieces and one piece (21g) of unworked burnt stone were recovered from Site 4B. Two of the struck pieces were from ditch [276] and one each were from ditches [228] and [268]. Three of these were flakes, two of which were decortication flakes; one piece, from ditch [276], was a retouched scraper. The unworked burnt piece was also from ditch [228]; it was heavily burnt, suggesting prolonged exposure to heat. All of the struck pieces were Neolithic to Bronze Age in date; it is likely they were disturbed from their original context of deposition by later activity.

7.6 Site 5A

7.6.1 Twelve pieces of struck flint, and 1,921g of unworked burnt stone, were recovered from Site 5A.

Quantification of the Struck Lithic Material

7.6.2 Though only 12 struck lithic pieces were recovered from Site 5A, these were fairly diverse; three retouched pieces and a core were among these, as well as six flakes, a decortication blade and a piece of microdebitage (Table 5).

Lithic Type	Count
Core	1
Decortication blade	1
Decortication flake	4
Flake	2
Micro-debitage <10mm	1
Retouched	3
Grand Total	12

Table 5: Site 5A, struck lithic material

7.6.3 Three flakes and one retouched implement were recovered from ditch [345], in Trench 114. Two pieces each were recovered from ditch [306] and posthole [362]. The remaining four pieces were in isolation from one another, one each from pit [350], ditches [353] and [360], and layer (375).

7.6.4 Two of the three retouched implements were edge trimmed, likely for cutting or scraping purposes. The third was a hollow or inverted scraper. The core, from ditch [306], was small (41g) and heavily worked, taking a rounded, almost globular form. The flakes were small and well detached, with a mean weight of c.4g.

7.6.5 The majority of these pieces dated from the Neolithic to Bronze Age. The decortication blade, and one of the edge trimmed pieces, were possibly earlier, from the Mesolithic to Neolithic. The hollow scraper was likely later, dating to the Late Neolithic to Bronze Age. These were all likely residual finds in later features.

Unworked Burnt Stone

7.6.6 A moderate quantity of unworked burnt flint was recovered from Site 5A, totaling 187 pieces (1,921g) (Table 6).

Cut no.	Feature Type	Burnt stone (no.)	Burnt stone (wt: g)
345	Ditch	1	7
355	Ditch	49	1253
360	Ditch	60	72
308	Pit	5	21
313	Pit	37	72
350	Pit	1	38
371	Pit	30	440
378	Pit	1	9
362	Posthole	3	9
Grand Total		187	1921

Table 6: Site 5A, unworked burnt stone

7.6.7 The unworked burnt flint was recovered in fairly small quantities from several features; ditch [355] and pit [371] contained a more significant quantity.

7.6.8 Burnt flint is not inherently dateable but is often recovered from prehistoric contexts. The majority of the burnt flint was heavily burnt to the point of complete discolouration and shattering, suggesting prolonged or intense heating. This is consistent with the heating of incidental debris from ground-set hearths, where the natural flint within the geology is incidentally heated during the hearth's use. The quantities from this area of the site are consistent with such hearths being present, though these have likely been substantially disturbed later activity. Some of the pits, particularly [371], may have been prehistoric refuse pits; this is more likely the case where struck material was also present, such as [350]. Refuse may have also been deposited into ditches, such as in [345], and even [355], just by the quantity of burnt material present.

Discussion

7.6.9 Though the amount of lithic material from this area was small, prehistoric occupation of the site was clearly present; the struck material was diverse,

though knapping episodes were likely infrequent or took place elsewhere, and the pieces were likely deposited through incidental discard, aside from where burnt flint and struck flint was discarded together, likely as refuse disposal. The larger quantities of burnt flint likely signify that hearths were present on the site, indicating occupation, though this was likely sparse and not particularly intensive.

7.7 Site 7A

7.7.1 A small amount of lithic material was recovered from Site 7A, amounting to only four struck pieces and a single piece (10g) of unworked burnt flint, all recovered from ditch [981] in Trench 129. The struck material included two decortication flakes, both 'preh', a Neolithic to Bronze Age flake and a Mesolithic to Neolithic blade-like flake. This material is most likely residual in a later feature, though the fact that all of the material from the area came from a single feature may indicate it was deposited close by, if not within the ditch itself.

7.8 Site 7C

7.8.1 While Site 7C contained only a small amount of struck lithic material (two pieces, one core and one flake), a substantial amount of unworked burnt flint (2,544g) was recovered from features in this area.

The Struck Lithic Material

7.8.2 A small core was recovered from the subsoil, (501), in this area. The core has many negative scars, some from flakes but also some from blade production, though the proportion of cortex still present suggests that the raw material was small to begin with. A single small flake was recovered from ditch [987], which was very thin and small with fine dorsal scars. Both these pieces were likely Mesolithic to Neolithic in date, and were residual occurrences in later features.

Unworked Burnt Stone

7.8.3 The unworked burnt flint from Site 7C, totalling over 674 pieces, weighing 2,544g, was recovered from various pits and ditches, though the most significant quantity was recovered from pit [1038] (Table 7).

Cut no.	Feature Type	Burnt stone (no.)	Burnt stone (wt: g)
1015	Ditch	1	6
1019	Ditch	3	85
1035	Ditch	1	12
1067	Ditch	5	123
992	Pit	5	109
1038	Pit	659	2209
Grand Total		674	2544

Table 7: Site 7C, unworked burnt stone

7.8.4 Burnt flint is not inherently dateable but is often recovered from prehistoric contexts. The majority of the burnt flint was heavily burnt, to the point of complete discolouration and shattering, suggesting prolonged or intense heating. This is consistent with the heating of incidental debris from ground-set hearths, where the natural flint within the geology is incidentally heated during the hearth's use. Such hearths were possibly present in this area of the site, though the small quantities present (with the exception of pit [1038]) suggest substantial disturbance of these features and the resulting secondary deposition of the burnt material into later ditches.

7.8.5 That over 2kg of unworked burnt flint was recovered from pit [1038] is significant. Both the high quantities present and the intense and uniform degree that the stones had been burnt indicate that they had been deliberately heated as part of an intentional process, after which, the remnants were deposited within this pit (the colouration of the fill, (1039), corroborates this).

7.8.6 Flint is not usually a selected-for component of burnt features due to the flint shattering under heat but is utilised for the construction of 'burnt mound type features'. The quantity of burnt flint recorded here is reminiscent of these 'burnt mound' type features, which are common to the Bronze Age period. Burnt mounds are found in large numbers throughout East Anglia where they are usually found close to streams or bodies of water such as the Fens (e.g. Layard 1922; Apling 1931; Silvester 1991; Healy 1996; Edmonds et al. 1999; Bates & Wiltshire 2000; Crowson 2004). Typical examples of burnt mound features include a large, upcast heap of burnt flint, which is of course absent here. However, recent examples at Woolpit,

Suffolk, and Harleston, Norfolk, demonstrate these features can be associated with surrounding pits, similar to pit [1038], which contain a significant amount of the burnt material, associated with the burnt mound process (Bishop & Desrosiers-Whalley 2025; Desrosiers-Whalley 2025).

7.8.7 It is possible that pit [1083] lies in association with a burnt mound feature, located outside of the evaluation trenches.

7.9 Site 7E

7.9.1 A single struck lithic implement was recovered from the Topsoil (500) of Site 7E; a small, bifacially worked axehead, likely Neolithic in origin (Small Find 54). The piece was small for the typical axehead range (95mm long by 43mm wide, 27mm thick); usually axeheads are much larger, but the knapping technique is consistent with this implement type. One face had a patch of cortex which looked perhaps intentionally centralised, and some of the flake scars were hinged or otherwise poorly detached. An interesting area of wear, likely from use, was present on what would typically be considered the 'butt' end of the piece if it were a typical axehead. The very tip was worn quite smooth, and would benefit from microwear analysis to ascertain the exact nature of the activity this piece was utilised for.

7.9.2 SF 54 was recovered from the surface of the site's topsoil; however, this was also the location of a glacial geological feature of some kind. Features of this kind have been utilised as locations of significant deposits of lithic material (e.g. West Suffolk Hospital, Bury St Edmunds (Desrosiers-Whalley 2025) and Sidcup, Greater London (Bishop, forthcoming).

7.9.3 An illustration and photograph of this piece should accompany the final version of this report.

7.10 Site 7F

7.10.1 Only two struck pieces were recovered from Site 7F, but a more significant quantity of unworked burnt flint was recovered.

The Struck Lithic Material

7.10.2 Two small flakes, one a decortication flake, were recovered from pit [1153], in Trench 192. Both could only be broadly dated as 'preh', as they were not technologically distinct enough to ascribe them to any more specific prehistoric period. These were likely residual occurrences within this feature.

Unworked Burnt Stone

7.10.3 The unworked burnt flint was recovered entirely from features within Trench 192, including three pits and two postholes, in relatively small amounts (Table 8).

Cut no.	Feature Type	Burnt stone (no.)	Burnt stone (wt: g)
1145	Pit	372	8
1153	Pit	68	601
1145	Posthole	29	41
1147	Posthole	758	99
1149	Posthole	1502	368
Grand Total		2729	1117

Table 8: Site 7F, unworked burnt stone

7.10.4 Burnt flint is not inherently dateable but is often recovered from prehistoric contexts. The majority of the burnt flint was heavily burnt, to the point of complete discolouration and shattering, suggesting prolonged or intense heating. This is consistent with the heating of incidental debris from ground-set hearths, where the natural flint within the geology is incidentally heated during the hearth's use. Such hearths were possibly present in this area of the site, and were either disturbed by later activity, or the remains were deposited within the features as refuse disposal. It is possible that the material was burnt during a later period, not necessarily prehistoric, as other examples on the site demonstrate burning from ovens and other later features.

7.11 Site 7K

7.11.1 Site 7K contained no struck flint, but a small quantity of unworked burnt flint was recovered.

7.11.2 The unworked burnt flint was recovered from three features; a ditch ([1023]) and watering hole ([1025]) in Trench 211, and a pit ([1011]) in Trench 209 (Table 9).

Cut no.	Feature Type	Burnt stone (no.)	Burnt stone (wt: g)
1023	Ditch	45	306
1011	Pit	50	111
1025	Watering hole	26	144
Grand Total		121	561

Table 9: Site 7K, unworked burnt flint

7.11.3 The burnt flint was recovered in fairly small quantities from these features, but was all heavily burnt, consistent with processes involving concentrated, prolonged heating. In the case of pit [1011], it is possible that this was a refuse pit containing the dumped remains of a ground-set hearth, though no prehistoric pottery was found alongside it. Otherwise, it is likely that the burnt flint was a secondary deposit in the ditch and watering hole, from later disturbance.

7.12 Site 9

7.12.1 Site 9 contained a significant quantity of both struck lithic material and unworked burnt stone, amounting to 148 struck pieces (c.42% of the entire site's assemblage) and 20,067g of unworked burnt stone.

Quantification of the Struck Lithic Material

7.12.2 The struck lithic material from Site 9 was recovered in small quantities across many different features. The majority came from ditches (71 pieces, c.48% of the assemblage), though a significant proportion was also recovered from pits (55 pieces, c.37%). Fourteen pieces came from the area's subsoil (501), and one piece from the topsoil (500). A single piece was recovered from natural feature [876], posthole [787], and oven [945]; two were recovered from oven [957].

7.12.3 The Site 9 assemblage was diverse, including elements from the entire knapping sequence. Flake of various type were most common, totalling 75 pieces (c.51%); 13 pieces of microdebitage were also recovered (c.9%), mostly from environmental samples. Blades, including blade-like flakes,

account for a further 31 pieces (c.21%). Retouched implements were well represented; 19 of these, amounting to a fairly high c.13% of the assemblage, were recovered. One core, five core fragments, a possible hammerstone and four thermally fractured pieces complete this assemblage (Table 10).

Lithic Type	Count
Biface thinning flake	2
Blade fragment	2
Blade-like flake	15
Conchoidal chunk	4
Core	1
Core fragment	4
Core modification / rejuvenation	1
Decortication blade	1
Decortication flake	22
Flake	48
Hammerstone	1
Micro-debitage <10mm	13
Non-prismatic blade	13
Retouched	19
Squat flake	2
Grand Total	148

Table 10: Site 9, struck lithic material

7.12.4 The flakes ranged somewhat in size and shape, reflecting the various stages in reduction, from decortication and core shaping to core maintenance and adjustment. Generally, these were fairly thin and well detached, with a mean weight of c.11g, demonstrating some care and skill in knapping. Two of these were true squat flakes, common to Bronze Age assemblages (Martingell 2016). Two, and possibly a third flake, all from pit [910], were likely biface thinning flakes.

7.12.5 The blades and blade-like flakes were generally smaller and more well-detached than the flakes, having a mean weight of only c.5g (this stays consistent when blade-like flakes are eliminated). Around 50% of these were blade like flakes, and none of the blades were truly prismatic, though all were narrow and thin, with evidence of deliberate, repeated blade

production.

7.12.6 Of the retouched pieces, most were scrapers of various types, though two were only tentatively ascribed so ('possible' scrapers), for a total of eleven. A further six were simple edge-trimmed implements, retouched along one or two edges for scraping or cutting purposes. The final two pieces were a possible piercer, from ditch [921], and a fabricator, from ditch [886]. Ten of the retouched pieces were recovered from ditches, only one or two from each context. Seven were recovered from subsoil (501), all but one of these recovered from Trench 258. The retouched implements ranged in date from the Mesolithic to Neolithic to the Bronze Age to Iron Age, the later examples utilising larger or thicker flakes as blanks.

7.12.7 The fabricator was of interest; it was recovered as one of four struck pieces from ditch [886] and was the only retouched piece from this feature. It was a narrow, but fairly thick, blade, with a central crest on the dorsal face with short flake scars originating from it, and steeply retouched left and right margins. The typical wear seen on fabricators usually pertains to their use as a strike-a-light, though this example shows little evidence of this. Microwear analysis may assist in elucidating this. An illustration and photograph of this piece should accompany the final version of this report.

7.12.8 The single core from the area was recovered from ditch [902] in Trench 256, This was a thick, almost entirely cortical piece, with short flake scars and possible retouch around one curved edge- this was possibly used as a large scraper, more common to Bronze Age to Iron Age flintworking. The four core fragments were of variable date; two had narrow blade scars, indicating an earlier date, and two were larger, thicker and likely later, indicated by their coarser flake scars and common incipient hertzian cones (IHCs) from repeated percussive force, indicating a later date. One of these later examples had a very battered dorsal face, possibly utilised as a hammerstone.

7.12.9 Several of the pieces from this assemblage could only be broadly dated as 'prehistoric' (preh), as they lacked any typological traits able to ascribe them

to a more specific period (39 pieces, c.26%). Most of these pieces were small flakes and microdebitage. The largest proportion of the assemblage dated to the Mesolithic to Neolithic period (41 pieces, c.28%), though only six of the more diagnostic retouched pieces were thought to be within this range. The remaining 37 pieces were potentially later, dating to the Neolithic to Bronze Age period (25%). Only 13 pieces date from the Bronze Age to Iron Age (c.9%).

Unworked Burnt Stone

7.12.10 A significant quantity of unworked burnt flint was recovered from Site 9, totalling 20,067g (8,861 pieces), in small to large quantities across many different features (Table 11).

Cut no.	Feature Type	Burnt stone (no.)	Burnt stone (wt: g)
764	Ditch	2	16
779	Ditch	98	1366
810	Ditch	3052	4774
813	Ditch	30	182
834	Ditch	6	58
847	Ditch	16	420
886	Ditch	2	13
902	Ditch	2	7
924	Ditch	7	215
970	Kiln	91	176
876	Natural	254	2495
945	Oven	10	9
951	Oven	271	455
957	Oven	70	132
804	Pit	2	108
808	Pit	1	135
827	Pit	1	23
829	Pit	251	305
832	Pit	9	21
852	Pit	406	572
872	Pit	1191	2098
874	Pit	1849	1672
900	Pit	1078	4014
910	Pit	3	7
912	Pit	13	47
929	Pit	3	83

Cut no.	Feature Type	Burnt stone (no.)	Burnt stone (wt: g)
933	Pit	2	32
949	Pit	29	32
501	Subsoil	112	600
Grand Total		8861	20067

Table 11: Site 9, unworked burnt flint

7.12.11 Burnt flint is not inherently dateable but is often recovered from prehistoric contexts. The majority of the burnt flint from Site 9 was heavily burnt, to the point of complete discolouration and shattering, suggesting prolonged or intense heating. This is consistent with the heating of incidental debris from ground-set hearths, where the natural flint within the geology is incidentally heated during the hearth's use. Where small quantities of unworked burnt flint is present, it is likely that features such as this were disturbed by later activity, resulting in the secondary deposition of this material within later features; in the case of pit features, if in-situ burning was evident, the 'pit' may have in fact been the location of such a hearth. The oven and kiln were unlikely prehistoric in origin, and the burnt flint associated with these features was likely heated during their use.

7.12.12 Much higher quantities were recovered from ditches [810] and [779], pits [900], [872] and [874], and natural feature [876]. Natural feature [876] also contained three struck lithic pieces; it is possible that whatever natural feature was present here was used as a location to discard refuse. Ditches [779] and [810] also contained struck lithic material (five and eleven pieces respectively); [779] also contained a quantity of Late Bronze Age pottery (Morgan-Shelbourne, this report, Section 7.16). The highest amount of material was recovered from ditch [810], which contained over 4kg. Ditch [779] contained over 1.5kg. The quantities of unworked burnt flint from the pit features is also significant; over 4kg was recovered from pit [900], with over 2kg from [872] and over 1.5kg from [874]. The fills of these did not contain significant evidence of other burnt material other than the burnt flint, such as dark blueish-grey to black fills or significant charcoal fragments (like pit [1038], Site 7C).

7.12.13 Both the high quantities present and the intense and uniform degree that the stones had been burnt indicate that they had been deliberately heated as part of an intentional process. Flint is not usually a selected-for component of burnt features due to the flint shattering under heat, but is a common feature of 'burnt mound' type features, discussed in the 'Site 7C' section of this report. Like Site 7C, it is possible that a burnt mound was present in the vicinity of these features, the main part of it not located within any evaluation trenches. The fills of these features are not consistent with this process, however. The ditches, in particular, are perhaps unlikely to have been utilised for the deliberate deposition of this material, though this is possible; instead, it is possible that the ditches have truncated or otherwise disturbed a burnt mound, resulting in the material being incorporated within the ditch fills.

Discussion

7.12.14 Generally, the material from this area was likely residual in later features, disturbed from the original context of their deposition. However, several notable contexts are worthy of further discussion.

7.12.15 Pits [910] and [912], both located in Trench 258, contained significant lithic assemblages. Pit [912] contained 33 struck pieces, the most from a single feature in this area. The majority of these were flakes (16 total), though 11 blades and blade-like flakes were present; these were all generally thin and well detached, and the majority dated to the Mesolithic to Neolithic period. The single retouched piece from the pit was a small, very finely retouched end scraper, most likely Early Neolithic in date. It is likely that the entire assemblage from this pit was Early Neolithic in origin, and was deposited around the same time, perhaps as part of a single knapping episode; much of the material was of a similar translucent brownish grey raw material, and two pieces directly refit to one another. The pottery assemblage from this pit was likely Early Neolithic in date, though was a slightly abnormal form (Morgan-Shelbourne, this report, Section 7.16).

7.12.16 Pit [910] contained far fewer individual struck pieces, only six in total,

though these seemed deliberately selected and placed within the pit. Two of the six pieces were large, well detached biface thinning flakes; the sole flake from the pit was similarly large and relatively thin, likely an earlier flake of the same process, though this is uncertain. These bear resemblance to Neolithic biface thinning flakes from the axehead production site at Crown Point, c.10km north-west of this site. Though the quantity of lithic material from this pit is small, the inclusion of three large, finely worked pieces associated with biface, most likely axehead, production, appears to be deliberate. Additionally, the placement of the pieces in-situ appears to have been deliberate, alongside large sherds of Early Neolithic pottery (Morgan-Shelbourne, this report, section 7.16, Plate 93 and Plate 94).

7.12.17 These deposits are reminiscent of Neolithic 'pit sites' seen across East Anglia. Early Neolithic examples are found across Norfolk, Suffolk and Cambridgeshire (e.g. Brundall Memorial Hall, Norfolk (Bishop 2022), Hurst Fen (Clark et al. 1960), Spong Hill (Healy 1988), Kilverstone (Beadsmoore 2006), North Fen, Sutton (Tabor et al 2016), Hopton-on-Sea (Bishop 2017) and Fishponds Way, Haughley (Bishop 2020)). These sites can contain many, many more pits than the two seen here; the volume of pits and also the flint assemblages contained therein are usually a metric for the frequency of the occupation of a site, which are thought to be seasonally occupied by nomadic groups during this period (Garrow 2006). The evidence from this site suggests infrequent occupation, though there seems to be an additional dimension to the intentionality of the deposits within the pits at this site; the small quantity of lithic material is still significant considering the pieces selected for deposition within these features. Pit [829], in Trench 247, also contained 14 pieces, and is also likely part of this site type.

7.12.18 Additionally, the subsoil around Trench 258 is worthy of note. This layer contained 14 struck lithic pieces- a very high proportion of these, totalling seven implements, were retouched pieces- and 600g of unworked burnt stone. Many prehistoric features pertaining to flint knapping are not cut features; for example, knapping platforms and flint scatters. It is possible

that the proliferation of struck lithic material in this area suggests that such a feature, only moderately disturbed by later ploughing, was located in this area; the unworked burnt stone may indicate occupation evidence, such as hearths, was located here. That such a high proportion of retouched implements was recovered is likely due to recognition bias on the site, but is still a reliable indicator that significant proportions of lithic material are likely present in the area.

7.13 Site 10B

7.13.1 Seven struck lithic pieces and 53g of unworked burnt flint was recovered from Site 10B.

The Struck Lithic Material

7.13.2 Six of the struck pieces were recovered from ditch [561], in Trench 274; one was recovered from pond [577], in Trench 281. The material was fairly diverse, comprising a core, four flakes and two retouched pieces. One of the retouched pieces was recovered from pond [577]; this was a small, shallowly notched piece, likely dating to the Neolithic to Bronze Age. The flakes, from ditch [561], were thin and small, but were unable to be dated to a particular prehistoric period. The core, likely Late Neolithic to Bronze Age in origin, was small, with several short, poorly detached flake scars. Many IHCs were present on various faces, indicating many failed attempts to detached flakes; one face was very bashed, either from knapping attempts of from use as a hammerstone. The retouched piece from the ditch was a short edge trimmed piece, possibly used as a scraper, likely Early Neolithic in date. It is likely that these pieces were all residual finds in later features.

Unworked Burnt Flint

7.13.3 A very small quantity of unworked burnt flint was recovered from Site 10B; 2g from pit [551] in Trench 276, and 51g from pit [622] in Trench 280. The pieces were heavily burnt, indicating prolonged exposure to high heats in a feature such as a hearth; the significant signs of burning in these pits may indicate that these represent the remains of prehistoric ground-set hearths,

either in-situ or the discarded remains of such within a pit.

7.14 Site 10C

7.14.1 Only nine struck lithic pieces were recovered from Site 10C; a significantly higher quantity (2,859g) of unworked burnt stone was also present.

The Struck Lithic Material

7.14.2 Eight of the nine struck pieces were from pit [626], in Trench 288; one piece was from posthole [669], in Trench 295. This was likely a residual piece in a later feature; a generic debitage flake, likely Neolithic in origin. Pit [626] contained seven flakes, a blade-like flake and a retouched piece. The retouched piece was a steeply retouched edge trimmed piece, the retouch slightly serrated, likely for cutting purposes, though the distal end was also very sharp and may have been used as a piercer.

7.14.3 Five of the flakes could only be broadly ascribed as ‘preh’; the other pieces ranged in date from the Mesolithic to Neolithic through to the Bronze Age. However, it is likely that the pieces are broadly contemporary, and were deposited into the pit intentionally, perhaps as refuse.

Unworked Burnt Flint

7.14.4 A large quantity of unworked burnt flint was recovered from pit [608], in Trench 302. Small quantities were also present in other features from this area (Table 12).

Cut no.	Feature Type	Burnt stone (no.)	Burnt stone (wt: g)
649	Ditch	19	13
691	Ditch	1	18
608	Pit	369	2600
626	Pit	7	228
Grand Total		396	2859

Table 12: Site 10C, unworked burnt stone

7.14.5 The material from the features in Site 10C was mostly heavily burnt, indicating prolonged, intense heating; though, for the most part, the quantities from these features are too small to ascertain the nature of this burning. The quantity from pit [608] is substantially higher, amounting to over 2.5kg of heavily, deliberately burnt flint. As has been the case in

several other features across the site, higher amounts of heavily burnt flint suggests deliberate and intense burning of this material, which, due to its shattering, is not generally a desired outcome; this practice is mostly associated with burnt mound features. It is unclear whether this feature could be associated with a burnt mound on the basis of this evaluation; the fill (609) of the pit may suggest burning in-situ, and several sherds of Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age pottery were also found within it. The flint may have been burnt incidentally; the quantity suggests this is unlikely.

7.15 Site 10E

7.15.1 A single struck lithic piece, a small flake, was recovered from ditch [717] in Trench 311. This piece was a nondescript, sand-glossed flake, unable to be dated beyond generically 'preh'.

7.15.2 A total of three pieces, amounting to 86g, of unworked burnt flint was recovered from pit [726], in Trench 313. The flint was heavily burnt, and was likely incidentally heated as part of a hearth or similar feature, the dumped remains of which were within this pit.

Conclusions & Recommendations for Further Work

7.15.3 Overall, the prehistoric occupation of the site, particularly flint knapping activity, was fairly sparse. There is evidence of prehistoric occupation from at least the Early Neolithic, though some pieces may be from as early as the Mesolithic; few pieces were decisively Bronze Age or later in date, suggesting that knapping activity was not very prolific in the area during this period. However, despite this wide date range, the assemblage was fairly small, especially for a site of this size. This suggests that whatever occupation took place here was fairly non-intensive, perhaps limited to infrequent visits by seasonally mobile groups, largely during the Neolithic period. However, this is only on the basis of a trial trenching evaluation; an open area excavation may have different results.

7.15.4 Several areas of Neolithic activity, appearing mostly Early Neolithic, have been identified, which should be considered if further excavation is planned

at the site. In particular, Sites 4A, 7C and 9, are likely to contain further prehistoric features in the areas outside of the evaluation trenches; Site 7E, with its possible glacial feature and SF 54, is also of interest. Sites with large quantities of burnt flint are also worthy of note, such as Sites 5A, 7C, 9 and 10C. The large quantity of material from some of these features indicates the deliberate selection of the material for a large-scale, intense and deliberate burning, in a feature such as a burnt mound. The burnt flint material has been discarded in its entirety by the specialist, in keeping with regional recommendations.

7.15.5 Several implements from this assemblage have been recommended for illustration within the catalogue. Additionally, photographs of many of these implements, particularly group photographs of some pit assemblages, would be valuable additions to future reports, also listed in the catalogue (Appendix 6).

7.15.6 Microwear analysis would be beneficial on the fabricator, to establish whether this had been used as a strike-a-light, and on the unusual wear on the butt end of SF 54.

7.15.7 This report will need to be updated to include revised site phasing or grouping, if undertaken. The results of this report should be integrated with any future work on the various areas that comprise the whole evaluated area.

7.16 Prehistoric Pottery

[redacted]

Introduction

7.16.1 An assemblage comprising 177 sherds (1858g) of prehistoric pottery was recovered from the excavation. The pottery derived from 43 contexts, relating to ditches, pits and the subsoil, which were split between different areas and subareas. Although diagnostic features were limited and assemblage sizes were generally small, a few different ceramic traditions

were able to be identified.

7.16.2 The earliest of these was a small assemblage of suggested Early Neolithic Plain Bowl derivation. A larger assemblage of Beaker ceramics was also identified, as well as a small assemblage of undiagnostic sherds, which could only be assigned to a broad Early to Middle Bronze Age date.

7.16.3 The majority of the site's ceramics could be assigned to the Post Deverel-Rimbury tradition, of which most of the context assemblages could not be assigned more closely than to the broad, Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age range of the tradition. The remainder exhibited diagnostic characteristics that were indicative of the Early Iron Age part of the traditions range, during which Post Deverel-Rimbury Decorated Ware was in use.

7.16.4 Ceramics later than the Early Iron Age were sparse, although small assemblages of Middle Iron Age-type Plainware and Belgic-type ceramics were identified (the term 'Belgic' is used here following Thompson (1982, 4-5) and should not be taken to imply a link with Caesars Belgae (Commentarii de Bello Gallico, 5.12)), a tradition that is characteristic of the Late Iron Age.

7.16.5 A total of 71g of crumbs (<1g) were also recovered during the evaluation; these were recorded by fabric and weight in the catalogue but do not form a further part of this analysis, unless they formed the entirety of the context assemblage. Due to the spatially distinct nature of the different areas and subareas the results are split following this distinction in the report. The results are presented as a whole, by context in **Error! Reference source not found.Error! Reference source not found.** and by Site in **Error! Reference source not found.**Table 14. The ceramics are in a stable condition. This report provides a quantified description of the assemblage with a brief discussion.

Methodology

7.16.6 All the pottery has been fully recorded following the recommendations laid

out by the Prehistoric Ceramics Research Group (2010; Barclay et. al. 2016). The recording methodology used follows two similar but different approaches, the division being made between sherds of characteristically Middle Iron Age and earlier ceramic traditions (method one), and sherds of characteristically Late Iron Age or Late Iron Age/Early Roman transitional ceramic traditions (method two). This decision has been taken based on the different typical exhibited characteristics of these assemblage types, which can be captured better by slightly different recording/analytical methodologies.

Fabric

7.16.7 Following method one; fabric types were devised on the composition of inclusions present, as well as their density and modal size. Fabric types are designated based on shorthand abbreviated codes, recorded as INCLUSIONTYPE-frequency-size in the catalogue to facilitate wider comparative analysis. These groups were then given site specific codes, i.e. FL1, QUFL2 in this report. In cases where the fabric recipe included more than one inclusion type, the more frequent inclusion is recorded first, i.e. fabric FLQU1 would have calcined flint as the dominant inclusion, with sand being the secondary inclusion. Where tertiary, incidental inclusions were intermittently present within sherds of a given fabric, or where unusual fabric qualities (outside the bounds of the code system) were notable, these are recorded in the longform fabric descriptions in the catalogue (i.e. 'incidental fossil shell'). It should be noted that the recording of incidental fabric characteristics in this manner is for descriptive purposes only, i.e. a sand fabric with 'incidental fossil shell' should not been seen as analogous to a QUSH (sand with shell) fabric recipe for comparative purposes.

7.16.8 Method one entailed each sherd being recorded individually. Sherds weighing less than 1g were classified as crumbs and were recorded by context and weight in the catalogue. Crumbs were not subject to further analysis unless they formed the sole pottery recovered from a context, in which case they are noted in **Error! Reference source not found.** as a null '0' value.

7.16.9 In the case of method two, Late Iron Age sherds were assigned to wider fabric families and names only (e.g. GROG; RW(GROG)). The sherds were also not individually weighed or assigned to a size category, with each group of sherds considered to represent a single 'vessel' being recorded in bulk per context (including any pottery crumbs). Where sherds of comparable fabric that could be visually assigned to separate vessels were present within a context assemblage, the grouped sherds were recorded in separate entries in the catalogue. As a result, each entry in the catalogue for sherds recorded using method two is considered to be a separate 'vessel', meaning additional vessel numbers were not required to be assigned.

Class, form, surface treatments/decoration and miscellaneous characteristics

7.16.10 In both methodologies, sherd type (or bulk sherd types) were recorded in the catalogue using the convention R=rim, U=bodysherd, SH=shoulder, H=handle and B=base, with the suffix 'D' being used to indicate the presence of decoration, i.e. RDU is a rim and body sherd with decoration on the rim, RDSHD a rim and shoulder sherd with decoration on the rim and shoulder etc. (further, less commonly used sherd codes are recorded in the 'key' section of the catalogue).

7.16.11 Manufacturing technology was also recorded (where apparent), evidence for surface treatment, decoration (technique, motif and location, expanded upon in the catalogue as required) and the presence of adaptation, repair, makers stamps, soot and/or residue.

7.16.12 All sherds recovered and recorded using method one were subject to size analysis. Sherds less than 4cm in diameter were classified as 'small', sherds measuring 4-8cm were classified as 'medium' and sherds over 8cm in diameter were classified as 'large'.

7.16.13 For both methodologies rim and base diameters were measured, and surviving percentages noted (thereby allowing the Estimated Vessel Equivalent (EVE) to be calculated, if considered appropriate). Where possible, sherds were assigned to a ceramic tradition, based on their

exhibited characteristics. In the case of method one, rim and base forms were described using a codified system appropriate to their ceramic tradition, with shoulder type also being described using a generalised format in the catalogue (Supplied for archive deposition). Rim and base sherds were then assigned vessel numbers. For method two, rim and shoulder types were not recorded (the more detailed form categories serving this purpose for these ceramic traditions), although base types were still recorded using an appropriate more generalised format.

7.16.14 In cases where a sherd or groups of refitting sherds retained suitable diagnostic characteristics (most commonly portions of the rim and shoulder or base) they were further classified. Where possible the vessels were first assigned to a broad class (e.g. jar, bowl, cup). In less common instances vessels were then further assigned to form, again using a series appropriate to the applied ceramic tradition designation. These comprised the series devised by R. Cleal for Early Neolithic ceramics (2004), as well as the series devised by M. Brudenell (Brudenell 2012) and the class scheme created by John Barrett (1980), both for Post Deverel-Rimbury ceramics. The series devised by Thompson (1982) for Belgic-type ceramics was also utilized when appropriate.

7.16.15 The site assemblage contained a minimum of sixteen vessels. This is based on the number of rim or base sherds recovered and recorded using method one (fifteen sherds) combined with the number of entries recorded using method two (two entries).

Dating

7.16.16 Based on the recorded characteristics above, a suggested sherd date range was assigned to each sherd. The combined information about all the ceramics from each context was then used to suggest a ceramic date range for that context. For example, a context with five undiagnostic Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age ceramic tradition sherds, and one diagnostic Earlier Iron Age sherd could result in the whole context being assigned an Earlier Iron Age date range, if considered appropriate.

7.16.17 It should be noted that most sherds do not exhibit diagnostic characteristics that enabled such a refined date range to be suggested, with such refined context dates often relying on the presence/absence of limited numbers of diagnostic sherds.

Terminology

7.16.18 Within prehistoric ceramics it is not unusual for ceramic traditions to continue in use over multiple chronological periods, for example the East Midlands Scored Ware tradition is characteristic of the Middle Iron Age period in that region, but is not exclusive to it, continuing well into the Late Iron Age on some sites. Due to this common phenomenon, the use of labels for ceramics that are shared by period titles, such as 'Late Iron Age pottery' will be avoided (wherever possible, given established terminology in prehistoric ceramic studies) to aid clarity. For the same reason, the convention 'X ceramic tradition, current in Y period' will be followed below unless considered self-evident.

Context No	Cut	Area Name	Trench	Category	SSFabric Code	Fabric Name	Count	Weight (g)	Ceramic Tradition	Ceramic Context Date
27	26	3B	48	Ditch	FL1		1	3	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700-3300BC
83	82	4A	69	Ditch	FLQU2		2	14	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
84	82	4A	69	Ditch	FLQU1		4	27	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
95	89	4A	65	Ditch	FLQU2		2	6	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
106	105	4A	58	Ditch	FLQU3		1	2	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
107	105	4A	58	Ditch	FLQU3; FLQU2		7	31	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
135	134	4A	67	Pit	FLQU2; QU1		2	9	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
143	142	4A	70	Ditch	FLQU3; FLQU1; FL2		7	19	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
146	142	4A	70	Ditch	GR1; FLQU4; QUFL1		6	17	UNDIAG EBA/MBA CT; POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	4A	70	Ditch	FLQU4; QUFL1		13	41	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
158	157	4A	80	Ditch	FLQU1; QU2		2	15	ENEO PLAIN BOWL; MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350-50/0BC
163	162	4A	80	Pit	QU1; FLQU1; FLQU2		4	18	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE; POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
165	164	4A	78	Ditch	QUGR1		1	2	UNDIAG EBA/MBA CT	2400-1150/1100BC
167	166	4A	80	Pit	FLGR1		33	189	BEAKER	2400-1750BC
170	168	4A	81	Ditch	QU1		1	2	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350-50/0BC
188	187	4A	59	Ditch	QUFL1		1	6	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	800-400/350BC
191	190	4A	80	Ditch	FLQU2; FLQU3		6	22	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY; POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800-400/350BC

Context No	Cut	Area Name	Trench	Category	SSFabric Code	Fabric Name	Count	Weight (g)	Ceramic Tradition	Ceramic Context Date
194	190	4A	80	Ditch	FLQU3		2	7	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	800-400/350BC
200	199	4A	58	Ditch	FLQU2; FLQU3		1	3	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
205	203	4A	81	Ditch	FLQU2		1	4	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
265	264	4A	57	Pit	FL1		1	2	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
502	502	9	258	Natural	FLQU4		4	76	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
609	608	10C	302	Pit	FLQU2		4	11	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
690	689	10C	294	Ditch	FL1		1	2	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
765	764	9	247	Ditch	QU3		3	17	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350-50/0BC
771	768	9	231	Pit	FLQU4		1	8	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
778	777	9	248	Ditch	QUFL2; QU1		5	45	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY; POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800-400/350BC
783	779	9	248	Ditch	QUFL2	RW(Q)	4	58	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY; BELGIC-TYPE	1150/1100-400/350BC
805	804	9	247	Pit	QU1		1	4	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350-50/0BC
814	813	9	246	Ditch	QU1		2	8	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350-50/0BC
822	821	9	246	Ditch		RW(Q)	2	4	BELGIC-TYPE	50BC-AD50
828	827	9	243	Pit	FLQU1		2	22	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
842	841	9	241	Ditch	FL1		1	2	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context No	Cut	Area Name	Trench	Category	SSFabric Code	Fabric Name	Count	Weight (g)	Ceramic Tradition	Ceramic Context Date
888	886	9	247	Ditch	GRQU1		1	4	UNDIAG EBA/MBA CT	2400-1150/1100BC
905	904	9	261	Ditch	FLQU2		1	2	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
909	908	9	259	Pit	FLQU1; QU1; FL2		23	242	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY; POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800-400/350BC
911	910	9	258	Pit	FLQU1; FL2		1	18	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700-3300BC
913	912	9	258	Pit	FLQU1; QUFL1		18	875	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700-3300BC
939	937	9	263	Pit	QU1		1	12	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350-50/0BC
950	949	9	250	Pit	FL1		1	3	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
977	976	9	251	Ditch	QU1		1	2	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350-50/0BC
982	981	7A	129	Ditch	FL1		1	2	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
100	99	4A	65	Ditch	FLQU2		1	2	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	1150/1100-400/350BC
TOTAL							177	1858		

Table 13: Pottery by Context

Site	Count	Weight (g)	Count (%)	Weight (%)
3B	1	3	0.6	0.2
4A	98	438	55.4	23.6
7A	1	2	0.6	0.1
9	72	1402	40.7	75.5
10C	5	13	2.8	0.7
TOTAL	177	1858	100.0	100.0

Table 14: Pottery by Site.

SSFabric Code	Shorthand Fabric Type	Fabric Name	Longhand Fabric Description
FL1	FL-RS-FC		Rare to sparse, fine to coarse calcined flint
FL2	FL-MC-FVC		Moderate to coarse, fine to very coarse calcined flint
FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		Sparse to moderate, fine to very coarse calcined flint, rare to sparse, fine to coarse grog
FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		Rare to sparse, fine to very coarse calcined flint, rare, fine sand
FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		Rare to sparse, fine to coarse calcined flint, rare, fine sand
FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		Rare to sparse, fine to moderate calcined flint, rare, fine sand
FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		Sparse to moderate, fine to coarse calcined flint, rare to sparse, fine sand
GR1	GR-RS-FC		Rare to sparse, fine to coarse grog
GRQU1	GR-RS-FMQU-R-F		Rare to sparse, fine to moderate grog, rare, fine sand
QU1	QU-RS-F		Rare to sparse, fine sand
QU2	QU-RS-FM		Rare to sparse, fine to moderate sand
QU3	QU-SM-F		Sparse to moderate, fine sand
QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		Rare to sparse, fine sand, rare, fine to moderate calcined flint
QUFL2	QU-RS-FFL-R-FVC		Rare to sparse, fine sand, rare, fine to very coarse calcined flint
QUGR1	QU-RS-FGR-R-FM		Rare to sparse, fine sand, rare, fine to moderate grog
		RW(Q)	Reduced ware (quartz)

Table 15: Fabric Series

Condition and depositional environment

Feature Type	Sherd Count	Sherd count (%)
Ditch	81	45.8
Natural	4	2.3
Pit	92	52.0
TOTAL	177	100.0

Table 16: Assemblage by entity.

Condition	Sherd Count	Sherd Count (%)
UNABRADED	82	46.3
REFIRED	3	1.7
SEVERE	7	4.0
SIGNIFICANT	40	22.6
SIGNIFICANT; LEACHED	1	0.6
SLIGHT	44	24.9
TOTAL	177	100.0

Table 17: Sherd Condition

7.16.19 The pottery assemblage as a whole displayed a moderate Mean Sherd Weight (MSW) of 10.5g and was recovered relatively equally from ditches and pits (Table 16).

7.16.20 This MSW is not closely reflected in the generally poor condition of the assemblage, with under half of the sherds being unabraded (Table 17).Table 17: Sherd Condition

7.16.21 Sherd sizes were illustrative of the of the assemblage condition with most (139 sherds, 80% by Sherd Count (SC)) being small. These metrics are broadly indicative of context assemblages being composed of ad-hoc, broken pots that have been incidentally deposited.

7.16.22 The presence of a small number of refired sherds (sherds that had been subject to significant heat post-breakage) is however indicative that at least a part of the assemblage had spent time on the surface prior to final deposition. These sherds were split between the Post Deverel-Rimbury

(two sherds) and Belgic-type (one sherd) traditions.

7.16.23 Evidence of use wear was entirely absent, although surviving residues were quite common given the size of the assemblage (six examples). These exclusively comprised internal sooting, present on Beaker (three sherds), Early Neolithic Plain Bowl (one example) and Post Deverel-Rimbury tradition (two sherds) ceramics.

Site 3B Results

Early Neolithic: Plain Bowl

7.16.24 The tradition assemblage comprised a single, coarse calcined flint tempered sherd (3g), recovered from Ditch [26] in Trench 48. The sherd was a small undiagnostic bodysherd in a severely abraded condition, factors that mean it is not immediately distinguishable from the later prehistoric sherds present on the site. The sherd did however have a distinctive 'leathery' uneven surface and was less well fired than the other, later prehistoric traditions present which also used calcined flint fabrics. Based on these tenuous grounds, the sherd can be 'best-fitted' into the Early Neolithic Plain Bowl tradition (Gibson and Woods 1997; Whittle et. al. 2011).

Site 3B Discussion & Statement of Potential

7.16.25 Based on the very small size and lack of diagnostic characteristics of the area assemblage it retains little potential for further analysis, beyond potentially dating the feature it was recovered from.

Site 4A Results

Early Neolithic: Plain Bowl

7.16.26 The tradition assemblage comprised a single, coarse calcined flint tempered sherd (3g), recovered from Ditch [157] in Trench 80. The sherd was a small undiagnostic bodysherd in a severely abraded condition, meaning that like the Area 4B assemblage tradition designation cannot be made with any confidence. Also, as with the sherd from Trench 48, the

sherd did however have a distinctive 'leathery' uneven surface and was not very hard fired, factors which suggest an Early Neolithic date.

Chalcolithic to Early Bronze Age: Beaker

7.16.27 The tradition assemblage (33 sherds, 189g) was entirely recovered from a single feature, Pit [166] in Trench 80 and may have represented the remains of a single vessel.

Fabric, form and decoration

7.16.28 All the sherds were composed of the same, very coarse calcined flint and grog tempered fabric. Due to the poor condition of the tradition assemblage no surviving vessel profile could be reconstructed, meaning forms could not be assigned. Diagnostic sherds were however present, in the form of a plain, everted rim (rim diameter 18cm) and two flat base sherds (base diameter 14cm), both of which suggest the vessel represented was quite large. Decorative motifs were quite common (10 sherds, 99g) but were restricted to impressed fingertip and fingernail motifs in horizontal lines, creating raised pseudo cordons between them.

Discussion

7.16.29 The characteristics of the period assemblage allow it to be assigned to the Beaker tradition. The relatively thick-walled sherds in coarse, calcined flint and grog fabric are typical, whilst the distinctive 'all-over' plastic decoration indicate the sherds derive from the domestic, 'rusticated' component of the tradition. Vessels of this type are generally distinct from the finer vessels that are more typical of Beaker funerary contexts, although they can share decorative motifs. Rusticated Beakers have been suggested to be most characteristic of latter Beaker use (Gibson & Snape 2013, 135; Gibson & Gill 2013, 262-264), being more prevalent in Needham's Phases 2 and 3 (c. 2200-1750BC) (2005, 209-210).

Early to Middle Bronze Age: Undiagnostic

7.16.30 The tradition assemblage comprised only two sherds (6g) and was

recovered in a poor condition from Ditch [142], Trench 70 and Ditch [164], Trench 78. Diagnostic features were entirely absent, meaning tradition designation could only be made based on the coarse grog (one sherds, 4g) and sand and grog (one sherd, 2g) fabrics used. These characteristics (in handmade, thick-walled sherds) are most characteristic of the various 'Urn' traditions of the Early and Middle Bronze Age.

Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age & Earlier Iron Age: Post Devel-Rimbury & Post Deverel-Rimbury Decorated Ware

7.16.31 The tradition assemblage formed one of the largest assemblages recovered from the area (60 sherds, 226g) and as a result was recovered from a wider range of contexts, although Trench 142 was a clear focus. The majority of the tradition assemblage could not be more closely designated than to the broad currency of the tradition (51 sherds, 191g), with the minority being considered to be more characteristic of the latter half of the traditions use (nine sherds, 35g). Due to the relatively small size of the assemblage and the general lack of diagnostic features all the Post Deverel-Rimbury sherds are discussed together below.

Fabric

SSFabric Code	Sherd Count	Weight (g)	Sherd Count (%)	Weight (%)
FL1	1	2	2.0	1.0
FL2	1	2	2.0	1.0
FLQU1	6	36	11.8	18.8
FLQU2	15	70	29.4	36.6
FLQU3	8	20	15.7	10.5
FLQU4	10	35	19.6	18.3
QU1	2	7	3.9	3.7
QUFL1	8	19	15.7	9.9
TOTAL	51	191	100.0	100.0

Table 18: Site 4A Post Deverel-Rimbury fabrics

7.16.32 The assemblage was dominated by calcined flint as the sole or principal inclusion (80.4% by SC). The only other fabrics present also contained sand, either as the principal component with calcined flint, or very rarely as the sole inclusion (Table 18).

Form

7.16.33 The period assemblage contained a minimum of three vessels, based on recovered rim sherds. These rims comprised two flat externally expanded forms (Type 5.3) and a single upright tapered rim (Type 3). No sherds were able to be assigned to class or form.

Decoration and surface treatment

7.16.34 Decorative applications were limited to four bodysherds (6.6% by SC). The most common motif was the use of incised grooving to create horizontal narrow raised cordons (two examples), as well as similar incised motifs that had not been applied strongly enough to create raised decoration (one example). The remaining decorative motif comprised dragged fingernail impressions, creating half-moon shaped indents on a single sherd. The level of surface treatment was low, with only three sherds (5% by SC) being roughly smoothed.

Discussion

7.16.35 The assemblage is not large and generally lacks diagnostic qualities, factors which inhibit more refined dating. The dominance of mixed, calcined flint dominant fabrics within the assemblage is however suggestive of a date earlier within the currency of the Post Deverel-Rimbury tradition, as during this period the fabrics used lack the solely sand tempered fabrics found more commonly in Early Iron Age assemblages (Brudenell 2012, Fig. 5.26, 203). Similarly, the general lack of decoration is more indicative of assemblages predating the Early Iron Age, although the limited presence of incised motifs and fine cordons is associated with assemblages later within the traditions currency, as can be seen in Cunliffe's various Early Iron Age style groups for East Anglia, most notably the Darmsden-Linton substyle (2010, Fig. A:13, 624). As such, although the bulk of the assemblage is undiagnostic a pre-Early Iron Age date for most of the assemblage is probable, with a few select assemblages potentially being later in date (**Error! Reference source not found.**).

Middle Iron Age: MIA-type Plainware

7.16.36 The tradition assemblage comprised two, small sand tempered sherds, recovered from Ditches [157] and [168] (Trenches 80 and 81). Both sherds were undiagnostic bodysherds, limiting any analysis. The fabric recipe, handmade manufacture and thick-walled nature of the sherds can however be best-fitted into the predominant Middle Iron Age tradition of the region.

Site 4A Discussion & Statement of Potential

7.16.37 The area assemblage is large enough to retain some diagnostic potential, although this is limited to the Beaker and Post Deverel-Rimbury assemblages. Although derived from a single-context, the Beaker probably represents a 'domestic'-type assemblage of a type that is typically found in surface spreads, or pit deposits regionally (Garrow 2006, 120-127). Assemblages of this nature remain under-investigated compared to Beaker funerary assemblages and are generally considered to derive from middening clearance, although the possibility that the entire assemblage derives from a single vessel may indicate a more selective depositional practice in this instance. The Post Deverel-Rimbury assemblage was in a much worse condition and was spread over a larger area, and as such does not retain much potential beyond contributing to dating/phasing features. The larger proportion of the assemblages recovered from trenches 70 and 80 do however indicate a focus for activity in these areas, with potential Earlier Iron Age activity being limited to the latter trench.

Site 7A Results

Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age: Post Deverel-Rimbury

7.16.38 The tradition assemblage comprised a single, small, calcined flint tempered sherd (2g), recovered from Ditch [981] in Trench 129. The sherd was a small undiagnostic bodysherd in a poor condition, meaning the confidence of any designation applied is low. The hard, relatively thin-walled nature of the sherd are however more indicative of a Post Deverel-Rimbury origin.

Site 7A Discussion & Statement of Potential

7.16.39 Based on the very small size and lack of diagnostic characteristics of the area assemblage it retains little potential for further analysis, beyond

potentially dating the feature it was recovered from.

Site 9 Results

Early Neolithic: Plain Bowl

7.16.40 The tradition assemblage formed one of the larger assemblages recovered from the area (nineteen sherds, 893g) and was recovered from two adjacent pits ([910 & [912]) in Trench 258.

Fabric and form

7.16.41 The assemblage was entirely composed of sherds fabrics using either calcined flint and/or sand as the choice of inclusion, although a very coarse calcined flint and sand fabric was the most prevalent (73.7% by SC).

7.16.42 The period assemblage contained a minimum of four vessels, based on recovered rim sherds. The rims were all externally thickened and were irregular in form around their circumference, although they probably formed a part of the same vessel (which could not be refitted directly). Surviving upper vessel profiles were limited, although the vessel appeared to be a closed, simple form with quite a 'heavy' appearance.

Discussion

7.16.43 The assemblage was lacking in diagnostic qualities and in many respects is not readily distinguishable from the sherds of later traditions present across the wider area, although the association of the sherds with a small, worked flint assemblage suggests a later date is not appropriate. The probable single vessel present is slightly atypical for the ceramic tradition, with closed, more globular vessels with 'heavier' rims generally being more characteristic of assemblages later in the Early Neolithic (Barclay et. al. 2021).

Early to Middle Bronze Age: Undiagnostic

7.16.44 The tradition assemblage consisted of a single sherd (4g) recovered from Ditch [886] in Trench 247. As with the sherds recovered from Area 4A,

diagnostic features were entirely absent, meaning tradition designation could only be made based on the grog and sand fabric recipe used. This fabric (in handmade, thick-walled sherds) is most characteristic of the various 'Urn' traditions of the Early and Middle Bronze Age.

Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age & Earlier Iron Age: Post Devel-Rimbury & Post Deverel-Rimbury Decorated Ware

7.16.45 The tradition assemblage formed the largest assemblage recovered from the area by count (37 sherds, 347g) and as a result was recovered from a wider range of contexts, although trenches 258-259 were foci for deposition. A proportion of the tradition assemblage by count could not be more closely designated than to the broad currency of the tradition (nine sherds, 60g), with the remainder being more characteristic of the latter half of the traditions use (28 sherds, 287g). Due to the relatively small size of the assemblage and the general lack of diagnostic features all the Post Deverel-Rimbury sherds are discussed together below.

Fabric

SSFabric Code	Sherd Count	Sherd Count (%)	Weight (g)	Weight (%)
FL1	2	5.4	5	1.4
FL2	2	5.4	37	10.7
FLQU1	9	24.3	75	21.6
FLQU2	1	2.7	2	0.6
FLQU4	1	2.7	8	2.3
QU1	16	43.2	158	45.5
QUFL2	6	16.2	62	17.9
TOTAL	37	100.0	347	100.0

Table 19: Site 9 Post Deverel-Rimbury fabrics.

7.16.46 The most common single recipe within the assemblage was calcined flint as the principal inclusion (40.5% by SC). By way of contrast to Site 4A, there were significant quantities of sherds using sand as the principal or sole inclusion (43.2% by SC), with the use of calcined flint by itself being minimal (10.8% by SC).

Form

7.16.47 The period assemblage contained a minimum of five vessels, based on recovered rim (three) and base (two) sherds. These rims were all simple types, being either upright, flat (one example) or everted flat (two examples) types. The bases present comprised a single simple, flat type and an example which was incomplete, but probably derived from a more complex base form (omphalos, footring or pedestal). No sherds could be assigned to class or form.

Decoration and surface treatment

7.16.48 Decorative applications were extremely limited, comprising a single bodysherd which had been wiped on its exterior surface. The level of surface treatment was slightly higher, with five sherds (13.6% by SC) being burnished or smoothed externally.

Discussion

7.16.49 The assemblage bears many similarities to the Post Deverel-Rimbury assemblage from Site 4a, although unfortunately it also lacks diagnostic qualities. The higher incidence of sand used within the fabric recipes used suggests a later date focus than 4A, with the levels used matching those found in Post Deverel-Rimbury Mature Decorated Ware assemblages regionally (Brudenell 2012, Table 5.18, 204). Beyond the broad trends indicated by fabric composition, the only other chronologically diagnostic factor is the presence of a single more complex base, which although incomplete is unlikely to date to the Late Bronze Age (Ibid., 199).

Middle Iron Age: MIA-type Plainware

7.16.50 The tradition assemblage comprised eight sand tempered sherds (43g), recovered as small context assemblages, principally from trenches 246-247. The sherds were all undiagnostic, meaning that designation could only be made based on fabric and manufacture, characteristics the suggest a Middle Iron Age date is the most plausible.

Late Iron Age: Belgic-type

7.16.51 The Belgic-type ceramic tradition assemblage consisted of three sherds (39g) derived from ditches [779] and [821] in trenches 246 and 248.

Fabric and decoration

7.16.52 The sherds were composed of sand-tempered fabrics which in one case also contained fine grog. Diagnostic features were absent, although one of the sherds had been burnished whilst the other had a flat cordon on its exterior, decorated by stabbed impressions.

Discussion

7.16.53 The fabric and decoration allow the sherds to be assigned to the Belgic-type ceramic tradition, which is characteristic of Late Iron Age period regionally. The start date of this tradition is debated, although as a general rule its use is unlikely to predate the second half of the 1st century BC. The end date for the use of these ceramics is similarly variable, although they typically continue in use well into the later 1st century AD, being gradually augmented and eventually replaced by 'Romanizing' and Roman ceramics. The tradition assemblage is so minimal that precise dating is not possible, although it should be noted that none of the sherds are characteristic of this latter period of use.

Site 9 Discussion & Statement of Potential

7.16.54 The area assemblage is large enough to retain some diagnostic potential, although only amongst the Post Deverel-Rimbury assemblage. The presence of this assemblage and the focus of deposition amongst a few trenches is indicative of a focus for activity in this area, although due to the lack of diagnostic qualities the ceramics cannot inform as to the nature of this activity.

Site 10C Results

Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age: Post Devel-Rimbury

7.16.55 The tradition assemblage comprised five small sherds (13g), recovered from trenches 294 and 302. The sherds were composed calcined flint (on

sherd, 2g) and calcined flint and sand fabrics (four sherds, 11g) and lacked other diagnostic qualities. As such, designation to the broad Post Deverel-Rimbury tradition can only be made based on fabric and the hard-fired nature of the sherds.

Site 10C Discussion & Statement of Potential

7.16.56 Based on the very small size and lack of diagnostic features of the area assemblage it retains little potential for further analysis, beyond potentially dating the features the sherds were recovered from.

Summary

7.16.57 The prehistoric pottery recovered from the evaluation was recovered from a number of different sites, comprising 3B, 4A, 7A, 9 and 10C, although only two areas (4A and 9) produced assemblages of any size.

7.16.58 A variety of prehistoric ceramic traditions were represented, although context assemblages were generally small and lacking diagnostic features. Earlier prehistoric traditions comprised small assemblages of Early Neolithic Plain Bowl, a larger assemblage of Beaker ceramics and a small assemblage of undiagnostic Early to Middle Bronze Age sherds of indeterminate tradition.

7.16.59 Sherds of later prehistoric tradition were much more abundant, with the Post Deverel-Rimbury tradition forming the majority of the site's prehistoric assemblage. In most cases context assemblages did not retain diagnostic features sufficient to apply a more refined date than the broad, Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age currency of the tradition. A proportion of the assemblage did however exhibit trends that suggest a date later in the currency of the tradition, during which Post Deverel-Rimbury Decorated Ware was in use. Much smaller assemblages of Middle Iron Age-type Plainware and Belgic-type tradition (Late Iron Age) ceramics were also identified, although diagnostic features were minimal.

General recommendations

7.16.60 This report will need to be updated to include revised site phasing or grouping, if undertaken. The results of this report should be integrated with any future work on the various areas that comprise the whole evaluated area.

7.17 The Roman Pottery

[redacted]

Introduction

7.17.1 A small assemblage of Roman pottery totalling 651 sherds and weighing 4504g (4.06 Estimated Vessel Equivalent (EVE)) was recovered during the evaluation (Table 20; Appendix 8) A minimum of 155 individual vessels are represented.

7.17.2 Roman pottery was recovered from 17 trenches. The largest quantity of Roman pottery was recovered from Site 9 (65.76% by weight), mainly from Trench 251 which contained more than half of the whole assemblage (Table 20).

Site	Trench	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
9		395	2962	1.71	65.76
	251	266	2552	1.08	
	250	107	309	0.30	
	257	11	77	0.33	
	258	6	17	0.00	
	260	1	6	0.00	
	261	4	1	0.00	
4A		181	1035	1.45	22.98
	67	146	736	1.21	
	59	8	125	0.18	
	65	8	89	0.00	
	69	9	49	0.00	
	57	9	19	0.06	
	80	1	17	0.00	
2A	24	34	338	0.08	7.50
7A		34	150	0.73	3.33
	129	17	83	0.43	
	130	17	67	0.30	
10A	306	6	16	0.09	0.36
7C	143	1	3	0.00	0.07
Total		651	4504	4.06	100.00

Table 20: The Roman pottery by Trench

7.17.3 Almost half of the pottery (by weight) was recovered from a possible kiln. The remaining pottery was recovered predominately from ditches, with small quantities recovered from pits, ovens, a layer and a posthole (Table 21).

Feature	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
Kiln	248	2139	0.79	47.49
Ditch	262	1729	2.51	38.39
Pit	61	411	0.23	9.13
Oven	71	146	0.39	3.24
Layer	3	63	0.05	1.40
Posthole	6	16	0.09	0.36
Total	651	4504	4.06	100.00

Table 21: Features from which Roman pottery was recovered

Condition of the Pottery

7.17.4 None of the pottery appears to have been deliberately placed; rather, it represents the fragmentary and incomplete remains of pottery vessels that have been discarded, possibly middened and eventually dispersed into the agrarian landscape. As a result, the pottery has suffered from severe post-use abrasion and has a whole assemblage average sherd weight (ASW) of c. 6.9g. If the pottery from the environmental samples is removed, this figure is elevated to c. 9.4g. The high levels of abrasion have limited the survival of residues associated with the use of the vessels. No traces of residues associated with cooking were recorded.

Methodology

7.17.5 The pottery was reported on by the author following the guidelines of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA 2024). The total assemblage was studied, and a catalogue was prepared (in archive). The sherd fabrics were identified using a hand lens (x10 magnification) and were divided into fabric groups defined based on the types of inclusions. Traded wares are recorded using the National fabric series (Tomber and Dore 1998), while local fabrics are recorded using the regional series (MOLA Headland Infrastructure 2024) and cross-referenced with local published examples.

Vessel forms (jar, bowl) and their types were recorded using the regional series (MOLA Headland Infrastructure 2024). The sherds were counted and weighed to the nearest whole gram and recorded by context. Decoration, residues, and abrasion were also noted. PCA curates the pottery and archive.

The Pottery by Fabric and Form

7.17.6 A total of twelve broad fabrics were recorded (Table 22). The majority of the assemblage comprises locally produced utilitarian coarse wares supplemented by lesser numbers of imported or domestically traded fine and specialist wares.

Fabric: abbreviation [Published reference: 1 MHI 2024, 2 Tomber and Dore 1998]	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
Coarse sandy micaceous greyware1: CSMGW	421	3486	2.88	77.40
Coarse sandy micaceous reduced ware1: CSMRDU	66	387	0.39	8.59
Baetican amphora1: BAET	1	177	0.00	3.93
Coarse sandy micaceous oxidised ware1: CSMOX	60	164	0.18	3.64
Colchester Colour-coated ware2: COL CC 2	68	81	0.55	1.80
Colchester White ware2: COL WH	8	63	0.00	1.40
Coarse sandy oxidised ware1: CSOX	3	62	0.00	1.38
Coarse sandy greyware1: CSGW	9	46	0.06	1.02
Lower Nene Valley Colour-coated ware2: LNV CC	4	18	0.00	0.40
Grog-tempered ware1: GROG	3	13	0.00	0.29
Shell-tempered ware1: ROB SH	3	5	0.00	0.11
Lezoux samian 22: LEZ SA 2	5	2	0.00	0.04
Total	651	4504	4.06	100.00

Table 22: The Roman pottery fabrics, listed in descending order of weight (%).

Coarse wares

7.17.7 Locally produced coarse wares comprise approximately 92% of the whole assemblage, produced predominately in micaceous fabrics. The most common fabric is coarse sandy micaceous greyware. Small quantities of unsourced non-micaceous sandy fabrics, grog-tempered and shell-tempered ware were also recovered. Colchester White ware is the only domestically traded coarse ware.

Fine Wares

7.17.8 Fine wares are rare, comprising Colour-coated wares produced by the Colchester and Lower Nene Valley industries as well as a very small number of samian fragments which are likely Central Gaulish, produced in Lezoux.

Specialist wares

7.17.9 The only identified examples of specialist wares are a herd of Baetican amphora and a mortarium sherd produced in Colchester white wares.

Adapted Vessels and graffiti

7.17.10 No examples of post-firing modifications or graffiti were identified. Site 2

Trench	Feature	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
24	Ditch [1199]	14	176	0.00	52.07
	Ditch [1201]	7	84	0.00	24.85
	Ditch [1209]	10	42	0.00	12.43
	Pit [1212]	3	36	0.08	10.65
Total		34	338	0.08	100.00

Table 23: The Roman pottery recovered from Site 2a, listed by trench and feature

Site 2A

7.17.11 In Site 2A, Roman pottery was recovered from three ditches and a pit in Trench 24 (Table 23). Apart from two middle Roman Colchester White ware flagon sherds found in Ditch [1209], the remaining sherds were produced in unsourced coarse sandy micaceous greyware and reduced ware fabrics (Table 24) and could only be assigned a broad Romano-British date.

Fabric: abbreviation	Vessel Form [MHI 2024]	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
Coarse sandy micaceous greyware: CSMGW	Fragment, jar (4.5), jar/bowl	24	202	0.08	59.76
Coarse sandy micaceous reduced ware: CSMRDU	Lid (8.1)	8	127	0.00	37.57
Colchester White ware: COL WH	Flagon	2	9	0.00	2.66
Total		34	338	0.08	100.00

Table 24: The Roman pottery fabrics, vessel forms and types recovered from Site 2A; listed in descending order of weight (%)

Site 4A

Fabric: abbreviation	Vessel Form [MHI 2024]	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
Coarse sandy micaceous greyware: CSMGW	Dish (6.10), fragment, jar (4.3, 4.5, 4.5.2, 5.3), jar/bowl	88	758	0.90	73.24
Coarse sandy micaceous reduced ware: CSMRDU	Fragment, jar, jar/bowl	15	119	0.00	11.50
Colchester Colour-coated ware: COL CC 2	Beaker (3.7)	68	81	0.55	7.83
Colchester White ware: COL WH	Flagon, mortarium	4	49	0.00	4.73
Grog-tempered ware: GROG	Jar, jar/bowl	3	13	0.00	1.26
Coarse sandy oxidised ware: CSOX	Jar/bowl	1	12	0.00	1.16
Coarse sandy micaceous oxidised ware: CSMOX	Fragment	1	2	0.00	0.19
Lezoux samian 2: LEZ SA 2	Fragment	1	1	0.00	0.10
Total		181	1035	1.45	100.00

Table 25: The Roman pottery fabrics, vessel forms and types recovered from Site 4A; listed in descending order of weight (%)

7.17.12 Most of the pottery from Site 4A was produced in unsourced coarse sandy micaceous grey and reduced ware fabrics (Table 25), comprising mostly undiagnostic body sherds and forms which were in use throughout the Roman period. Single sherds of coarse sandy micaceous and non-micaceous oxidised ware were also recovered, as well as a small number of late Iron Age to early Roman grog-tempered sherds. A small quantity of traded wares produced in Colchester were also recovered from this site. The Colchester Colour-coated ware sherds belong to a single folded beaker (type 3.7), while flagon and mortarium sherds produced in Colchester White ware were also identified. A single small fragment of samian likely produced in Lezoux in Central Gaul represents the only imported vessel.

Trench	Feature	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
67	Ditch [87]	143	683	1.21	71.11
	Pit [134]	3	53	0.00	
59	Ditch [187]	8	125	0.18	12.08
65	Ditch [99]	8	89	0.00	8.60

Trench	Feature	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
69	Ditch [85]	7	31	0.00	4.73
	Ditch [82]	2	18	0.00	
57	Oven [255]	9	19	0.06	1.84
80	Ditch [173]	1	17	0.00	1.64
Total		181	1035	1.45	100.00

Table 26: The Roman pottery recovered from Site 4a, listed by trench and feature

7.17.13 Roman pottery was recovered from six trenches, predominately from ditches (Table 26). The most significant assemblage, dated to the mid-2nd century AD, was recovered from Ditch [87]. This feature contained all the fine wares from this area, comprising the samian fragment and the Colour-coated beaker, as well as the Colchester White ware flagon sherds.

Site 7A and 7C

Site	Trench	Feature	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
7a	129	Ditch [981]	17	83	0.43	54.25
	130	Ditch [990]	17	67	0.30	43.79
7c	143	Ditch [1054]	1	3	0.00	1.96
Total			35	153	0.73	100.00

Table 27: The Roman pottery recovered from Sites 7A and 7C, listed by trench and feature

7.17.14 Roman pottery was recovered from two ditches in adjacent trenches in Site 7A, with a single fragment found within a ditch in Site 7C (Table 27). The pottery comprises mostly coarse sandy micaceous greyware with single sherds of coarse sandy micaceous reduced ware and Colchester White ware (Table 28). With the exception of an early Roman reeded-rimmed bowl (type 6.12) found in Ditch [981], the sherds are undiagnostic or belong to forms which were in use throughout the Roman period.

Fabric: abbreviation	Vessel Form [MHI 2024]	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
Coarse sandy micaceous greyware: CSMGW	Beaker, bowl (6.12), fragment, jar (4.5, 4.5.1), jar/bowl	33	146	0.68	95.42
Coarse sandy micaceous reduced ware: CSMRDU	Jar (4.3)	1	4	0.05	2.61
Colchester White ware: COL WH	Flagon	1	3	0.00	1.96
Total		35	153	0.73	100.00

Table 28: The Roman pottery fabrics, vessel forms and types recovered from Sites 7A and

7C; listed in descending order of weight (%)

Site 9

Fabric: abbreviation	Vessel Form [MHI 2024]	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
Coarse sandy micaceous greyware: CSMGW	Beaker, bowl (6.12, 6.13), dish (6.9, 6.11), fragment, jar (4.5.1, 4.5.2, 5.1), jar/bowl	276	2380	2.76	80.35
Baetican (Early) amphorae 1: BAT AM 1	Amphora	1	177	0.01	5.98
Coarse sandy micaceous oxidised ware: CSMOX	Beaker (3.6), bowl, dish (6.9), fragment, jar, jar/bowl	59	162	0.59	5.47
Coarse sandy micaceous reduced ware: CSMRDU	Dish (6.9, 6.11), fragment, jar (4.5, 4.5.1), jar/bowl	36	121	0.36	4.08
Coarse sandy oxidised ware: CSOX	Jar/bowl, storage jar	2	50	0.02	1.69
Coarse sandy greyware: CSGW	Jar (4.5.1), jar/bowl	9	46	0.09	1.55
Lower Nene Valley Colour-coated ware: LNV CC	Beaker, jar	4	18	0.04	0.61
Shell-tempered ware: ROB SH	Jar/bowl	3	5	0.03	0.17
Colchester White ware: COL WH	Jar/bowl	1	2	0.01	0.07
Lezoux samian 2: LEZ SA 2	Fragment	4	1	0.04	0.03
Total		395	2962	1.71	100.00

Table 29: The Roman pottery fabrics, vessel forms and types recovered from Site 9; listed in descending order of weight (%)

7.17.15 Site 9 contained the largest quantity of Roman pottery, with the widest range of fabrics (Table 29). Coarse sandy micaceous greyware is the most common fabric, comprising predominately jar sherds. Diagnostic sherds are rare. These include several examples of jars with a rolled rounded rim which could only be assigned a broad Romano-British date, an early Roman cordoned jar (type 5.1), and a middle Roman jar with a squared rim (type 4.5.2). A small number of dish and bowl forms were also identified, comprising a copy of samian form Dr 37 (type 6.13), an early Roman reeded-rimmed bowl (type 6.12), a middle Roman dish with a rounded rim (type 6.9) and two late Roman flanged dishes (type 6.11).

7.17.16 A smaller quantity of pottery was produced in other unsourced micaceous fabrics. Among the coarse sandy micaceous oxidised ware sherds two

middle Roman forms were identified, a beaker with a cornice rim (type 3.6) and a dish with a rounded rim (type 6.9). The diagnostic sherds produced in coarse sandy micaceous oxidised ware comprise jars with an 's'-shaped or rolled rounded rim (types 4.5 and 4.5.1), a middle Roman dish with a rounded rim (type 6.9) and a late Roman flanged dish (type 6.11). Very small quantities of sherds were also produced in unsourced non-micaceous coarse sandy oxidised or grey ware fabrics.

7.17.17 Domestically traded wares include a small number of Lower Nene Valley Colour-coated ware jar and beaker sherds and a Colchester White ware fragment. A small number of shell-tempered sherds were also identified. The imported wares comprise a large sherd belonging to a Baetican amphora and a small number of samian fragments likely produced in Lezoux in Central Gaul.

Trench	Feature	Count	Weight (g)	EVE	Weight (%)
251	Kiln [970]	248	2139	0.79	86.16
	Ditch [943]	8	212	0.06	
	Pit [954]	4	123	0.11	
	Layer (973)	3	63	0.05	
	Ditch [976]	1	8	0.00	
	Oven [957]	2	7	0.07	
250	Pit [949]	47	189	0.04	10.43
	Oven [951]	60	120	0.26	
257	Ditch [926]	11	77	0.33	2.60
258	Ditch [931]	3	13	0.00	0.57
	Pit [924]	3	4	0.00	
260	Pit [900]	1	6	0.00	0.20
261	Ditch [894]	4	1	0.00	0.03
Total		395	2962	1.71	100.00

Table 30: The Roman pottery recovered from Site 9, listed by trench and feature

7.17.18 In Site 9, Roman pottery was recovered from six trenches (Table 30). The largest quantity was found in Trench 251, with small quantities found in adjacent trenches.

7.17.19 The most significant assemblage was recovered from two fills of Kiln [970]. Based on the rare diagnostic sherds it likely dates to the late Roman period.

Most of this pottery was produced in coarse sandy micaceous greyware. Approximately half of this fabric (by weight) comprises misshapen waster sherds which likely belong to the lower part of a single jar. Small quantities of micaceous reduced and oxidised fabrics and non-micaceous greyware also recovered, as well as two Lower Nene Valley Colour-Coated ware sherds. The sherds are predominately undiagnostic or belong to jars with a rolled rounded rim (type 4.5.1) with a broad Romano-British date. Sherds belonging to a mid-to-late Roman dish with a rounded rim (type 6.9) and two late Roman flanged dishes (type 6.11) were identified, as well as a likely residual early Roman cordoned jar sherd (type 5.1).

Site 10C

7.17.20 In Site 10c, a very small number of sherds produced in a coarse sandy micaceous reduced ware belonging to an early Roman cordoned jar were recovered from a posthole in Trench 306.

Discussion: Statement of Significance

7.17.21 This is a small assemblage of Roman pottery which has suffered from severe post-depositional abrasion and survived in a fragmentary condition. Patterns of ceramic deposition vary by site. The accurate chronology is difficult to determine due to the severe levels of abrasion and the undiagnostic nature of the majority of the sherds.

7.17.22 In Sites 7a and 10c, ceramic deposition appears to have taken place predominately in the early Roman period. The rare diagnostic sherds from Site 7a indicate activity in the early to mid-2nd century AD. In Site 10c, a very low level of early Roman activity was identified.

7.17.23 In Sites 2a and 4a the main focus of activity appears to have been in the middle Roman period. In Site 4a, a very low level of activity dated to the mid-to-late 1st century AD was also identified. In Site 2a, the only diagnostic sherds could be dated to the mid to late 2nd century AD.

7.17.24 In Site 9, most of the pottery was deposited in the late Roman period, with

low levels of early and middle Roman activity also identified.

7.17.25 In all sites, the assemblages consist mostly of locally produced utilitarian coarse wares, whose fabric contains naturally occurring common mica. Micaceous wares are common in Norfolk and Suffolk (Lyons and Tester 2014, 309), and characteristic of the Wattisfield industry (Moore 1935, 190; Tomber and Dore 1998), located approximately 25-35 km to the south-west of the sites. The nearest early Roman kilns were recorded at Caistor St Edmund, approximately 7 km to the north of the site (Swan 1984). The kiln in Trench 251, which is likely late Roman in date, contained the remains of at least one waster produced in a micaceous grey ware fabric. However, as the feature was not fully excavated it was not possible to fully assess the assemblage.

7.17.26 In addition to the local coarse wares a small quantity of traded wares from the Colchester and Lower Nene Valley industries reached the site, with imports of Baetican amphora and Central Gaulish samian denoting access to pottery from beyond the British economy. Almost all the imported and traded wares were recovered from Sites 9 and 4a, with rare sherds of Colchester white ware also found in Sites 2a and 7a.

7.17.27 Overall, the assemblage is indicative of the ceramic waste from a domestic agrarian assemblage, with a range of vessels for the storage, preparation and serving of foodstuffs. The presence of traded and imported fine and specialist wares indicates the availability of non-local wares and enough surplus to buy them.

7.18 Post-Roman Pottery

[redacted]

Introduction

7.18.1 Pottery from twelve areas across seven sites was submitted for assessment, a total of 3613 sherds (24634g). Quantities from each area are shown in Table 31, a summary catalogue by context is included in Appendix 9, and spot-dating is provided in Appendix 10.

Site	Parish	No.	Wt (g)	eve	MNV
1B	Great Moulton	8	206	0.10	7
3B	Hempnall	125	637	0.54	77
4A	Long Stratton	58	456	0.44	38
4B	Long Stratton	4	12		1
5A	Morningthorpe & Fritton	488	3562	2.56	254
7C	Hempnall	130	759	0.88	100
7D	Saxlingham Nethergate	3	14		2
7H	Hempnall	1	13		1
9	Brooke	87	376	0.21	59
10B	Woodton/Seething	771	5796	3.62	525
10C	Woodton	1724	11375	7.16	1177
10E	Seething	214	1428	0.83	162
Totals		3613	24634	16.34	2403

Table 31: Post-Roman pottery quantification by site.

Methodology

7.18.2 Quantification was carried out using sherd count, weight and estimated vessel equivalent (eve). The minimum number of vessels (MNV) within each context was also recorded, but cross-fitting was not attempted unless particularly distinctive vessels were observed in more than one context. All fabric codes were assigned based on Jennings (1981) and the East Anglian post-Roman fabric series (Anderson 2024a). Thetford-type ware rims follow Anderson (2004). Methods follow MPRG recommendations (MPRG 2001) and form terminology follows MPRG classifications (1998). The results were input directly onto an Access database, which forms the archive catalogue.

Summary of the assemblages by Site

Site 1

Site 1B – Great Moulton

7.18.3 There were eight sherds from six contexts in this area. The quantities by fabric are shown in Table 32.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	2	6		1
Early LMT	ELMT	M-L.14th c.	1	3		1
Late medieval and transitional	LMT	15th-16th c.	3	19		3

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
wares						
Glazed red earthenware	GRE	16th-18th c.	1	177	0.10	1
Unidentified	UNID	-	1	1		1
Totals			8	206	0.10	7

Table 32: Post-Roman pottery from Site 1B, in approximate date order.

7.18.4 Two small sherds of a Waveney Valley sandy ware jar with an everted square-beaded rim were found in ditch fill (1198), suggesting a 13th/14th-century date.

7.18.5 A green-glazed body sherd from ditch fill (1186) was probably an early LMT of mid- to late 14th-century date. True LMT of 15th/16th-century date was recovered from ditch fills (1182) and (1186), including a jug rim.

7.18.6 Ditch fill (1167) contained a large piece of a post-medieval GRE handled bowl with a beaded rim and thumbed lug handle, and orange glaze internally.

7.18.7 A tiny fragment from ditch fill (1171), in a very fine sandy micaceous fabric with black surfaces and a red core, was too small for identification.

Discussion and significance

7.18.8 This is a small group covering a relatively broad date range and was scattered across six evaluation trenches. It is of limited significance for interpretation of the site.

Site 3

Site 3B – Hempnall (south)

7.18.9 Table 33 shows the quantities of post-Roman pottery from this area, a total of 125 sherds which were found in ten contexts.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
'Early medieval' sandwich wares	EMSW	11th c.	3	14		2
Early medieval ware	EMW	11th-12th c.	8	12		7
Waveney Valley early medieval ware	WVEMW	11th-12thc.	6	31	0.13	6
Early medieval ware with sparse flint	EMWSF	M.11th-13th c.	1	1		1
Local medieval unglazed variant	LMU-V	11th-14th c.	6	34	0.08	4
Medieval coarseware sparse shelly	MCWSS	12th-13th c.?	1	5		1

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
East Norfolk sandy oxidised ware	ENSOW	12th-14th c.	5	23		5
Central Norfolk sandwich ware	CNSW	12th-14th c.	1	3		1
Med coarseware micaceous Long Stratton	MCWMLS	12th-14th c.	5	62	0.04	5
S Norfolk fine sandy greyware	SNFSGW	13th-14th c.	1	1		1
NE Suffolk harsh sandy ware	NESHSW	12th-14th c.	14	79		10
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	13	78	0.10	9
Waveney Valley coarseware micaceous	WVCWM	L.12th-14th c.	3	13		3
Grimston ware	GRIM	L.12th-14th c.	2	6		2
Waveney Valley glazed wares	WVGW	13th-14th c.?	1	1		1
Early LMT	ELMT	M-L.14th c.	5	32	0.19	5
Late medieval and transitional wares	LMT	15th-16th c.	48	233		12
English Stoneware	ESW	17th-19th c.	1	8		1
Late post-medieval unglazed earthenwares	LPME	19th-20th c.	1	1		1
Totals			125	637	0.54	77

Table 33: Post-Roman pottery from Site 3B, in approximate date order.

7.18.10 Late Saxon pottery comprised three fragments of 'early medieval' sandwich ware (a late type of Thetford-type ware) from pit fill (48) and ditch fill (46).

7.18.11 The early medieval wares in this group were generally small fragments of fine sandy EMW or the coarser WVEMW variant. There was also one small sherd of the thicker flint-tempered type, EMWSF. Two simple everted jar rims were found, both in the WVEMW fabric. Sherds were mainly recovered from ditches and pits in Trench 45.

7.18.12 The majority of pottery from this area comprised medieval coarsewares in a range of local fabrics. Most sherds were small body fragments, although a few larger pieces included a bowl rim in MCWMLS, a simple everted jar rim in LMU-V and a square-beaded jar rim in WVSW. A high proportion of this material came from layer (58) in Trench 45, with other features in that trench and in Trench 46 in particular also producing relatively large quantities. Glazed wares of high medieval date comprised a small sherd of WVGW and two small fragments of GRIM. Five sherds of ELMT included a jug rim of ?collared form.

7.18.13 All LMT was recovered from layer (58), but apart from a strap handle and two base fragments, all sherds were body fragments.

7.18.14 The latest pottery from this area comprised an English stoneware handle and a small piece of a possible plantpot. These were recovered from ditches in Trench 36 and Trench 34 respectively.

Discussion and significance

7.18.15 This, together with the group from Site 7C (see below) is one of the largest assemblages of post-Roman pottery to have been recovered from Hempnall in recent years. This area is only c.7km NW of the Waveney Valley, so it is not surprising to find that pottery typical of that area in both the high and late medieval periods is relatively frequent. A few sherds are comparable with fabrics identified at sites along the Long Stratton bypass 4km to the west, and there are also sherds similar to those made at the known production sites in NE Norfolk (the closest being Woodbastwick, some 25km away).

7.18.16 Most sherds in this assemblage were recovered from features and a layer in Trenches 45 and 46, suggesting that there may have been a concentration of activity in this area during the 12th to 15th centuries, perhaps with the same midden being used for the collection of rubbish before it was used to spread on the fields as manure.

Site 4

Site 4A – Long Stratton

7.18.17 Quantities of fabrics from this area are shown in Table 34. Fifty-eight sherds were recovered from fourteen contexts.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Thetford-type ware (Local variants)	THETL	10th-11th c.	2	9	0.04	2
'Early medieval' sandwich wares	EMSW	11th c.	2	7		2
Early medieval ware	EMW	11th-12th c.	11	21	0.06	10
Early medieval ware gritty	EMWG	11th-12th/13th c.	1	5		1
Yarmouth-type non-calcareous	YARN	11th-12th c.?	4	16		3
Medieval chalk-tempered ware	MCWC	12th-13th c.	2	5		1
Local medieval unglazed variant	LMU-V	11th-14th c.	9	73	0.14	6
Medieval coarseware micaceous Long Stratton	MCWMLS	12th-14th c.	1	6		1
Medieval coarseware micaceous	MCWM	12th-14th c.	1	5		1
East Norfolk sandy oxidised ware	ENSOW	12th-14th c.	2	14		1

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
East Norfolk medieval sandy greyware	ENMSGW	12th-14th c.	1	2		1
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	1	1		1
Waveney Valley coarseware micaceous	WVCWM	L.12th-14th c.	13	171	0.20	4
S Norfolk fine sandy greyware	SNFSGW	13th-14th c.	1	6		1
Grimston ware	GRIM	L.12th-14th c.	1	1		1
Waveney Valley glazed wares	WVGW	13th-14th c.?	1	3		1
English Stoneware Nottingham-type	ESWN	L.17th-L.18th c.	5	111		1
Total			58	456	0.44	38

Table 34: Post-Roman pottery from Site 4A, in approximate date order.

7.18.18 The earliest Post-Roman pottery in this area is of Late Saxon date. A body sherd and a ?jar rim (type 4?) in non-standard Thetford-type ware and two small sherds of EMSW were collected from ditches and a pit in Trenches 80 and 81.

7.18.19 Early medieval wares were frequent finds, all from Trench 81. The sherds included three jar rims of simple everted type in EMW and YARN fabrics, and a fragment of a ginger jar with large fingertip impressions in a strip around the rim (which was lost).

7.18.20 The medieval coarsewares, again largely from Trenches 80 and 81, included a few possibly local Long Stratton and south Norfolk types, as well as some east and NE Norfolk fabric groups and some from the Waveney Valley. Rims of a jar and a bowl were in LMU-V fabric, with the thickened everted jar rim (13th/14th c.) paralleled by an example from Norwich (Jennings 1981, no. 303). The bowl rim was and everted type with a flat-topped everted tip and thumbed decoration, probably of 13th-century date. Two other jar rims were Suffolk types in WVCWM< both everted square beaded forms of 13th/14th-century date. Glazed wares of this period comprised a tiny fragment of Grimston and a small piece of Waveney Valley glazed ware (although only the former had any trace of glaze).

7.18.21 Five sherds of a footring base, probably from a bowl, were in Nottingham-type stoneware and were found in ditch fill (198) in Trench 80.

Site 4B – Long Stratton

7.18.22 Four sherds (12g) of a Grimston glazed ware vessel were collected from ditch fill (277) in Trench 88.

Discussion and significance

7.18.23 The overall quantity of pottery from the two areas within this site was small, but was dominated by medieval wares. The range of fabrics, although more limited, is comparable with those identified in areas 4 and 5 of the Long Stratton Bypass, at Stratton St. Michael, both located c.750m to the south of East Pye Area 4 (Anderson 2024b). That group was also dominated by EMW, LMU/LMU-V and WVCWM. It seems likely that the small quantity of generally small and often abraded sherds in the Site 4A/B assemblage could relate to that settlement and represents the spread of manure and nightsoil over the surrounding fields.

Site 5

Site 5A – Morningthorpe & Fritton

7.18.24 This area produced 488 sherds from seventeen contexts, with quantities as shown in Table 35.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Early Saxon coarse quartz	ESCQ	5th-7th c.	1	6		1
Early Saxon granitic	ESCF	5th-7th c.	1	7		1
Thetford-type ware (Local variants)	THETL	10th-11th c.	3	26		1
'Early medieval' sandwich wares	EMSW	11th c.	6	51	0.15	4
Early medieval ware	EMW	11th-12th c.	102	226	0.22	92
EMW micaceous	EMWM	11th-13th c.	4	12		2
Waveney Valley early medieval ware	WVEMW	11th-12thc.	5	24	0.08	2
Early medieval ware with sparse flint	EMWSF	M.11th-13th c.	1	2		1
Local medieval unglazed	LMU	11th-14th c.	17	127	0.18	12
Local medieval unglazed variant	LMU-V	11th-14th c.	41	156	0.05	20
East Norfolk sandy oxidised ware	ENSOW	12th-14th c.	12	96		8
East Norfolk medieval sandy greyware	ENMSGW	12th-14th c.	11	42		11
East Norfolk MCW clay pellets	ENMCWCP	13th-14th c.?	2	71		1
East Norfolk medieval coarseware micaceous	ENMCWM	12th-14th c.	2	14	0.08	1
S Norfolk fine sandy greyware	SNFSGW	13th-14th c.	63	408	0.28	16
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	43	375	0.06	38

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Waveney Valley coarseware micaceous	WVCWM	L.12th-14th c.	43	366	0.16	20
NE Suffolk-type medieval coarseware	NESMCW	12th-14th c.	6	31		6
Medieval coarseware micaceous	MCWM	12th-14th c.	2	7		2
Medieval chalk-tempered ware	MCWC	12th-13th c.	6	53		2
Grimston ware	GRIM	L.12th-14th c.	3	15	0.15	3
Waveney Valley glazed wares	WVGW	13th-14th c.?	108	1412	1.15	5
Early LMT	ELMT	M-L.14th c.	3	10		3
Late medieval and transitional wares	LMT	15th-16th c.	2	5		1
Unidentified	UNID	-	1	20		1
Totals			488	3562	2.56	254

Table 35: Post-Roman pottery from Site 5A, in approximate date order.

7.18.25 Two sherds of possible Early Anglo-Saxon date were recovered from ditch fill (368) and natural feature fill (335) in Trenches 110 and 109 respectively. Both were body sherds and, despite the presence of a flake of biotite in one of the sherds, either or both could equally be prehistoric.

7.18.26 The Late Saxon period was represented by three sherds of a THETL vessel which was decorated with applied thumbed strips (ditch fill (329), Tr. 93), and several fragments of EMSW including the beaded thumbed rim of a large storage vessel and a jar rim (type 6), found in Trenches 111, 112 and 114.

7.18.27 Based on MNV, the early medieval group made up just over a third of this assemblage. However, many sherds were small and abraded body fragments. Seven vessels were identifiable from their rims or other diagnostic features, comprising five jars with simple everted rims and two ginger jars, the latter identified from one body fragment and a rim fragment, both with a large applied thumbed strip. A few sherds were recovered from ditches in Trenches 105 and 108, but the majority of this period came from features in Trenches 112 and 114.

7.18.28 Despite the larger size of this assemblage, the range of wares in the high medieval group was not significantly different from that found in Site 4 to the west. Proportions were slightly different, however, with WVSW

dominating the group based on MNV, while LMU-V and WVCWM were still frequent finds, and south and east Norfolk greywares also common. Thirteen rims were present in the coarsewares, comprising seven jars, five bowls and a jug, with forms of 12th/13th, 13th and 13th/14th-century date all present. Glazed wares included small sherds of Grimston ware, with a triangular beaded jug rim fragment having applied brown strip decoration, and fragments of five WVGW vessels including three jug rims and 100 sherds of a face jug. The latter is an interesting find as this industry was not previously known to have produced anthropomorphic vessels. The jug has a triangular applied 'face' at the rim which is decorated with impressed ?knife tip marks to demarcate the edge of the beard, and the central part of the 'face' is filled with a spout. No eyes are present on either side of the spout. A rapid search for parallels has not produced anything similar so far. Although the fabric appears to be within the range of Waveney Valley products, a chemical test may help to determine whether it was made there with more certainty. Like the early medieval wares, a few sherds were recovered from Trenches 105 and 108, but most were recovered from Trenches 111, 112 and 114.

7.18.29 The later medieval group from this site is small and comprises small body fragments of ELMT and LMT only. All were from Trench 114.

7.18.30 A handmade fragment in a medium sandy fabric with occasional flint inclusions was unidentified. It comprised a relatively thick fragment of a possible lug handle with an off-centre hole, oxidised to a dark red externally but otherwise dark grey. The fragment could be of prehistoric date as it was found with an unabraded piece of EBA Beaker, although the majority of pottery from the context was medieval. An Early Saxon date is also possible, as is a Late Saxon/early medieval date. It was found in ditch fill (346) in Trench 114.

Discussion and significance

7.18.31 This is a relatively large quantity of sherds from an evaluation, and much of it is from a single part of the site, to the north-west of Site 5A. Early and

high medieval sherds are present in the same areas, suggesting continuity of settlement between the 11th and 14th centuries. The range of wares is generally typical, but there is a high proportion of bowls in the medieval assemblage which may indicate that the people living here had a greater than average involvement with dairying and/or bread-making. Also of particular interest is the presence of several glazed jugs, one of them an unusual anthropomorphic type, which is usually associated with slightly higher status – such highly decorated jugs were typically used at the dining table, rather than simply for utilitarian purposes.

Site 7

Site 7C – Hempnall (west)

7.18.32 There were 130 sherds from nineteen contexts in this area. Table 36 shows the quantities by fabric.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Thetford-type ware	THET	L.9th-11th c.	1	5	0.10	1
Thetford-type ware (Local variants)	THETL	10th-11th c.	1	2		1
'Early medieval' sandwich wares	EMSW	11th c.	1	3		1
Early medieval ware	EMW	11th-12th c.	14	29		12
Early medieval ware with sparse flint	EMWSF	M.11th-13th c.	3	11		3
Waveney Valley early medieval ware	WVEMW	11th-12thc.	1	4	0.04	1
Local medieval unglazed	LMU	11th-14th c.	21	200		8
Local medieval unglazed variant	LMU-V	11th-14th c.	36	127	0.10	33
N Norfolk Sandy Oxidised ware	NNSOW	12th-13th c.?	4	7		2
Medieval coarseware micaceous	MCWM	12th-14th c.	3	26		2
Central Norfolk sandwich ware	CNSW	12th-14th c.	2	9		1
East Norfolk sandy oxidised ware	ENSOW	12th-14th c.	3	30	0.09	3
East Norfolk medieval sandy greyware	ENMSGW	12th-14th c.	3	11		2
East Norfolk MCW clay pellets	ENMCWCP	13th-14th c.?	2	20		2
East Norfolk medieval coarseware micaceous	ENMCWM	12th-14th c.	1	11	0.06	1
S Norfolk fine sandy greyware	SNFSGW	13th-14th c.	5	47	0.18	5
NE Suffolk-type medieval coarseware	NESMCW	12th-14th c.	1	7		1
Medieval East Suffolk coarseware chalky	MESCWC	12th-14th c.	1	2		1
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	10	70	0.05	7
Waveney Valley coarseware micaceous	WVCWM	L.12th-14th	2	21	0.06	2

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
		c.				
Grimston ware	GRIM	L.12th-14th c.	2	2		2
Grimston-type ware	GRIMT	L.12th-15th c.	5	85		2
Early LMT	ELMT	M-L.14th c.	1	3		1
Late medieval and transitional wares	LMT	15th-16th c.	3	15		3
Iron-glazed blackwares	IGBW	16th-18th c.	1	3		1
English Stoneware	ESW	17th-19th c.	3	9	0.20	2
Totals			130	759	0.88	100

Table 36: Post-Roman pottery from Site 7C, in approximate date order.

7.18.33 Only three sherds dating to the Late Saxon period were recovered, comprising a THET jar rim in ditch fill (1070) (Tr. 144), a small sherd of THETL in ditch fill (1036) (Tr. 143) and a fragment of EMSW in ditch fill (1123) (Tr. 155).

7.18.34 The early medieval sherds from this site were all small (none was larger than 5g) and included only one rim, a WVEMV simple everted jar rim. Finds were scattered across several trenches (143, 144, 147, 151, 155), with the greatest concentration in Trench 144.

7.18.35 In this group, the high medieval wares were dominated by east and NE Norfolk wares, although Suffolk border types were also present. Sherds were larger on average than in the early medieval group, but most were still small. Five jars, a bowl and a jug were identified in the coarseware group, with rims suggestive of 13th and 13th/14th-century dates. This may indicate a hiatus in activity during the 12th century. All glazed wares in this group were Grimston or Grimston-type wares, but only body and base fragments were found. Eight trenches contained pottery of this date (Trenches 81, 143, 144, 147, 151, 152, 154, 155), with the greatest quantities in Trenches 147, 143 and 154.

7.18.36 All late medieval pottery was from Trench 147 and comprised small sherds of ELMT and LMT, most of which were from cobbled surface (1083).

7.18.37 One base fragment of post-medieval iron-glazed blackware was found in ditch fill (1037) in Trench 81. Three sherds of 19th-century stoneware were

collected from ditch fill (1022) in Trench 143.

Site 7D – Saxlingham Nethergate

7.18.38 A small sherd of GRE (1g) was collected from ditch fill (1087) in Trench 174, and there were two fragments of a London-type stoneware vessel from layer (1088) in Trench 171. Both are likely to date to the 17th century.

Site 7H – Hempnall (east)

7.18.39 A base fragment of post-medieval GRE was found in ditch fill (1128) in Trench 199.

Discussion and significance

7.18.40 Although much of this pottery was recovered from Hempnall parish, the assemblage is different to that from Site 3B in having a higher proportion of pottery which may have arrived from the site via Norwich, perhaps due to its slightly greater proximity to the A140 route, while the Site 3B assemblage contained more pottery comparable with types found in the Waveney Valley and NE Suffolk.

7.18.41 Based on distribution, there is clearly some medieval activity to the east of Site 7B in particular. At present, the dating of the main forms suggests that there was perhaps a brief hiatus between the use of early and high medieval wares, although the former are mostly small and scattered and may relate to farming activity, while the latter could indicate occupation closer to the excavated trenches.

7.18.42 The post-medieval fragments from areas Sites 7D and 7H are not significant.

Site 9 – Brooke

7.18.43 There were eighty-seven sherds from seventeen contexts in this area. Table 37 shows the quantities by fabric.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Thetford-type ware (Local variants)	THETL	10th-11th c.	1	2		1
'Early medieval' sandwich wares	EMSW	11th c.	8	79		6
Early medieval ware	EMW	11th-12th c.	24	49	0.05	18

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Yarmouth-type non-calcareous	YARN	11th-12th c.?	1	1		1
Early medieval ware with sparse flint	EMWSF	M.11th-13th c.	8	35	0.12	8
EMW micaceous	EMWM	11th-13th c.	1	2		1
Local medieval unglazed variant	LMU-V	11th-14th c.	6	21		6
Andenne Ware	ANDN	12th-13th c.	15	83		1
Central Norfolk sandwich ware	CNSW	12th-14th c.	1	1		1
East Norfolk sandy oxidised ware	ENSOW	12th-14th c.	2	19	0.04	2
East Norfolk medieval coarseware micaceous	ENMCWM	12th-14th c.	1	2		1
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	3	12		3
NE Suffolk harsh sandy ware	NESHSW	12th-14th c.	3	9		1
Waveney Valley coarseware micaceous	WVCWM	L.12th-14th c.	2	15		1
Grimston ware	GRIM	L.12th-14th c.	4	23		4
Mill Green ware	MGW	L.13th-E.14th c.	1	1		1
Glazed red earthenware	GRE	16th-18th c.	5	21		2
Late slipped redware	LSRW	18th-19th c.	1	1		1
Totals			87	376	0.21	59

Table 37: Post-Roman pottery from Site 9, in approximate date order.

7.18.44 A small quantity of Late Saxon pottery was dominated by EMSW, which included a jar rim (type 6) and two fragments of a bowl. These sherds were dispersed across several trenches (240, 241, 242, 253, 261).

7.18.45 Early medieval wares made up a high proportion of the assemblage, based on MNV. However, most sherds were small and only three rims were found. These were a simple everted type in EMW and two more developed forms in EMWSF.

7.18.46 Early medieval wares were also widely dispersed, having been found in seven trenches (238, 240, 241, 242, 253, 256, 263), with the largest group (only 16 sherds) from Trench 241.

7.18.47 The high medieval group included a high proportion of east and NE Norfolk fabrics, with only a few Suffolk types present. Only one rim was found in the coarseware group, a bowl in ENSOW fabric which was similar to a Norwich form (Jennings 1981, no. 257). Glazed wares in this group comprised sherds from four GRIM vessels, a tiny piece of white slipped and combed

fineware from Mill Green (Ingatestone, Essex), and fifteen sherds of body and base from an Andenne ware vessel from Belgium. The latter is an unusual find in rural inland Norfolk, although it is found fairly frequently in Norwich. Mill Green ware is also an exotic find in this area, but belongs to a later date than the Andenne ware. High medieval pottery was from the same trenches as the early medieval wares, with the exception of Trench 256. The largest quantity was from Trench 242, but this included the sherds of Andenne ware.

7.18.48 Fragments of two post-medieval GRE vessels were recovered from ditches in Trenches 230 and 240, and a small sherd of late slipped redware was associated with the latter.

Discussion and significance

7.18.49 This part of Norfolk has seen little excavation in recent years, so this small assemblage is the first group of medieval pottery from Brooke parish to have been recorded in detail. While much of the coarseware is early medieval, and the single high medieval coarseware bowl rim is likely to be no later than the 13th century, the presence of the Mill Green and Grimston sherds suggest that there was still activity here in the later 13th or early 14th century. No late medieval wares were present, however.

7.18.50 While the presence of two wares which are not commonly found in rural Norfolk is of interest and may suggest connections with a wider East Anglia, the evidence is limited and the two vessels are not contemporary. If these indicate a higher-than-average status for the site, this may suggest continuation of this status through much of the medieval period, perhaps suggesting that the rubbish recovered here might be of manorial origin.

Site 10

Site 10B – Woodton/Seething

7.18.51 The second largest group was recovered from this area, a total of 771 sherds in only seven contexts. Table 38 shows the quantities by fabric.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Thetford-type ware (Kirstead)	THETK	10th-11th c.	270	2483	1.99	233
'Early medieval' sandwich wares	EMSW	11th c.	397	2298	1.11	255
Early medieval ware	EMW	11th-12th c.	18	50		14
Early medieval ware with sparse flint	EMWSF	M.11th-13th c.	13	313		11
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	3	15		1
Glazed red earthenware	GRE	16th-18th c.	1	10		1
Westerwald Stoneware	WEST	E.17th-19th c.	1	7		1
Refined white earthenwares	REFW	L.18th-20th c.	3	25	0.24	1
Pearlware	PEW	L.18th-M.19th c.	2	245	0.19	2
English Stoneware	ESW	17th-19th c.	1	189		1
English Stoneware Nottingham-type	ESWN	L.17th-L.18th c.	1	78		1
Porcelain	PORC	18th-20th c.	4	13	0.09	1
Staffordshire white salt-glazed stonewares	SWSW	18th c.	1	12		1
Late glazed red earthenware	LGRE	18th-19th c.	2	33		2
Unidentified	UNID		54	25		
Totals			771	5796	3.62	525

Table 38: Post-Roman pottery from Site 10B, in approximate date order.

7.18.52 By far the majority of pottery in this assemblage relates to a kiln and associated pits in Trench 280. This material comprised two main types, both probably of 11th-century date and occurring in similar quantities. The group recorded as Kirstead Thetford-type ware is comparable with samples of kiln waste from the Langhale kiln excavated by Wade (1976), located only c.2km north of this area. The other group is a type originally recorded in Norwich as 'early medieval' sandwich ware (Jennings 1981, 23), a generally black-surfaced and cored fine sandy ware with red margins, although often the thin outer surfaces can be worn away so that the sherds appear oxidised. Most sherds were recovered from pits [622] and [624].

7.18.53 Apart from the size of the group and its proximity to a kiln, there is limited evidence for these sherds being production waste. This is in the form of cracking, spalling, lamination and overfiring of some sherds, together with the lack of sooting on any fragments which might indicate that they had been used in cooking. Several sherds were heavily abraded, suggesting that they had been discarded on the surface of the workshop prior to burial.

7.18.54 Identifiable forms were dominated by jars (twenty-four examples) and there

were two jar/bowls, with at least nine rims being from jars or spouted pitchers and two more certainly from spouted pitchers with one possible handled jar. These latter tended to have long flaring rims, in contrast to the shorter rim forms typically associated with Thetford-type ware jars. Handles were generally attached to the top of the rim and the shoulder and were short strap types. Seven forms were probably large storage vessels, generally identified from the thickness of the walls and the presence of applied thumbed strips, although two rims of this type were also found.

7.18.55 A few sherds of early medieval wares (EMW, EMWSF) were also found in the two waste pits, and there were two sherds of an EMW vessel from pit fill (552) in Trench 276.

7.18.56 The only high medieval wares in this assemblage were three sherds of a WVSW vessel from Trench 274.

7.18.57 All post-medieval and modern sherds were recovered from a ditch and a foundation in Trench 268, and included fragments of a blue and red banded REFW dish, a pearlware chamberpot decorated with sponge-stencilling, a plain porcelain saucer, and a white salt-glazed stoneware plate rim with basket-weave moulded decoration. This group contains elements of broadly 17th to 19th-century date.

Site 10C – Woodton

7.18.58 Table 39 shows the quantities by fabric from Site 10C, which produced the largest quantity in the assemblage (1724 sherds) from forty-four contexts.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Thetford-type ware	THET	L.9th-11th c.	3	6		3
Thetford-type ware (Kirstead)	THETK	10th-11th c.	429	2616	2.04	367
'Early medieval' sandwich wares	EMSW	11th c.	785	5422	2.01	504
Early medieval ware	EMW	11th-12th c.	232	1224	1.79	96
Early medieval ware with sparse flint	EMWSF	M.11th-13th c.	33	247		22
Waveney Valley early medieval ware	WVEMW	11th-12thc.	2	1		2
Yarmouth-type ware	YAR	M.11th–12th c.	3	10		1
Medieval coarseware gritty	MCWG	12th-13th	3	16		3

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
		c?				
Medieval chalk-tempered ware	MCWC	12th-13th c.	4	7		4
Local medieval unglazed	LMU	11th-14th c.	3	26		2
Local medieval unglazed variant	LMU-V	11th-14th c.	60	540	0.44	53
Central Norfolk sandwich ware	CNSW	12th-14th c.	18	121		15
Med coarseware micaceous Long Stratton	MCWMLS	12th-14th c.	3	15		3
East Norfolk sandy oxidised ware	ENSOW	12th-14th c.	9	98	0.07	6
East Norfolk medieval sandy greyware	ENMSGW	12th-14th c.	10	54		10
East Norfolk medieval coarseware micaceous	ENMCWM	12th-14th c.	2	13		1
Medieval coarseware micaceous	MCWM	12th-14th c.	4	16		4
S Norfolk fine sandy greyware	SNFSGW	13th-14th c.	5	43	0.25	2
NE Suffolk-type medieval coarseware	NESMCW	12th-14th c.	3	27	0.1	3
Medieval East Suffolk coarseware	MESCW	12th-14th c.	4	19		2
Medieval East Suffolk coarseware chalky	MESCWC	12th-14th c.	1	8		1
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	59	519	0.36	43
Waveney Valley coarseware micaceous	WVCWM	L.12th-14th c.	15	89	0.1	13
Grimston ware	GRIM	L.12th-14th c.	6	63		6
Waveney Valley glazed wares	WVGW	13th-14th c.?	12	41		3
Early LMT	ELMT	M-L.14th c.	4	12		1
Late medieval and transitional wares	LMT	15th-16th c.	9	81		5
Late glazed red earthenware	LGRE	18th-19th c.	2	40		1
Late post-medieval unglazed earthenwares	LPME	18th-20th c.	1	1		1
Totals			1724	11375	7.16	1177

Table 39: Post-Roman pottery from Site 10C, in approximate date order.

7.18.59 The Late Saxon group in this assemblage was broadly similar to that in Site 10B. The sherds were spread across nine trenches (286, 288, 290, 291, 294, 296–298, 305) with large concentrations in Trenches 203, 257 and 298, again found in association with kilns which remain unexcavated, but mainly recovered from pit and ditch fills. Three sherds of 'standard' Thetford-type ware were found in Trenches 288 and 291, but these appear to have nothing to do with the production site. Again, the waster wares were typical of THETK and EMSW fabrics, with the latter appearing to be slightly more common. This may simply be because the softer, finer EMSW vessels were more likely to break during firing or removal from the kiln. Both fabrics

were found in the small groups from kiln rake-out pits.

7.18.60 The range of forms from this site was similar to that from Site 10B. Jars dominated (41 examples), followed by spouted pitchers (14), large storage vessels (13), bowls (4) and there was an upright thumbed lug from a hanging vessel (possibly a bowl). One vessel in EMSW fabric comprised part of a very large base with a tubular tripod foot attached, presumably from a cauldron-type vessel. This latter is paralleled by a single example from Norwich Castle which was decorated with hollow bosses and was thought at the time to be either a Grimston Thetford-type ware product or a possible import (Anderson 2006). However, two vessels at site Site 10C also had hollow boss decoration, and it seems likely that this could be the origin of the castle pot.

7.18.61 Early medieval wares were relatively common and were found often enough in association with the Thetford-type wares to suggest that these might also be products of the kilns. A few examples were sooted, however, and some were probably non-local (YAR, WVEMW). Rims of 13 jars, mostly simple everted or flaring types, were recovered and there was also one ginger jar rim. One body sherd was decorated with an incised wavy line. Sherds were recovered from eight trenches (286, 288, 290, 291, 294, 297, 298, 305), although the majority were from Trench 288.

7.18.62 High medieval coarsewares were also a relatively large proportion of the assemblage, with LMU-V and WVSW being the most frequent finds. Rims of eleven jars, two bowls and a jug were identified, of which the majority were 13th and 13th/14th-century types. It should be noted that some fabrics were not easily distinguishable from THETK, and some body sherds may have been misidentified as a result, but rims were clearly medieval. Glazed wares were all Grimston and Waveney Valley types, but no rims were found. High medieval pottery was found in 12 trenches (282, 284, 286–288, 290, 291, 294, 296–298, 307), with the majority from Trench 288 and another large group from Trench 291.

7.18.63 The late medieval group included four sherds of a possible pipkin rim with

applied thumbed strip decoration recovered from kiln rake out (666) where it was presumably intrusive (or an unusual THETK form?). There were several body and base fragments of LMT from a pit in Trench 288 and ditches in Trenches 298 and 299.

7.18.64 The latest sherds were two fragments of LGRE from ditch fill (513) in Trench 282, and a tiny piece of LPME ? plant pot in ditch fill (530) in Trench 284.

Site 10E – Seething

7.18.65 There were 214 sherds from this area, recovered from eighteen contexts, as shown in Table 40.

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Thetford-type ware	THET	L.9th-11th c.	1	34		1
Thetford-type ware (Kirstead)	THETK	10th-11th c.	24	142	0.06	20
'Early medieval' sandwich wares	EMSW	11th c.	21	121		14
Early medieval ware	EMW	11th-12th c.	32	81	0.05	29
Early medieval ware chalky	EMWC	11th-12th c.	1	1		1
Early medieval ware with sparse flint	EMWSF	M.11th-13th c.	22	102		17
Waveney Valley early medieval ware	WVEMW	11th-12thc.	10	32	0.03	6
Yarmouth-type non-calcareous	YARN	11th-12th c.?	1	10	0.08	1
Yarmouth-type ware	YAR	M.11th–12th c.	1	3		1
Local medieval unglazed	LMU	11th-14th c.	1	2		1
Local medieval unglazed variant	LMU-V	11th-14th c.	8	45	0.04	8
East Norfolk sandy oxidised ware	ENSOW	12th-14th c.	1	4		1
East Norfolk medieval sandy greyware	ENMSGW	12th-14th c.	1	1		1
Medieval coarseware micaceous	MCWM	12th-14th c.	1	3		1
Waveney Valley Sandy Ware	WVSW	12th-14th c.	21	213	0.25	18
Waveney Valley coarseware micaceous	WVCWM	L.12th-14th c.	7	120	0.19	6
NE Suffolk harsh sandy ware	NESHSW	12th-14th c.	5	24	0.03	5
NE Suffolk-type medieval coarseware	NESMCW	12th-14th c.	3	17		3
Medieval East Suffolk coarseware chalky	MESCWC	13th-14th c.	2	30	0.10	2
Medieval Coarseware Suffolk Coastal	MCWSC	13th-15th c.	1	2		1
Medieval E Suffolk micaceous and chalk	MESMC	13th-14th c.	1	18		1
Grimston ware	GRIM	L.12th-14th c.	2	2		1
Waveney Valley glazed wares	WVGW	13th-14th c.?	1	33		1

Fabric name	Fabric	Date range	No	Wt/g	eve	MNV
Early LMT	ELMT	M-L.14th c.	3	84		3
Late medieval and transitional wares	LMT	15th-16th c.	41	297		18
Glazed red earthenware	GRE	16th-18th c.	2	7		1
Totals			214	1428	0.83	162

Table 40: Post-Roman pottery from Site 10E, in approximate date order.

7.18.66 A smaller quantity of Late Saxon pottery was recovered from this area, but again the main fabrics were THETK and EMSW and some of these sherds may also be wasters. Only one jar rim (type 1) was present, but there were several sherds with applied thumbed strip decoration. These sherds were mainly from Trenches 313 and 315.

7.18.67 Early medieval wares were more common than the Late Saxon fabrics in this area, and included rims of three jars, two ginger jars and a possible spout from a spouted pitcher. A few sherds were found in Trenches 308 and 309, but most were from 313 and 315.

7.18.68 High medieval wares were dominated by Waveney Valley and NE Suffolk types, which is not surprising given the proximity of the valley, only 6.5km to the SE. A few east and NE Norfolk types were also present. Six jar and five bowl rims were identified, the majority being 13th/14th-century types. Two tiny fragments of Grimston ware and a wide strap handle in WVGW were the only glazed wares of this period. Sherds of this period were particularly common in Trenches 309 and 313, but were also found in 310, 311 and 313.

7.18.69 A fairly lathe group of late medieval wares was recovered, occurring particularly in topsoil (500) of Trench 309, and pits in trenches 308 and 310. Only one rim was present, an LMT bowl. Two sherds of post-medieval GRE were also found in topsoil (500).

Discussion and significance

7.18.70 Of greatest significance in this area is the presence of several Late Saxon kilns, which are currently unexcavated. Associated with them were pits and ditches containing large quantities of Thetford-type ware waste. This has been divided into two fabric groups for the purposes of recording, one being

a relatively coarse fabric comparable with the wares produced at the nearby kiln at Langhale in Kirstead parish (Wade 1976) and the other a finer fabric which contained sparse to common very fine calcareous particles and which is comparable with 'early medieval' sandwich ware from Norwich. Wade notes that only 11% of the Kirstead group comprised 'sandwich' wares but based on the kiln samples collected for the East Anglian pot project, these were in the same coarse fabric as the rest of the products.

7.18.71 The fine EMSW fabric is a relatively uncommon find across the county outside of Norwich (Anderson forthcoming, fig. 2.23), although a particular concentration was observed at a site in Stoke Holy Cross (Anderson 2021, 77) and it was suggested that there may be a production site somewhere nearby. That site, like Site 10, had a high proportion of spouted pitchers, and this does appear to have been the main product in the EMSW fabric, with more jars and large storage vessels in the coarser THETK fabric, although examples of all three forms were present in both fabrics. The flaring rims of the spouted pitchers are fairly distinctive, so can be identified despite the lack of a spout or handle. Bowls were equally likely to be in either fabric.

7.18.72 The dating of this production site has to rely on comparisons with other known kilns of this period and their products, but very few of these sites has had any kind of scientific dating. Whilst an 11th-century date seems very likely on the basis of current knowledge, if it is possible to date the kilns (following excavation) using radiocarbon or archaeomagnetic dating this will be a major contribution to the study of Late Saxon pottery in East Anglia. If no further excavation is planned, then the products of the kilns recovered during the evaluation will require illustration, and some have been separated for this purpose.

7.18.73 There appears to have been some limited use of all three areas within the site during the high medieval period, with the majority of pottery of this period having been recovered from Site 10C. There is certainly evidence for continuation into the 14th or even 15th centuries based on the pottery

evidence. The site seems to have been supplied largely by the producers working in the Waveney Valley area by this point.

Conclusion

7.18.74 Much of the area covered by the East Pye Solar project has only seen limited archaeological excavation until recently. There have been large assemblages of pottery recovered during work along the Long Stratton bypass (Anderson 2024b), but otherwise the area between Loddon and Long Stratton has been remarkably bare. This project is therefore highly significant for the study of post-Roman pottery in Norfolk. Several of these area assemblages are relatively large for evaluations at rural sites, and presumably hint at settlement nearby, although as noted for the Long Stratton areas, any settlement might be up to a kilometre away with some pottery reaching arable fields of the period during manuring and other agricultural activity.

7.18.75 The significance of the fieldwork is particularly high due to the discovery of several Late Saxon kilns which add to the single one discovered in Kirstead some 50 years ago. There can be no doubt that the Woodton/Seething kilns were in operation at around the same time as the Kirstead kiln, although the larger quantity of EMSW at the former might suggest that they were in use slightly later – perhaps they even represent the successor to the single kiln at Kirstead, due either to the movement of the existing potter, or perhaps to the setting up of new kilns by apprentices or family members.

7.19 Ceramic Building Material

Sue Anderson

Introduction

7.19.1 Ceramic building material (CBM) was recovered from eleven areas across eight sites during the evaluation. Quantities for each are shown in Table 41 and a full catalogue by context is included in Appendix 11.

Site	Parish	No.	Wt (g)	Min no
1B	Great Moulton	44	2057	20

Site	Parish	No.	Wt (g)	Min no
2B	Great Moulton	1	21	1
2C	Wacton	3	198	2
3B	Hempnall	25	668	19
4A	Long Stratton	133	3936	89
4B	Long Stratton	1	1101	1
5A	Morningthorpe & Fritton	45	473	32
7C	Hempnall	15	52	14
7D	Saxlingham Nethergate	22	1116	8
9	Brooke	19	2116	13
10B	Woodton/Seething	12	426	10
10C	Woodton	38	3047	22

Table 41: CBM quantification by site.

Methodology

7.19.2 The CBM was quantified by context, fabric and type, using fragment count and weight in grams. Roman forms were identified with the aid of Brodribb (1987), and post-Roman forms are based on Drury (1993). The presence of burning, combing, finger marks and other surface treatments was recorded. Roman tile thicknesses were measured and for flanged tegulae, the form of flange was noted and its width and external height were measured. Data was input into an MS Access database.

Summary of the assemblages by site

Site 1

Site 1B – Great Moulton

7.19.3 Table 42 shows the forms present in this assemblage.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Later brick	LB	11	451	5
Brick	B	2	140	1
Plain roof tile: post-medieval	RTP	1	40	1
Pantile	PAN	29	1423	12
	PAN?	1	3	1

Table 42: CBM form quantities, Site 1B.

7.19.4 All CBM in this group was post-medieval and was recovered from two ditch fills in Trenches 10 and 12.

7.19.5 From ditch fill (1186), three fragments of two post-medieval bricks were

overfired and may be bricks from a nearby kiln, but they were found with a compressed shale brick of more modern date which was also burnt. Eight fragments of three other post-medieval bricks were also found, and all pieces of pantile came from this fill. A single piece of post-medieval plain tile was found in ditch fill (1182).

7.19.6 This is a typical group of post-medieval CBM for the area and is of very limited significance. The assemblage could be discarded if required.

Site 2

Site 2B – Great Moulton

7.19.7 A single fragment (21g) of ?later brick in a fine sand and flint fabric was recovered from ditch fill (1225) in Trench 29.

Site 2C – Wacton

7.19.8 Ditch fill (1223) in Trench 332 contained three pieces (198g) of two pantiles.

Discussion and significance

7.19.9 This small group contains typical post-medieval CBM for the area and is of very limited significance. The assemblage could be discarded if required.

Site 3

Site 3B – Hempnall

7.19.10 Table 43 shows the quantities of CBM recovered from this site.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Plain roof tile: medieval	RTM?	6	48	2
Plain roof tile: post-medieval	RTP	9	373	8
Floor tile	FT?	1	236	1
Unidentified	UN	9	11	8

Table 43: CBM form quantities, Site 3B.

7.19.11 Small fragments of possible medieval plain roof tile were collected from layer (58) in Trench 45 and ditch fill (39) in Trench 46. Post-medieval plain roof tile was also recovered from layers (58) and (59), as well as from ditches in trenches 36 and 43. A fragment of possible floor tile (102 x 18mm)

of late medieval or post-medieval date came from layer (59). The remaining unidentified fragments were all small and abraded.

7.19.12 This small assemblage is of limited significance and could be discarded if required.

Site 4

Site 4A – Long Stratton

7.19.13 Table 44 shows the quantities of CBM by form from this area.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Box flue tile	BOX	9	279	9
Roman tile	RBT	39	1062	25
	RBT?	8	119	5
Later brick	LB	23	2127	3
	LB?	46	285	39
Plain roof tile: post-medieval	RTP	1	10	1
Unidentified	UN	7	54	7

Table 44: CBM form quantities, Site 4A.

7.19.14 Fifty-six fragments were Roman. These included several pieces of box flue tile with thicknesses ranging between 14–20mm, some with deep combing. The remaining Roman tiles were of uncertain type and varied in thickness between 20–30+mm, suggesting that they may be pieces of flanged tegula and/or wall tile. Several fragments of BOX and RBT were collected from topsoil and a wall in Trench 61, with the remainder coming from Trenches 57, 65, 67, 75 and 80, generally from ditch fills.

7.19.15 Post-medieval bricks were largely recovered from trackway [224] in Trench 71, where they had presumably been deposited deliberately to stabilise the feature. Fragments were generally small and heavily abraded, but two pieces had full thickness measurements of 67–68mm, suggesting a 19th-century date. Two very small pieces were from ditch fills in Trenches 62 and 71.

7.19.16 A fragment of post-medieval plain roof tile was found in ditch fill (139) in Trench 62.

7.19.17 Unidentified fragments were all small abraded fragments, with the exception of one piece from topsoil in Trench 61 which could be either Roman or post-medieval.

Site 4B – Long Stratton

7.19.18 A large piece (1101g) of a possible post-medieval floor brick in a white-firing fabric with ferrous inclusions was found in ditch fill (277) in Trench 88. It was 115mm wide and 55+mm thick, probably dating to the 18th/19th century.

Discussion and significance

7.19.19 This small group contains a small Roman assemblage which may relate to a structure, as well as typical post-medieval CBM for the area. The latter is of very limited significance and could be discarded if required. The Roman material includes tiles which probably formed part of a hypocaust, but otherwise the fragments were relatively small and undiagnostic. They should be retained in case the site is excavated more fully in the future.

Site 5

Site 5A – Morningthorpe & Fritton

7.19.20 Table 45 shows the quantities of CBM from this area.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Roman tile	RBT?	1	96	1
Early brick	EB	4	203	4
Plain roof tile: post-medieval	RTP	9	76	4
Plain tile/later brick	RTP/LB	12	22	7
Unidentified	UN	19	76	16

Table 45: CBM form quantities, Site 5A.

7.19.21 A fragment of possible Roman tile, heavily abraded but at least 34mm thick, was found in ditch fill (312) of Trench 117. Four heavily abraded pieces of a medieval brick in an orange estuarine clay fabric came from natural feature fill (335) in Trench 109. All other fragments were probably post-medieval or were unidentified. These were recovered from ditches in Trenches 105 and 108, and the natural feature in Trench 109.

7.19.22 Most of this assemblage comprises heavily abraded and undiagnostic fragments of limited significance. It could be discarded if required.

Site 7

Site 7C – Hempnall

7.19.23 Table 46 shows the quantities of CBM from this area.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Roman tile	RBT?	3	8	2
Plain roof tile: post-medieval	RTP	1	7	1
	RTP?	1	1	1
Pantile	PAN	1	14	1
Unidentified	UN	9	22	9

Table 46: CBM form quantities, Site 7C.

7.19.24 Three small fragments of possible Roman tile were collected from a ditch in Trench 143 and a pond in Trench 151. Two small pieces of plain roof tile came from ditches in Trenches 145 and 147, and there was a piece of pantile from a ditch in Trench 143. All other fragments were unidentified.

Site 7D – Saxlingham Nethergate

7.19.25 Table 47 shows the quantities of CBM from this area.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Later brick	LB	6	45	3
Plain roof tile: post-medieval	RTP	2	86	2
Pantile	PAN	1	16	1
Floor brick	FB	1	836	1
Drainpipe	DP	12	133	1

Table 47: CBM form quantities, Site 7D.

7.19.26 Fragments of post-medieval brick were collected from layer (1088) in Trench 171. The pieces had patchy white lime mortar on the surfaces. Also with some mortar on them, two pieces of plain roof tile were found in a ditch in Trench 169 and a layer in Trench 171, the former in association with a piece of pantile. All of these fragments were small.

7.19.27 A large fragment of a floor brick (116 x 41mm) in a silty fabric was found in Trench 169 ditch fill (1092), which also contained 12 fragments of a

drainpipe.

Discussion and significance

7.19.28 The majority of fragments were small and abraded and are of extremely limited significance in the interpretation of the site. All could be discarded if required.

Site 9

7.19.29 Table 48 shows the quantities of CBM from this area.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Roman tile	RBT	8	606	6
Drainpipe	DP	4	86	1
	DP?	6	1415	5
Unidentified	UN	1	9	1

Table 48: CBM form quantities, Site 9.

7.19.30 Fragments of six Roman tiles were recovered from a ditch, an oven, two pits and a kiln in Trenches 242, 250, 251 and 263. The fragments were generally relatively small and abraded, but thicknesses could be measured for all but one, and varied between 15–35mm suggesting that both roof and wall/floor tiles were present.

7.19.31 Post-medieval drainpipe fragments were collected from ditch fill (893) in Trench 255 and ditch fill (936) in Trench 233. The latter was the smallest, with a diameter of c.110mm and a thickness of 12mm. The rest were between c.190 and c.230mm in diameter with thicknesses of 18–20mm. Some were in a white-firing fabric with clay pellets, and some were fine sandy red types. All are likely to be 19th-century field drains.

7.19.32 One small fragment from Trench 230 ditch fill (767) was unidentified but the fabric suggested a post-medieval date.

7.19.33 While the Roman assemblage may suggest a building of that date in the vicinity and should be retained, the post-medieval assemblage is of limited interpretative value and could be discarded.

Site 10

Site 10B – Woodton/Seething

7.19.34 Table 49 shows the CBM quantities from Site 10B.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Roman tile	RBT?	1	3	1
Plain roof tile: post-medieval	RTP	2	20	2
Pantile	PAN?	1	2	1
Quarry floor tile	QFT	1	384	1
Unidentified	UN	7	17	5

Table 49: CBM form quantities, Site 10B.

7.19.35 A small fragment of possible Roman tile was collected from ditch fill (562) in Trench 274. Two fragments of post-medieval roof tile were from Trench 264, a quarry floor tile of post-medieval date was found in Trench 264 and a tiny piece of possible pantile came from Trench 274, all in ditch fills.

Site 10C - Woodton

7.19.36 Table 50 shows the quantities of CBM from Site 10C.

Form	Code	No	Wt (g)	Min. No.
Roman tile	RBT	3	592	3
	RBT?	18	134	7
Later brick	LB	2	986	2
	LB?	1	1	1
Plain roof tile: post-medieval	RTP	1	4	1
	RTP?	4	27	3
Floor brick	FB	6	1289	2
Unidentified	UN	3	14	3

Table 50: CBM form quantities, Site 10C.

7.19.37 Fragments of Roman tile, mainly in silty fabrics, were mostly small and abraded. These were scattered across several ditch and pit fills in Trenches 282, 288, 291 and 307. Five thicknesses could be measured, with two thin tiles (16–18mm) possibly being roofing fragments and three thicker (30–37mm) possibly being wall tiles.

7.19.38 Fragments of post-medieval bricks included one large piece from Trench 291 which measured 118 x 54mm and was perhaps of 16th-century date. The other two pieces, from Trenches 307 and 315, were both very small. Ditches in trenches 282 and 307 produced a few small pieces of plain roof tile.

7.19.39 Six fragments of two white floor bricks were recovered. One was 39mm

thick and was found in Trench 286. The other was 115mm wide and 45mm thick with a slight sunken margin on one edge, a trait often seen on Dutch bricks of the period. It was found in Trench 307.

Discussion and significance

7.19.40 Small quantities of Roman tile were recovered from both areas but were scattered and did not form any particular spatial patterns. The rest of the assemblage comprises the typical background scatter of post-medieval CBM that is found on most sites of this type in the region.

Conclusions

7.19.41 Several areas produced small quantities of Roman tile, but these were generally small and not positively identified. They may have been included in manure which was spread across fields either in the Roman period or later. The main exception is the small group from Site 4A, where they may relate to a structure.

7.19.42 The majority of this assemblage comprised small and abraded pieces, many of which could not be identified with confidence, although the fabrics generally indicated a post-medieval date for most. A few pieces were possibly medieval but were so abraded and small that they are unlikely to represent high status structures of the period within the excavated areas. The post-medieval CBM comprised common types which are found on rural sites across the county, and have limited significance. They were probably brought to fields to stabilise tracks (as exemplified in Site 4A) and gateways, or accidentally with other rubbish for manuring.

7.20 Fired Clay

[redacted]

Introduction

7.20.1 Fired clay was recovered from eight areas across six sites during the evaluation. Quantities for each are shown in Table 51 and a full catalogue by context is included in Appendix 12.

Site	Parish	No.	Wt (g)
3B	Hempnall	26	68
4A	Long Stratton	6288	11814
5A	Morningthorpe & Fritton	2315	6100
7C	Hempnall	89	147
9	Brooke	4493	7224
10B	Woodton/Seething	338	2658
10C	Woodton	1503	2714
10E	Seething	61	111

Table 51: Fired clay quantification by site.

Methodology

7.20.2 The fired clay was quantified by context, fabric and type, using fragment count and weight in grams (much of the assemblage was quantified by PCA finds staff, and counts of large groups from bulk samples were estimated). The presence and form of surface fragments and impressions were recorded, and any wattle/roundwood dimensions measured where possible. Data were input into an MS Access database which forms the archive catalogue.

Summary of the assemblages by site

Site 3

Site 3B – Hempnall (south)

7.20.3 Twenty-six fragments (68g) of fired clay were collected from four contexts in this area. All were oxidised (orange) pieces with fine sand and chalk inclusions (fabric fsc). One fragment out of 13 from layer (58) in Trench 45 had a possible wattle impression, and a few pieces out of the 10 fragments from pit fill (48) in the same trench had flattish surfaces. Other pieces came from ditch fill (24) in Trench 44 and ditch fill (27) in Trench 48.

7.20.4 These small and scattered pieces were associated with early medieval (Tr. 44 and 48) and late medieval (Tr. 45) pottery. They are typical of the fired clay used to construct temporary domes for ovens in the medieval period, but the dispersed nature and small size of the pieces suggests that they may have travelled some distance from their original place of use, before they were deposited in the features in which they were found. They are of

very limited significance for the interpretation of the site.

Site 4

Site 4A – Long Stratton

7.20.5 The majority of fired clay from this area (5398 pieces, 3656g) was recovered from four Roman ovens in Trench 57, all of it from bulk samples. Fragments were small and heavily abraded. They were in dense, silty to fine sandy fabrics with occasional inclusions of chalk or flint. A few pieces had flattish or convex surfaces, and three had wattle impressions, but otherwise they were largely undiagnostic. The majority were oxidised and probably represented the remains of oven domes, but this could not be confirmed based on any features seen on the pieces themselves.

7.20.6 Another large group was recovered from Trench 67, mainly from Roman pit [134]. This group comprised 860 fragments (7955g), including bulk and sample finds. These pieces had surfaces which were mostly smoothed, flattish or slightly undulating, or occasionally convex. They were in a fine sandy fairly hard fabric with flint inclusions and were generally oxidised (orange/red/buff) although some fragments were partly or fully reduced to light/dark grey. Some surfaces had a thin skim of extra clay, suggesting that the structure – most likely an oven or kiln – from which they derived had probably been re-lined on at least one occasion. Some fragments may represent kiln bars (up to 32mm thick), while others included a ?corner fragment with a hole c.40mm in diameter which may have been part of a vent. Several large fragments had wattle impressions c.13–23mm in diameter, some of which ran parallel to each other and appeared to have been woven into a basketwork structure.

7.20.7 The remaining fragments from this area were recovered from ditch fills in Trenches 68, 69 and 81. The fragments from the first two were small and abraded, and in fine sandy fabrics with ferrous inclusions (Tr. 68) or just fine sand (Tr. 69). The twenty-six pieces from ditches and pits in Trench 81 were all in the typical ‘fsc’ fabric used to make oven domes in the medieval period, and these were associated with early and high medieval pottery.

7.20.8 The material from Trenches 57 and 67 is significant because of its association with ovens and a kiln. However, the material from Trench 57 is almost entirely undiagnostic and it is recommended that only a small sample of larger pieces should be retained in the archive. If further work is carried out in the area of Trench 67, the fired clay from this area should be studied by a specialist in Roman kilns. The medieval material from the other trenches is of limited significance, as noted for Site 3B above.

Site 5

Site 5A – Morningthorpe & Fritton

7.20.9 The large group from this area was recovered from Trenches 106, 108, 110–112 and 114, with the majority being associated with an oven [369] in Trench 112 (1740 pieces, 4291g). While there is no pottery dating evidence for this feature, all fired clay recorded was in the 'fsc' fabric typical of medieval oven domes. A few pieces had flattish or concave surfaces, and there were impressions of parallel withies with diameters of 7–15mm. Other fragments collected from the remaining trenches also had flattish surfaces, but no others with wattle impressions were identified. Many of the fragments were associated with medieval pottery of 12th and 13th-century date.

7.20.10 This group's significance is related to the oven structure, with the fragments showing evidence for the construction of the oven dome using a basket-weave skeleton on which the clay was daubed and smoothed, forming the flattish and convex fragments which were left over after its eventual destruction. Otherwise, while the other pieces probably also relate to medieval oven structures, they have few diagnostic features and are of limited value for interpretation.

Site 7

Site 7C – Hempnall (west)

7.20.11 Fragments from this area were generally small and abraded. They were dispersed across seven Trenches (135, 143–145, 147, 151, 154) and included a high proportion of 'fsc' type. A few had flattish or convex surfaces. Most were associated with medieval or later pottery. This group

has very limited significance for interpretation of the site.

Site 9 – Brooke

7.20.12 Most of this large assemblage relates to Roman ovens and a kiln in trenches 250 and 251 respectively. There were 3153 pieces (3784g) from Trench 250 and 114 pieces (2154g) from Trench 251.

7.20.13 Fragments from the ovens were generally in 'fine sandy' (fs) or 'fine sandy with voids' (fsv) fabrics and were oxidised (buff. red, dark red). These pieces included some with flattish or gently undulating surfaces but were otherwise undiagnostic.

7.20.14 Fragments from the kiln were in fine sandy fabrics with occasional flint and/or chalk inclusions (fs, fsf, fsfc) and included both oxidised (dark red) and reduced (dark grey) fragments. Again, there was little that could be considered diagnostic, other than some flat and a few convex surfaces. Several fragments in this group showed evidence for vitrification.

7.20.15 Other fired clay from this area was collected from features in eleven other trenches (234, 238, 240, 242, 246–249, 258, 259, 261), but seven of these produced only 1–5 pieces each. None of the larger groups, between 15–69 pieces, contained anything more diagnostic than a few pieces with flat or convex surfaces.

7.20.16 This group's significance is related to the oven and kiln structures, but there was nothing particularly useful for reconstructing any of these features. Many other pieces from the site probably relate to medieval oven structures, but they were widely dispersed, have few diagnostic features and are of limited value for interpretation.

Site 10

Site 10B – Woodton/Seething

7.20.17 The relatively large group from this site was mostly recovered from two pits in Trench 280, associated with a Late Saxon pottery kiln and wasters. The total quantity from the trench was c.300 pieces (2634g). This group was

mostly oxidised and in fine sandy fabrics containing chalk and occasionally flint. Some convex finger-smoothed surfaces, some flattish and some undulating were noted, and two pieces had a straight edge with a rounded surface. One roundwood impression, c.30mm in diameter, provided the only hint to the method of construction – no withy impressions were identified.

7.20.18 Other fragments from this area were generally small and abraded and were in silty fabrics. They came from Trenches 274 and 276.

Site 10C – Woodton

7.20.19 Eleven trenches produced fired clay in this area, but nine of these had between 1–8 pieces only (Trenches 284, 286, 290, 291, 296, 297, 302, 306, 307).

7.20.20 Trench 288 produced 405 pieces (519g). Most of these were from pit [626], with only 12 fragments from ditch [590]. These fragments were generally oxidised and in 'fsc' fabric. Two pieces had possible withy impressions and one possibly also a large roundwood impression. A flat fragment had grass impressions on the surface. This group is associated with early to late medieval pottery, although it may pre-date the final fill of the pit.

7.20.21 In Trench 298, fragments were recovered from a kiln, a pit and two ditches, totalling 1068 fragments (1822g). Most pieces came from ditch [649] and pit [661], and these were generally in a silty fabric with voids (sv), including some flattish or convex pieces. Other fragments, from the ditch and kiln [645] were in 'fsc' fabric and included finger-smoothed pieces of probable kiln/oven dome, with withy and roundwood impressions (15–30mm diameter). The features are all dated to the 11th century.

Site 10E – Seething

7.20.22 The small group from this area was spread across six trenches (308, 310–313, 315) and all fragments were small pieces. Most were in 'fsc' fabric and some had convex surfaces. They were associated with early to late medieval pottery.

Discussion and significance

7.20.23 The fired clay from Sites 10B and 10C was largely associated with Late Saxon pottery kilns and is significant for the interpretation of their superstructures. Unfortunately, very little diagnostic material was present, but there is some evidence for the use of withies and roundwood to form a skeleton for the clay domes. Fragments of fired clay from other trenches were generally small in number and in size and provided little information on the use of fired clay on these sites.

Conclusions

7.20.24 This is a very large assemblage of fired clay from an evaluation. It is particularly linked to several fire-related features of Roman, Late Saxon and medieval date, including ovens and kilns. While some of the material was found in close proximity to, or actually within, some of these features, its interpretative value is low due to typically very heavy abrasion seen in most contexts. The best evidence for clay-built structures was in the form of withy and roundwood impressions which showed that most of the domes in all periods had probably been constructed using basket weaving for the internal 'skeleton' of the superstructure, which was then daubed with prepared clay. The Roman and medieval compositions are notably different, with Late Saxon and medieval clay containing chalk, while the Roman material tended to be harder, denser and flint 'tempered'.

7.20.25 If further excavation is carried out, then the clay associated with the kilns may benefit from analysis by a specialist in these structures. A few fragments could be illustrated (noted in the database).

7.21 Clay Tobacco Pipe

[redacted]

Introduction

7.21.1 A small sized assemblage of clay tobacco pipes was recovered solely by hand from the sites. The assemblage consists of nine fragments comprised of two bowls, seven stems, and no mouthpieces. All fragments were all

recovered from ditch fills, except for three fragments which were recovered from the fill of a foundation encountered during the evaluation. The identifiable bowl types all date to the from the late 17th century. This report will summarise the assemblage and assess its significance alongside suggesting any further work needed.

Methodology

7.21.2 The pipe fragments have been individually examined and details of each fragment logged into an Access Database, which has been extracted and forms part of the site archive. The layout and of the database, and the abbreviations used in it and its forms are based on the pipe recording system developed at the University of Liverpool (Higgins & Davey, 2004) and expanded on by Higgins' guidelines (2017).

7.21.3 The bowls have been catalogued according to the simplified general typology outlined by Oswald (1975) and prefixed with OS. Further additions and redating of the London typology are according to Higgins (2004; 2016). Stem bores have been measured to the nearest 64th of an inch using a set of imperial drill bits. All stamps and decorations have been detailed in the comments where they occur. The pipes have been quantified by fragment count and individual bowls equate to 1 minimum number of vessels (MNV).

The Assemblage

7.21.4 The assemblage of clay tobacco pipe was recovered from a total of six contexts, over six trenches and four areas of the site. The clay pipes occur only as small (<30 fragments) sized groups and are summarised in Table 52 below.

7.21.5 The material is generally not abraded, and in good condition, with one fragment showing evidence of being burnt in some way and both bowls appear to have been smoked prior to deposition. This would indicate that the assemblage appears to have been deposited under primary or secondary conditions.

7.21.6 The assemblage is present in four areas and will be discussed below by area and sub-area.

Context	Context Type	Fill Of	Trench	Site	Bowls	Stems	Total	Early Context Date		Late Context Date	Spot Date
220	Ditch	218	75	4A	-	1	1	1580		1680	1580-1680
269	Ditch	268	89b	4B	1	-	1	1660		1680	1660-1680
337	Ditch	336	102	5A	-	2	2	1780		1920	1780-1920
513	Ditch	512	282	10C	-	1	1	1580		1680	1580-1680
579	Foundation	556	268	10B	1	2	3	1660		1780	1660-1680
1075	Ditch	1073	152	7C	-	1	1	1580		1680	1580-1680
				Total:	2	7	9				

Table 52: Distribution of clay tobacco pipes by context.

Site 4

Site 4A Results

7.21.7 A single wide bored (7/64”) stem fragment was recovered from the fill of Ditch [218] which shows signs of weathering and broadly dates to the Late 16th – Late 17th Century.

Site 4B Results

7.21.8 A complete bowl of Oswalds Type 7 was recovered from the fill of Ditch [268] which dates to the late 17th century.

Site 4 Discussion & Potential

7.21.9 The stem fragment’s weathering would indicate that it was moved about for a while before deposition within the ditch which might have been due to the use of the ditch or implies its residual nature. The bowl is undecorated and bares no makers mark but is useful for helping date the feature from which it was recovered.

Site 5

Site 5A Results

7.21.10 Two fragments of stem displaying a narrow bore (4/64”) were recovered from the fill of Ditch [336] which broadly dates to the Late 18th – Early 20th Century.

Site 5 Discussion & Potential

7.21.11 Stem fragments can only be broadly dated, and as they bare no decoration which could narrow their date range any further. Also given the paucity of the material, can only give an indication that tobacco use was occurring nearby.

Site 7

Site 7C Results

7.21.12 A single wide bored (7/64”) stem fragment was recovered from the fill of Ditch [1073] broadly dates to the Late 17th – Late 18th Century. This stem shows evidence of being burnt, and a slight twist in the stem, but without more of it, this could just be a happenchance of manufacture rather than deliberate decoration.

Site 7 Discussion & Potential

7.21.13 Stem fragments can only be broadly dated, and as this example does not exhibit any other features which could narrow its date range any further. This can only give an indication that tobacco use was occurring nearby.

Site 10

Site 10B Results

7.21.14 A complete bowl of Oswalds Type 7 was recovered from the fill of Foundation [556] which dates to the late 17th century, alongside two fragments of stem displaying a medium bore size (5-6/64”).

Site 10C Results

7.21.15 A single wide bored (7/64”) stem fragment was recovered from the fill of Ditch [512] broadly dates to the Late 17th – Late 18th Century.

Site 10 Discussion & Potential

7.21.16 The complete bowl recovered from the backfill around the foundation [556] helps to date this construction as it able to be dated from its form to the late 17th century. The stem fragments from both sub-areas also date broadly to the same time. None bare any makers marks or decoration, and in this case simply help date the features and indicate the use of tobacco in the area, potentially during the construction of this farm structure.

Conclusions

7.21.17 As this is only a very small assemblage of clay tobacco pipe, there is limited further work that can be undertaken on this material. It does however help to date the deposits from which they were recovered and shows that tobacco was being used in and around the area. As the entire assemblage is unmarked and undecorated it is recommended that the bowls are retained for archive, but that the stems are candidates for discard. If any future work is undertaken on site, this material should be considered with any further clay pipe recovered to help inform the site narrative.

7.22 Worked Stone

[redacted]

7.22.1 Worked stone was recovered from eleven contexts across four sites. It is catalogued below in Table 53. The material has not been assessed in-depth at this stage, but this can be done, if necessary, should further work be undertaken.

7.22.2 Eight of the recovered objects consist of fragments of lavastone, most likely derived from rotary querns or millstones which were commonly used in the Roman to medieval periods. Similarly, the fragment of puddingstone is also most likely derived from a Roman period quern. The two fragments of whetstone from (58) in Trench 45 are most likely to be of medieval date through association with other finds from that context.

7.22.3 The three possible stone tesserae from (151) in Trench 61 would be an unusual find in a rural context in Norfolk and may be derived from a building of notable significance. However, their secondary presence in the feature

means that it is not clear if this building is in the local area, or whether this represents tesserae brought from further afield.

Site	Cut	Context	Trench	Object	Description	Weight (g)	Frag Count
3B	0	58	45	Whetstone		27.4	2
3B	0	59	45	Lavastone		600	1
4A	0	151	61		Tesserae?	10.9	3
4A	0	180	80	Lavastone		70.4	3
4A	89	96	65	Lavastone		200	15
4A	89	98	65	Lavastone		160.1	13
4A	176	181	80	Lavastone		233.8	10
4A	176	181	80	Lavastone		4.2	4
4A	187	188	59	Pudding Stone	Quern	700	1
5A	345	346	114	Lavastone	Quern	1300	11
5A	378	379	112	Lavastone		300	1
7C	1081	1083	147	Lavastone		500	5

Table 53: Worked Stone Catalogue

7.23 Industrial Waste

[redacted]

7.23.1 Industrial waste was recovered from eight contexts across four sites. It is catalogued below in Table 54. The material has not been assessed in-depth at this stage, but this can be done, if necessary, should further work be undertaken.

7.23.2 The assemblage consists of a mixture of ironworking slag, coal, coke and clinker fragments. The ironworking slag was generally recovered in small quantities or as single finds from features that were widely dispersed, suggesting any metalworking was not taking place in the immediate vicinity of the trenches or was being carried out on a small-scale, *ad hoc* basis. The coal and coke fragments indicate the use of these materials as fuels, almost certainly during the post-medieval period. As some of the most commonly used post-medieval fuels they provide little insight into historic activities on site and are possibly the result of differential collection methods, rather than a genuine distribution of this material across the trenches, but they do aid

in dating the contexts from which they were recovered.

7.23.3 Objects listed for discard in the table below are of low archaeological value, for which this report provides sufficient record.

Site	Context	Cut	Trench	Description	Quantity	Weight (g)	Spot Date	Recommend
4A	79	78	58	Coal fragments	2	1.20	P.Med	Discard
4A	96	89	65	Ironworking slag	1	275	Und	
4A	205	203	81	Ironworking slag	1	2.85	Und	
5A	310	306	105	Coal fragments	16	16.60	P.Med	Discard
5A	500		114	Ironworking slag	1	59.82	Und	
9	973		251	Ironworking slag	1	248	Und	
9	975	974	251	Ironworking slag	1	37.08	Und	
9	975	974	251	Clinker fragment	1	3.20	Und	
10B	562	561	274	Coke fragments	8	50.59	P.Med	Discard
10B	562	561	274	Clinker fragments	2	7.18	P.Med	Discard

Table 54: Industrial Waste Catalogue.

7.24 Metalwork

[redacted]

Introduction and Methodology

7.24.1 A total of eighty-two metal objects of various materials were recovered from topsoil and archaeological contexts during trial-trench evaluation across eight of the nine investigated sites. They are catalogued in Appendix 13.

7.24.2 The assemblage is summarised, interpreted and discussed below by 'Site' Discussion of the overall assemblage is given after this, followed by recommendations for any treatment or further work with the assemblage.

The Assemblage

Site 1

7.24.3 Four iron objects were recovered from Site 1, consisting of a large fragment of probable agricultural machinery and three fragments of uncertain objects. They provide little insight into historic activities on site and most likely represent a general background noise of activity in the landscape.

Site 2

7.24.4 Two iron objects were recovered from Site 2, consisting of a large fragment of probable agricultural machinery and a fragment of an uncertain object. They provide little insight into historic activities on site and most likely represent a general background noise of activity in the landscape.

Site 3

7.24.5 Seventeen objects were recovered from Site 3. SF 1 was the most diagnostic of these, being a copper-alloy mount of probable medieval date depicting an ox or bull on its front. This was recovered from extraction pit [47] and it is not clear whether this find is contemporary with the pit, or residual in a later feature. The remaining objects consist of either undated nails or incomplete modern objects. The assemblage from Site 3 provides limited insight into historic activities on site, with much of the material likely deriving from historic manuring of agricultural land or as a broader background of material in the landscape.

Site 4

7.24.6 Ten objects were recovered from Site 4, all of which were either undiagnostic or of later post-medieval to modern date, with the exception of an incomplete iron horseshoe. However, a fragment of a copper-alloy object (SF 2) has a patina suggesting that it is of some age but the exact dating is not clear.

Site 5

7.24.7 Thirteen objects were recovered from Site 5. A copper-alloy sewing pin (SF 3) was recovered from a medieval pit, while a fiddle key nail was also recovered from a medieval context. The remaining objects are either currently undated or of modern date. The recovery of medieval objects may suggest some degree of activity of this date on site, but it is not possible to interpret this from the metal finds.

Site 7

7.24.8 Sixteen objects were recovered from Site 7. SF 50 was a large domed harness boss of 17th-century date recovered from the subsoil, while a

pressed copper-alloy thimble and part of the sole plate from a shoe were the only two other diagnostic objects from site. The remainder of the assemblage consists of objects that are currently undated. Their concentrations from some features may suggest *foci* of activity in these areas, but it is not possible to define this further from the metal finds.

Site 9

7.24.9 Ten objects were recovered from Site 9. These included a possible copper-alloy bracelet recovered from a Roman context, as well as a Roman hobnail, and an iron nail recovered from within the fill of a Roman kiln. The remaining objects are either currently undated or of modern date. This small assemblage provides only limited insight into interpretations of historic activities on site.

Site 10

7.24.10 Ten objects were recovered from Site 10. The only diagnostic object is an incomplete iron horseshoe that is either of early or late medieval type. X-ray is required to refine this identification. The remaining objects are all currently undated. This small assemblage provides only limited insight into interpretations of historic activities on site.

Discussion

7.24.11 This modest assemblage provides only limited insight into many of the features and sites investigated as part of this trial trenching. The majority of the objects are currently not dated, with many also undiagnostic. It may be possible to refine the dating on these objects should further work be undertaken with the objects reinterpreted alongside the other types of finds recovered from these contexts.

Recommendations

7.24.12 Recommendations are given as a separate column in the main catalogue.

7.24.13 Should further work be undertaken on site, selected objects should be X-rayed to potentially allow for more precise identification or reveal details

about the construction of certain objects.

7.24.14 Should further work be undertaken on site, the retained assemblage should be reinterpreted alongside any further metalwork found, and spatially in relation to any archaeology discovered. Objects recommended for discard at this stage are of low archaeological value, for which this report provides sufficient record.

7.25 Glass

[redacted]

7.25.1 Post-medieval glass was recovered from five contexts on site, catalogued below (Table 55). The assemblage has a date range spanning the 19th- to mid-20th-century and is typical of the background scatter of post-medieval glass present on most fields as a result of the scattering of domestic waste as manure. This assemblage provides little insight into historic activities on site but does aid in dating the contexts from which they were recovered. The assemblage is of low archaeological value and may be discarded.

Site	Context	Cut	Trench	Description	No. Sherds	Weight (g)	Spot Date
5A	310	306	105	Body fragment, green glass vessel	1	5.46	Late 19th-20th C
7D	1088		171	Clear glass fragment, vessel or window	1	0.39	Late 19th-20th C
9	893	892	255	Fragment of clear glass vessel	1	1.31	Late 19th-20th C
9	936	935	233	Body fragments, clear glass vessel	2	34.43	Late 19th-20th C
10B	554	553	268	Body, base and neck fragments, brown glass gin bottle	4	173	Late 19th-Early 20th C
10B	554	553	268	Fragments of a clear glass moulded dish	2	35.08	Late 19th-Early 20th C

Table 55: Glass Catalogue

7.26 Shell Objects

[redacted]

7.26.1 A circular, four-hole mother of pearl button was recovered from (1088) of Trench 171 on Site 7D, measuring 15mm in diameter, 2mm in thickness and weighing 0.68g. It is of probable 19th- to mid-20th-century date. It

provides limited insight into historic activities on site but does aid in dating the context from which it was recovered. No further work is recommended.

7.27 The Animal Bone

[redacted]

Introduction

7.27.1 Trial Trenching at East Pie Solar, Norfolk, produced a modest assemblage of 777 animal bone and tooth fragments (reduced to 497 after refitting and excluding skeleton-derived counts) from 51 trenches across eight sites (Appendix 14). This section outlines the faunal remains recovered from each productive site and sub-site, assesses their analytical potential, and outlines any recommendations. Sites that yielded no faunal material (Sites 1A, 2B, 3A, 4B, 5B, 6, 7A, 7B, 7E, 7F, 7H, 7I, 7J, 7K, 8, 10A) are not discussed further.

Methodology

7.27.2 Animal bone was identified and recorded to species level where possible, using Schmid (1972) and Hillson (2016) for mammals, Johnson (2016) for small mammals, Callou (1997) for hare and rabbit, Serjeantson & Cohen (1996) for birds, and Cannon (1987) for fish, in addition to an in-house comparative skeletal reference collection. Sheep/goat differentiation followed Prummel & Frisch (1986), although no species differentiation was positively identified.

7.27.3 Attempts were made to refit elements within contexts, and the total number of fragments were documented. Articulating bones were recorded as one specimen, with the total number of bones having been recorded separately to reduce inflation. The number of identified specimens was then calculated from these data (NISP). The minimum number of individuals (MNI) was calculated on the most frequently occurring bone for each species and considering left and right sides.

7.27.4 Unidentifiable fragments, in addition to ribs and undiagnostic vertebrae,

were classified by size (e.g., cattle-sized, sheep-sized, or small mammal). The recorded attributes included species, bone portion, fusion, condition, taphonomy, pathology, sex, tooth wear, fracture type, and anthropogenic modifications. A zonal method was used to record the various skeletal parts based on a combination of Serjeantson (1996, 195-7) and Strid (2012, 13).

7.27.5 Analysis of epiphyseal fusion followed Silver (1969). Tooth wear stages were assessed using Grant (1982) for cattle, sheep/goat and pig, and Levine (1982) and Goody (1983, 100–103) for horse. No suitable elements were present for sex estimation, and no pathologies were observed.

7.27.6 Measurements are taken from von den Driesch (1976), using digital callipers, and large bones were measured using an osteometric board.

7.27.7 Approximately, 23% of the assemblage was recovered from environmental samples subjected to flotation processing and sieved using a >2mm mesh. The remainder of the assemblage was collected by hand.

Assemblage Description

7.27.8 Trial trenching yielded 777 fragments of animal bone from 51 trenches; this reduced to 497 specimens after retting and excluding skeleton derived counts. No faunal material was recovered from Sites 1A, 2B, 3A, 4B, 5B, 6, 7A, 7B, 7E, 7F, 7H, 7I, 7J, 7K, 8, 10A. Cattle are the most abundant species, followed by sheep/goat, equid, and pig. A range of domestic and wild species are present; however, frequencies of each species is low (Table 56 and Table 57). Two possible partly complete skeletons were identified; a collection of rat bones (indeterminate species) from (12)/[10] and a collection of rabbit long bones from (46)/[45], both in Site 3B.

7.27.9 While a few well-preserved bones were identified, the overall assemblage is poorly preserved and highly fragmented. Only 19% of the assemblage was identified to a species, the remainder was classed as either cattle-, sheep-sized or unidentifiable. Five elements exhibited butchery marks. Approximately 14% of the assemblage showed evidence of burning. Less

than 1% of the bones showed evidence of canid gnawing. The poor condition of the material may have obscured evidence of anthropogenic modification and evidence of gnawing. Similarly, only a handful of metrics were able to be taken due to poor preservation.

Species/Site	1B	2A	3B	4A	5A	7C	7D	9	10B	10C	10E	Total
Equid		2	4		2	2		1				11
Cattle			3	3		2		7	3	5	3	26
Red Deer			1		1							2
Deer-species			1									1
Cattle-sized		1	10	4	12	3		61	3	2	6	102
Sheep/goat			1	1	1	5	1			3	1	13
Pig					4				1			5
Canid		1		1							1	3
Sheep-sized	1		7	3	17	8	1	8		2	5	52
Rabbit			1*									1
Felid			1									1
Small Mammal					1							1
Rat species			1*					3				4
Microfauna					2							2
Anuran					2							2
Unidentified fish					4							4
Chicken						1						1
Goose-sized			4									4
Unidentified Bird			2								1	3
Unidentifiable		10	2	3	36	3		30			3	87
Total	1	14	38	15	82	24	2	110	7	12	20	325

Table 56: Specimens (NISP) collected by hand by site.

Species/Site	4A	5A	9	10c	10E	Total
Cattle				1		1
Deer-Species		1				1
Cattle-sized			17			17
Sheep-sized		10	4		1	15
Small mammal			1			1
Microfauna		1				1
Anuran		2				2
Unidentified fish		6				6
Unidentifiable	1	45	59	20	3	128
Total	1	65	81	21	4	172

Table 57: Specimens (NISP) recovered by environmental samples from East Pye Solar, Norfolk.

Site 1 results

Site 1B

7.27.10 The diaphysis of a sheep-sized tibia was recovered from Ditch (1197)/[1195] in Trench 16.

Discussion

7.27.11 The lack of recovered material and its poor taphonomic condition, coupled with the limited amount of archaeological activity, suggests further excavation in Site 1 is unlikely to yield significantly more faunal material.

Site 2 results

Site 2A

7.27.12 A small amount of animal bone and tooth fragments were recovered from Trench 24 (NISP 14). Most of this material was recovered from Ditch (1209)/[1211]. This included a partial canid maxilla, a partial equid mandible and ten small unidentifiable fragments. Ditch (1200)/[1199] produced the distal end of an equine tibia and Ditch (1204)/[1293] produced a cattle-sized femur fragment. Overall, preservation was very poor, fragmentation was extensive (initially 40 fragments prior to refitting) and most fragments exhibited surface erosion.

Discussion

7.27.13 The lack of recovered material and its poor taphonomic condition, coupled with the limited amount of archaeological activity, suggests further excavation in this Site 2 is unlikely to yield significantly more faunal material.

Site 3 results

Site 3B

7.27.14 A small amount of animal bone and tooth fragments (NISP 38) were recovered from Trenches 36, 43, 44, 45, 46, 50. Aside from Trench 36, these trenches are clustered in the north-eastern corner of Site 3B.

7.27.15 Although 50% of the material consists of cattle-, sheep-sized or

unidentifiable fragments, there is a diverse range of species present. Ditch (46)/[45], in Trench 46, produced a partial rabbit skeleton and four bird bones. These were not identified to a species but were classed as goose-sized. A partial rat skeleton was recovered from Ditch (12)/[10]. Further analysis is needed to confirm species. Ditch (24)/[23] produced an equid phalanx and fragments of a red deer antler, of which the beam exhibited a large transverse chop mark. It is unknown if this antler was naturally shed. However, a shed antler was recovered from Layer (67), Trench 46. Layer (58) from Trench 45 produced the distal end of a felid tibia.

7.27.16 Overall, material is of mixed preservation. Surface erosion was identified and fragmentation is extensive, however some elements, including the two partial animal skeletons showed minimal taphonomic damage. Three fragments exhibited evidence of canid gnawing. As a result of this mixed preservation, analytical data, such as age estimation and metrics, is limited.

Discussion

7.27.17 Animal bone was limited to Site 3B. The amount of material recovered from Site 3B is small, with a high number of cattle-, sheep-sized or unidentifiable fragments, however the diverse range of species present is notable. Therefore, further excavation in Site 3B, particularly in the north-eastern corner, may reveal a small amount of animal bone, suggestive of good potential.

Site 4 results

Site 4A

7.27.18 A small amount of animal bone (NISP 16) was predominantly recovered from Pit and Ditch features in Trenches 80 and 81, in the southern site of 4A, with single fragments also collected from Trenches 57, 64, 67 and 78. Overall, preservation is noted as very poor, with extensive surface erosion, root etching and fragmentation. Four cattle specimens were identified, and a single sheep/goat and canid specimen. A single, fully calcined fragment was collected from Pit (135)/[137]. Analytical data, such as sex estimation and metrics, are limited due to the small amount of recovered material.

Discussion

7.27.19 Animal bone was limited to Site 4A. Although there is a small concentration of bone in the southern corner of Site 4A, the lack of recovered material and its poor taphonomic condition, coupled with the limited amount of archaeological activity, suggests further excavation in Site 4 is unlikely to yield significant amounts of faunal material.

Site 5 results

Site 5A

7.27.20 A moderate amount of animal bone (NISP 147) was predominantly recovered from Trenches 108, 111, 112, 114 in the north-east corner of the Site. Overall preservation is mostly poor. Sheep-, cattle-sized, and unidentifiable material constitutes 81% the assemblage. Species present include equid, red deer, pig, sheep/goat, frog/toad (anuran), unidentifiable fish and microfauna. Of note is a red deer metatarsal diaphysis with small cut marks on the lateral and medial surfaces.

7.27.21 As a result of poor preservation, analytical data, such as age estimation and element abundance, is limited. No metrical data was collected.

Discussion

7.27.22 Animal bone was limited to Site 5A. The concentration and frequency of bone in the north-east corner of Site 5A, suggests further excavation in this area may yield a moderate amount of material, and the diverse range of species present is notable. However, given the poor preservation of the material, it may be of limited analytical value.

Site 7 results

Site 7C

7.27.23 A small amount of animal bone was collected (NISP 24) from a concentration of Trenches (143, 144, 147) adjacent to the east boundary of the Site. Material was largely collected from Ditches. Notably, the cobbled surface (1083)/[1080] produced a range of species, including equid, cattle, sheep/goat and chicken. Aside from the chicken bone, and some equid

teeth, the material was poorly preserved, and as a result, analytical data is extremely limited.

Site 7D

7.27.24 Ditch (1092)/[1089] from Trench 169, produced two fragments, a sheep/goat tibia and a sheep-sized long bone fragment, both of which were poorly preserved.

Discussion

7.27.25 Only Sites 7C and 7D produced animal bone and tooth material. The concentration of bone in Site 7C suggests further excavation in this area may yield additional material. However, given the overall poor preservation and small NISP, it may be of limited analytical value.

Site 9 results

7.27.26 A moderate amount of material was recovered (NISP 191), of which, the majority derives from a concentration of activity in the north-west corner. However, sheep-, cattle-sized and unidentifiable fragments constitute 94% of the assemblage, with few identifiable specimens recorded. Cattle are the most abundant species, but mostly represented by loose teeth, which is suggestive of poor preservation. Rat elements from Ditch (767)/[766] and an equid Incisor from Ditch (862)/[861] were also recorded. Analytical data, such as age estimation, is limited due to the high frequency of unidentifiable material.

7.27.27 A notable proportion of burnt animal bone was recorded from Trenches 247, 248 and 251, ranging in colour (Table 58) suggesting temperatures of 300◦C to >650 ◦C (Rosa et al. 2023, 575). Some of the materials were identifiable as cattle-sized long bone fragments. This concentration of burnt animal bone likely represents the disposal of domestic waste.

Trench	**247**	**248**	**251**			
Context	(830)	(781)	(958)	(971)	(972)	
Sample	<70>	<63>	<84>	<85>	<86>	Total
Black	1			1		2
Grey	1		2			3
White	3	47	9	1	1	61
Total	5	47	11	2	1	66

Table 58: Burnt specimens (NISP) recovered by environmental samples from Site 9, East Pye Solar, Norfolk.

Discussion

7.27.28 The concentration and frequency of bone in the north-east corner of Site 9, suggests further excavation in this Site may yield a moderate amount of material. However, given the poor preservation of the material, and high proportion of unidentifiable material, it may be of limited analytical value.

Site 10 results

Site 10B

7.27.29 A small amount of animal bone (NISP 7) was recovered from Site 10B. Feature (579)/[556], Trench 268, produced the diaphysis of a pig radius, and fragments of a cattle radius, thoracic vertebrae (unfused) and maxillary tooth. The remainder are cattle-sized bone fragments. Due to the small NISP, analytical data is extremely limited. Three butchery marks, however, were identified.

Site 10C

7.27.30 A small amount of animal bone (NISP 33) was recovered from Pits, Ditches, Postholes and Topsoil in Trenches 284, 287, 288, 291, 294 and 306. Trenches were mostly positioned along the Southern boundary of the Site. Cattle are the most abundant species, followed by sheep/goat. Element abundance shows a predominance of mandibles for cattle and sheep/goat. However, 73% of the assemblage was classed as cattle-, sheep-sized or unidentifiable, therefore, overall species identification was limited.

Site 10E

7.27.31 A small amount of animal bone (NISP 24) was recovered from Trenches 308, 309, 310, 311, 313, and 315, from Pits and Ditches spread across the Site. Identified species and elements are limited to three cattle fragmented specimens, the diaphysis of a canid humerus and a sheep/goat maxillary molar, all of which were from different features. A cattle metatarsal from Ditch (751)/[748] exhibited an oblique chop mark on the anterior portion of the proximal articular surface. One unidentifiable bird bone was also

recovered. The remaining material was classed as either cattle-, sheep-sized or unidentifiable, which constitutes 75% of the assemblage. Due to the low overall NISP and poor preservation, analytical data, such as age estimation, is limited.

Discussion

7.27.32 Only Sites 10B, 10C, and 10E produced animal bone, all of which produced small amounts of material. Further excavation in these areas may yield additional material. However, given the overall poor preservation and small NISP, it may be of limited analytical value.

Overall Conclusions

7.27.33 The animal bone assemblage from East Pye Solar is generally small, highly fragmented, and poorly preserved, limiting the overall analytical potential. However, several areas demonstrate localised concentrations of material that may warrant further investigation. Sites 3B, 5A, and 7C produced the most substantial and diverse assemblages, suggesting that additional excavation in these locations may yield further faunal material. Site 9 also produced the greatest amount of material; however, this was inflated by a high number of undiagnostic fragments. All remaining sites produced only very small quantities of degraded bone and are unlikely to provide significant additional remains. If further excavation produces additional material, this catalogue and report should be incorporated.

7.28 The Human Bone

[redacted]

Introduction

7.28.1 During the archaeological evaluation at East Pye Solar in Norfolk, a small assemblage of cremated bone was identified in pit [166], and an isolated human tooth was found in ditch [886].

Methodology

7.28.2 The human bone was excavated and recorded in accordance with the

updated CIfA guidelines (Mitchell and Brickley 2017). The cremated bone deposits were sieved through a 0.5mm mesh, and the residue was passed through a stack of 10mm, 5mm and 2mm sieves. The residue was scanned and retained, and all bone was sorted and analysed.

7.28.3 The general methods used in the osteological evaluation of the skeletal material follow Buikstra and Ubelaker (1994) and Brickley and McKinley (2004). The approximate age of the individual represented by the unburnt bone was estimated from the development and eruption of the tooth (Shaeffer et al. 2009).

Results

Site 4A

Pit [166]

7.28.4 Two small, cremated fragments (0.1g) of possible human bone were recovered from Spit 1 of pit [166]. The bone was fully oxidised and white in colour, indicating exposure to pyre temperatures exceeding 650°C (Bonucci and Graziani 1975, 531; Devlin and Herrmann 2015, 121). The fragments were commingled with charcoal flecks and burnt stone and may represent re-deposited pyre material.

7.28.5 Pyre debris typically comprises a mixture of components, principally fuel ash (mostly charcoal) combined with burnt clay, burnt flint, burnt stone, and fuel ash slag, together with cremated bone and fragments of pyre goods (McKinley 1997, 137; McKinley 2000, 41).

7.28.6 The largest fragment measured 0.85cm and exhibited transverse fissures, which are typically associated with green (fleshed) human bone exposed to heat during the cremation process (Binford 1963; Buikstra and Swegle 1989; Whyte 2001; Curtin 2008, 223; Ward and Tayles 2015, 389). However, experimental studies have shown that the cremation of whole animal carcasses and fresh faunal bones can produce comparable patterns, such as fracturing and warping), similar to those observed in cremated human bone (Whyte 2001).

7.28.7 The small size of both fragments precluded any further identification or detailed analysis.

Site 9

Ditch [886]

Child

7.28.8 A right mandibular third premolar was recovered from the middle fill (888) of the north to south aligned ditch [886], located in the south-eastern part of Trench 247. The surface of the tooth was scored as 1 (Brickley and McKinley 2004). The tooth was intermixed with prehistoric pottery sherds and faunal remains.

Age Estimation

7.28.9 The approximate age was estimated from tooth development and eruption stages, indicating that the remains belonged to a child approximately 7 years ±24 months old (Shaeffer et al. 2009, 95).

7.28.10 The presence of an isolated tooth in the ditch may reflect intentional deposition, the secondary movement of remains from a nearby grave, other post-depositional disturbance (e.g. animal activity, soil movement), or simply the loss of a tooth by an individual.

Conclusion

7.28.11 The human tooth recovered from ditch [886] belonged to an individual child. With only a single element present, it is not possible to interpret this in any detail. The cremated bone found in pit [166] was possibly human, however, due to its small size, no further identification could be made. The assemblage may represent a redeposited pyre material.

Further recommendation

7.28.12 If any further work is carried out on site and additional human remains are uncovered, it is recommended that the HSR be reassessed.

7.29 Marine Shell

[redacted].

Introduction

7.29.1 A total of 1493g of marine shell was hand collected from an archaeological evaluation at East Pye Solar, Norfolk (Appendix 15). The material was collected from a series of layers, ditches, and pits. This report aims to record the preservation and quantify the marine shell assemblage, and to assess the future potential of the assemblage.

Methodology

7.29.2 The shell collected from bulk samples was gently washed with cold water and a toothbrush before being left to air dry, while shell from the environmental samples was put through flotation tanks before being sorted through for environmental remains. The oyster shell was then sorted by species, counted, and sided. This shell was then examined for defining characteristics before being weighed and recorded into a table. Oyster shell was recorded using procedures outlined by Winder (2011) and was separated into left and right valves. Other marine shell was identified, weighed, and quantified.

Results

Site 3B

7.29.3 The shell assemblage for this area comprised entirely of common Oyster Shell (Ostrea edulis). The two features from this area produced 21g of oyster shell, in the form of 4 right vales, 1 measurable, and 3 unmeasurable. There was an occasional fragmentary presence. The oyster assemblage produced an MNI (minimum number of individuals) of 4.

Statement of Potential

7.29.4 This area contains little potential for future work due to the size and preservation of the assemblage.

Site 4A

7.29.5 The shell assemblage for this area comprised entirely of common Oyster Shell (Ostrea edulis). The two features from this area produced 179g of oyster shell, in the form of 5 measurable left valves, 4 unmeasurable, 6 measurable right valves, and 3 unmeasurable. There was an occasional fragmentary presence. The oyster assemblage produced an MNI (minimum number of individuals) of 11.

Statement of Potential

7.29.6 This area contains little potential for future work due to the size and preservation of the assemblage.

Site 5A

7.29.7 The shell assemblage for this area comprised of common Oyster Shell (Ostrea edulis) and Common Whelk (Buccinum undatum). The eight features from this area produced 1103g of oyster shell, in the form of 37 measurable left valves, 27 unmeasurable, 36 measurable right valves, and 10 unmeasurable. There was an abundant fragmentary presence. The oyster assemblage produced an MNI (minimum number of individuals) of 70. The shell assemblage also consisted of 6 Common Whelks, weighing 72g. The assemblage also showed indications of predation, oyster clocks, notch marks and punch holes.

Statement of Potential

7.29.8 This area contains little potential for future work due to the size and preservation of the assemblage.

Site 7C

7.29.9 The shell assemblage for this area comprised entirely of fragments of common Oyster Shell (Ostrea edulis). The single feature from this area produced 5g of oyster shell. The oyster assemblage produced an MNI (minimum number of individuals) of 1.

Statement of Potential

7.29.10 This area contains little potential for future work due to the size and preservation of the assemblage.

Site 9

7.29.11 The shell assemblage for this area contained only common Oyster Shell (Ostrea edulis). The two features from this area produced 30g of oyster shell, in the form of 1 measurable left valve, and one measurable right valve. There was a consistent fragmentary presence. The oyster assemblage produced an MNI (minimum number of individuals) of 2.

Statement of Potential

7.29.12 This area contains little potential for future work due to the size and preservation of the assemblage.

Site 10C

7.29.13 The shell assemblage for this site comprised entirely of common Oyster Shell (Ostrea edulis). The six features from this site produced 92g of oyster shell, comprising of 2 left measurable vales, 4 right measurable valves, and one unmeasurable right valve. The oyster assemblage produced an MNI (minimum number of individuals) of 6. The assemblage showed signs of predation, discolouration and notch marks.

Statement of Potential

7.29.14 This area contains little potential for future work due to the size and preservation of the assemblage.

Overall Conclusions and Recommendation for Further Work

7.29.15 The state of preservation of the East Pye Solar, Norfolk was generally poor to middling with the assemblage being fragmented and, in large part, immeasurable. The presence of anthropogenic changes made to the oyster shell may indicate that it was used to supplement a diet, though the amount of shell recovered was small, indicating that it likely was not a main component.

7.29.16 This assemblage has been fully quantified, and no further work is recommended.

7.30 Environmental Archaeology

[redacted]

Introduction

7.30.1 This report presents the environmental findings and potential from an archaeological evaluation at Eat Pye Solar, Norfolk. Eighty-two samples of under 40L were taken from a series of pits, ditches, ovens, kilns, postholes, natural features, watering holes and cobbled surfaces (Appendix 16).

Aims

7.30.2 The aims of this assessment are threefold: to give an overview of the contents and abundances of the assessed samples, to determine the environmental potential of the assessed samples, and to recommend further analysis of the assessed samples, if necessary.

Methodology

7.30.3 Eighty-two samples of under 40L were processed through floatation; material was collected using a 300 µm mesh for the flot and a 1mm mesh for the heavy residue. The heavy residue was dried and sieved through 10mm, 5mm, and 2mm fractions before being sorted. Archaeological material was extracted, labelled and recorded from these residues. The abundance of each material type was recorded using a non-linear scale: "1" showing occasional occurrence (1-10 items found), "2" showing fairly frequent occurrence (11-30 items found), "3" showing frequent occurrence (31-100 items found), and "4" showing an abundant presence of material (>100 items found).

7.30.4 The flot was dried, labelled and scanned under a low power binocular microscope in order to identify the presence and quality of environmental material, such as seeds, chaff, grain, molluscs, charcoal and modern material. It was separated into sieve fractions of >4mm, 2-4mm and <2mm. Abundances of material were recorded in the same manner as detailed above within the heavy residue. Seed and cereal identifications were made

using standard reference materials (Jacomet, Greig 2006; and Cappers et al., 2012).

Results

Site 3B.

Pit.

Sample <1> (21) [20].

7.30.5 Sample <1> [20] contained occasional charcoal >4mm, and abundant 2-4mm and <2mm. The sample also contained occasional charred *Brassica* sp. (mustards) and indeterminate charred grain. Pit [20] also contained occasional terrestrial molluscs, fairly frequent modern plant material and frequent instances of roots/tubers. Also recorded were small amounts of burnt flint.

Ditch.

Sample <2> (17) [15].

7.30.6 Sample <2> [15] contained fairly frequent charcoal >4mm, as well as abundant charcoal 2-4mm and <2mm, and occasional amorphous charred material and charred nutshell. The sample also contained fairly frequent modern plant material and abundant roots/tubers. Also present were small amounts of burnt flint.

Statement of Potential.

7.30.7 Due to the lack of charred botanical remains there is little potential for environmental archaeology within this area. Only sample <1> [20] contained evidence of charred cereal remains, but the state of preservation precluded identification to species. There is also evidence of bioturbation in the form of modern plant material, roots/tubers and burrowing terrestrial molluscs.

Site 4A.

Pits.

Samples <3> (135) [134], <4> (167) [166], <5> (167) [166], <6> (167) [166],

<29> (265) [264].

7.30.8 All samples contained varying amounts charcoal across multiple sieve fractions, with sample <5> [166] containing the least, and sample <3> [134] containing the most. Additionally, sample <29> [264] contained occasional *Brassica* sp. (mustards), while sample <3> [134] contained fairly frequent large *Poaceae* sp. (grasses) and indeterminate charred grain, as well as frequent indeterminate charred seeds. Two samples contained occasional amorphous charred material and terrestrial molluscs. Furthermore, three samples contained occasional uncharred seeds. All samples contained modern plant material and roots/tubers varying from an occasional to abundant presence. Also present in the sample were small amounts of burnt clay, burnt flint, struck flint and pottery.

Ditch.

Sample <7> (181) [176].

7.30.9 Sample <7> [176] contained occasional charcoal >4mm, and abundant 2-4mm and <2mm. The sample also contained occasional charred large *Poaceae* sp. (grasses), *Fabaceae* sp. (legumes) and indeterminate charred grain. Ditch [176] also contained occasional uncharred seeds and modern plant material, as well as fairly frequent roots/tubers and terrestrial molluscs. Also recorded were small amounts of lavastone and burnt flint.

Oven.

Samples <8> (238) [237], <9> (240) [237], <10> (247) [237], <11> (241) [237], <12> (242) [237], <13> (243) [237], <14> (245) [237], <15> (249) [248], <16> (250) [248], <17> (251) [248], <18> (252) [248], <19> (253) [248], <20> (254) [248], <21> (256) [255], <22> (257) [255], <23> (258) [255], <24> (259) [255], <25> (260) [255], <26> (261) [255], <27> (262) [255], <28> (263) [255].

7.30.10 All samples contained charcoal across multiple sieve fractions, with sample <9> [237] containing the most, and sample <20> [248] containing the least. One of the twenty-one samples contained occasional *Brassica* sp. (mustards), in addition to five samples which contained occasional indeterminate charred grains. Sample <15> [248] contained occasional

indeterminate charred seeds. Four samples contained occasional amorphous charred material. Samples <15> [248], <17> [248], and <24> [255] all contained occasional charred nutshell. Only four samples of the twenty-one did not contain instances of uncharred seeds, ranging from occasional to fairly frequent. All samples also contained varying levels of modern plant material and roots/tubers, barring sample <11> [237], which did not contain any modern plant material. Three samples contained occasional burrowing terrestrial molluscs, while five contained occasional insect remains. Also present within the samples were small amounts of burnt clay, burnt flint, CBM, animal bone, pottery and struck flint.

Statement of Potential.

7.30.11 The environmental potential of Site 4A is very limited. Only seven of the samples contained instances of charred cereal remains, and of those none were able to be identified species due to poor preservation. The environmental potential of the three samples containing charred nutshell is irrelevant without phasing. There were also indicators of bioturbation in the form of modern plant material, roots/tubers, insect remains and uncharred seeds.

Site 5A.

Pit.

Samples <30> (315) [313], <34> (309) [308], <37> (372) [371], <36> (370) [369].

7.30.12 All samples contained charcoal across multiple sieve fractions, with sample <30> [313] containing the most, including two pieces of charcoal of potentially identifiable size (hereby meaning exceeding 4mm in all directions), and sample <37> [371] containing the least. Samples <30> [313] and <37> [371] contained occasional *Brassica* sp. (mustards), sample <34> [308] contained occasional large *Poaceae* sp. (grasses). Sample <30> [313] also contained fairly frequent *Fabaceae* sp. (legumes), occasional indeterminate charred seeds, *Triticum* sp. (wheat) cf. *Triticum* sp, and abundant instances of indeterminate charred grain. Sample <37>

[371] also contained occasional cf. *Hordeum vulgare* (barley) and indeterminate charred grain. Samples <30> [313] and <34> [308] also both contained occasional charred nutshell. All samples also contained occasional uncharred seeds, varying abundances of modern plant material, roots/tubers and terrestrial molluscs. Sample <37> [371] also contained occasional insect remains. Also recorded in small amounts were marine shell, burnt clay, animal bone, pottery and burnt flint. Sample <36> [369] contained occasional charcoal >4mm and <2mm, as well as fairly frequent 2-4mm. The sample also contained occasional indeterminate charred seeds, *Hordeum vulgare* (barley), cf. *Hordeum vulgare* and indeterminate charred grain. The sample also contained occasional uncharred seeds and modern plant material, in addition to abundant roots/tubers and terrestrial molluscs. Also present was a small quantity of burnt clay.

Ditches.

Samples <31> (346) [345], <33> (361) [360], <35> (358) [355].

7.30.13 All samples contained charcoal across all sieve fractions, with sample <33> [360] containing the most, including a piece of charcoal of potentially identifiable size. All samples contained occasional *Fabaceae* sp. (legumes), while sample <33> [360] also contained occasional large *Poaceae* sp. (grasses) and indeterminate charred seeds. Samples <31> [345] and <35> [355] both contained occasional *Hordeum vulgare* (barley) and cf. *Hordeum vulgare*. Samples <33> [360] and <35> [355] both contained occasional *Triticum* sp. (wheat) and cf. *Triticum*. All samples contained indeterminate charred grain ranging from frequent to abundant. Sample <33> [360] also contained occasional vitrified material. All samples contained modern plant material and roots/tubers, ranging from occasional to abundant, two samples contained terrestrial molluscs, while only sample <31> [345] contained insect remains. Also present were small amounts of burnt clay, animal bone, CBM, pottery, metal (Fe), struck flint, burnt flint and marine shell.

Posthole.

Sample <32> (363) [362].

7.30.14 Sample <32> [362] contained abundant charcoal 2-4mm and <2mm, as well as occasional *Triticum* sp. (wheat) and cf. *Triticum*. The sample also contained occasional uncharred seeds and modern plant material, terrestrial molluscs, as well as abundant roots/tubers. The sample also contained burnt clay, pottery, animal bone, struck flint and burnt flint.

Statement of Potential.

7.30.15 Site 5 shows environmental potential in both the charred seed and cereal assemblage. The sample set from Site 5B should be selected for further investigation due to the comparative size and diversity of the charred botanical assemblage, especially when compared to other areas of the site. There are, however, limitations, in the form of poor preservation leading to a majority of the assemblage being unable to be identified, and indications of bioturbation.

Site 7.

Site 7C.

Pit.

Sample <89> (1039) [1038].

7.30.16 Sample <89> [1038] contained abundant charcoal <2mm. The sample also contained occasional uncharred seeds, insect remains and terrestrial molluscs, as well as frequent instances of modern plant material and roots/tubers. Also recorded were small amounts of burnt clay and burnt flint.

Cobbled surface.

Sample <90> (1082) [1081].

7.30.17 Sample <90> [1081] contained occasional charcoal 2-4mm and abundant <2mm. The sample also contained occasional modern plant material and abundant roots/tubers. Also noted were small amounts of burnt clay.

Posthole.

Sample <91> (1072) [1071].

7.30.18 Sample <91> [1071] contained occasional charcoal 2-4mm and abundant <2mm. The sample also contained occasional uncharred seeds and modern plant material, as well as frequent roots/tubers. Also present was a small amount of burnt flint.

Site 7F

Postholes.

Samples <92> (1146) [1145], <93> (1148) [1147], <94> (1150) [1149].

7.30.19 All samples contained charcoal ranging from occasional to frequent across 2-4mm and 2mm. Sample <93> [1147] contained occasional amorphous charred material, whilst sample <92> [1145] contained occasional indeterminate charred grain. Sample <92> [1145] also contained occasional uncharred seeds. All samples contained varying amounts of modern plant material and roots/tubers, ranging from occasional to abundant, with sample <93> [1147] containing the most. Also present were small amounts of burnt flint and burnt clay.

Site 7K

Pit.

Sample <87> (1012) [1011].

7.30.20 Sample <87> [1011] contained occasional charcoal >4mm, abundant 2-4mm and frequent <2mm. The sample also contained occasional uncharred seeds across multiple species, as well as occasional modern plant material and frequent roots/tubers. Also present was a small amount of burnt flint.

Watering hole.

Sample <88> (1026) [1025].

7.30.21 Sample <88> [1025] contained occasional charcoal 2-4mm and fairly frequent <2mm. The sample also contained occasional uncharred seeds and modern plant material, as well as frequent roots/tubers. Also recorded was a small amount of burnt flint.

Statement of Potential.

7.30.22 Site 7 is largely sterile in terms of archaeobotanical remains and presents very little environment potential.

Site 9.

Pits.

Samples <62> (771) [768], <70> (830) [829], <71> (831) [829], <72> (852), <73> (857) [856], <74> (873) [872], <75> (875) [874], <77> (901) [900], <78> (911) [910], <79> (913) [912], <81> (950) [949].

7.30.23 All samples contained charcoal over multiple sieve fractions with sample <81> [949] containing the most, including a single piece of charcoal of potentially identifiable size. Sample <75> [874] contained the smallest amount of charcoal of the sample set. Three samples contained charred cereal and/or seed remains: sample <70> [829] and <74> [872] which contained occasional indeterminate charred grain, and sample <81> [949] which contained occasional cf. *Hordeum vulgare* (barley), *Secale* sp. (rye), cf. *Triticum* sp. (wheat), indeterminate charred seeds and abundant indeterminate grain. Sample <79> [912] contained occasional amorphous charred material and abundant charred nutshell, whereas sample <78> [910] contained occasional charred nutshell. All samples, barring four, contained a level of uncharred seeds, ranging from occasional to fairly frequent across multiple species. Roots/tubers and modern plant material were ubiquitous across the samples, while two samples contained occasional terrestrial molluscs, and a further two contained occasional insect remains. Also present within the samples were small quantities of burnt clay, burnt flint, HSR (human skeletal remains) and struck flint.

Ditches.

Samples <63> (781) [779], <64> (782) [779], <69> (811) [810].

7.30.24 All samples contained charcoal across all sieve fractions, except for sample <63> [779] which did not contain any charcoal >4mm. Sample <69> [810] contained occasional indeterminate charred seeds. All samples contained an amount of modern plant material and roots/tubers, ranging from occasional to abundant. Sample <63> [779] and <64> [779] both contained

occasional terrestrial molluscs. All samples contained occasional uncharred seeds, as well as modern plant material and roots/tubers, ranging from occasional to abundant. Also recorded were small amounts of burnt clay, burnt flint, HSR and struck flint.

Postholes.

Samples <65> (785) [784], <66> (788) [787], <67> (791) [790], <68> (794) [793].

7.30.25 All samples contained charcoal across all sieve fractions, excepting sample <67> [790] which did not contain any charcoal >4mm. Overall, sample <68> [793] contained the most charcoal. Sample <65> [794] contained occasional amorphous charred material. Three samples contained occasional uncharred seeds. All samples contained varying levels of modern plant material and/or roots/tubers, ranging from occasional to frequent. Sample <68> [793] also contained occasional insect remains. Also present were small quantities of burnt flint.

Natural feature.

Sample <76> (877) [876].

7.30.26 Sample <76> [876] contained frequent charcoal >4mm, abundant 2-4mm, and fairly frequent <2mm. The sample also contained occasional indeterminate charred grain. Natural feature [876] contained occasional uncharred seeds, frequent modern plant material and abundant roots/tubers. Also noted were small amounts of struck flint and burnt flint.

Ovens.

Samples <80> (946) [945], <82> (952) [951], <83> (953) [951], <84> (958) [957].

7.30.27 All samples contained charcoal across multiple sieve fractions, with sample <84> [957] containing the most, as well as a single piece of charcoal of potentially identifiable size. Sample <84> [957] also contained frequent instances of indeterminate charred grain and occasional large *Poaceae* sp. (grasses) and indeterminate charred seeds, whereas sample <80> [945]

contained occasional charred nutshell. All samples contained uncharred seeds, ranging from occasional to fairly frequent, as well as modern plant material and roots/tubers. Half of the samples contained occasional terrestrial molluscs, in addition to sample <82> [951] which contained occasional insect remains. Also recorded were small quantities of burnt clay, burnt flint, pottery, metal (Fe), HSR and struck flint.

Kilns.

Sample <85> (971) [970], <86> (972) [970].

7.30.28 Both samples contained charcoal across all sieve fractions, with sample <85> [970] containing more, in addition to a single piece of charcoal of potentially identifiable size. Furthermore, sample <85> [970] contained occasional indeterminate charred grain, whereas sample <86> [970] contained occasional *Fabaceae* sp. (legumes). Sample <86> [970] also contained occasional uncharred seeds, terrestrial molluscs and insect remains. Both samples contained modern plant material and roots/tubers, ranging from occasional to frequent in abundance. Also present were small amounts of burnt clay, burnt flint, pottery, metal (Fe), HSR and stone.

Statement of Potential.

The majority of samples from Site 9 present little environmental potential due to a lack of archaeobotanical remains. However, samples <79> [912] and <81> [949] represent two exceptions. Sample <79> [912] should be further investigated due to the abundance of charred nutshell. Sample <81> [949] should be further investigated due to the size and diversity of the grain assemblage, though preservation limited the identification of many specimens. Both samples would benefit from a phased report.

Site 10B.

Pits.

Samples <50> (552) [551], <52> (623) [622], <53> (625) [624].

7.30.29 All samples contained charcoal across all sieve fractions, with sample <52> [622] containing more, as well as three pieces of charcoal of potentially

identifiable size. The samples also contained occasional uncharred seeds, modern plant material and roots/tubers, ranging from fairly frequent to abundant. Two of the samples also contained occasional terrestrial molluscs, in addition to sample <53> [624] which contained occasional insect remains. Also present were small amounts of burnt clay, pottery and burnt flint.

Site 10C.

Pits.

Samples <51> (609) [608], <54> (628) [626], <56> (662) [661], <58> (702) [701], <59> (727) [726].

7.30.30 All samples contained charcoal across all sieve fractions with sample <59> [726] containing the most, in addition to two pieces of charcoal of potentially identifiable size. Sample <59> [726] also contained occasional indeterminate charred grain. Sample <56> [661] contained occasional charred *Fabaceae* sp. (legumes), while sample <51> [608] contained indeterminate charred seeds. Sample <54> [626] contained occasional amorphous charred material and charred nutshell. All samples contained occasional uncharred seeds across multiple species, as well as amounts of modern plant material and roots/tubers ranging from occasional to fairly frequent. Three of the five samples also contained occasional insect remains. Also noted were small amounts of marine shell, metal (Cu and Fe), burnt clay, burnt flint, animal bone, CBM and pottery.

Ditch.

Samples <55> (650) [649], <57> (696) [695].

7.30.31 Both samples contained charcoal across multiple sieve fractions, with sample <55> [649] containing the most. Sample <57> [695] contained occasional indeterminate charred seeds and grain. Sample <55> [649] contained uncharred seeds and insect eggs/worm cases, whereas sample <57> [695] contained occasional terrestrial molluscs and insect remains. Also recorded were small amounts of burnt clay, burnt flint, CBM and pottery.

Oven.

Samples <60> (730) [728], <61> (731) [728].

7.30.32 Both samples contained charcoal across all sieve fractions, with sample <61> [728] containing marginally more. Sample <61> [728] contained occasional *Brassica* sp. (mustards), amorphous charred material and vitrified material, whereas both contained occasional indeterminate charred grain. Sample <61> [728] contained fairly frequent uncharred seeds and terrestrial molluscs. Sample <60> [728] contained occasional insect remains. Both samples contained modern plant material and roots/tubers, ranging from occasional to fairly frequent. Also present was a small amount of burnt clay.

Statement of Potential.

7.30.33 Site 10 shows very little environmental potential, due to a lack of archaeobotanical remains and indications of bioturbation, in the form of modern plant material, roots/tubers, uncharred seeds, insect eggs/worm cases, burrowing terrestrial molluscs and insect remains. The state of preservation prevented identification of the cereal assemblage.

Conclusions and recommendations for further work

7.30.34 The preservation in the sample set recovered from East Pye Solar, Norfolk, is largely poor. The majority of the cereal assemblage was unable to be identified to species. There was also significant evidence of bioturbation throughout the sample in the form of modern plant material, roots/tubers, burrowing terrestrial molluscs, insect remains, insect eggs/worm cases and uncharred seeds. Should further work be undertaken on the site an effort should be taken to take samples from sealed contexts. If phasing for this site changes the contents of this report should be revised.

8 DISCUSSION

8.1 Site 1

Archaeological Results

8.1.1 Archaeological remains within Site 1 were limited in extent and consisted predominantly of features associated with the post-medieval field system depicted on historic mapping. The sequence of ditches partially exposed across Trenches 15–22 corresponded with a former north-west to south-east aligned land division shown on the Tithe map.

8.1.2 A large flat-based pit identified in Trench 10, although not shown on the historic maps, contained pottery dating from the high medieval to post-medieval periods, placing it within the same agricultural landscape as the surrounding field system. Further evidence for post-medieval activity was recorded in Trench 12, where a slot excavated through ditch [1185] produced fragments of post-medieval and modern ceramic building material, confirming its association with the nearby structure first depicted on the 1888 OS map.

8.1.3 Overall, Site 1 preserves elements of a long-lived field system with origins in the medieval period and continued use and reorganisation into the post-medieval era. No evidence for settlement or intensive occupation was identified, and the remains are best interpreted as components of an evolving agricultural landscape.

Geophysics and Air Photo Comparison

8.1.4 The trenches in Site 1 targeted a series of linear anomalies identified by the geophysical survey, which corresponded closely with post-medieval field systems depicted on the historical mapping. The majority of these targeted linear anomalies were confirmed as ditches during excavation, demonstrating a good level of correlation between the geophysical survey and the archaeological remains. However, not all anomalies proved to be archaeological in origin, with one of the two linear anomalies in Trench 4 and the anomaly targeted in Trench 23 shown not to correspond with any

sub-surface features. The ferrous spread targeted in Trench 12 is likely to relate to the rubble encountered within the topsoil and the post-medieval ditch associated with the demolition of the building depicted on the 1888 Ordnance Survey map. No evidence was encountered for the medieval settlement associated with All Saints Church, suggesting that any related activity lies beyond the limits of the investigated area or has not survived.

8.2 Site 2

Archaeological Results

8.2.1 The archaeological remains identified within Site 2 were limited in scope and consisted predominantly of post-medieval field boundary ditches corresponding with divisions depicted on historic mapping. These features followed the known layout of the post-medieval field system and showed no evidence of earlier activity in most trenches.

8.2.2 In contrast, Trench 24 contained a notably higher density of features than the rest of the area, with eight ditches and a pit recorded. One of these ditches formed part of the same post-medieval field system identified elsewhere in Site 2. Three ditches ([1199], [1209], and [1201]) and pit [1212] contained mid-2nd-century Roman pottery and animal bone, demonstrating the presence of Romano-British activity within this part of the site. The arrangement of these features suggests the possibility of a north-west to south-east aligned coaxial system formed by major ditches such as [1199], [1203], [1209] and [1214], with smaller subdivisions or cultivation channels extending from them.

8.2.3 The lack of previous archaeological investigation in the surrounding area is largely a result of the long-term agricultural character of the landscape. As a consequence, it is difficult to place the Trench 24 features within a wider settlement framework. The date of the pottery recovered from this trench makes this activity contemporary with the one recorded in Site 4A and the fact that both sites are in close proximity to the Roman Pye Road suggests that in both cases the archaeology may reflect elements of a broader pattern of rural exploitation associated with movement, access, and

economic activity along the road.

8.2.4 Overall, Site 2 is characterised by a largely post-medieval field system with a discrete but noteworthy pocket of Romano-British activity within Trench 24, representing the only evidence for earlier land use within this area.

Geophysics and Air Photo Comparison

8.2.5 The trenches in Site 2 targeted a series of linear anomalies identified by the geophysical survey, all of which corresponded with post-medieval field systems depicted on the historical mapping, including a parish boundary recorded in Trench 30. All of the targeted anomalies were confirmed as archaeological features during excavation, demonstrating a very strong level of correlation between the geophysical survey and the post-medieval landscape. However, the Roman activity recorded in Trench 24 was not associated with any discernible geophysical anomaly.

8.3 Site 3

Archaeological Results

8.3.1 Most of the archaeological remains recorded within Site 3 comprised elements of a post-medieval field system that corresponded with boundaries shown on historic mapping. It is likely that the two ditches identified in Trench 33 ([41] and [43]) also formed part of these post-medieval subdivisions, although no datable material was recovered from them to confirm this interpretation. Apart from these features, archaeological activity within the site was limited.

8.3.2 The only notable concentration of earlier features was located in the north-eastern corner of the site, where geophysical survey had indicated a roughly north-east to south-west aligned enclosure that was largely uncovered during trenching. Alongside these enclosure ditches, two extraction pits were recorded in Trench 45, one of which ([47]) contained twenty-four sherds of pottery dating to the mid to late 14th century. The same trench also exposed a stony surface that extended extending into

Trench 46, with pottery from this stony layer also dating to the high to late medieval period. It is possible that these two surfaces were associated, as suggested by the geophysical survey, and together formed a small trackway intended to facilitate movement across this area.

8.3.3 While these remains suggest that the high to late medieval period represents the main phase of earlier activity within Site 3, a small number of residual earlier sherds may indicate slightly earlier medieval use of this part of the landscape.

8.3.4 The location of these medieval remains in the field corner, combined with the absence of previous archaeological investigations in the surrounding site, makes it difficult to place them within a broader settlement or agricultural framework. Nonetheless, they likely represent small-scale, localised activity.

Geophysics and Air Photo Comparison

8.3.5 Most of the features identified by the geophysical survey were confirmed during the trenching on this site, demonstrating a good level of correlation between the survey results and the archaeological remains. The principal area of activity was located in the north-east corner of the site, where the aerial photographic evidence corresponded closely with the long axis of a possible enclosure and associated ditches recorded in Trenches 45, 47 and 50 also depicted in the geophysical map. To the north of this area, the geophysical survey depicted broader and less clearly defined anomalies, which may represent zones of disturbance associated with extraction activity, potentially corresponding with the extraction pits identified during the evaluation. However, the curvilinear anomaly targeted in Trench 47 was not confirmed during excavation, suggesting that this anomaly may be geological in origin or the result of magnetic variation rather than an archaeological feature. Overall, the geophysical survey and aerial photographic interpretation proved effective in identifying the main areas of archaeological activity across this site.

8.4 Site 4

Archaeological Results

8.4.1 The archaeological remains identified within Site 4 represent a multi-period landscape, with activity ranging from the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age through to the post-medieval period. The intensity and character of activity varied across the site, with the most substantial evidence dating to the Romano-British period.

8.4.2 The earliest activity was confined to the southern end of Site 4A and is represented by a small pit [166] in Trench 80 containing Beaker pottery, burnt flint, burnt sandstone and charcoal. A small quantity of calcined bone was also recovered. However, the limited amount and degree of truncation mean that its interpretation as a cremation cannot be confirmed. Later prehistoric activity is suggested by two Iron Age north to south aligned parallel ditches recorded in Trenches 78 and 80. The recovery of occasional Roman tile fragments from these features indicates that they may have remained in use or visible into the Roman period. A small posthole containing Iron Age pottery in Trench 80 further suggests activity during this period, although the limited number of features prevents more detailed interpretation.

8.4.3 The principal phase of activity within Site 4 dates to the Romano-British period and is concentrated in the central and eastern parts of the northern field. This included a north north-east to south south-west aligned coaxial field system previously identified through magnetometry and aerial photography as cropmarks (NHER 36354). Pottery recovered from the associated ditches suggests the main period of use was centred on the mid-2nd century AD, although the presence of residual Iron Age pottery indicates that the system may have originated earlier and continued in use through the Iron Age–Roman transition. Three keyhole-shaped ovens identified at the western end of Trench 57, particularly Oven [355] dated to the mid to late 1st century AD, reflect increasing levels of activity within this landscape.

8.4.4 Evidence for a Roman building was revealed in Trench 61 by partially exposed flint wall foundations, associated with fragments of possible tesserae and hypocaust tiles. While these materials suggest the presence of a structure with some degree of comfort or embellishment, the pottery assemblage does not indicate an elite occupation. In combination with the field system and the site's location a short distance west of the Pye Road, the evidence is more consistent with a moderately prosperous rural establishment.

8.4.5 Medieval activity within Site 4 was limited in extent and restricted to the southern corner of Site 4A. Medieval pottery recovered from a series of ditches in Trenches 80 and 81 suggests the presence of an enclosure or paddock, indicating continued agricultural use of this site rather than settlement.

8.4.6 Post-medieval remains included a trackway identified in Trenches 71 and 72, defined by two flanking ditches and a central metalled surface. Further post-medieval quarrying activity was recorded in Site 4B, while the remainder of the site was characterised by former field boundaries corresponding with divisions shown on historic mapping.

8.4.7 Overall, the evaluation has demonstrated that Site 4 contains evidence for long-term, episodic use of the landscape, with the most significant and coherent phase of activity occurring during the Romano-British period. Later activity reflects changes in land use and agricultural organisation rather than continuity of settlement.

Geophysics and Air Photo Comparison

8.4.8 The majority of the geophysical anomalies identified on Site 4 were confirmed during the trenching phase, indicating a strong correlation between the survey results and the archaeological remains. The principal elements comprised a post-medieval field system, a Roman enclosure system, and an area of activity recorded to the south of Site 4A. While most of the targeted anomalies proved to be archaeological in origin, a number of smaller sub-rectangular anomalies targeted in trenches such as 55, 61

and 63 were not confirmed during excavation. By contrast, the area of activity recorded in the south-east corner of the site was accurately represented by the magnetic responses and may relate to further anomalies identified to the east of the A140. Notably, the post-medieval boundary ditches identified in the northern field were not shown on the historical mapping but were clearly depicted in the geophysical survey and subsequently confirmed during the trenching process.

8.5 Site 5

Archaeological Results

8.5.1 The archaeology revealed within Site 5 consisted principally of medieval remains, with limited evidence for earlier activity and some later post-medieval features. The results indicate a concentration of activity in the northern and north-western parts of the site, with more dispersed features elsewhere.

8.5.2 The evaluation results are consistent with the HER records located in the surrounding landscape and suggest that this site formed part of the wider medieval settlement associated with the deserted medieval village of Boyland and the later Boyland Hall.

8.5.3 The geophysical survey identified a range of enclosures and associated features concentrated within the central site of the north-western group of trenches in Site 5A. These anomalies broadly corresponded with the archaeological features uncovered during the evaluation. The presence of a large oval enclosure was initially discounted during excavation, with only two shallow features, recorded as layers (365) and (375), identified in Trenches 114 and 115. However, subsequent comparison of the geophysical results with the site survey demonstrated a close alignment between these shallow features and the oval enclosure. Pottery recovered from layers (365) and (375) dates to between the 12th and 14th centuries and is consistent with the dating of material recovered from the internal features of the enclosure and from adjacent ditches.

8.5.4 The medieval ceramic assemblage recovered from the evaluation represents a relatively large quantity of material. The presence of both early and high medieval wares within the same sites suggests continuity of settlement between the 11th and 14th centuries. The assemblage is generally typical for the period, although the relatively high proportion of bowls may indicate an increased emphasis on dairying and/or bread-making activities.

8.5.5 Of particular note are the presence of several glazed jugs, including an unusual anthropomorphic example. Such vessels are commonly associated with higher-status domestic contexts and were typically used as tableware rather than for purely utilitarian purposes. This material may indicate that at least part of the medieval occupation within Site 5 was of slightly elevated social status.

8.5.6 The results should be considered within the wider context of Old Boyland Hall, a late medieval timber-framed house constructed in the early 15th century on the site of an earlier building, with a moated setting potentially originating in the 13th century. The proximity of the evaluated sites to this long-lived manorial focus suggests that the remains identified within Site 5 likely formed part of the settlement and agricultural landscape of the medieval village of Boyland, which may have progressively evolved into the parkland associated with Boyland Hall as recorded on historic mapping.

8.5.7 Overall, the evaluation has demonstrated that Site 5 contains archaeological remains of medieval date that contribute to an improved understanding of the extent, character, and continuity of settlement associated with the deserted medieval village of Boyland.

Geophysics and Air Photo Comparison

8.5.8 On Site 5, none of the anomalies classified as ‘possible’ on the geophysical survey were confirmed during the trenching phase. The principal focus of activity was a circular anomaly, which proved to be very faint when excavated. However, the majority of the associated anomalies relating to this possible sub-circular enclosure were confirmed during trenching,

including the external linear features and those reflecting internal activity. In addition, post-medieval field systems and features associated with plantations and tree lines were clearly depicted by the geophysical survey and subsequently confirmed during the trenching process.

8.6 Site 7

Archaeological Results

8.6.1 The archaeological remains discovered across Site 7 were primarily post-medieval field boundary ditches corresponding with divisions depicted on historic mapping. Much like those previously discussed in other sites, these post-medieval ditches followed the known layout depicted in historical mapping and no earlier divisions were encountered. A couple of the divisions were seen to have been infilled in the 21st century. Site 7B did not confirm the presence of the two ring-ditches identified on the geophysical survey, with both trenches being sterile. Alongside the post-medieval boundary ditches were pockets of earlier activity, notably Roman ditches in 7A and medieval activity in 7C.

8.6.2 The Roman activity in 7A was concentrated in the north-western end of the site, encountered solely in Trenches 129 and 130. One ditch in either trench produced pottery which was dated to the Roman period, indicating perhaps the ditches formed part of the same field system. Other than this, it is difficult to ascertain the full extent of archaeological activity in the site.

8.6.3 Site 7C was the most productive site in this collection of fields, revealing two pockets of medieval activity. Several possible extraction pits were exposed alongside a cobbled surface encompassed by a possible enclosure ditch.

8.6.4 The extraction pits observed in 7C likely originated in the medieval period as early to high medieval pottery were recovered from the basal fills. As the final infill consisted of medieval and post-medieval pottery, it is likely the extraction took place throughout the medieval until it ceased in the post-medieval period.

8.6.5 The cobbled surface identified in Trench 147 is likely a later addition, as it contained eleven sherds of pottery ranging from the late medieval to the early post-medieval period, alongside eight iron nails, fragments of lavastone and animal remains. It is likely that the surface is a yard or an open workshop space. The lavastone could potentially be related to the processing of grain, as lavastone was regularly used for quernstones and millstones. Ditches [1044] and [1065] are likely to be contemporary with this workspace as pottery of a similar date was recovered. The medieval activity discovered in Site 7C was relatively close to a nearby medieval moated building (NHER10117). It is possible that the medieval activity found in Site 7C could be related.

8.6.6 Site 7D confirmed the presence of post-medieval ditches but again did not produce any evidence of earlier ditches. Trench 171 contained one Victorian spread, possibly a result of agricultural practices, such as historic manuring.

8.6.7 On Site 7F in trenches 192 and 211, evidence of prehistoric activity centring on two probable watering holes was revealed. These discrete forms of site are a feature of the Norfolk clays, potentially representing pastoral or transient activities on the more upland areas away from the principal river valleys. A similar watering hole recently excavated at Harleston (Lucking 2026) was of Early Iron Age date and consisted of a main large pit with smaller, satellite pits around containing dumps of burnt flint, but no surviving contemporary archaeology beyond this. The examples excavated on East Pye appear to be of a potentially similar character.

Geophysics and Air Photo Comparison

8.6.8 Across Sites 7A to 7D, many of the features investigated during trenching correlated well with anomalies identified by the geophysical survey, with the post-medieval field boundaries providing the clearest examples of this accuracy. The only instance where this field system was not confirmed during excavation was in Trench 170 in Site 7D. Discrete areas of magnetic disturbance targeted in Trench 171 were shown to relate to a Victorian

spread. The principal concentration of activity across Sites 7A to 7D was located in the central part of Site 7C, where several irregularly defined anomalies were recorded on the geophysical survey. While some of these anomalies correlated well with archaeological features, as demonstrated in Trenches 144, 145 and 147, others, including Trenches 149, 150, 153 and 156, did not reflect the rounded or elongated disturbances shown on the geophysical plan. Trenches 151–155 targeted a series of anomalies that were only partially confirmed during excavation, likely reflecting increased disturbance associated with D'Oyly's Grove extending further south in the past. It is possible that theses disturbances generated areas of magnetic noise, complicating the interpretation of the geophysical results in this part of the site.

8.6.9 On Sites 7E to L, many of the trenches targeted post-medieval field boundaries that showed as linear anomalies on the geophysical survey, alongside a number of other magnetic responses and features present on air photo interpretation. The post-medieval boundaries that were present on historic mapping and the geophysical survey were all shown to survive as archaeological features, in addition to other post-medieval boundaries that were not on historic mapping, such as in Trenches 177, 178, 199, 203 and 204. A discrete feature that proved to be archaeological was a possible watering hole in Trench 192. Other linear anomalies were shown not to be archaeological in origin, such as in Trenches 182, 185, 186, 197 and 207. Other discrete features and shorter linear anomalies were also shown not to be archaeological, such as in Trenches 180, 191 and 192, while a series of anomalies mapped from air photo interpretation in Trenches 213, 214 and 215 were also shown not to be archaeological. By contrast, a small number features were also revealed that were not discernible on the geophysical survey, either by having fills of similar magnetic signature to the natural geology or being too small to be recognised at the resolution of the survey data, such as postholes in Trench 192, a small pit in Trench 209 and a possible watering hole in Trench 211. Overall, the results from the geophysical survey highlighted a number of features that were revealed

through the trenching, with some additional archaeology that was not discernible from the magnetometry.

8.7 Site 8

Archaeological Results

8.7.1 Site 8 produced very little of archaeological interest other than confirming the presence of a post-medieval field system.

Geophysics and Air Photo Comparison

8.7.2 Relatively few anomalies were present on the geophysical survey or air photo interpretation which were targeted by the trenching. With the exception of post-medieval field boundaries, where anomalies were targeted they were shown not to be archaeological in origin.

8.8 Site 9

Archaeological Results

8.8.1 The archaeology on Site 9 attests to multi-period occupation and activity spanning the Early Neolithic to post-medieval periods. The main focus of this activity was in the cluster of trenches in the north-western part of the wider site on the lighter, sand and gravel geology within a small valley, although occasional evidence for historic activity was revealed in the scatter of trenches to the south.

8.8.2 Early Neolithic pits were revealed in Trench 258, including an assemblage of pottery and large flint flakes, which may have been deliberately placed deposits. Pits of this form are known from East Anglia and in some cases can form considerable clusters in the landscape, such as at Hurst Fen, Mildenhall (Clark *et al*. 1960) and Norwich Road, Kilverstone (Garrow *et al*. 2006, 8-83).

8.8.3 Other pits of probable prehistoric date were revealed in Trenches 259 and 260.

8.8.4 Trench 247 partially revealed a posthole roundhouse of Middle Iron Age date, with the trenches surrounding this containing contemporary features

including pits with burnt flint deposits and larger ditches, some of which contained dark fills. Further Middle Iron Age features extended from Trench 248 northwards to Trench 243 and across into Trench 238. It was noted that surface scatters of burnt flint continued to the south of Trenches 236 and 248, suggesting this activity may continue southwards. At the southern end of Site 9, a single large pit or watering hole of probable prehistoric date was partially revealed in Trench 231.

8.8.5 Settlement of Middle Iron Age date has been encountered at a range of sites across Norfolk, ranging from enclosure systems such as that seen at Caister on Sea (McDonald 2024), to substantial pit and posthole clusters such as at nearby Earsham quarry (Cole 2022), and roundhouse remains and enclosures such as at Wymondham (Clarke 2019). The remains on Site 9 appear to fit within this pattern with clear evidence for occupation in the form of structures, enclosure ditches and pits of a range of sizes.

8.8.6 Roman activity was present in Trenches 250, 251, 256, 257, 258, 261 and 263. The most significant feature was a pottery kiln in Trench 251, the inside of which was partially excavated to a depth of 0.80m whereupon the pedestal was encountered. This suggests a large proportion of the kiln survives below ground and has the potential to be very well-preserved. The exact form and construction of the kiln is not clear from this limited intervention, but the pottery recovered from this kiln suggests it is of 3rd- or 4th-century date. A later Roman kiln excavated at Brockdish in 1994 (NHER 30591) was producing different wares but demonstrates that these 'discrete' pottery production sites existed in south Norfolk at this time. No deposits of kiln or pottery waste were encountered during the trenching, but it is possible these fell between trenches, while some of the Roman pits on site may represent clay extraction for pottery production.

8.8.7 Ovens were revealed in Trenches 250 and 251, suggesting possible domestic occupation alongside the industry, while surrounding trenches contained pits and ditches with pottery and other finds assemblages supporting this focus of activity. Trench 261 contained cultivation channels

suggesting the Roman activity was set within a more extensive agrarian landscape.

8.8.8 Medieval features were present in Trenches 238, 240, 241 and 242. This appeared to represent the edge of a possible farmstead site including an area of metaled trackway. This activity continues in the field to the west on geophysics as a focus of magnetic anomalies.

8.8.9 As with many of the other investigated sites, post-medieval field boundaries were also targeted by the trenching. This produced further evidence that these boundaries were single phase creations that were often maintained into the 20th century before being deliberately backfilled as part of wider processes of field amalgamation.

Geophysics and Air Photo Comparison

8.8.10 Many of the features revealed in the trenches correlated with targeted anomalies on the geophysical survey. This was particularly true of features that contained notable amounts of burnt or fired material (e.g. burnt flint, fired clay, charcoal deposits) that increased the magnetic contrast between these deposits and the natural geology, as well as post-medieval field boundaries with relatively recent fills. This was most clearly visible in Trenches 236-260 and 263, which covered the area of multi-period activities, particularly the highly fired remains of the Roman ovens and pottery kiln. That said, not all of the anomalies highlighted for investigation in these trenches proved to be archaeological in origin. Other features were also revealed that were not discernible on the geophysical survey, either by having fills of similar magnetic signature to the natural geology or being too small to be recognised at the resolution of the survey data. Overall, however, the results from the geophysical survey highlighted, and allowed trenches to target, a concentration of dense archaeological activity.

8.8.11 Trenches 229-235, 262 and 263 covered a sparse scatter of anomalies and post-medieval field boundaries, and with the exception of these boundaries and a large pit in Trench 234, the targeted anomalies proved not to be archaeological in origin. By contrast, in Trench 231 a large prehistoric pit or

watering hole was not discernible on the geophysical survey.

8.8.12 Relatively few features were targeted on this site from the air photo interpretation, but where they were present, with the exception of former field boundaries infilled in the 20th century, these features were shown not to be archaeological in origin.

8.9 Site 10

Archaeological Results

8.9.1 The archaeology revealed on Site 10 consisted principally of Late Saxon and early medieval industrial remains, post-medieval field boundaries, fragments of the Second World War airfield, and occasional, scattered prehistoric or undated features.

8.9.2 The prehistoric remains consist of a single pit [608] in Trench 302 that was backfilled with burnt flint and stones. A few sherds of post Deverel-Rimbury pottery recovered suggest this pit is of possible Early Iron Age date. This feature was found by chance rather than being specifically targeted from the magnetometry results, so it is not clear the extent to which this is representative of wider prehistoric activity on the site.

8.9.3 The majority of dated archaeology comes from the Late Saxon to medieval period, broadly spanning the later 10th-14th centuries. Evidence of pottery production was present on Sites 10B and 10C with at least four kilns being revealed in the trenches, alongside a range of other features, some of which had been deliberately backfilled with waste from the pottery production process.

8.9.4 Pottery recovered from the kilns and surrounding features was of two main types: Kirstead Thetford-type wares and 'early medieval' sandwich wares (See Anderson, section 7.18 above). The Kirstead Thetford-type fabrics were defined from a single kiln excavated at Langhale, 1.5km to the north of Site 10 in 1970 (Wade 1976). The kilns and industry revealed on Site 10 were producing the same wares as the Langhale kiln and suggest this industry was of a larger scale than previously recognised, with a more

extensive and dispersed distribution south of Kirstead and east of Woodton. The discovery of these kilns has the potential to add significantly to our understanding of Late Saxon pottery production in East Anglia.

8.9.5 Alongside the kilns, Trench 280 in Site 10B and Trenches 288 to 298 in Site 10C showed some of the most intense medieval activity, although it is possible this activity extends further west with medieval ditches revealed in Trenches 282 to 287. When compared with the magnetometry results and the position of the archaeology near the 'green lanes' that cross the site, it appears that this industry may have been taking place within a series of discrete areas fronting onto the lanes and dispersed across the wider landscape. These may have been placed in the vicinity of the most suitable clay for pottery production. Further similar anomalies on the magnetometry that were not targeted during this phase of trenching have the potential to be other areas of this industry.

8.9.6 On Site 10E, a further three areas of focused medieval activity were detected through the trenching in Trenches 308, 309, 312, 313 and 315, with features and fills that provide evidence for some form of occupation or industry fronting onto the former lanes in this area. No direct evidence of pottery kilns was encountered but some possible wasters were collected from features in this area, with the presence of large extraction pits also suggesting some of the archaeology of Site 10E may relate to the pottery industry.

8.9.7 The post-medieval archaeology on Site 10 largely consisted of former field boundaries, some of which were present on historic mapping and only infilled in the second half of the 20th century. A post-medieval farm was investigated in Trenches 268 and 269, which produced remains of 18th- to 20th-century date, but with no evidence of any antecedent activity.

8.9.8 Fragments of the Second World War airfield were uncovered in a number of trenches in Sites 10B and 10E, including some of the concrete runway foundations and a number of post-medieval features that were deliberately infilled at the time of the airfield's construction in an effort to level the

landscape.

Geophysics and Air Photo Interpretation

8.9.9 Many of the features revealed in the trenches correlated with targeted anomalies on the geophysical survey. This was particularly true of features that contained notable amounts of burnt or fired material (such as those containing pottery kilns and associated features) that increased the magnetic contrast between these deposits and the natural geology, as well as post-medieval field boundaries with relatively recent fills.

8.9.10 On site 10B, the trenches targeted a number of post-medieval boundaries, as well as further anomalies. Most notably, the targeting of discrete anomalies in Trench 280 revealed a pottery kiln and associated pit, with other magnetic responses in the vicinity of the trench possibly related to this industry. It is also of note that discrete anomalies and clusters of magnetic noise of similar form to the kiln site are present within Site 10B and were not investigated at this stage. Some of these may potentially represent further kiln sites. Trenches 268 and 269 targeted the magnetic noise of a post-medieval farmstead, which was also present on the air photo interpretation, and the archaeology was shown to correlate well with this. However, some anomalies were shown not to be archaeological in origin or were parts of services and spreads of magnetic noise relating to the Second World War airfield. In particular, Trenches 270-273 targeted a series of linear anomalies, which were revealed as the remnants of possible soakaways and drains for airfield structures. Other features were also revealed that were not discernible on the geophysical survey, either by having fills of similar magnetic signature to the natural geology or being too small to be recognised at the resolution of the survey data, such as in Trenches 266 and 276. Overall, the results from the geophysical survey and air photo interpretation highlighted and allowed trenches to target different areas of archaeological activity.

8.9.11 On Site 10C, trenches targeted post-medieval field boundaries, as well as areas of clustered magnetic anomalies on the geophysics in Trenches 282-

299. In these trenches, many of the anomalies were revealed to be clusters of features relating to Late Saxon and early medieval pottery production, including a number of kilns. Many of these features, particularly the kilns, correlated with the geophysical survey and further magnetic anomalies around these trenches may also relate to this industry. It is of note that discrete anomalies and clusters of magnetic noise of similar form to the kiln site are present within Site 10C and were not investigated at this stage. Some of these may potentially represent further kiln sites. That said, not all of the anomalies highlighted for investigation in these trenches proved to be archaeological in origin. A large feature targeted in Trench 304 proved to be a hollow backfilled with modern material. Other features were also revealed that were not discernible on the geophysical survey, either by having fills of similar magnetic signature to the natural geology or being too small to be recognised at the resolution of the survey data, such as a prehistoric pit in Trench 302. Overall, however, the results from the geophysical survey and air photo interpretation highlighted, and allowed trenches to target, areas of relatively dense archaeological activity.

8.9.12 On Site 10E, trenches targeted a series of anomalies that were mixed in with magnetic noise from the former airfield. Generally, the features revealed in the trenches correlated with anomalies on the geophysics, resolving into discrete clusters of Late Saxon and medieval activity with some targeted linear features also resolving into ditches. The areas of medieval activity revealed in some trenches showed on survey as patches of magnetic anomalies that were not necessarily discernible as individual features but resolved into such once excavated. Additionally, not every anomaly that was targeted proved to be archaeological in origin and this is possibly because of the relatively high level of magnetic noise from the remains of the airfield.

9 CONCLUSIONS

9.1.1 The targeted trenching across the East Pye Sites has revealed a range of multi-period archaeology. Some of these features were of a character suggesting direct occupation and industry in places, while others represent activity of a more dispersed nature, alongside features representing the medieval and post-medieval enclosure and division of the agricultural landscape.

9.1.2 Collectively Sites 1, 2 and 8 indicated little archaeological activity with the exception of the post-medieval ditches. The evaluation yielded a lack of evidence for an earlier date, cementing these field systems as post-medieval in date.

9.1.3 The small pocket of roman activity in 2A indicated a small level of roman activity, although at this stage it is difficult to ascertain the relationship with any wider settlements. A large amount of roman activity was encountered further up the A140 in Site 4A, situated next to the Pye Roman Road. The presence of ovens near footings of a potential roman building indicates there may be a roadside settlement. Hypocaust tiling recovered from the building, and more generally Trench 61, could be indicative of a higher status building within the local area. Unfortunately, the extent of the foundation could not be explored at this stage but it should be prioritised if further excavations occur.

9.1.4 As the activity in Site 2 is likely linked to the Roman activity in Area 4a, the findings across East Pye have the potential to increase our understanding of roman roadside settlements along the A140. The presence of prehistoric activity in the southern field of 4A indicated the potential for a pre-existing settlement, particularly of an Iron Age date as some ditches were potentially still utilised in the Roman period. Situated to the south-east of the Tasburgh Iron Age hillfort, Site 4A contained Iron Age activity that is plausibly related to the hillfort's wider zone of influence. This connection raises the possibility of a transitional phase between the Iron Age and Roman activity, which further excavation may help to clarify.

9.1.5 Sites 3B, 5A and 7C produced evidence of medieval activity, and in each case the remains appear to correspond with known medieval buildings in the immediate vicinity. The presence of extraction pits at 7C suggests some level of industrial activity within the vicinity, potentially relating to the moated building close-by. The later cobbled surface, interpretated currently as a workspace, indicates a continual use of the land into the late medieval to early post-medieval period.

9.1.6 Site 5A was likely the more interesting of the two area, as it demonstrated potential for the archaeology encountered to be linked to the earliest periods of Boyland Hall. High status domestic wares recovered would suggest that the activity encountered is likely of a higher social status and therefore it is plausible that it is related to the wider landscape of Boyland Hall. Any further works in both these sites should aim to ascertain the extent of the activity and increase the general understanding of the medieval village of Boyland.

9.1.7 On Site 9, the trenching revealed evidence of multi-period occupation and industry, including Early Neolithic pits with placed deposits, Middle Iron Age Settlement including at least one roundhouse, Roman pottery production with a very well-preserved kiln, and medieval settlement that likely once formed an outlying part of Brooke village. There is potential to add further to our understanding of the archaeology of a part of south Norfolk that has seen relatively little investigation compared to other places, with feature types attesting to activities that can be compared with similar sites across wider East Anglia and inform a range of different aspects.

9.1.8 On Site 10, by far the most significant archaeology revealed were a series of Late Saxon to early medieval pottery kilns with associated features and possible enclosures. The pottery fabrics recovered from these indicates they form part of the Kirstead Thetford-type pottery industry, which was previously only known from a single kiln excavated a short distance to the north. These kilns demonstrate that the industry was notably larger-scale than had previously been recognised. The recovery of 'early medieval'

sandwich ware fabrics also suggest this industry continued from the Late Saxon and into the early medieval period. There is clear potential to add significantly to our understanding of Late Saxon and medieval pottery production in East Anglia.

9.1.9 The dispersed nature of the Late Saxon and medieval activity as 'discrete' sites on the clay soils between Seething and Woodton, revealed in Sites 10B, 10C and 10E, fits with the broader settlement patterns of the local area, which are characterised as being dispersed across the landscape. The archaeology within Site 10 appears to be fronting onto a series of green lanes that cross the area, suggesting these elements in the landscape are also at least of similar age. There is potential to better characterise and date this activity and further inform the wider patterns of settlement evolution in South Norfolk.

9.1.10 The overall targeting of trenches based upon geophysical survey revealed that the magnetometry was generally reliable in identifying archaeological features that had a magnetic difference compared to the natural geology, spanning a range of different historic periods. On rare occasions, these anomalies resolved themselves to be geological or of more modern origins. Conversely, some trenches occasionally revealed features that were not discernible on the magnetometry results, either containing fills of similar magnetic signature to the natural geology or being too small to accurately identify at the resolution of the survey data.

9.1.11 With the exception of post-medieval field boundaries that were infilled in the 20th century, many of the features identified through air photo interpretation were shown not to have archaeological origins. Similarly, much of the archaeology encountered did not generate detectable cropmarks or soilmarks, something that is unsurprising on the clay geology that characterises much of the investigated sites.

10 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

10.1 Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd would like to thank GHC Heritage for commissioning the project on behalf of East Pye Solar Ltd. Thanks to Island Green Power for funding the work. The authors would like to thank the landowners and tenants of the sites for their time and patience with the works. PCA are also grateful to John Percival of Norfolk County Council Historic Environment Team for monitoring the work on behalf of the Local Planning Authority. The project was managed for PCA by Peter Crawley and Judy Mlynarska and was supervised by Marta Estanga, Thomas Lucking, Naomi Pierrpoint-Davis and Gary Trimble. The authors would like to thank the site team: Theo Anderson-Besant, Cody Andersson, Jess Corser, Alicja Czajka, Indiana Edwards, Sapphire Flint, Joe Greenacre, Isaac Groves, Lorna Hatch, Jonathan House, Arron Jarvis, Matthew Keady, Jaime Kohler, Adam Loy, Amy Moralee, Ryan Parshall, Katie Ray, Harrison Sharps, Hannah Skeplehorn, William Taylor, Richard Thorpe, Juulia Tumanoff and Chris Winnard for their hard work. Figures accompanying this report were prepared by Ramon Navas and Rosie Scales of PCA's CAD Department. Marta Estanga and Peter Crawley edited this report.

11 BIBLIOGRAPHY

Allen, M., Blick, N., Brindle, T., Evans, T., Fulford, M., Holbrook, N., Lodwick, L., Richards, J., Smith, A., 2018. *The Rural Settlement of Roman Britain: An Online Resource*. Website: https://doi.org/10.5284/1030449. Accessed 21st January 2026.

Anderson, S., 2004, 'The Pottery', in Wallis, H., *Excavations at Mill Lane, Thetford*, East Anglian Archaeology Report No. 108, 67–86.

Anderson, S., 2006, *Castle Redevelopment, Norwich (429N): the pottery*, for NPS Archaeol. (unpubl.)

Anderson, S., 2021, 'Pottery', in White, J.C. and Ames, J., 'Working at the margins: early medieval activity at Long Lane, Stoke Holy Cross, Norfolk', *Medieval Settlement Res*. 36, 77–8.

Anderson, S., 2024a, *Medieval Pottery in East Anglia: a ceramic type-series for Norfolk and Suffolk*, https://eastanglianmedievalpottery.org.uk/. Accessed 15th January 2026.

Anderson, S., 2024b, *Long Stratton Bypass (LSB15; ENF152390): post-Roman pottery assessment*, for Network Archaeol. (unpubl.).

Anderson, S., forthcoming (2026), *The Anglo-Saxon, Medieval and Later Pottery of East Anglia*, E. Anglian Archaeology.

Apling, H., 1931. 'Bronze Age Settlements in Norfolk', *Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society of East Anglia* 6, 365-70.

Bamford, H., 1985. *Briar Hill: Excavation 1974–1978*. Northampton Development Corporation. Northampton.

Barclay, A., Knight, D., Booth, P., Evans, J., Brown, D. & Wood, I. 2016. *A*

Standard for Pottery Studies in Archaeology

Barclay, A.J., Bayliss, A. Ramsey, C.B., Cleal, R., Cook, G., Healy, F., Higbee, L., Marshall, P., Pelling, R. & Stevens, C.J. 2018. *Dating the earliest Neolithic ceramics of Wessex: Discovery, Innovation and Science in the Historic Environment*. Historic England Research Report Series 63-2018

Barker, B., 2025. *Written Scheme of Investigation for a Programme of Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation: East Pye Solar, Long Stratton, Norfolk*. GHC Heritage, Unpublished.

Barrett, J. 1980. 'The pottery of the later Bronze Age in lowland England', *Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society* 46, 297-319

Bates, S.J. & Wiltshire, P.E.J., 2000. 'Excavation of a Burnt Mound at Feltwell Anchor, Norfolk, 1992', *Norfolk Archaeology* 43 (3), 389-414.

Beadsmoore, E., 2006. 'Earlier Neolithic Flint', in Garrow, D., Lucy S. and Gibson, D., *Excavations at Kilverstone, Norfolk: an episodic landscape history, 53-70*. East Anglian Archaeology 113. Cambridge Archaeological Unit, Cambridge.

Binford, L. R. 1963. 'An analysis of cremations from three Michigan sites', *Wis. Archaeol.* 44, 98-110.

Bishop, B. & Desrosiers-Whalley, L. 2025. 'Lithic Assessment' in Desrosiers-Whalley, L., *Land at Bury Road, Woolpit, Suffolk: An Archaeological Excavation*. Pre-Construct Archaeology, Unpublished.

Bishop, B. 2017. 'Lithic Assessment' in Morgan-Shelbourne, L., Hogan, S. and Woolhouse, T*. Land North of Hall Road, Hopton-on-Sea, Norfolk, Phase I and II: Archaeological Excavation. Post-Excavation Assessment*. PCA Report No. R12761. Pre-Construct Archaeology, Unpublished.

Bishop, B. 2020. 'Lithics' in Mlynarska, J. & Woolhouse, T., *Land West of Fishponds Way, Haughley, Suffolk: Post-Excavation Assessment*. PCA Report No. R13998. Pre-Construct Archaeology, Unpublished.

Bishop, B. 2022. 'Lithic Assessment' in Dall'Olio, E., *Archaeological Excavations at Land East of Brundhall Memorial Hall, Norfolk*. PCA Report No. R17595. Pre-Construct Archaeology, Unpublished.

Bishop, B. 2023. 'Flint' in Revell, T. 2023. *Land South of Rougham Hill, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, Abbotts Vale Northern Neighbourhood Phase 1: An Archaeological Evaluation*. PCA Report No. R15469. Pre-Construct Archaeology, Unpublished.

Bonucci, E., Graziani, G., 1975. 'Comparative thermogravimetric, X-ray diffraction and electron microscope investigations of burnt bones from recent, ancient, and prehistoric age', *Atti Memorie Accademia Nazionale die Lincei Sci Fis Matem. Natur*. 59, 517–534.

Brickley, M., and McKinley, J. I. 2004. *Guidelines to the standards for recording human remains*. Institute of Field Archaeologists, Paper No.7.

British Geological Survey 2024. *Geology Viewer* (Online). Available at: https://geologyviewer.bgs.ac.uk/ [Accessed 08/09/2022]

Brodribb, G., 1987, *Roman Brick and Tile*. Alan Sutton, Gloucester.

Brudenell, M. 2012. *Pots, Practice and Society: An investigation of pattern and variability in the Post-Deverel-Rimbury ceramic tradition of East Anglia*. PhD Thesis (Unpublished).

Buikstra, J. E, and Swegel, M. 1989. 'Bone modification due to burning: experimental evidence', in Bonnichsen, R., Sorg, M. H. (Eds.), *Bone Modification Centre for the Study of First Americans*. Orono, ME, pp 247-258.

Buikstra, J. E., and Ubelaker, D.H. 1994. *Standards for data collection from human skeletal remains.* Arkansas Archaeological Survey Research Series no. 44.

Caesar, G. J. C. 1831. *Commentaries on the Gallic war, from the text of Oudendorp*. London: J. Valpy

Callou, C. 1997. *Diagnose Differentielle des principaux. Elements squelettiques du Lapin (Genre Oryctolagus) et du Liéve (Genre Lepus) en Europe Occidentale*. Paris. CNRS.

Cannon, D.Y., 1987. *Marine fish osteology: a manual for archaeologists*. Vol. 18. Burnaby, BC: Archaeology Press, Simon Fraser University.

Cappers, R. T. J., Bekker, R. M. and Jans, J. E. A., 2012. *Digital seed atlas of the Netherlands*. Barkhuis.

CIfA 2020. *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials*. (Online.) Published 2014, updated 2020. Available at: https://www.archaeologists.net/sites/default/files/CIFAS%26GArchives_4.pdf [Accessed 01/07/2024]

CIfA 2023b. *Standard for archaeological field evaluation*. (Online.) Available at: https://www.archaeologists.net/sites/default/files/Standard%20for%20archaeological%20field%20evaluation.pdf [Accessed 01/07/2023]

CIfA 2023b. *Universal guidance for archaeological field evaluation*. (Online.) Available at: https://www.archaeologists.net/sites/default/files/Universal%20guidance%20for%20archaeological%20field%20evaluation.pdf [Accessed 01/07/2024]

CIfA 2024. Toolkit for finds: pottery. Version 1.0 [https://archaeologists.net/sites/default/files/2024-11/CIfA-Toolkit-for-Finds-

Pottery_v1.0.pdf].

Clark, J.G.D., Higgs, E.S. a& Longworth, I.H. 1960. 'Excavations at the Neolithic Site at Hurst Fen, Mildenhall, Suffolk (1954, 1957 and 1958)', *Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society* 26, 202 - 245.

Clarke, G., 2019. *Later Prehistoric and Roman Remains at Gunvil Hall Farm, Wymondham, Norfolk. Post-Excavation Assessment and Updated Project Design*. OA Report No. 2253. Oxford Archaeology, Unpublished.

Cleal, R.M.J. 2004. 'The dating and diversity of the Earliest Ceramics of Wessex and South-west England', in Cleal, R.M.J. & Pollard, J., *Monuments and material culture: Papers in honour of an Avebury archaeologist: Isobel Smith*. Salisbury: Hobnob Press

Cole, E., 2022. *Earsham Quarry, Norfolk: Area 1. Archaeological Excavation Report*. OA Report No. 2568. Oxford Archaeology, Unpublished.

Crowson, A. 2004. 'Hot Rocks in the Norfolk Fens: the excavation of a burnt flint mound at Northwold, 1994-5', *East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper 16.* Norfolk Museums and Archaeology Service, Gressenhall.

Cunliffe, B. 2010. *Iron Age Communities in Britain*. London: Routledge.

Curtin, A. J. 2015. 'Putting Together the Pieces: Reconstructing Mortuary Practices from Commingled Ossuary Cremains', in Schmidt, C. W. and Symes, S. A. (eds.) *The Analysis of Burnt Human Remains*. Second Edition. Elsevier, London, 119-138.

Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities. 2023. *National Planning Policy Framework.* (Online.) Available at: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/national-planning-policy-framework [Accessed 01/07/2024]

Desrosiers-Whalley, L. 2025. 'Lithics' in Meckseper, C & Desibio, L., *West Suffolk Future System Hospital, Horsecroft Road/Gipsy Lane, Bury St. Edmunds: Archaeological Excavation Areas 4 + 5: Post-Excavation Assessment and Updated Project Design*. PCA Report No. R17966. Pre-Construct Archaeology, Unpublished.

Devlin, J. B., and Herrmann, N. P. 2015. 'Bone Colour' in Schmidt, C. W. and Symes, S. A. (eds.), *The Analysis of Burnt Human Remains*. Second Edition. Elsevier, London, 119-138.

Drury, P., 1993, 'Ceramic Building Materials', in Margeson, S., Norwich Households. East Anglian Archaeology 58, 163–9. Norfolk Museums Service, Gressenhall.

Edmonds, M., Evans, C. & Gibson, D. 1999. 'Assembly and Collection - Lithic Complexes in the Cambridgeshire Fenlands', *Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society* 65, 47-82.

Garrow, D. 2006. *Pits, Settlement and Deposition during the Neolithic and Early Bronze Age in East Anglia*. BAR British Series 414. BAR Publishing, Oxford.

Garrow, D., Lucy, S. and Gibson, D., 2006. *Excavations at Kilverstone, Norfolk: an Episodic Landscape History*. East Anglian Archaeology 113. Cambridge Archaeological Unit, Cambridge.

Gibson, A. & Gill, D. 2013. 'Beaker occupation at Cavenham Quarry, Suffolk', in Salanova, l. & Prieto, P. (Coords.) *From the Atlantic to the Urals: Proceedings of the 2011 Bell Beaker conference, Galicia*. Galician Archaeopots, Santiago de Compostela.

Gibson, A. & Snape, N. 2013. 'Two beaker vessels from Maxey Quarry, Cambridgeshire', in Salanova, l. & Prieto, P. (Coords.), *From the Atlantic to the Urals: Proceedings of the 2011 Bell Beaker conference, Galicia*. Galician Archaeopots, Santiago de Compostela.

Gibson, A. M. & Woods, A. 1997. *Prehistoric Pottery for the Archaeologist* (2nd ed.) Leicester University Press, Guildford.

Goody, P.C., 1983. *Horse anatomy: a pictorial approach to equine structure. London:* J.A. Allen.

Google Earth, 2025. Google Earth Web, website: https://earth.google.com/web/. Accessed 21st January 2026.

Grant, A., 1982. *The use of tooth wear as a guide to the age of domestic ungulates*. In: B. Wilson, C. Grigson & S. Payne, eds. Ageing and sexing of animals from archaeological sites. BAR British Series 109. Oxford: BAR, pp.91–108.

Healy, F. 1988. *The Anglo-Saxon Cemetery at Spong Hill, North Elmham. Part VI: Occupation in the seventh to second millennia BC*. East Anglian Archaeology 39. Norfolk Museums Service, Gressenhall.

Healy, F. 1996. *The Fenland Project 11. The Wissey Embayment: evidence for pre-Iron Age occupation*. East Anglian Archaeology 78. Norfolk Museums Service, Gressenhall.

Higgins, D, 2017. *Guidelines for the Recovery and Processing of Clay Tobacco Pipes from Archaeological Projects*, unpublished document.

Higgins, D. A. & Davey, P.J., 2004. 'Appendix 4: Draft Guidelines for using the Clay Tobacco Pipe Record Sheets' in S. D. White, S. D., *The Dynamics of Regionalisation and Trade: Yorkshire Clay Tobacco Pipes c1600-1800*, British Archaeological Reports British Series 374. BAR Publishing, Oxford, 487-90.

Hillson, S., 2016. *Mammal bones and teeth: an introductory guide to methods of identification.* London: Routledge.

Inizan, M-L., Reduron-Ballinger, M., Roche, H. and Tixier, J. 1999. *Technology*

and Typology of Knapped Stone (Translated by J. Feblot-Augustines). Cercle de Recherches et d'Etudes Préhistoriques Tome 5. Nanterre.

Jacomet, S. Grieg, J., 2006. '*Identification of cereal remains from archaeological sites 2nd edition 2006'*.

Jennings, S., 1981*, Eighteen Centuries of Pottery from Norwich*, East Anglian Archaeology 13, Norfolk Museums Service, Gressenhall.

Layard, N.F. 1922. 'Prehistoric Cooking-Places in Norfolk', *Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society of East Anglia* 3, 483-498.

Levine, A., 1982. *The use of crown height measurements and eruption-wear sequences to age horse teeth*. In: B. Wilson, C. Grigson & S. Payne, eds. Ageing and sexing of animals from archaeological sites. BAR British Series 109. Oxford: BAR, pp.230–250.

Lucking, T., 2025. *Land South of Spirkett's Lane, Harleston, Norfolk: Open-Area Excavation as Part of a Programme of Archaeological Mitigatory Works*. PCA Report No. R18242. Pre-Construct Archaeology, Unpublished.

Lyons. A. L., and Tester, C. 2014. '*The Roman Pottery'* in Ashwin, T., and Tester, A., A Romano-British Settlement in the Waveney Valley: Excavations at Scole 1993-4, East Anglian Archaeology 152.

Martingell, H. 2016. 'The East Anglian Peculiar? The 'Squat' Flake', *Lithics–The Journal of the Lithic Studies Society* 11, 40.

McDonald, E., 2024. *Land at Nova Scotia Farm, Caister on Sea, Norfolk: An Archaeological Excavation Assessment and Updated Project Design*. PCA Report No. R15917. Pre-Construct Archaeology, Unpublished.

McKinley, J. I. 1997. 'Bronze Age `Barrows` and Funerary Rites and Rituals of Cremation', in *Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society* 63, 129-145.

McKinley, J. I. 2000. 'Funerary practice', in Barber, B. and Bowsher, D. 2000. *The Eastern Cemetery of Roman London, Excavations 1983-1990*. MoLAS, London, 60-81.

Mitchell, P. D. and Brickley, M. 2017. *Updated Guidelines to the Standards for Recording Human Remains*. Chartered Institute for Archaeologists.

MOLA Headland Infrastructure 2024. *A14 Cambridge to Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire: A14 Cambridge To Huntingdon Improvement Scheme*: Pottery Methodology [digital object]. York: Archaeology Data Service [distributor]. [https://doi.org/10.5284/1081262].

Moore I. E. 1935. *Reports on a Roman pottery-making site at Foxledge Common, Wattisfield, Suffolk*, Proc. Suff. Inst. Arch. Hist. 22, 189–97.

MPRG, 1998, *A Guide to the Classification of Medieval Ceramic Forms*. Medieval Pottery Research Group Occasional Paper 1.

MPRG, 2001, *Minimum Standards for the Processing, Recording, Analysis and Publication of Post-Roman Ceramics*. Medieval Pottery Research Group Occasional Paper 2.

National Library of Scotland, 2025. Map Images, website: https://maps.nls.uk/. Accessed 21st January 2026.

Needham, S.P. 2005. 'Transforming Beaker Culture in North-West Europe; Processes of Fusion and Fission', *Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society* 71, 171-217.

Norfolk County Council, 2025. Historic Maps of Norfolk, website: http://historic-maps.norfolk.gov.uk/. Accessed 21st January 2026.

Oswald, A, 1975. *Clay Pipes for the Archaeologist*. British Archaeological Reports British Series 14. BAR Publishing, Oxford.

Outram, A.K., 2001. *A new approach to identifying bone marrow and grease exploitation: why the "indeterminate" fragments should not be ignored*. Journal of Archaeological Science, 28(4), pp.401–410.

PCRG 2010. *The Study of Later Prehistoric Pottery: General Policies and Guidelines for Analysis and Publication*. PCRG Occasional Papers 1 and 2. Prehistoric Ceramics Research Group occasional, Oxford.

Robertson, D., Albone, J., Watkins, P., Percival, J.W., Hickling, S., Hamilton, H., Heywood, S., Shoemark, J., Tremlett, S. and Jarvis, C. (2018) *Standards for Development-led Archaeological Projects in Norfolk*. Norfolk County Council Environment Service, Unpublished.

Rosa, J., Marques, M.P.M., Goncalves, D. and Ferreira, M.T., 2023. *Half a century of systematic research on heat-induced colour changes in bone–A review*. Science & Justice, 63(5), pp.573-580.

Saville, A. 1980. 'On the Measurement of Struck Flakes and Flake Tools', *Lithics– The Journal of the Lithic Studies Society* 1, 16-20.

Schmid, E., 1972. *Atlas of animal bones*. London: Elsevier Press.

Serjeantson, D. & Cohen, A., 1996. *A manual for the identification of bird bones from archaeological sites*. London: Archetype Publications Ltd.

Shaeffer, M., Black, S., and Scheuer, L. 2009. *Juvenile Osteology: A Laboratory Manual*. Elsevier, London.

Silver, I.A., 1969. *The ageing of domestic animals*. In: D. Brothwell & E. Higgs, eds. Science in archaeology. London: Thames and Hudson.

Silvester, R. 1991. *The Fenland Project No 4, Norfolk Survey. The Wissey Embayment and Fen Causeway*. East Anglian Archaeology 52. Norfolk Museums Service, Gressenhall.

Swan, V. G. 1984. *The Pottery Kilns of Roman Britain.* Royal Commission on Historical Monuments Supplementary Series 5. [https://romankilns.net]

Tabor, J., Billington, L., Healy, F. and Knight, M. 2016. 'Early Neolithic Pits and Artefact Scatters at North Fen, Sutton Gault, Cambridgeshire'*, Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society* 82, 161-191.

Taylor, J. and Brown, G. 2018. *Fieldwork Induction Manual: Operations Manual.* London: Pre-Construct Archaeology unpublished document.

Thompson, I. 1982. *Grog-tempered 'Belgic' Pottery of South-eastern England*. BAR British Series 108. BAR Publishing, Oxford.

Tomber, R., and Dore, J. 1998. *The National Roman Fabric Reference Collection*. A Handbook. MoLAS Monograph 2. [https://romanpotterystudy.org.uk/nrfrc/base/index.php]

Tyers, P. 1996. *Roman Pottery in Britain*, London, Batsford.

Von den Driesch, A., 1976*. A guide to the measurement of animal bones from archaeological sites*. Harvard: Peabody Museum, Harvard University Press.

Wade, K., 1976. 'Excavations at Langhale, Kirstead' in Wade-Martins, P. (Ed.), *East Anglian Archaeology Report No. 2*. Norfolk Archaeological Unit, Gressenhall, 101-129.

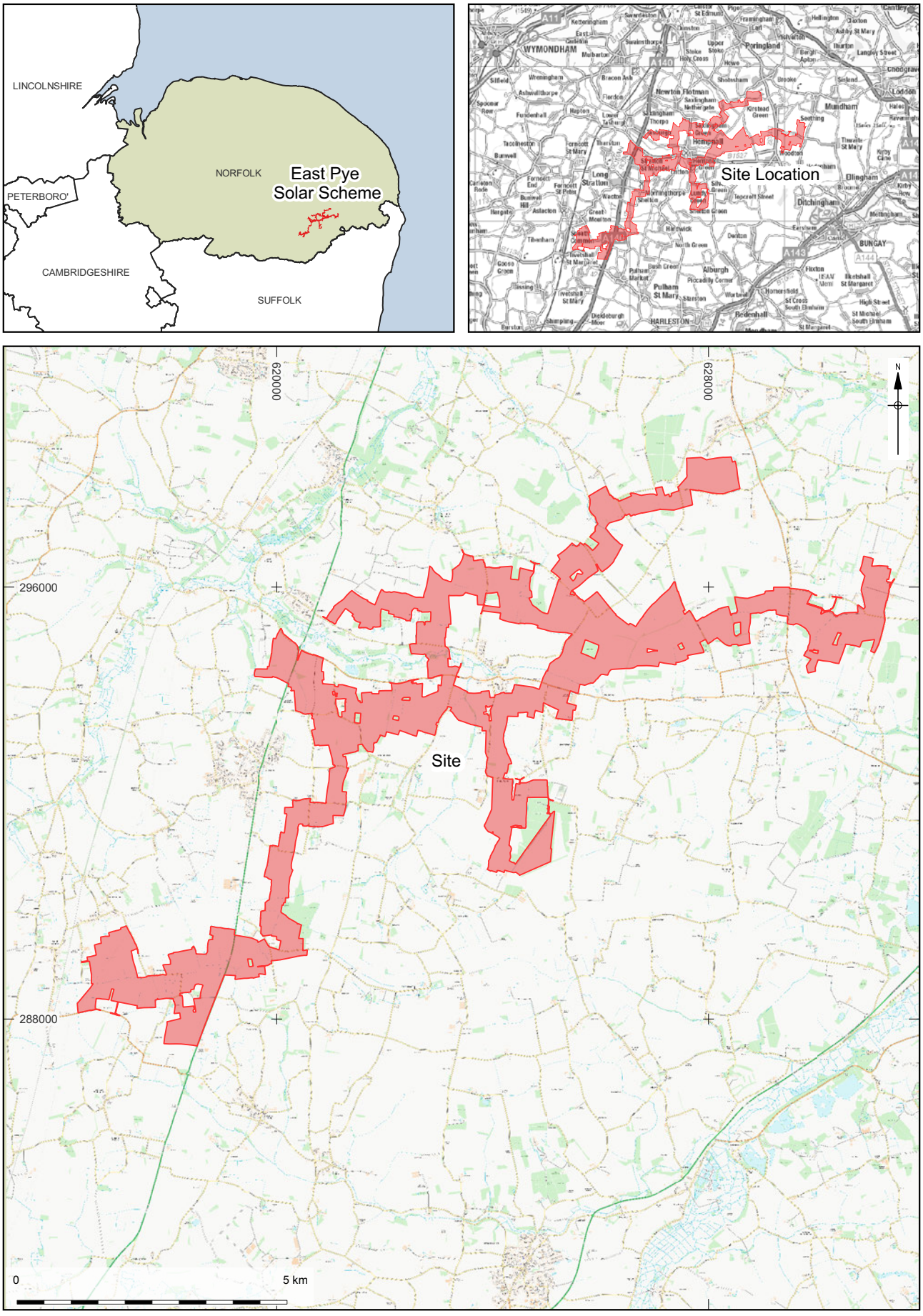
Ward S. M, and Tayles, N. 'The Use of Ethnographic Information in Cremation Studies: A Southeast Asian Example', in Schmidt, C., W. and Symes, S., A. (eds.), *The Analysis of Burnt Human Remains*. Second Edition. Elsevier, London, 119-138.

Webster, P. 1996. *Roman Samian Pottery in Britain*, Council for British Archaeology.

Whittle, A., Healy, F. And Bayliss, A. 2011. *Gathering Time: Dating the Early Neolithic Enclosures of Southern Britain and Ireland, Volume* I. Short Run Press, Exeter.

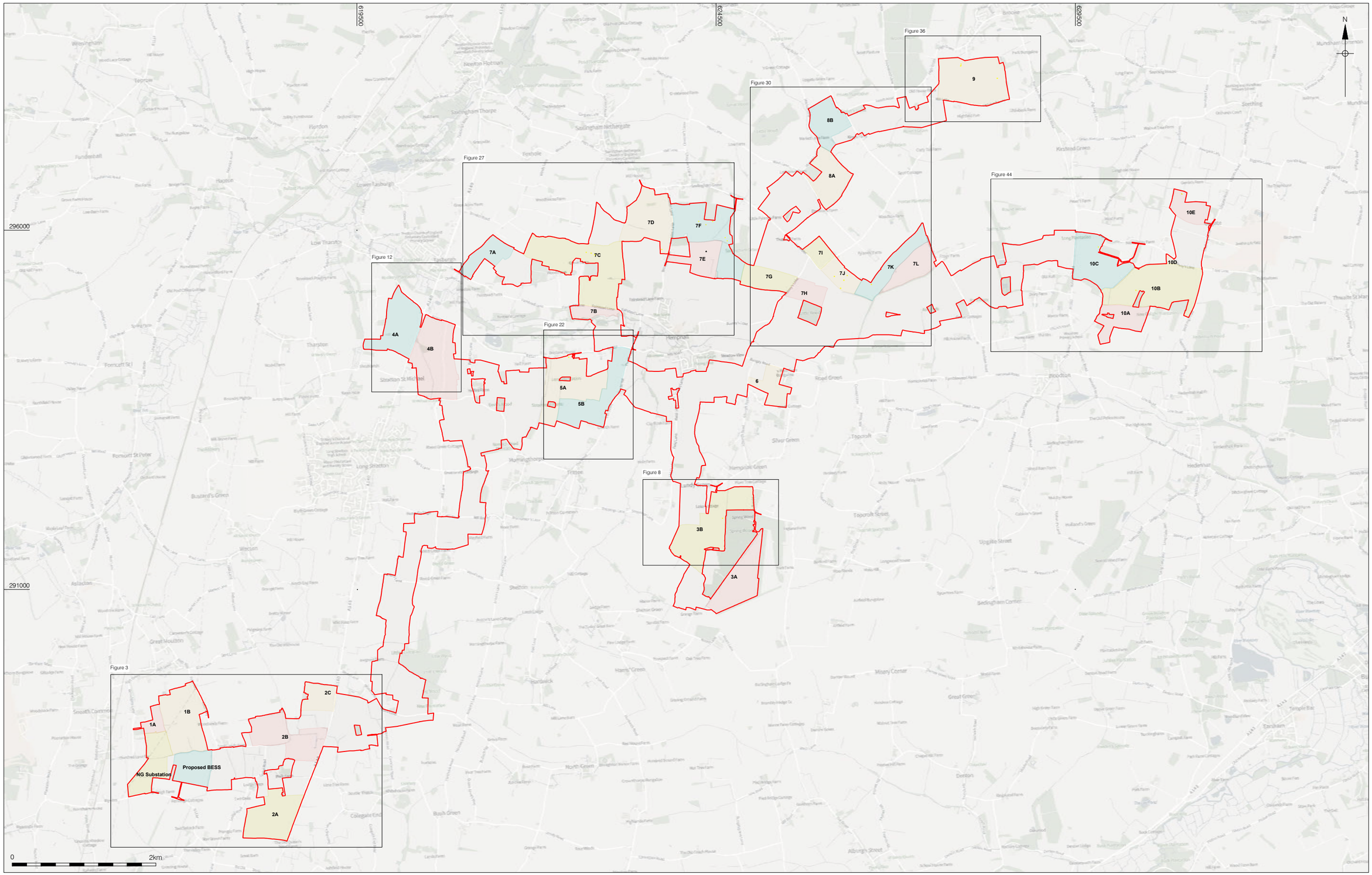
Whyte, T. R. 2001. 'Distinguishing Remains of Human Cremations from Burned Animal Bones', *Journal of Field Archaeology* 28, No. ¾, 437-448.

Willis, S. 2005. *Samian Pottery, a Resource for the Study of Roman Britain and Beyond*. Internet Archaeology 17. [https://doi.org/10.11141/ia.17.1]



Contains Ordnance Survey Data © Crown copyright and database right 2025
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
20/01/2026 VP

Figure 1
Site Location
1:2,000,000, 1:350,000, 1:100,000 at A4



Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2025
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
12/01/2026 RN

Figure 2
Detailed Site Location
1:50,000 at A3

616500

619500

289000

N

1A

1B

2A

2B

2C

NG Substation

Proposed BESS

Tr. 1 / Sub - 01

Tr. 2 / BESS - 01

Tr. 3 / BESS - 02

Tr. 4 / BESS - 03

Tr. 5 / BESS - 04

Tr. 6 / 1a - 01

Tr. 7 / 1a - 02

Tr. 8 / 1b - 01

Tr. 9 / 1b - 02

Tr. 10 / 1b - 03

Tr. 11 / 1b - 04

Tr. 12 / 1b - 05

Tr. 13 / 1b - 06

Tr. 14 / 1b - 07

Tr. 15 / 1b - 08

Tr. 16 / 1b - 09

Tr. 17 / 1b - 10

Tr. 18 / 1b - 11

Tr. 19 / 1b - 12

Tr. 20 / 1b - 13

Tr. 21 / 1b - 14

Tr. 22 / 1b - 15

Tr. 23 / 1b - 16

Tr. 24 / 2a - 01

Tr. 25 / 2a - 02

Tr. 26 / 2a - 03

Tr. 27 / 2a - 04

Tr. 28 / 2b - 01

Tr. 29 / 2b - 02

Tr. 30 / 2b - 03

Tr. 31 / 2b - 04

Tr. 32 / 2c - 01

Fig. 4A

Fig. 4B

Fig. 4C

Fig. 4D

Fig. 4E

Fig. 5E

Fig. 6A

Fig. 6B

Fig. 6C

Fig. 6D

Roman Activity

Trenches containing Archaeology

Blank Trenches

Trenches with only Natural and Modern Features

Geophysics Interpretation

Agricultural (Strong)

Agricultural Spread (Drain)

Agricultural (Weak)

Archaeology Possible (Strong)

Archaeology Possible (Weak)

Archaeology Probable Spread

Archaeology Probable (Strong)

Archaeology Probable (Weak)

Undetermined (Strong)

Ferrous Spread

Modern Industrial (Strong)

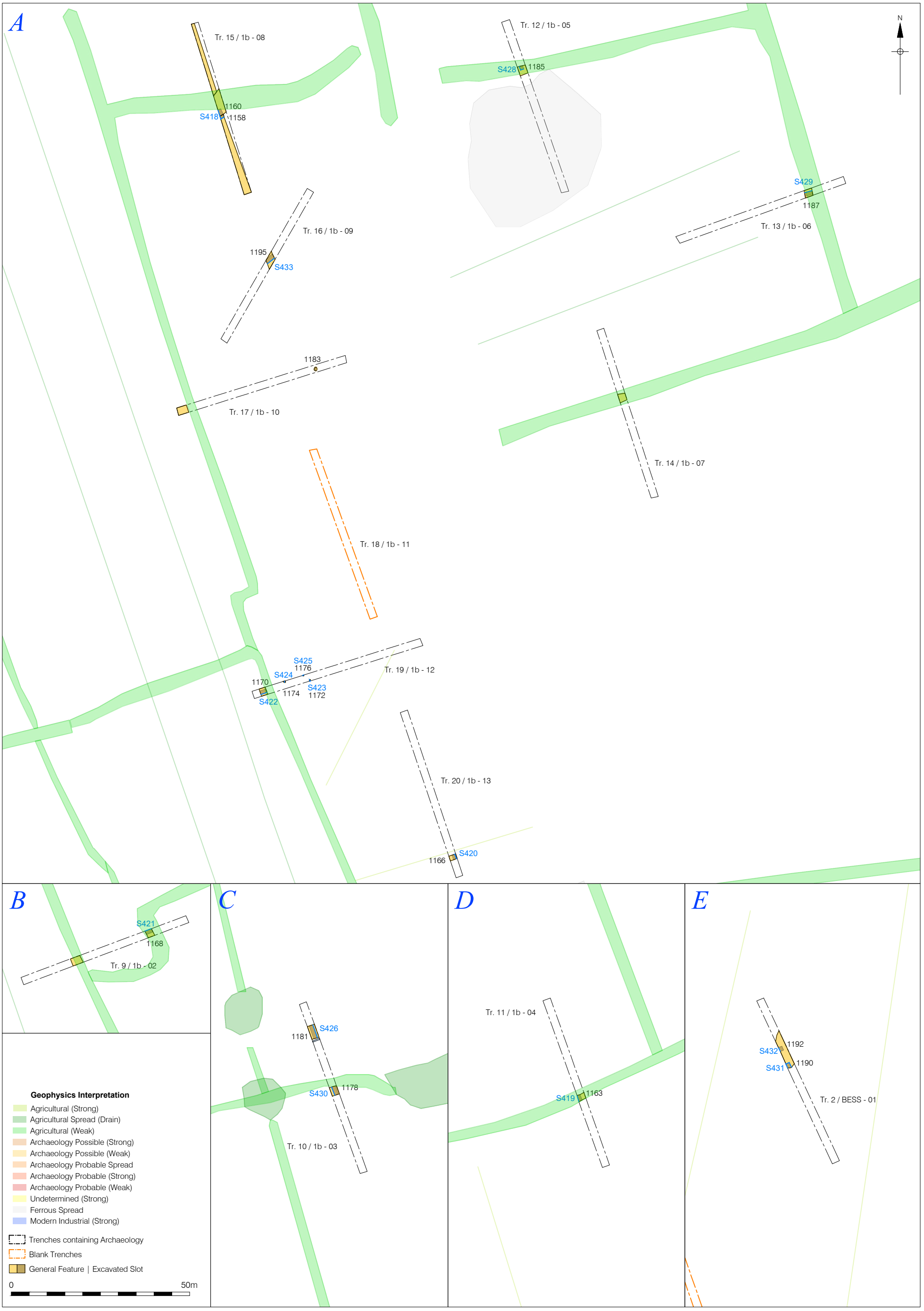
0 500m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

16/01/2026 RN

Figure 3
Sites 1 and 2, Trenches Overlying Geophysics Interpretation
1:10,000 at A3

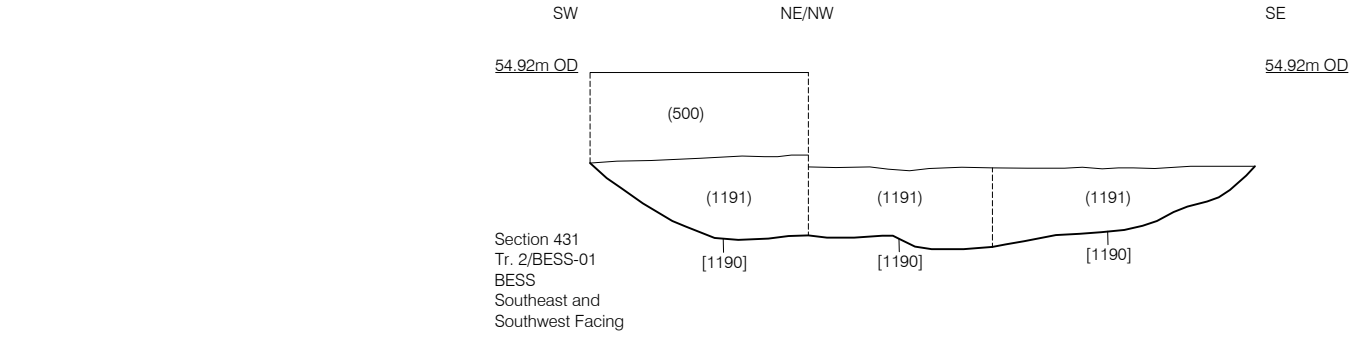


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

14/01/2026 RN

Figure 4
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 1
1:1,000 at A3



© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
16/01/2026 RS

Figure 5
Site 1B Sections
1:40 at A3

A

Tr. 32 / 2c - 01

S445

1222

0 50m

B

Tr. 30 / 2b - 03

1229

S447

N

Tr. 29 / 2b - 02

S446

1225

0 50m

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)

- Trenches containing Archaeology
- Blank Trenches
- General Feature | Excavated Slot

C

Tr. 31 / 2b - 04

S448

1232

0 50m

D

Tr. 25 / 2a - 02

S442

1216

1218

S443

0 50m

E

1214

S440

1220

S444

Tr. 24 / 2a - 01

1205

S437

S441

1209

S438

1207

S434

1199

1212

S439

S435

1201

S436

1203

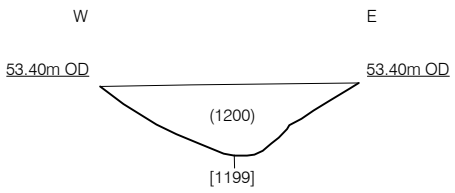
0 25m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

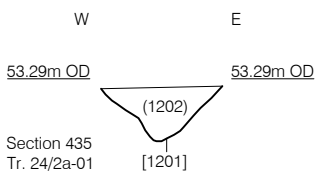
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

14/01/2026 RN

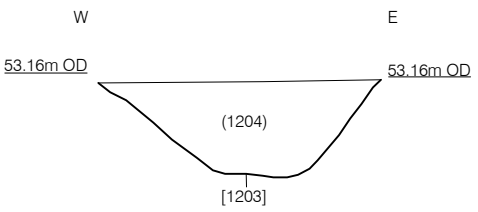
Figure 6
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 2
1:1,000 and 1:500 at A3



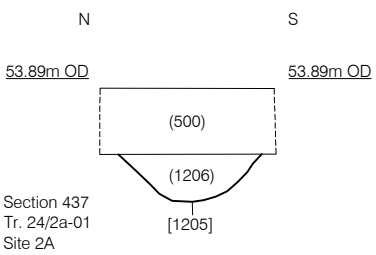
Section 434
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
Southeast Facing



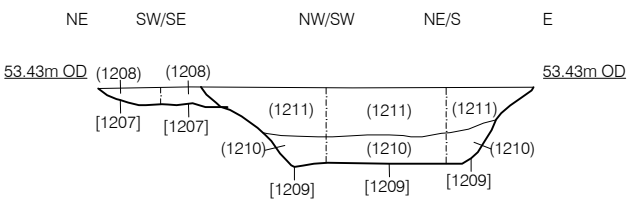
Section 435
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
Southwest Facing



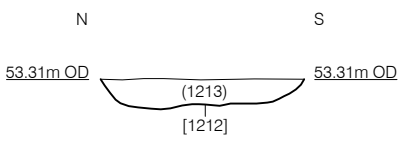
Section 436
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
Southeast Facing



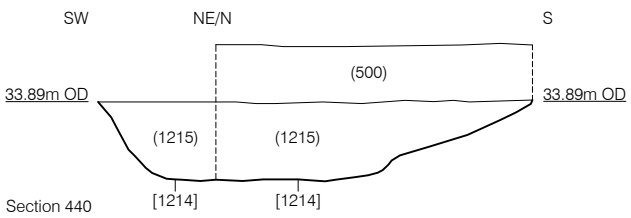
Section 437
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
West Facing



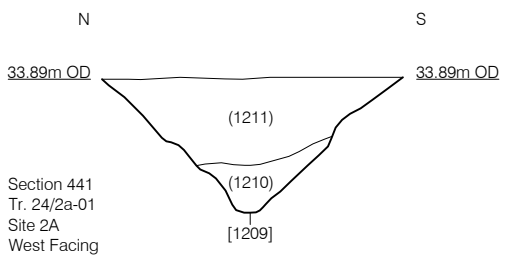
Section 438
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
Northwest, Northeast, Southeast and East Southeast Facing



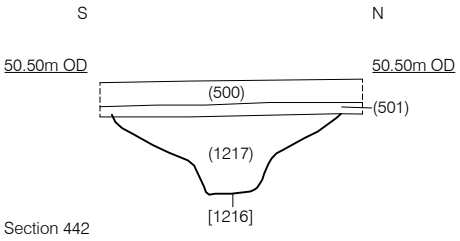
Section 439
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
West Facing



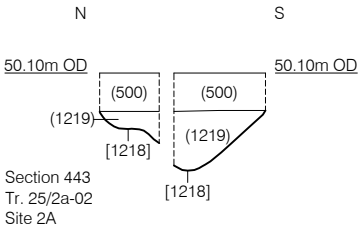
Section 440
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
Southeast and West Facing



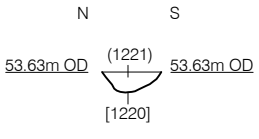
Section 441
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
West Facing



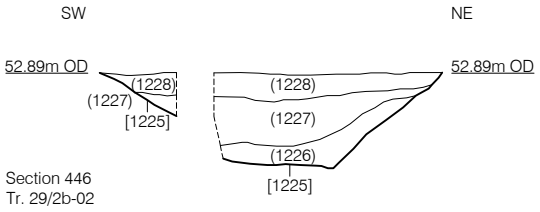
Section 442
Tr. 25/2a-02
Site 2A
East Facing



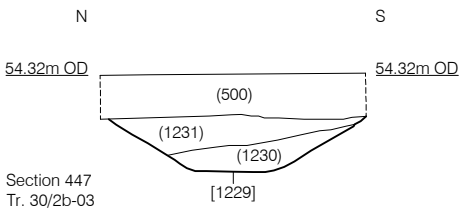
Section 443
Tr. 25/2a-02
Site 2A
West Facing



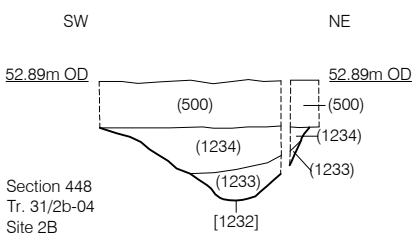
Section 444
Tr. 24/2a-01
Site 2A
Northwest Facing



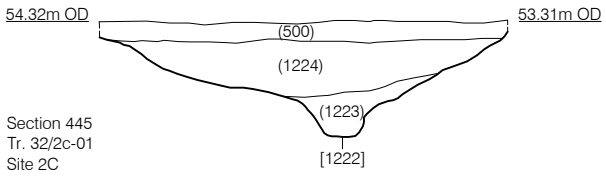
Section 446
Tr. 29/2b-02
Site 2B
Southeast Facing



Section 447
Tr. 30/2b-03
Site 2B
West Facing



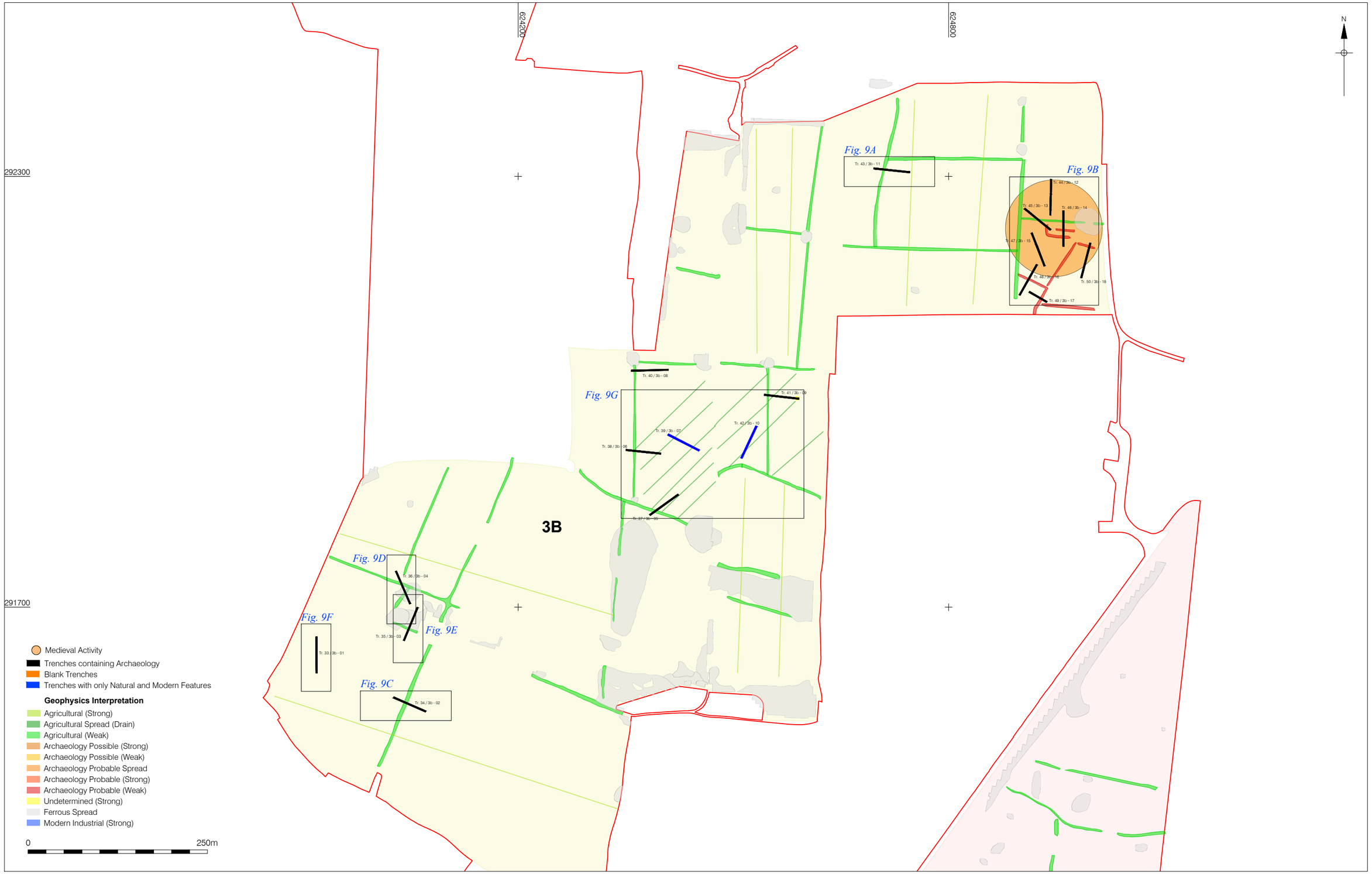
Section 448
Tr. 31/2b-04
Site 2B
Southeast Facing



Section 445
Tr. 32/2c-01
Site 2C
East Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
16/01/2026 RS

Figure 7
Sites 2A, 2B and 2C Sections
1:40 at A3

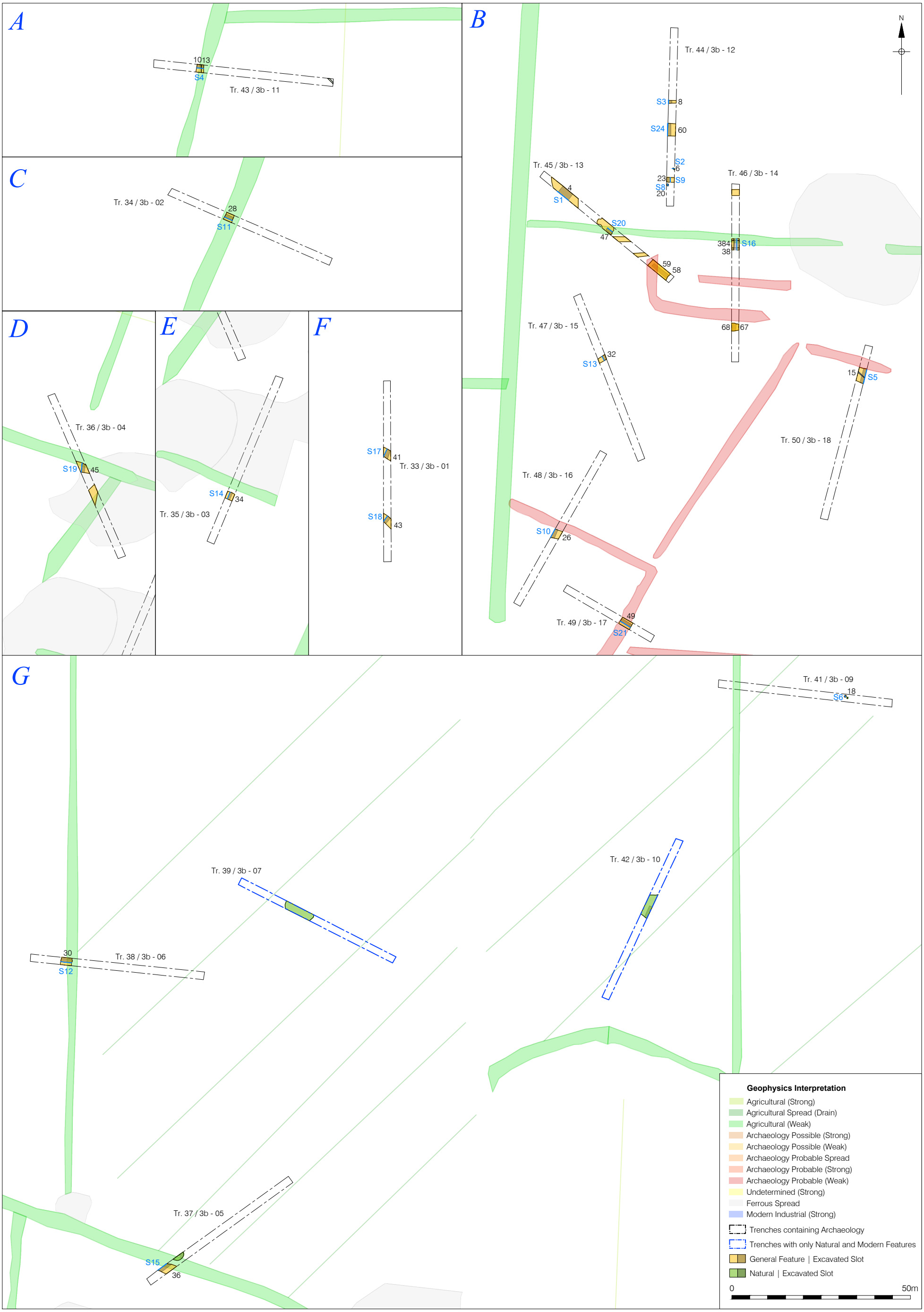


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

20/01/2026 RN

Figure 8
Site 3, Trenches Overlying Geophysics Interpretation
1:5,000 at A3

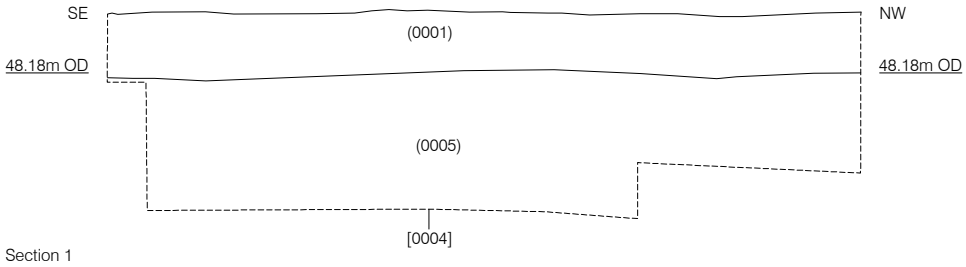


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

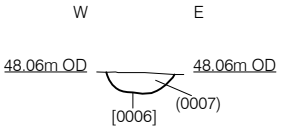
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

20/01/2026 RN

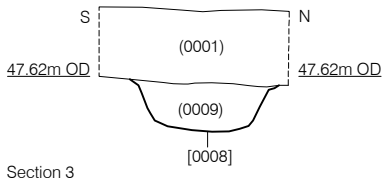
Figure 9
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 3
1:1,000 at A3



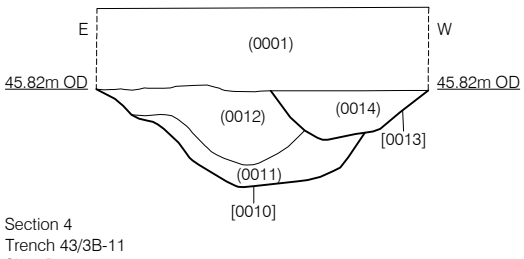
Section 1
Trench 45/3B-13
Site 3B
Northeast Facing



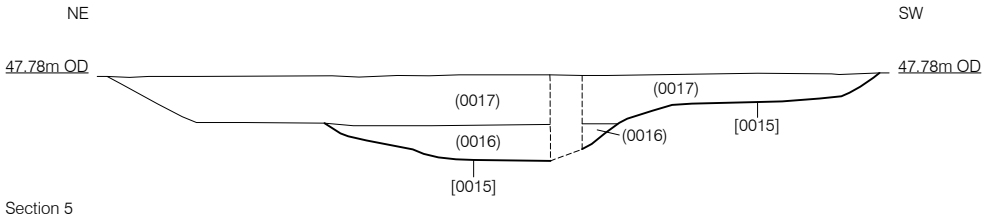
Section 2
Trench 44/3B-12
Site 3B
South Facing



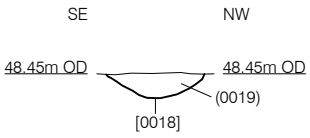
Section 3
Trench 44/3B-12
Site 3B
East Facing



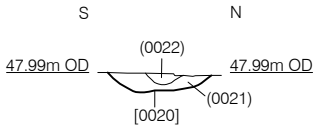
Section 4
Trench 43/3B-11
Site 3B
North Facing Facing



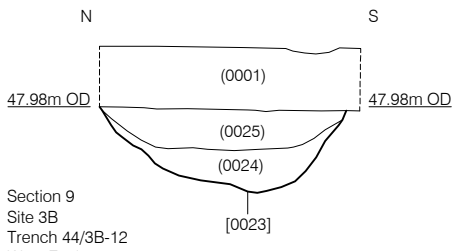
Section 5
Trench 50/3B-18
Site 3B
Northwest Facing



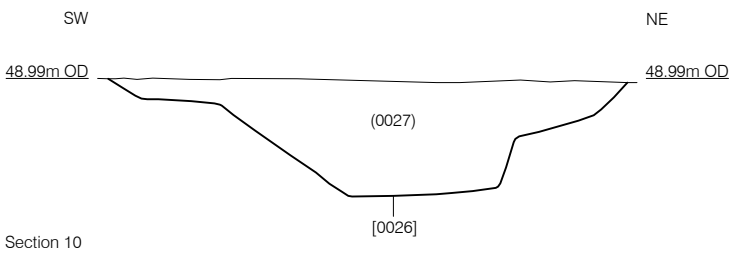
Section 6
Trench 41/3B-09
Site 3B
Northeast Facing



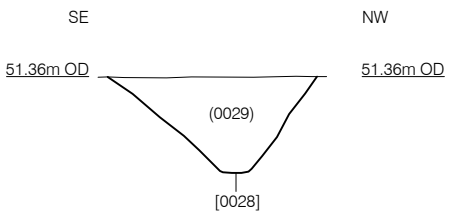
Section 8
Trench 44/3B-12
Site 3B
East Facing



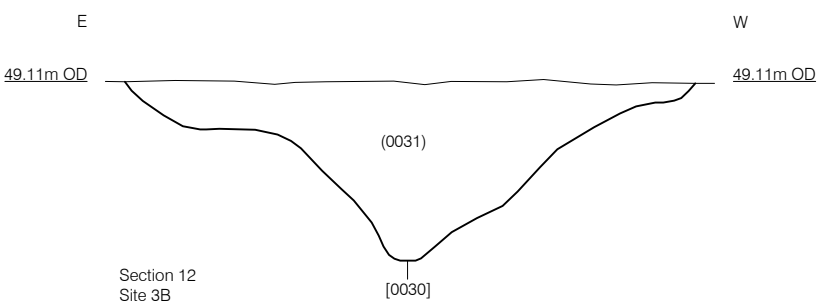
Section 9
Site 3B
Trench 44/3B-12
West Facing



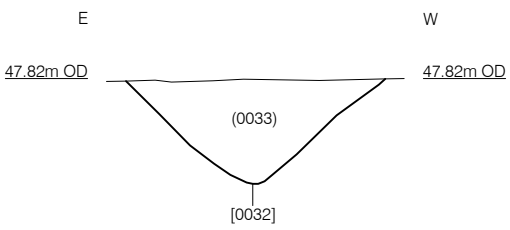
Section 10
Site 3B
Trench 48/3B-16
Southeast Facing



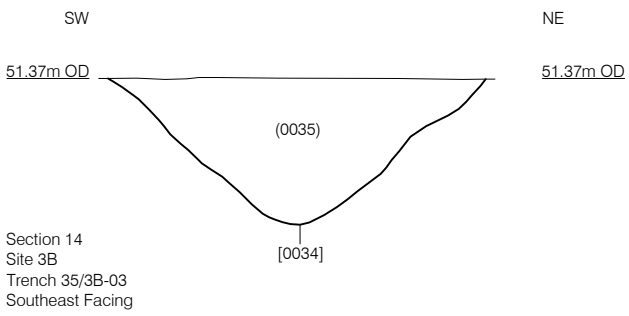
Section 11
Site 3B
Trench 34/3B-02
Northeast Facing



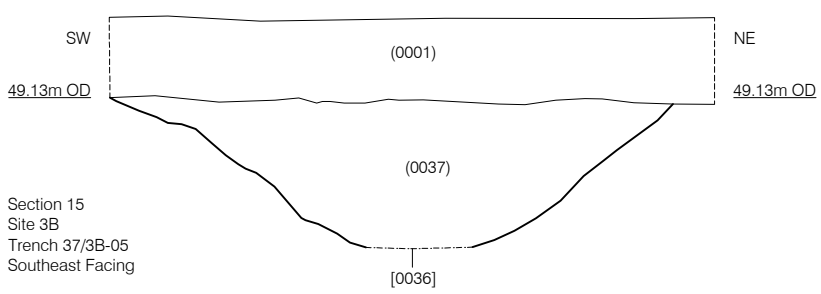
Section 12
Site 3B
Trench 38/3B-06
North Facing



Section 13
Site 3B
Trench 47/3B-15
Northeast Facing



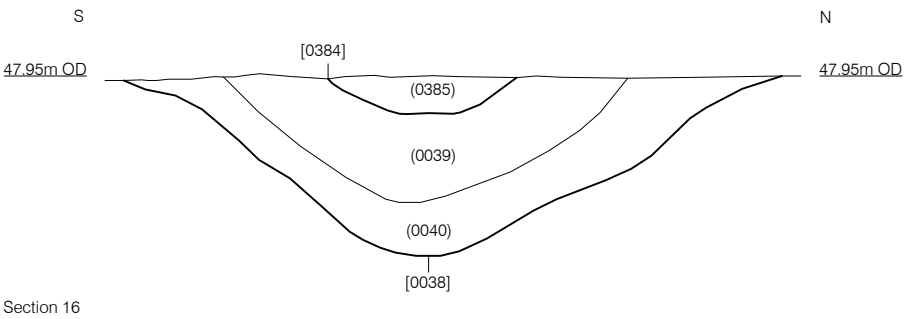
Section 14
Site 3B
Trench 35/3B-03
Southeast Facing



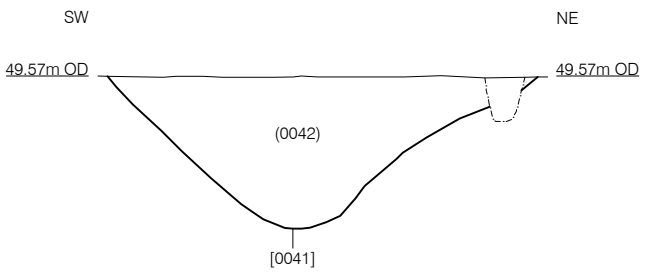
Section 15
Site 3B
Trench 37/3B-05
Southeast Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
16/01/2026 RS

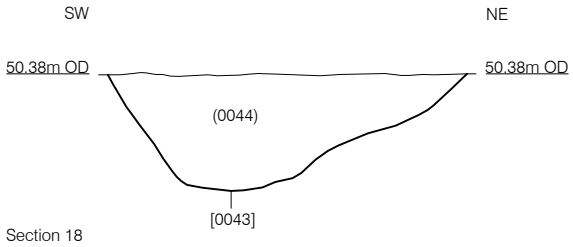
Figure 10
Site 3B Sections
1:40 at A3



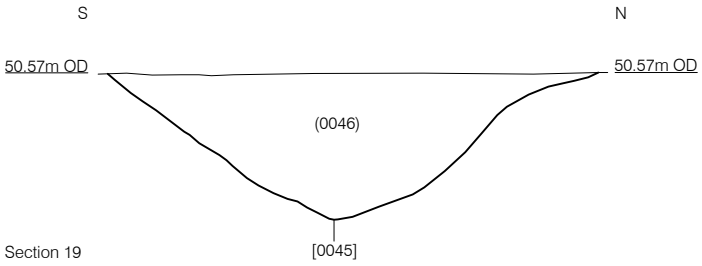
Section 16
Site 3B
Trench 46/3B-14
East Facing



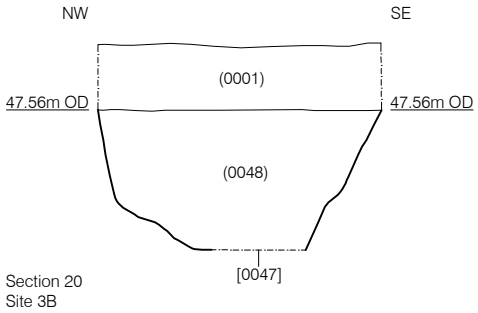
Section 17
Site 3B
Trench 33/3B-01
Southeast Facing



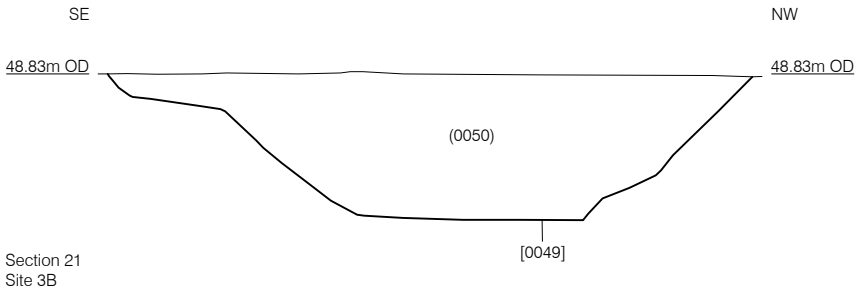
Section 18
Site 3B
Trench 33/3B-01
Southeast Facing



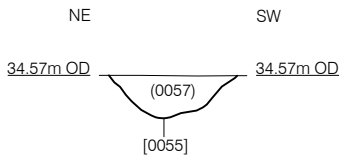
Section 19
Site 3B
Trench 36/3B-04
East Facing



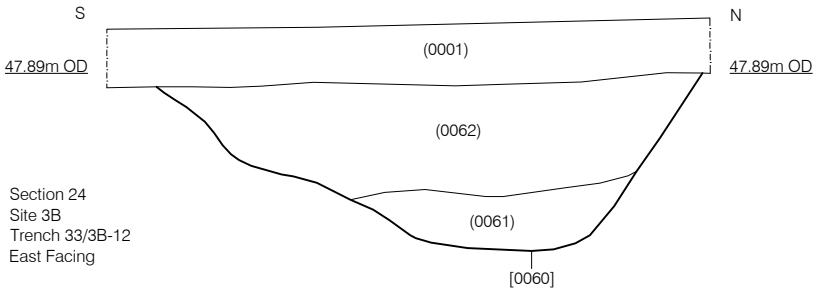
Section 20
Site 3B
Trench 45/3B-13
Southwest Facing



Section 21
Site 3B
Trench 49/3B-17
Northeast Facing



Section 23
Site 4A
Trench 68/4A-18
Northwest Facing



Section 24
Site 3B
Trench 33/3B-12
East Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
16/01/2026 RS

Figure 11
Site 3B Sections continue
1:40 at A3

620000

620500

N

295000

Fig. 13A

Roman Ovens

Possible Roman Building

Fig. 13B

Fig. 14

Fig. 16B

Fig. 16A

Fig. 16C

4A

Fig. 15

Pit Containing Beaker Pottery

Fig. 16D

4B

Prehistoric Activity
Roman Activity
Medieval Activity
Trenches containing Archaeology
Blank Trenches
Trenches with only Natural and Modern Features

Geophysics Interpretation

Agricultural (Strong)
Agricultural Spread (Drain)
Agricultural (Weak)
Archaeology Possible (Strong)
Archaeology Possible (Weak)
Archaeology Probable Spread
Archaeology Probable (Strong)
Archaeology Probable (Weak)
Undetermined (Strong)
Ferrous Spread
Modern Industrial (Strong)

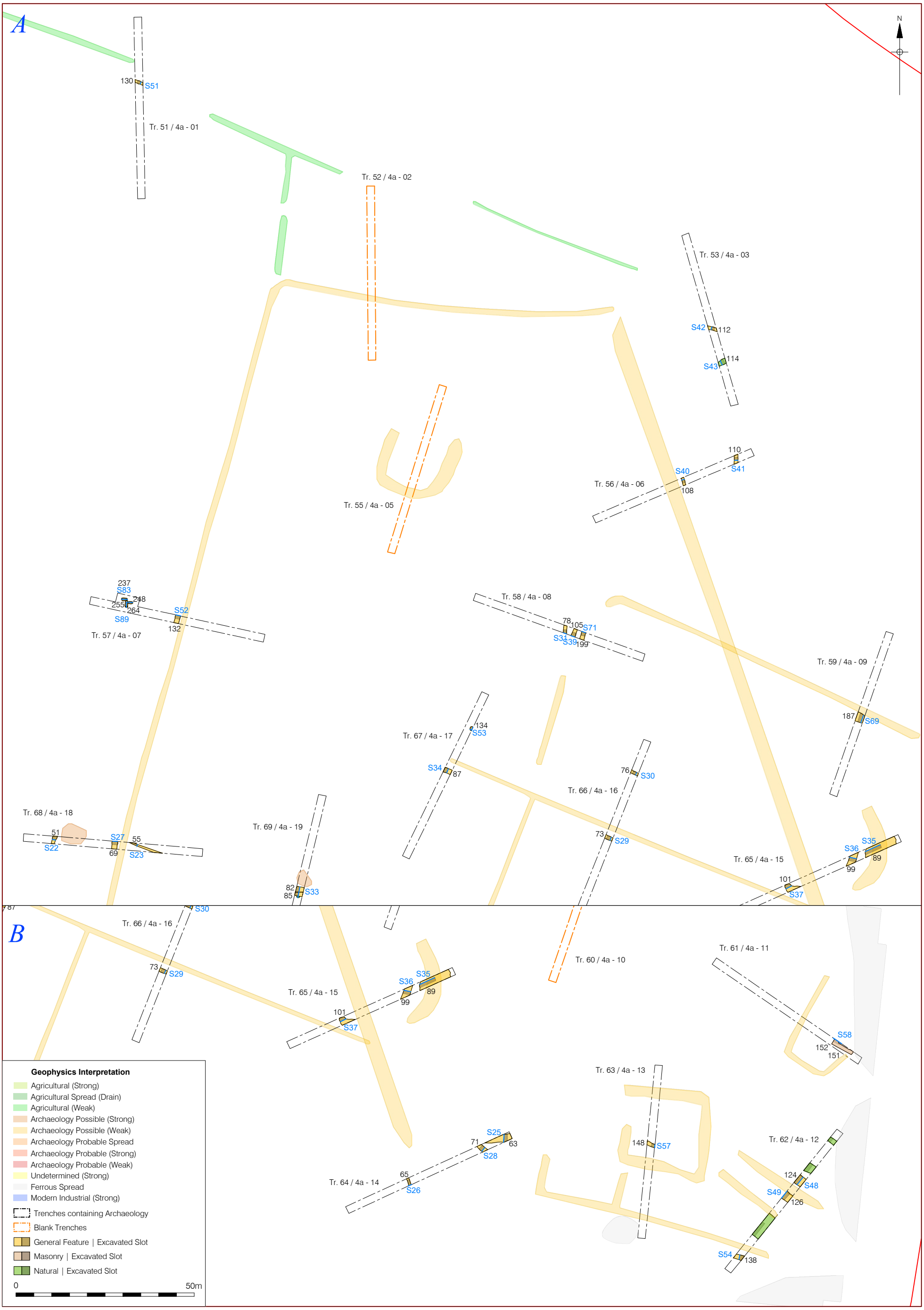
0 250m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

20/01/2026 RN

Figure 12
Site 4, Trenches Overlying Geophysics Interpretation
1:5,000 at A3

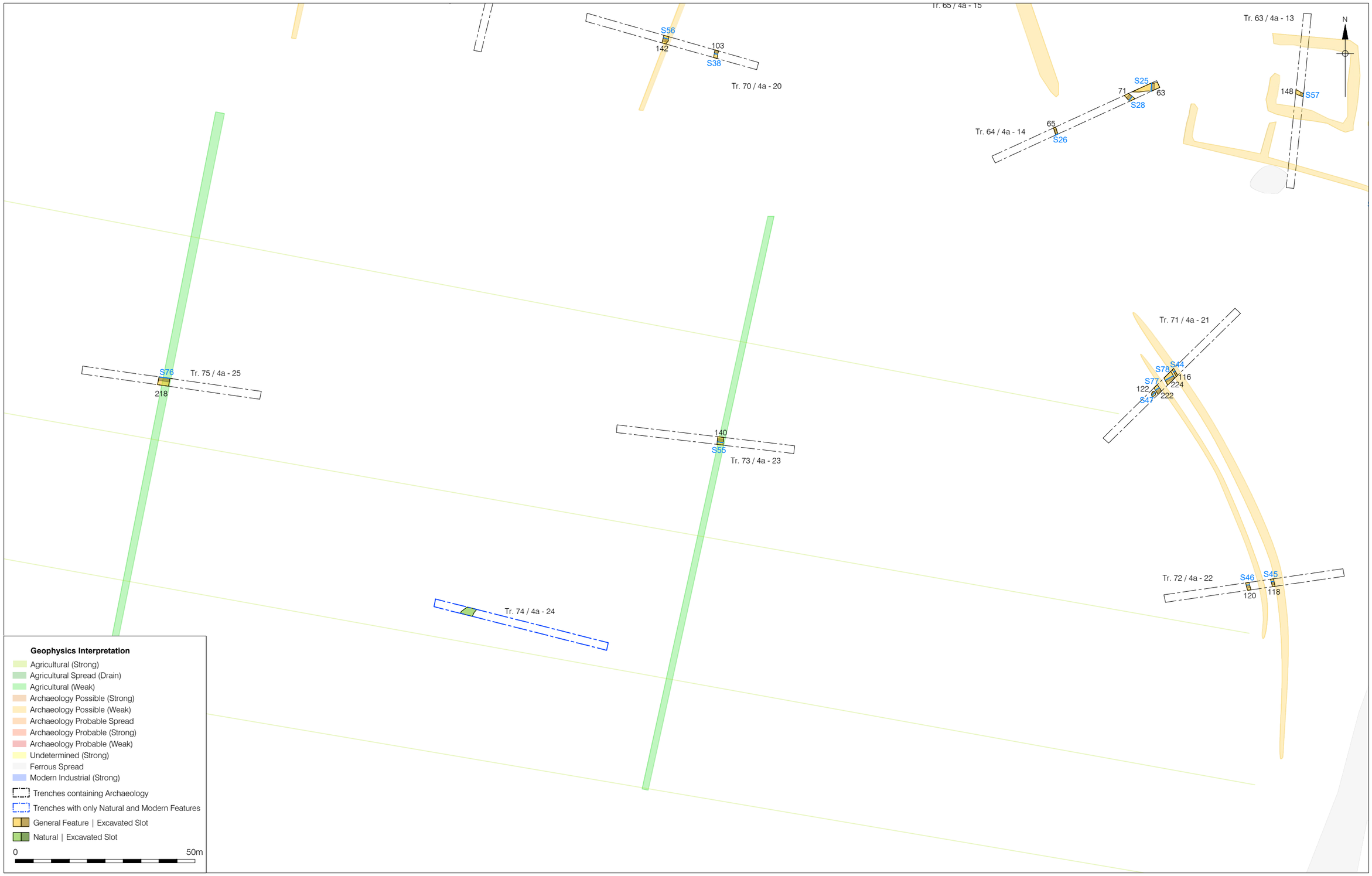


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

11/02/2026 RN

Figure 13
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 4A North
1:1,000 at A3

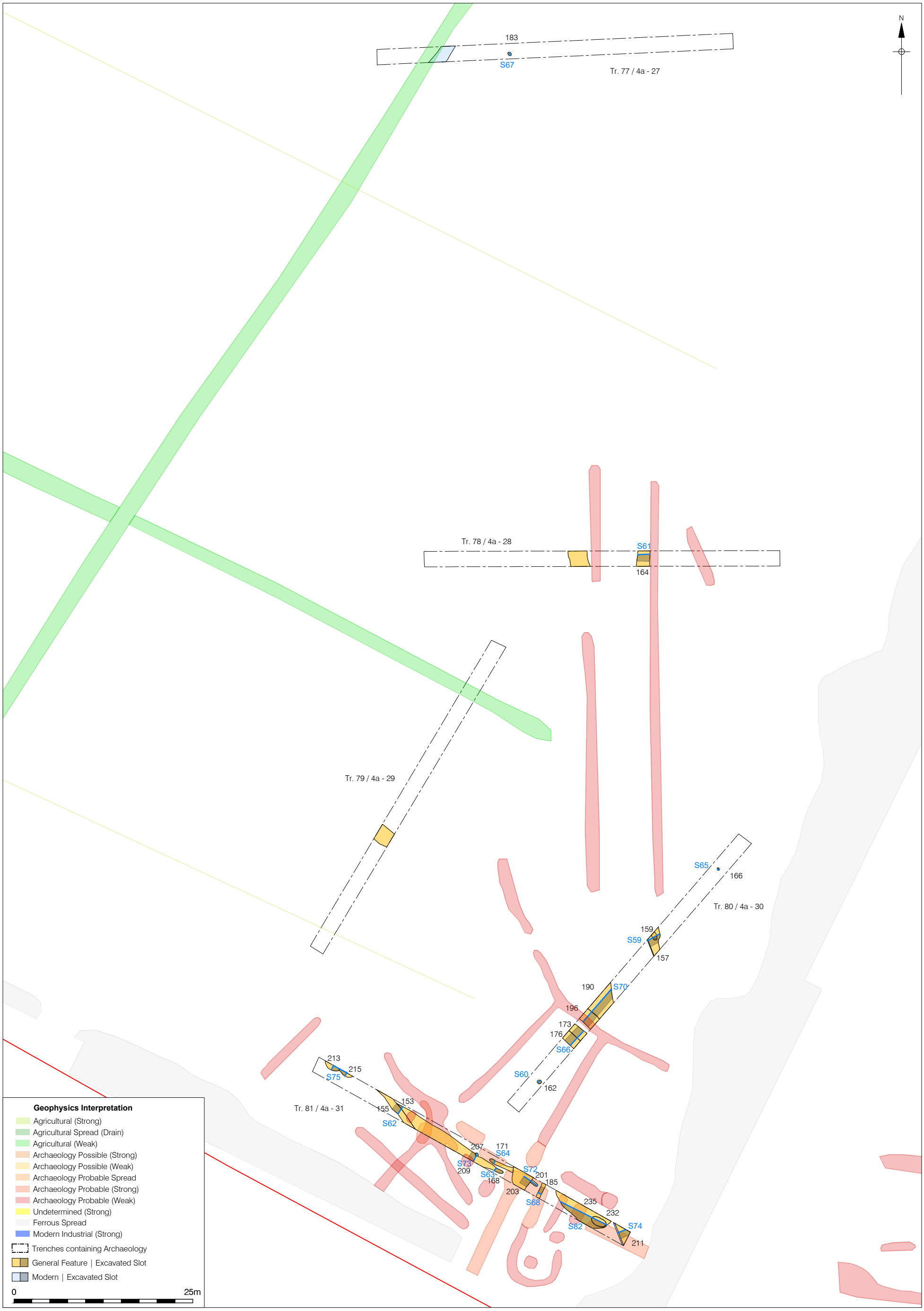


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

Figure 14
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 4A Centre
1:1,000 at A3



Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

Figure 15
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 4A South
1:500 at A3

A

289
280
S99
S96
Tr. 86 / 4b - 05

B

S92
Tr. 83 / 4b - 02
272
228
S81

C

Tr. 84 / 4b - 03
N
Tr. 85 / 4b - 04
226
S80

D

Tr. 87 / 4b - 06
278
S93
S95
274

Tr. 88 / 4b - 07
276
S94

Tr. 89 / 4b - 08
S88
268
270
S87

Tr. 90 / 4b - 09
266
S86

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)
- Trenches containing Archaeology
- Blank Trenches
- General Feature | Excavated Slot
- Modern | Excavated Slot
- Natural | Excavated Slot

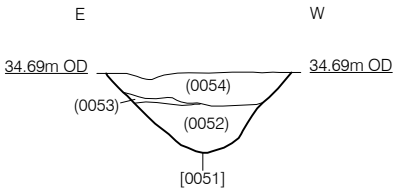
0 50m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

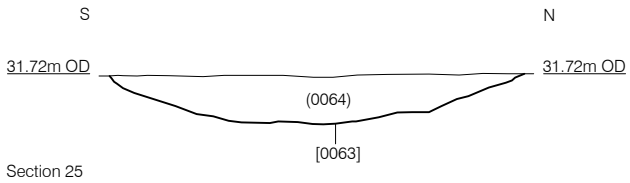
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

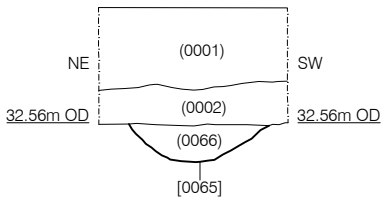
Figure 16
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 4B
1:1,000 at A3



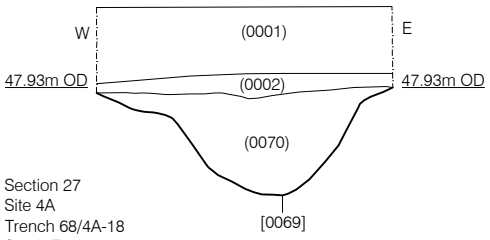
Section 22
Site 4A
Trench 68/4A-18
North Facing



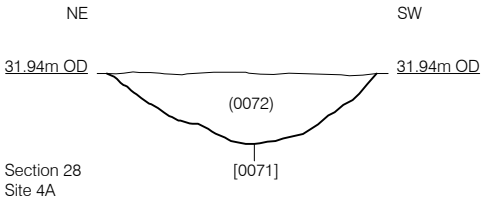
Section 25
Site 4A
Trench 64/4A-14
East Facing



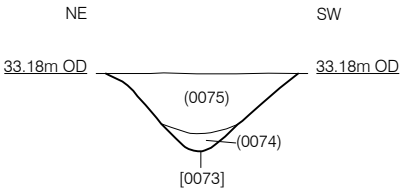
Section 26
Site 4A
Trench 64/4A-14
Northwest Facing



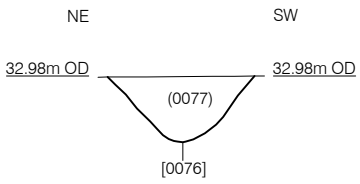
Section 27
Site 4A
Trench 68/4A-18
South Facing



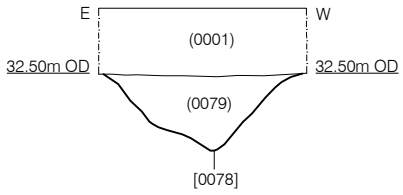
Section 28
Site 4A
Trench 64/4A-14
Northwest Facing



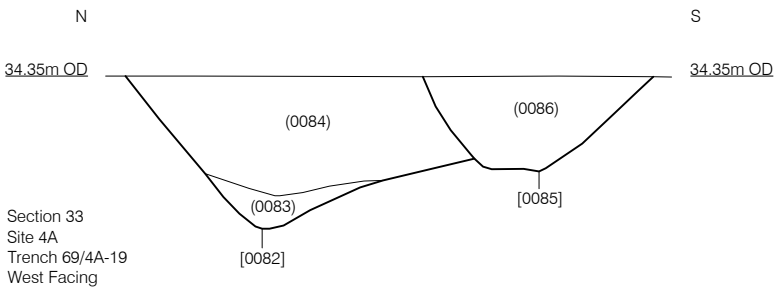
Section 29
Site 4A
Trench 66/4A-16
Northwest Facing



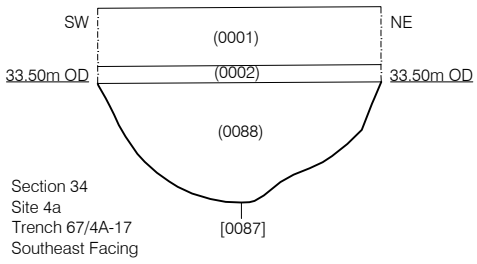
Section 30
Site 4A
Trench 66/4A-16
Northwest Facing



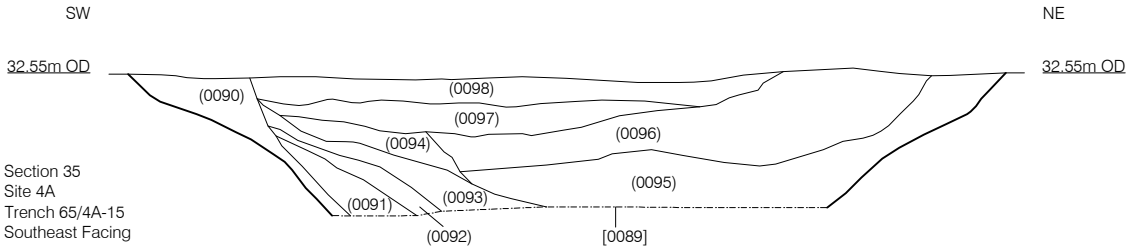
Section 31
Site 4A
Trench 58/4A-08
North Facing



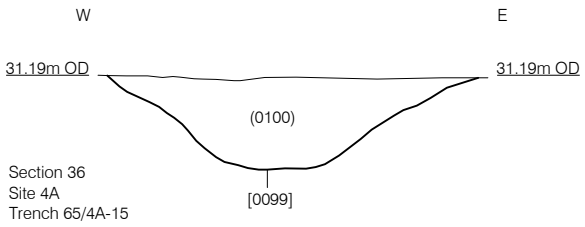
Section 33
Site 4A
Trench 69/4A-19
West Facing



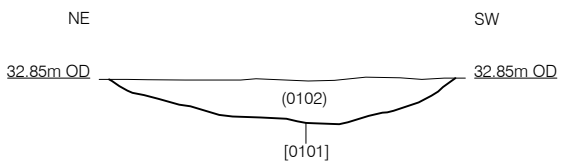
Section 34
Site 4a
Trench 67/4A-17
Southeast Facing



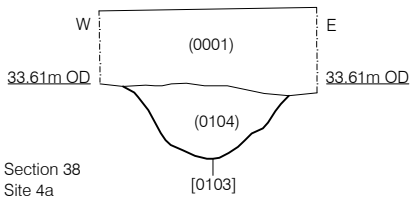
Section 35
Site 4A
Trench 65/4A-15
Southeast Facing



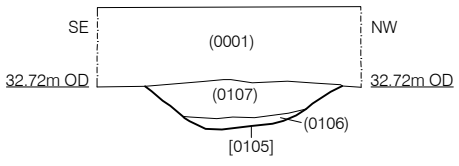
Section 36
Site 4A
Trench 65/4A-15
South Facing



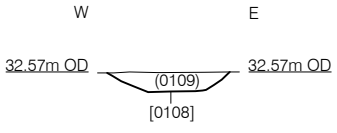
Section 37
Site 4A
Trench 65/4A-15
Northwest Facing



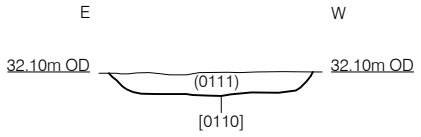
Section 38
Site 4a
Trench 70/4A-20
North Facing



Section 39
Site 4A
Trecnh 58/4A-08
Northeast Facing



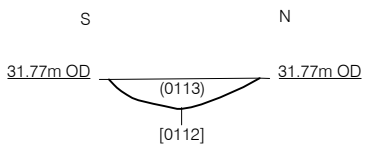
Section 40
Site 4A
Trench 56/4A-06
South Facing



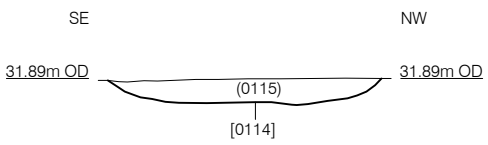
Section 41
Site 4A
Trench 56/4A-06
North Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
16/01/2026 RS

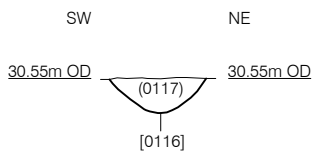
Figure 17
Site 4A Sections
1:40 at A3



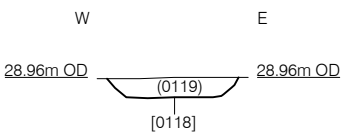
Section 42
Site 4A
Trench 53/4A-03
East Facing



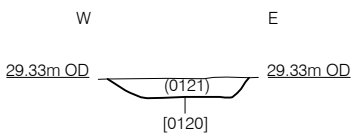
Section 43
Site 4A
Trench 53/4A-03
Northeast Facing



Section 44
Site 4A
Trench 71/4A-21
Southeast Facing

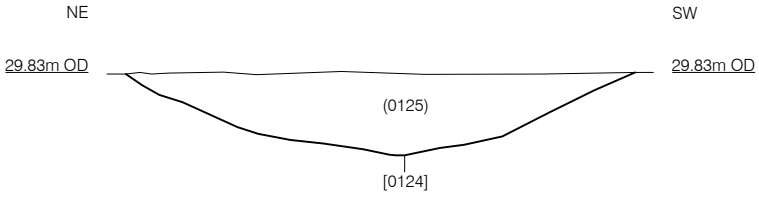


Section 45
Site 4A
Trench 72/4A-22
South Facing

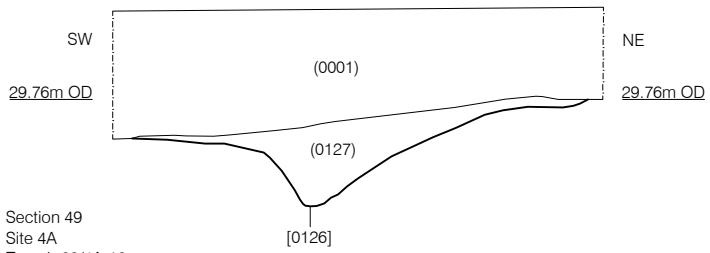


Section 46
Site 4A
Trench 72/4A-22
South Facing

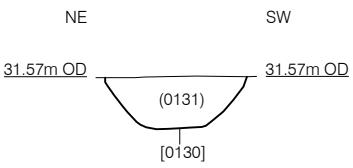
Section 47
Site 4A
Trench 71/4A-21
Northwest Facing



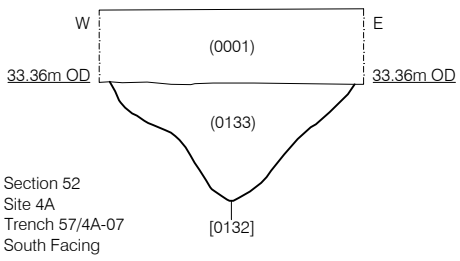
Section 48
Site 4A
Trench 62/4A-12
Northwest Facing



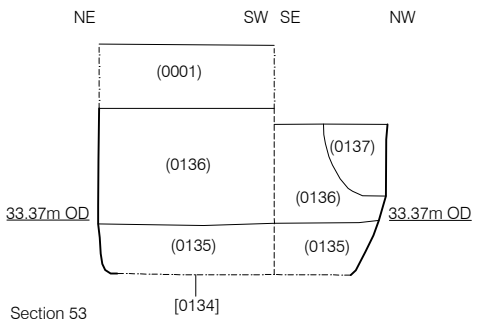
Section 49
Site 4A
Trench 62/4A-12
Southeast Facing



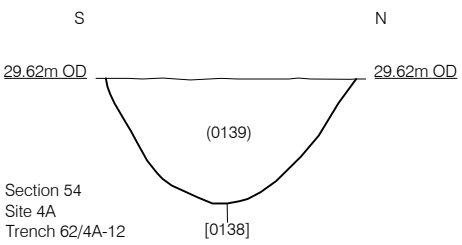
Section 51
Site 4A
Trench 51/4A-01
Northwest Facing



Section 52
Site 4A
Trench 57/4A-07
South Facing

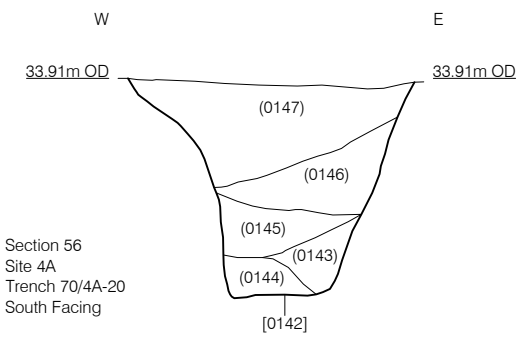


Section 53
Site 4A
Trench 67/4A-17
Northwest and Northeast Facing

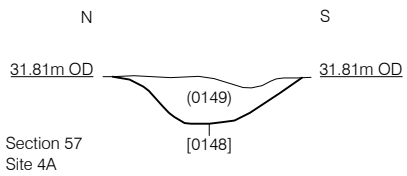


Section 54
Site 4A
Trench 62/4A-12
East Facing

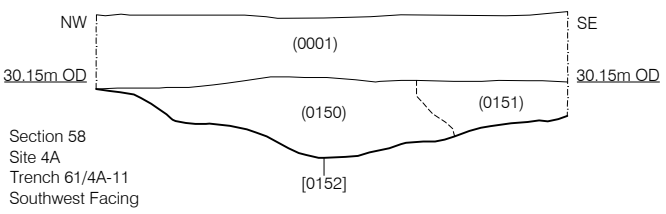
Section 55
Site 4A
Trench 73/4A-23
North Facing



Section 56
Site 4A
Trench 70/4A-20
South Facing



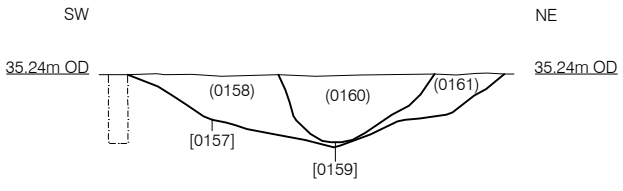
Section 57
Site 4A
Trench 63/4A-13
West Facing



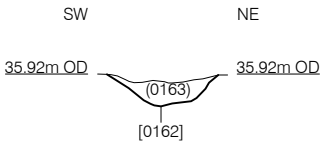
Section 58
Site 4A
Trench 61/4A-11
Southwest Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
16/01/2026 RS

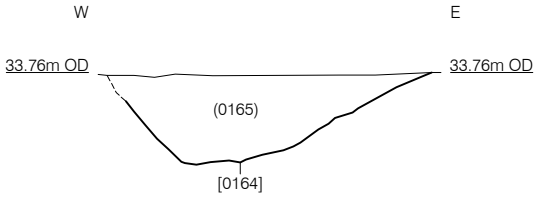
Figure 18
Site 4A Sections continue
1:40 at A3



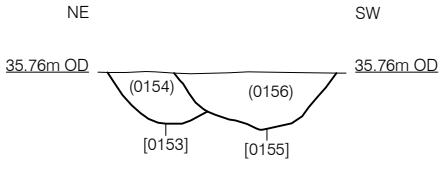
Section 59
Site 4A
Trench 80/4A-30
Southeast Facing



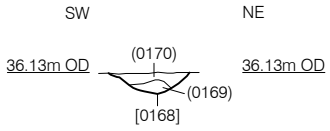
Section 60
Site 4A
Trench 80/4A-30
Southeast Facing



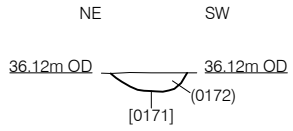
Section 61
Site 4A
Trench 78/4A-28
South Facing



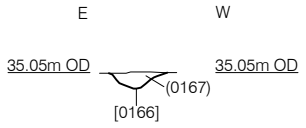
Section 62
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Northwest Facing



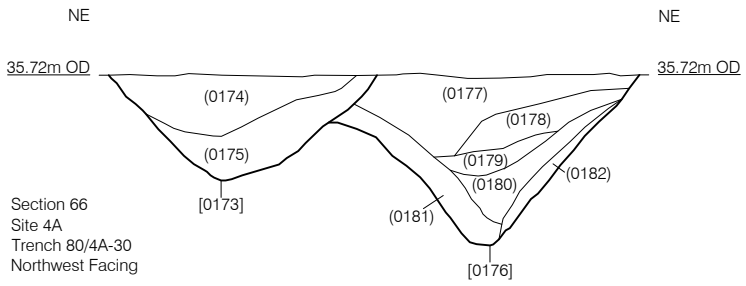
Section 63
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Southeast Facing



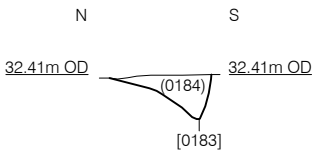
Section 64
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Northwest Facing



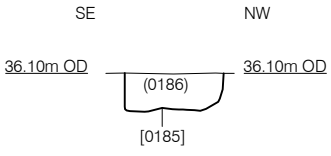
Section 65
Site 4A
Trench 80/4A-30
North Facing



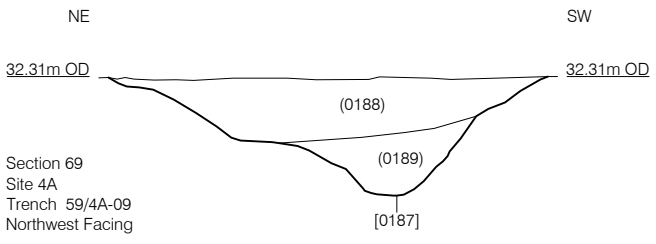
Section 66
Site 4A
Trench 80/4A-30
Northwest Facing



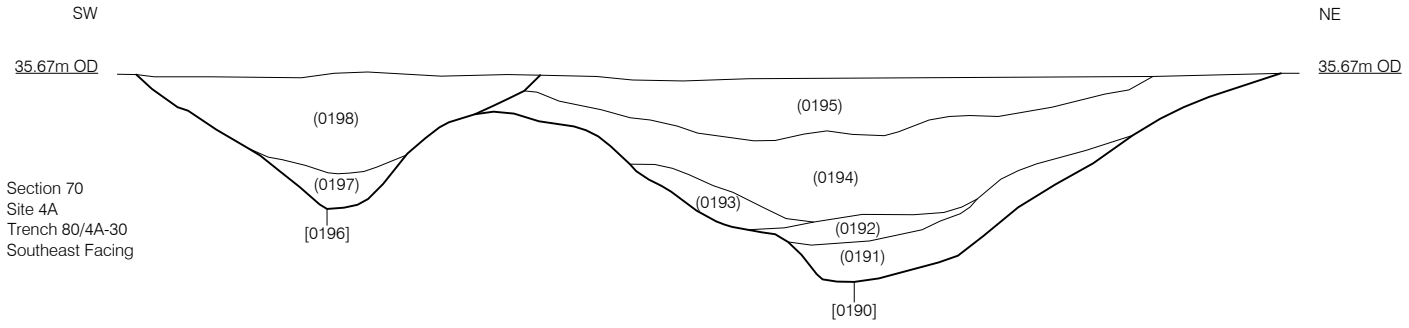
Section 67
Site 4A
Trench 77/4A-27
West Facing



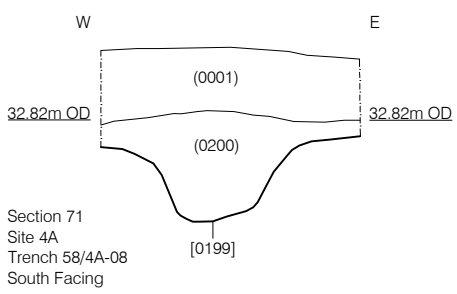
Section 68
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Northeast Facing



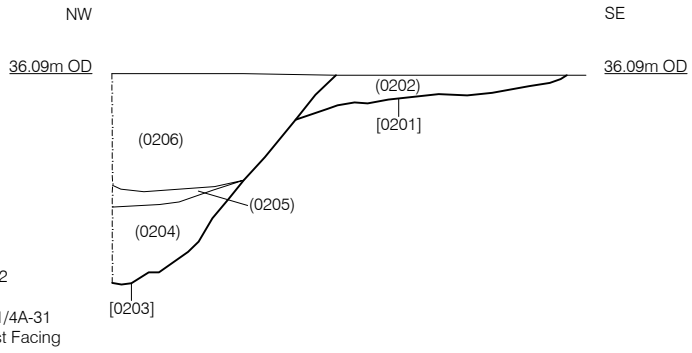
Section 69
Site 4A
Trench 59/4A-09
Northwest Facing



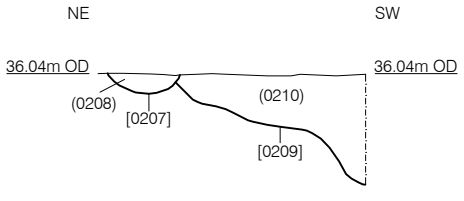
Section 70
Site 4A
Trench 80/4A-30
Southeast Facing



Section 71
Site 4A
Trench 58/4A-08
South Facing



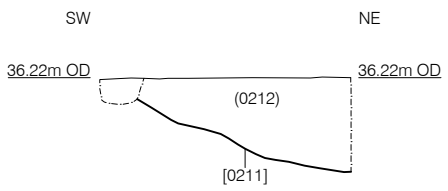
Section 72
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Southwest Facing



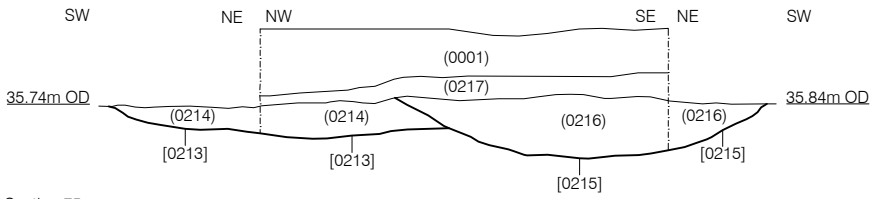
Section 73
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Northwest Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

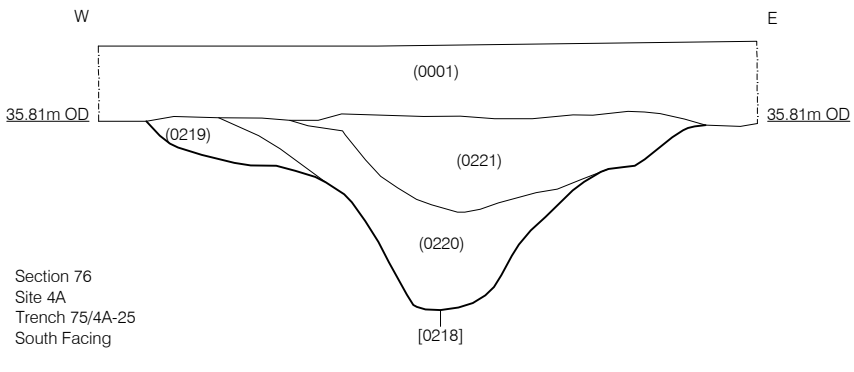
Figure 19
Site 4A Sections continue
1:40 at A3



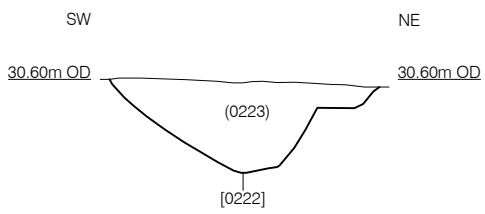
Section 74
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Southeast Facing



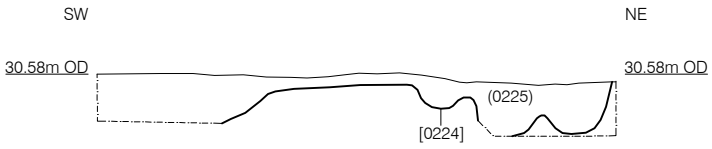
Section 75
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Southeast, Southwest and Northwest Facing



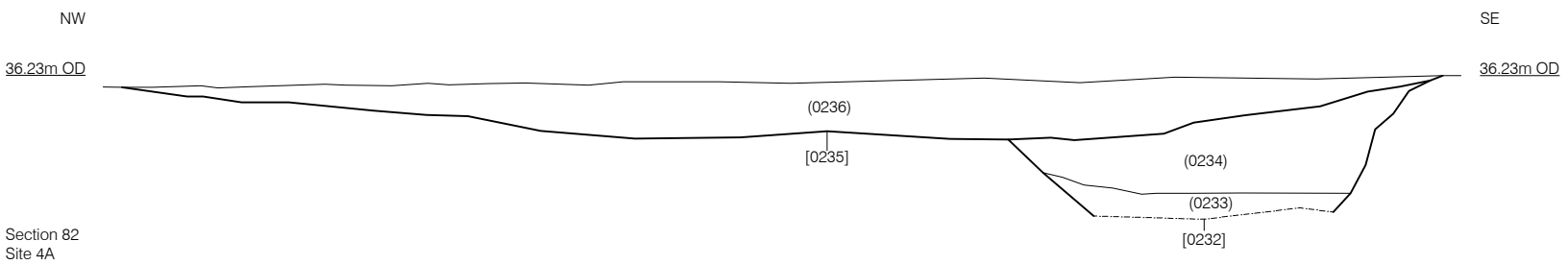
Section 76
Site 4A
Trench 75/4A-25
South Facing



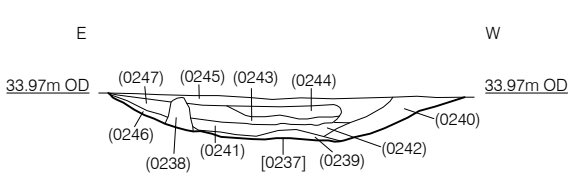
Section 77
Site 4A
Trench 71/4A-21
Southeast Facing



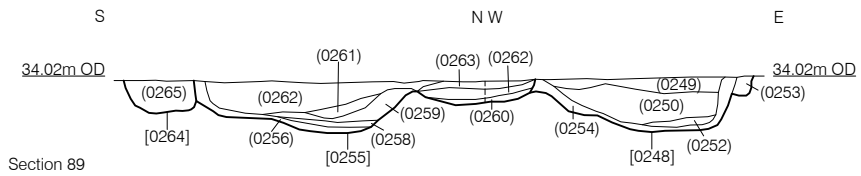
Section 78
Site 4A
Trench 71/4A-21
Southeast Facing



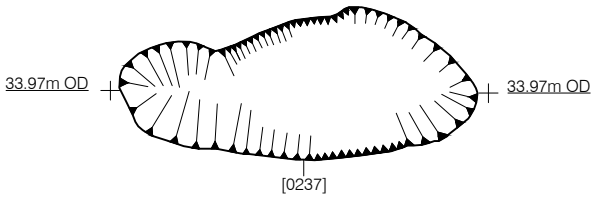
Section 82
Site 4A
Trench 81/4A-31
Southwest Facing



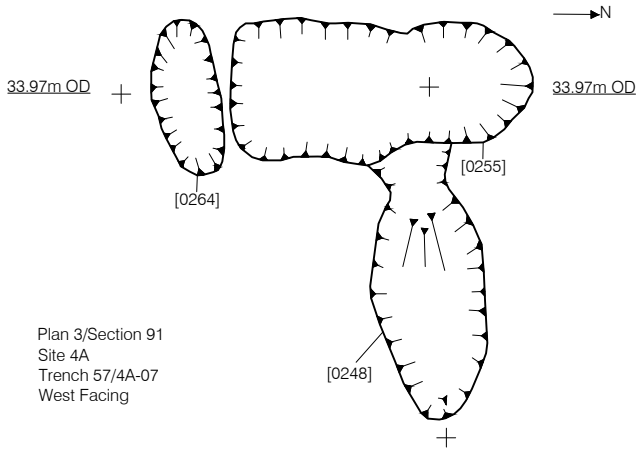
Section 83
Site 4A
Trench 57/4A-07
North Facing



Section 89
Site 4A
Trench 57/4A-07
East and South Facing



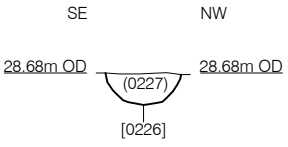
Plan 2/Section 85
Site 4A
Trench 57/4A-07



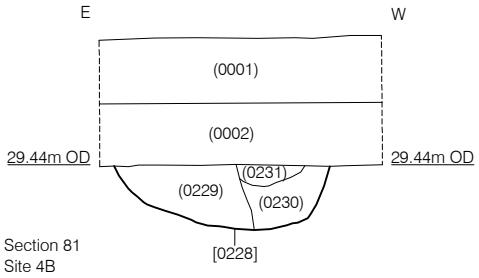
Plan 3/Section 91
Site 4A
Trench 57/4A-07
West Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

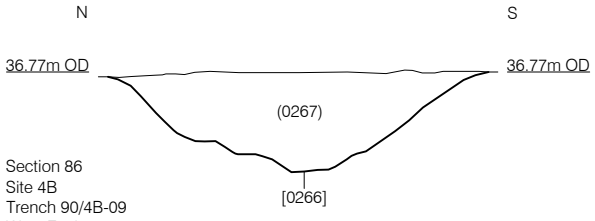
Figure 20
Site 4A Sections continue
1:40 at A3



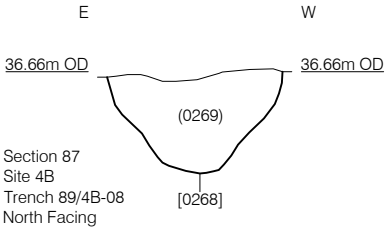
Section 80
Site 4B
Trench 85/4B-04
Northeast Facing



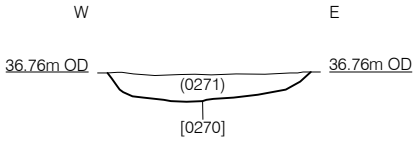
Section 81
Site 4B
Trench 83/4B-02
North Facing



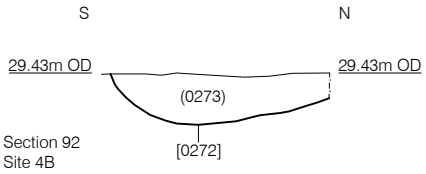
Section 86
Site 4B
Trench 90/4B-09
West Facing



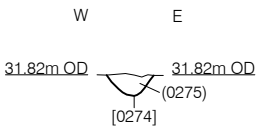
Section 87
Site 4B
Trench 89/4B-08
North Facing



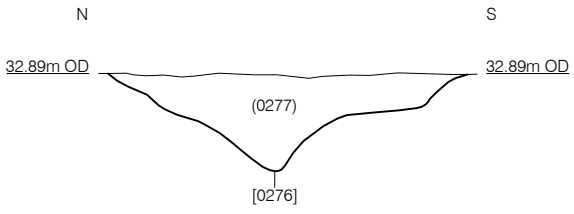
Section 88
Site 4B
Trench 89/4B-08
South Facing



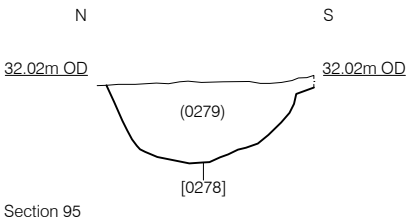
Section 92
Site 4B
Trench 83/4B-02
East Facing



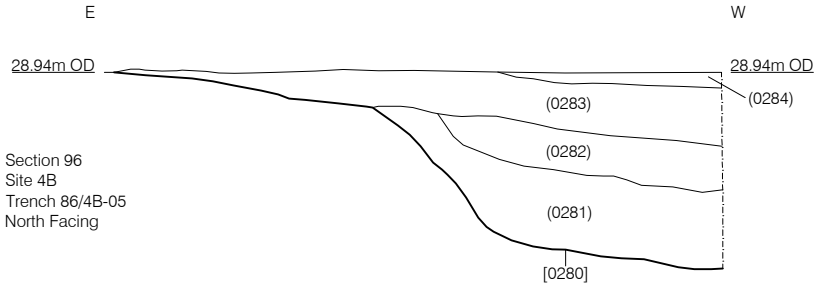
Section 93
Site 4B
Trench 87/4B-06
South Facing



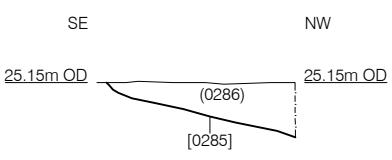
Section 94
Site 4B
Trench 88/4B-07
West Facing



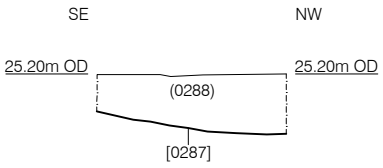
Section 95
Site 4B
Trench 87/4A-06
West Facing



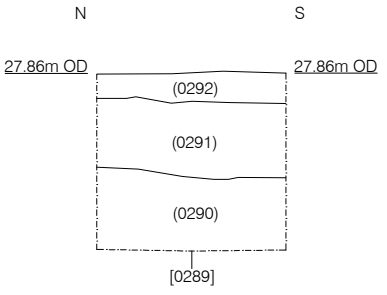
Section 96
Site 4B
Trench 86/4B-05
North Facing



Section 97
Site 4B
Trench 82/4B-01
Northeast Facing



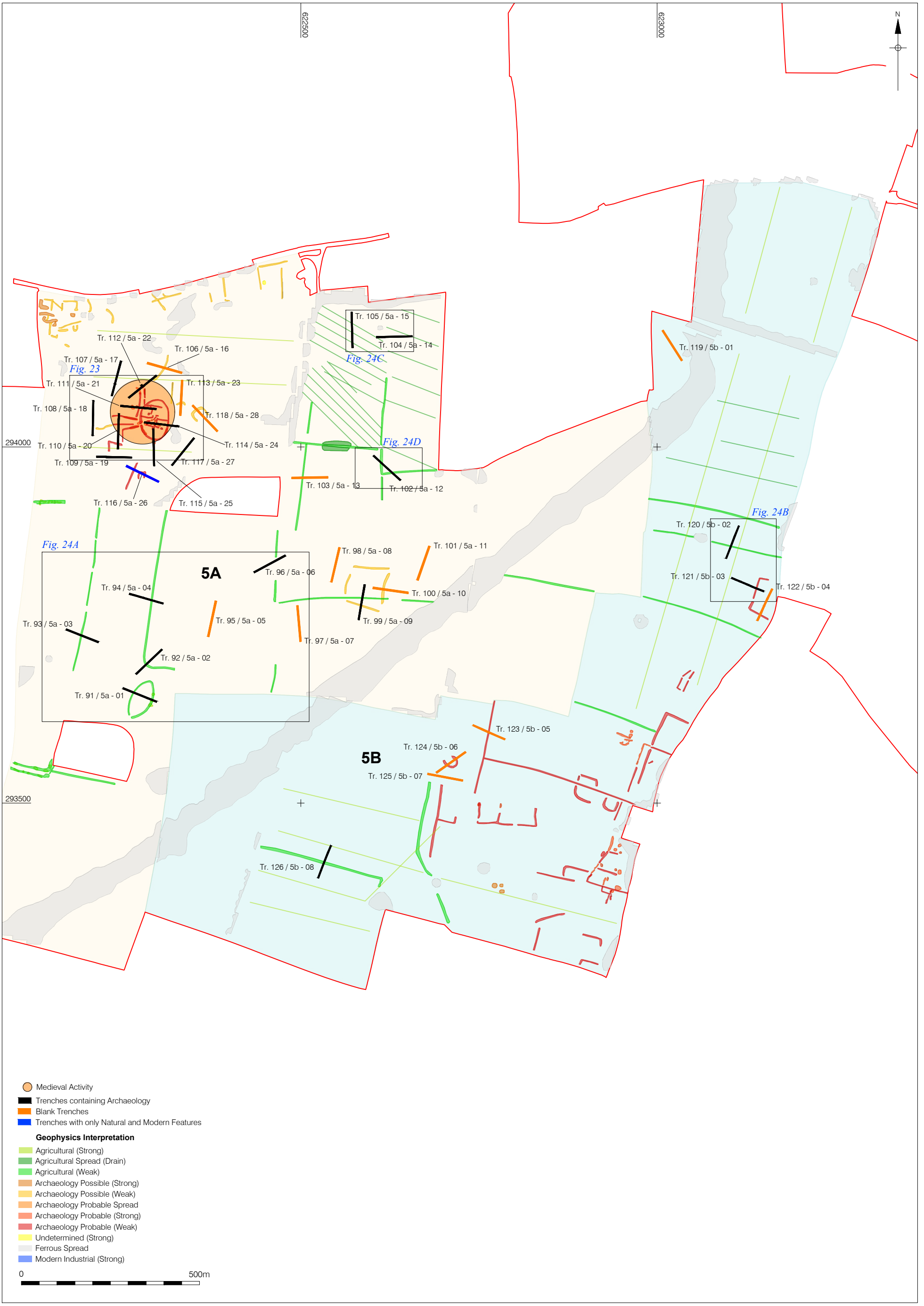
Section 98
Site 4B
Trench 82/4B-01
Northeast Facing



Section 99
Site 4B
Trench 86/4B-05
West Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

Figure 21
Site 4B Sections
1:40 at A3

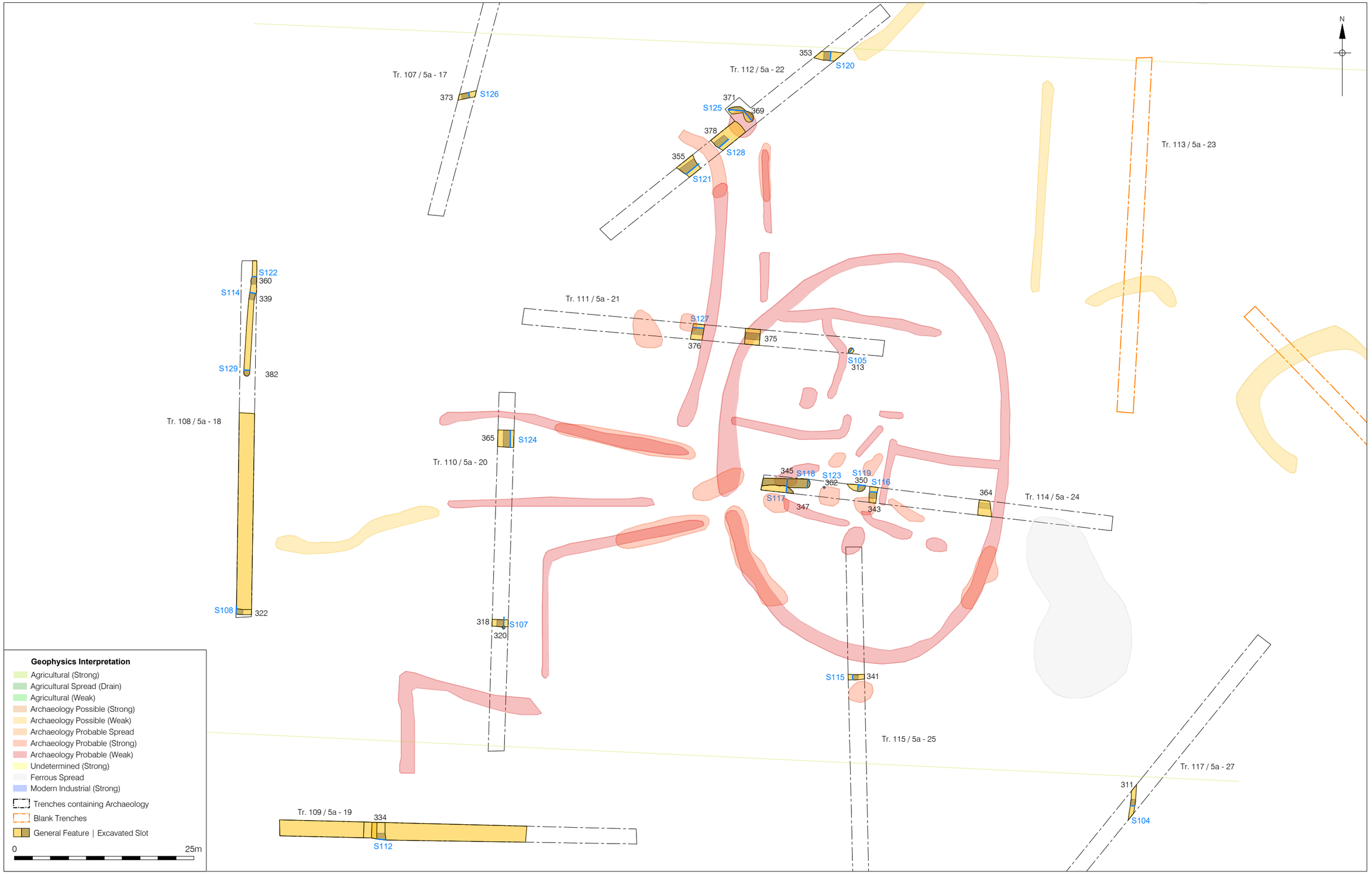


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

20/01/2026 RN

Figure 22
Site 5, Trenches Overlying Geophysics Interpretation
1:10,000 at A3



Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

Figure 23
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 5A North
1:500 at A3

A

B

C

D

N

Tr. 93 / 5a - 03

S110

S109

328

325

324

Tr. 94 / 5a - 04

304

S102

S101

301

Tr. 92 / 5a - 02

Tr. 91 / 5a - 01

S106

316

S111

330

Tr. 96 / 5a - 06

Tr. 95 / 5a - 05

Tr. 97 / 5a - 07

Tr. 120 / 5b - 02

299

Tr. 121 / 5b - 03

293

S100

295

Tr. 105 / 5a - 15

S103

308

306

Tr. 104 / 5a - 14

Tr. 102 / 5a - 12

S113

336

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)
- Trenches containing Archaeology
- Blank Trenches
- General Feature | Excavated Slot

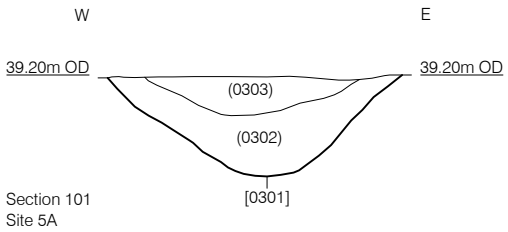
0 50m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

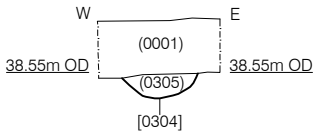
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

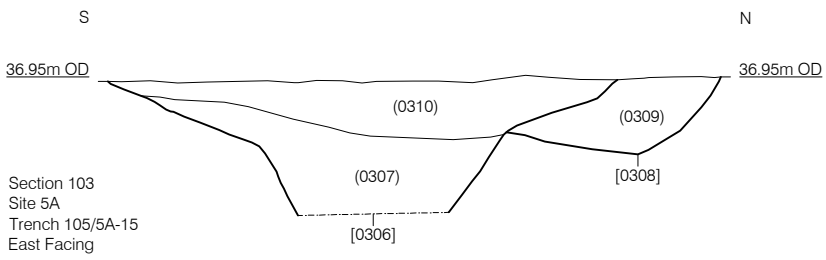
Figure 24
Detailed Trench Plan, Sites 5A South and 5B
1:1,000 at A3



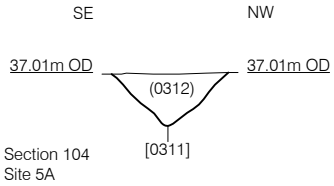
Section 101
Site 5A
Trench 94/5A-04
South Facing



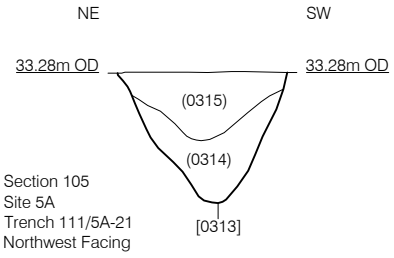
Section 102
Site 5A
Trench 94/5A-04
North Facing



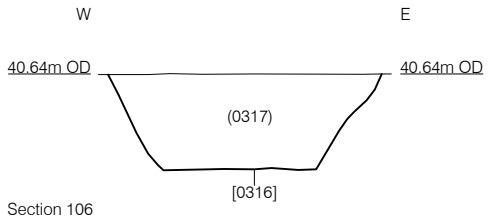
Section 103
Site 5A
Trench 105/5A-15
East Facing



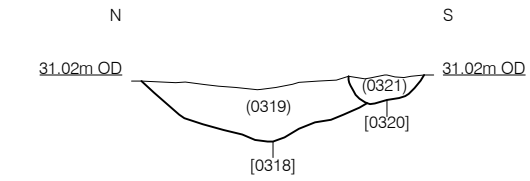
Section 104
Site 5A
Trench 117/5A-27
Northeast Facing



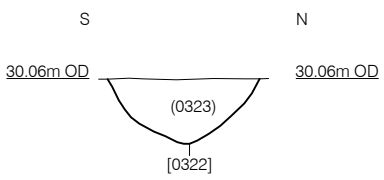
Section 105
Site 5A
Trench 111/5A-21
Northwest Facing



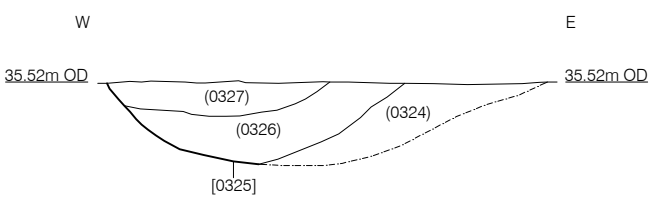
Section 106
Site 5A
Trench 91/5A-01
South Facing



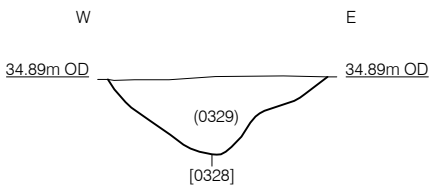
Section 107
Site 5A
Trench 110/5A-20
West Facing



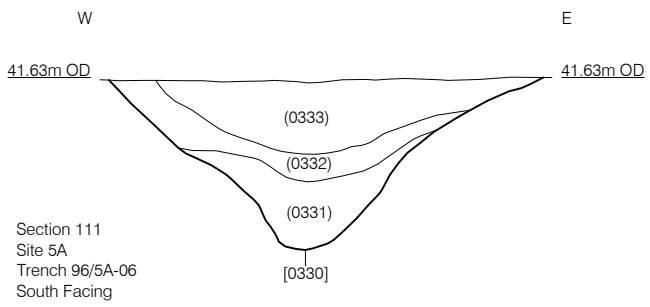
Section 108
Site 5A
Trench 108/5A-18
East Facing



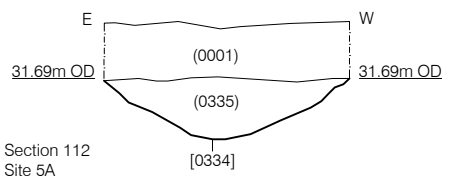
Section 109
Site 5A
Trench 93/5A-03
South Facing



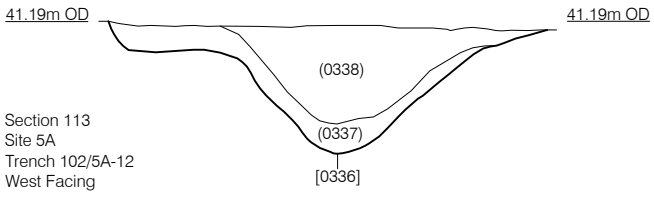
Section 110
Site 5A
Trench 93/5A-03
South Facing



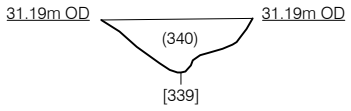
Section 111
Site 5A
Trench 96/5A-06
South Facing



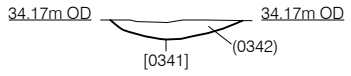
Section 112
Site 5A
Trench 109/5A-19
North Facing



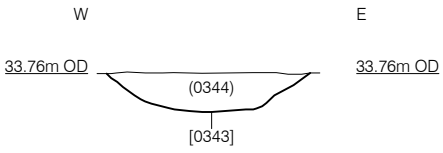
Section 113
Site 5A
Trench 102/5A-12
West Facing



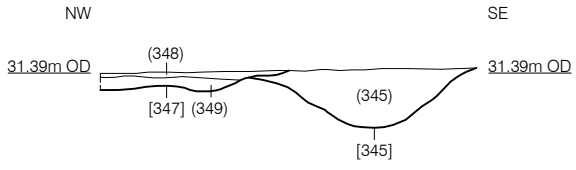
Section 114
Tr. 108/5A-18
Site 5A
Northwest Facing



Section 115
Site 5A
Trench 115/5A-25
East Facing



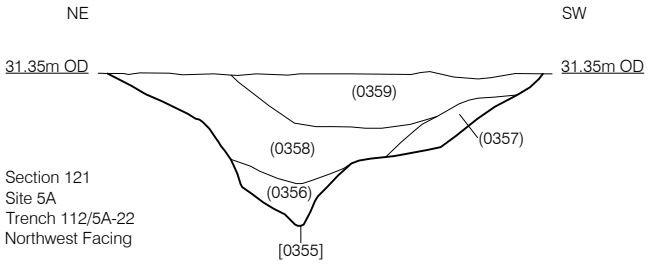
Section 116
Site 5A
Trench 114/5A-24
South Facing



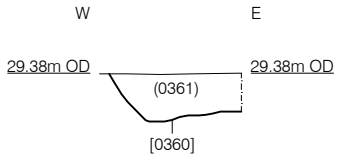
Section 117
Tr. 114/5A-24
Site 5A
Northwest Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

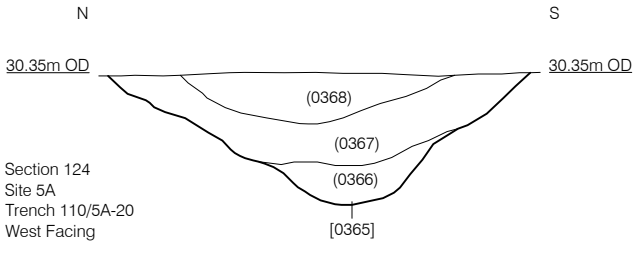
Figure 25
Site 5A Sections
1:40 at A3



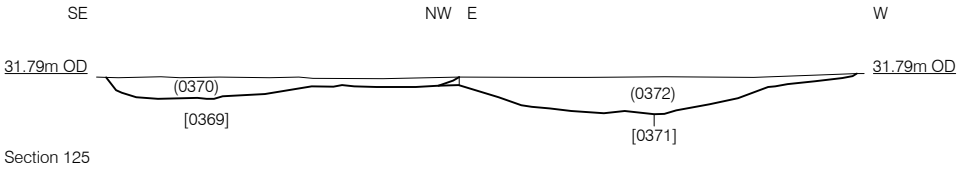
Section 121
Site 5A
Trench 112/5A-22
Northwest Facing



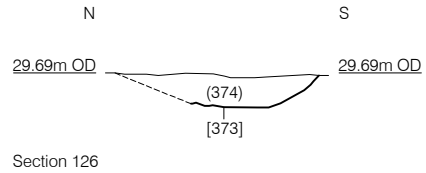
Section 122
Site 5A
Trench 108/5A-18
South Facing



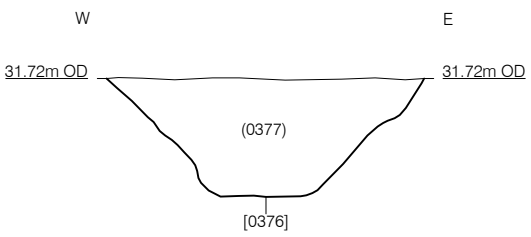
Section 124
Site 5A
Trench 110/5A-20
West Facing



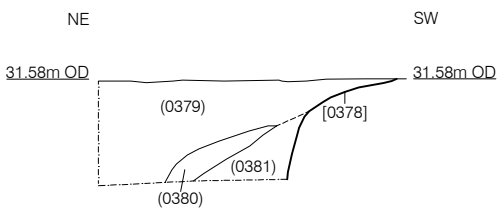
Section 125
Site 5A
Trench 112/5A-22
Northeast and North Facing



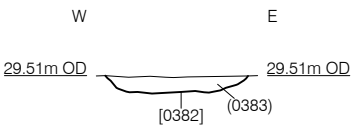
Section 126
Site 5A
Trench 107/5A-17
West Facing



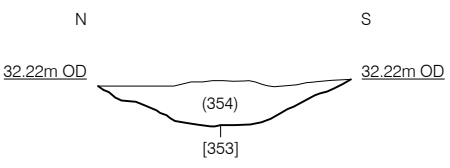
Section 127
Site 5A
Trench 111/5A-21
South Facing



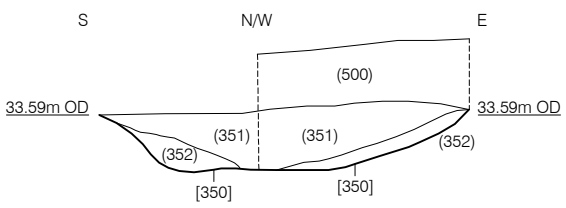
Section 128
Site 5A
Trench 112/5A-22
Northwest Facing



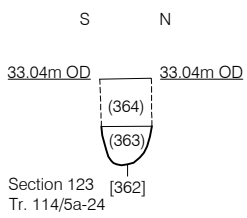
Section 129
Site 5A
Trench 108/5A-18
South Facing



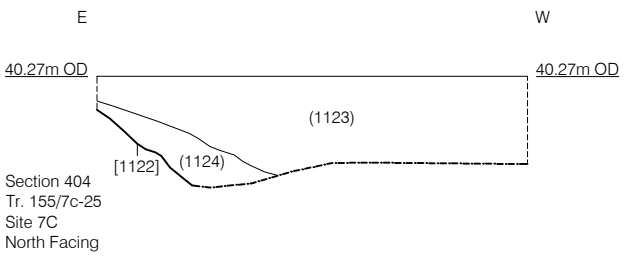
Section 120
Tr. 112/5a-22
Site 5A
West Facing



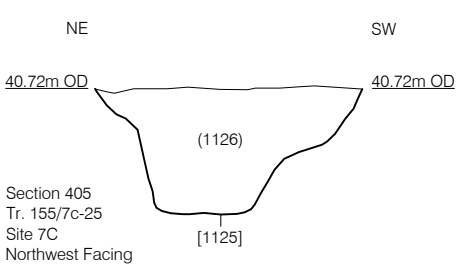
Section 119
Tr. 114/5a-24
Site 5A
South and East Facing



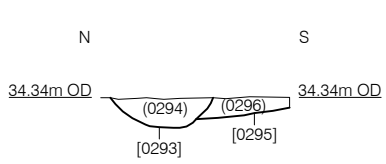
Section 123
Tr. 114/5a-24
Site 5A
East Facing



Section 404
Tr. 155/7c-25
Site 7C
North Facing



Section 405
Tr. 155/7c-25
Site 7C
Northwest Facing



Section 100
Site 5B
Trench 121/5B-03
West Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

Figure 26
Sites 5A and 5B Sections continue
1:40 at A3

621500

624200

N

296000

7A

7C

7D

7F

7E

7B

Prehistoric Watering Hole

Flint Scatter and Axehead

Prehistoric Activity
Roman Activity
Medieval Activity
Trenches containing Archaeology
Blank Trenches
Trenches with only Natural and Modern Features

Geophysics Interpretation

Agricultural (Strong)
Agricultural Spread (Drain)
Agricultural (Weak)
Archaeology Possible (Strong)
Archaeology Possible (Weak)
Archaeology Probable Spread
Archaeology Probable (Strong)
Archaeology Probable (Weak)
Undetermined (Strong)
Ferrous Spread
Modern Industrial (Strong)

0 500m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2025

12/12/2025 RN

Figure 27
Site 7 West, Trenches Overlying Geophysics Interpretation
1:10,000 at A3

A

Tr. 155 / 7c - 25
1125
1122
S405
S404
S403
1117
S391
1071
S394
1084
1105
Tr. 154 / 7c - 24
S395
1106
1119
S400
Tr. 156 / 7c - 26
S392
1073
S388
1063
Tr. 152 / 7c - 22
1078
1103
Tr. 151 / 7c - 21
S393
S398

B

Tr. 128 / 7a - 02
S373
1013

C

Tr. 130 / 7a - 04
990
S368
983
S366

D

N
Tr. 135 / 7c - 05
987
S369

E

Tr. 136 / 7c - 06
1031
S378

F

Tr. 129 / 7a - 03
981
979
S365
S364

G

Tr. 147 / 7c - 17
1044
1107
S583
S401
Tr. 143 / 7c - 13
S381
S385
1040
1054
1019
1035
S375
S379
1015
1083
S374
1065
S389
Tr. 144 / 7c - 14
1056
1067
1076
S386
S390
Tr. 148 / 7c - 18
S369
992
1049
S384
Tr. 145 / 7c - 15
Tr. 146 / 7c - 16

H

Tr. 159 / 7c - 29
S380
1038
Tr. 163 / 7c - 33
Tr. 160 / 7c - 30
S382
1042
Tr. 162 / 7c - 32
Tr. 161 / 7c - 31
Tr. 164 / 7c - 34

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)
- Trenches containing Archaeology
- Blank Trenches
- General Feature | Excavated Slot
- Natural | Excavated Slot

0 50m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

Figure 28
Detailed Trench Plan, Sites 7A, 7B and 7C
1:1,000 at A3

A

Tr. 169 / 7d - 01
1089
S396

B

Tr. 188 / 7f - 09
1111
S402

C

Tr. 177 / 7e - 01
S408
1131

D

N

S416
1151
Tr. 193 / 7f - 14

E

Tr. 178 / 7e - 02
1135
S409

S417
1156
1153
1145
S413
1147
S414
S415
1149
Tr. 192 / 7f - 13

Tr. 179 / 7e - 03
S407
1129

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)
- Trenches containing Archaeology
- General Feature | Excavated Slot

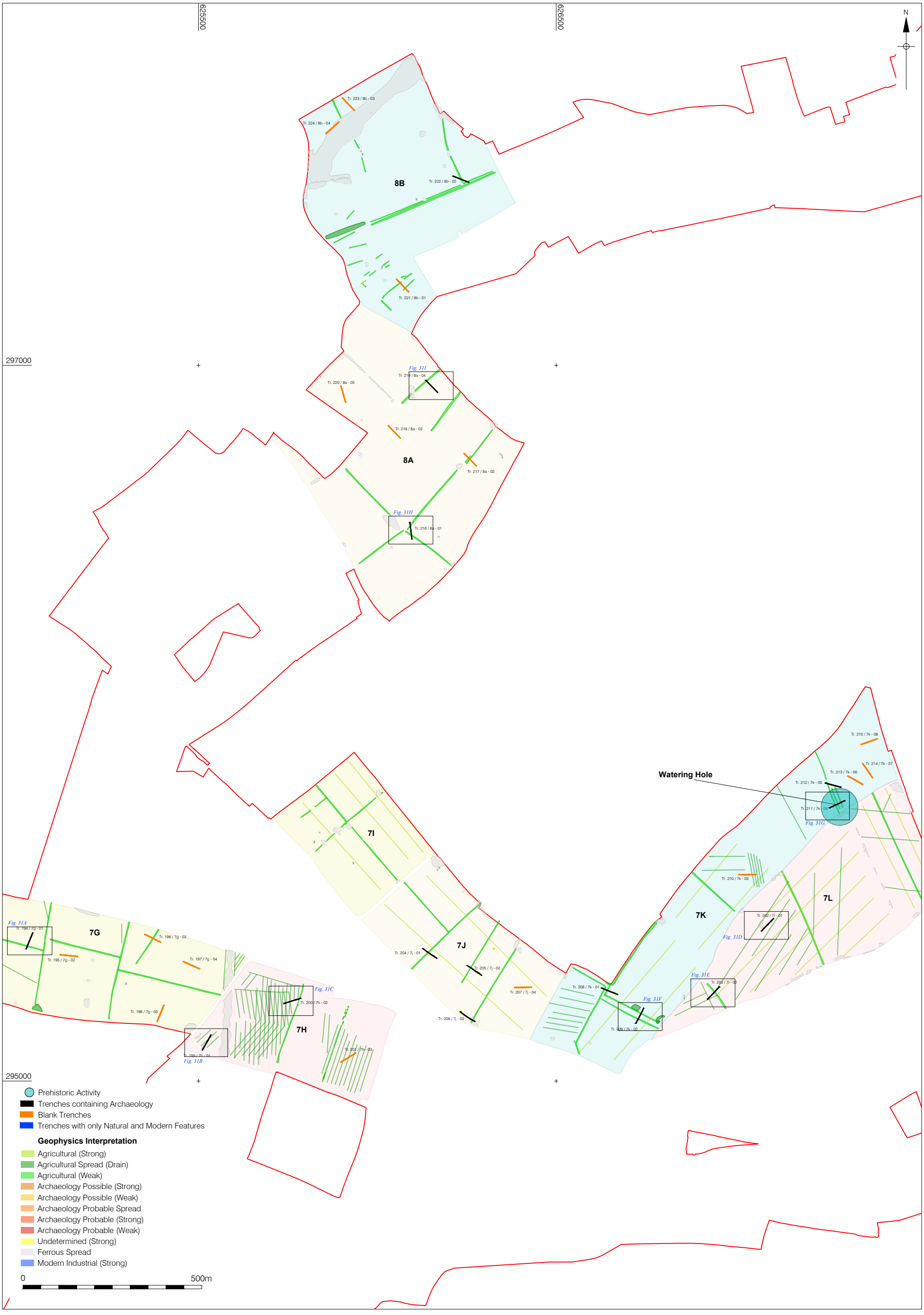
0 50m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

Figure 29
Detailed Trench Plan, Sites 7D, 7F and 7E
1:1,000 at A3

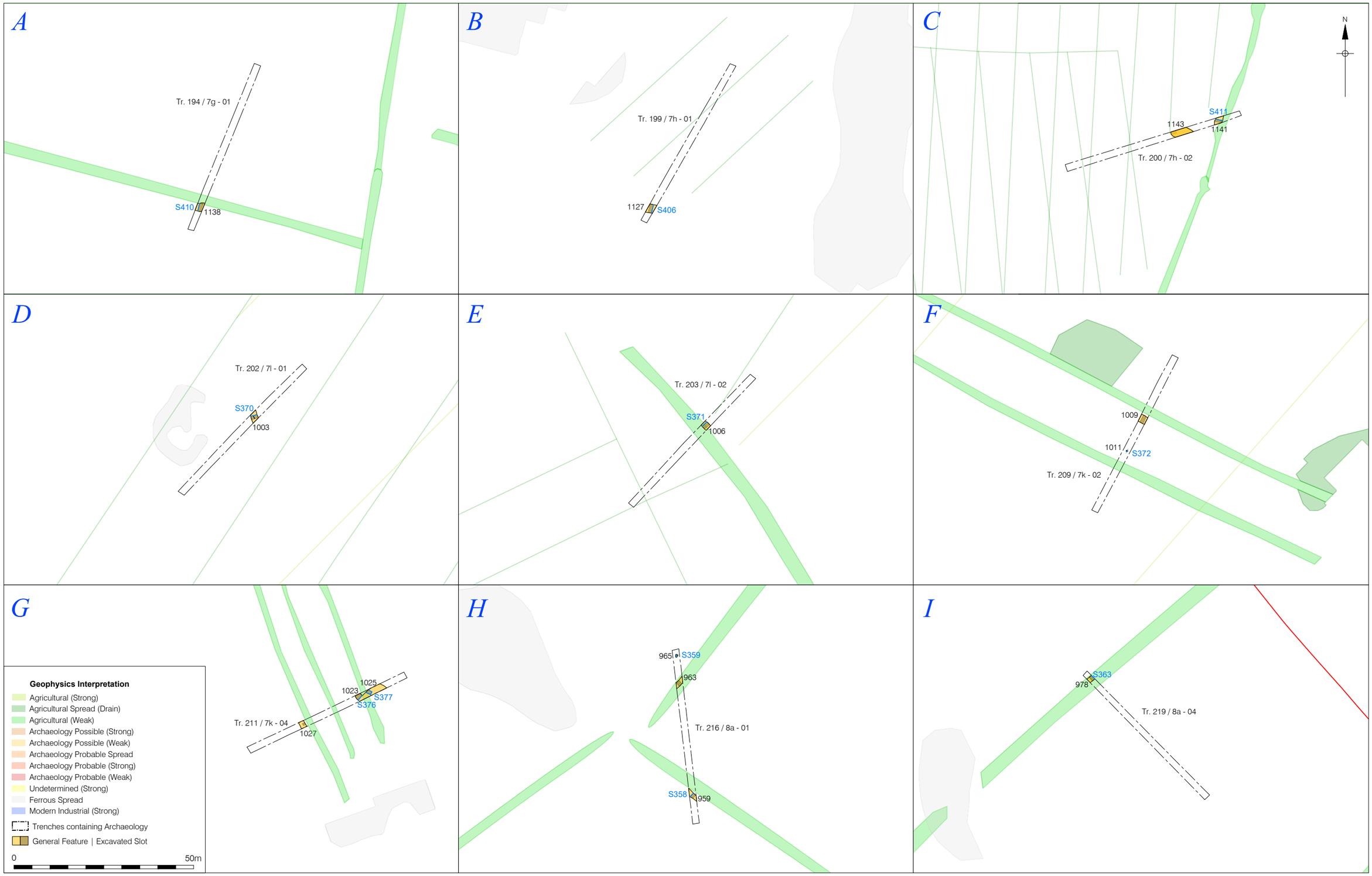


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

20/01/2026 RN

Figure 30
Sites 7 East and 8, Trenches Overlying Geophysics Interpretation
1:10,000 at A3

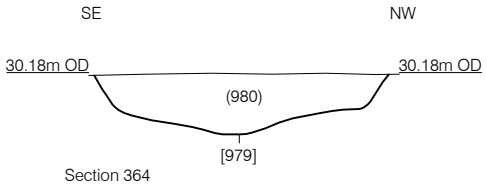


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

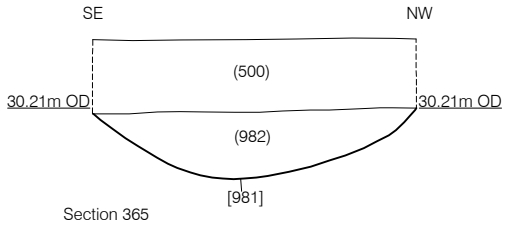
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

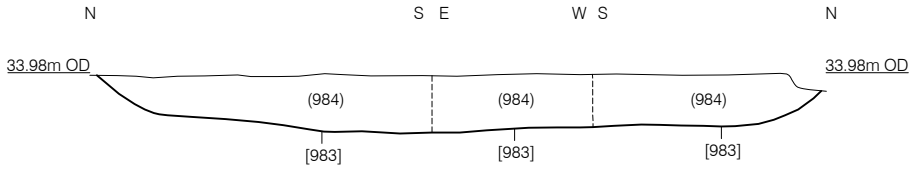
Figure 31
Detailed Trench Plan, Sites 7G, 7H, 7I, 7J, 7K, 7L and 8A
1:1,000 at A3



Section 364
Tr. 129/7a-03
Site 7A
Northeast Facing



Section 365
Tr. 129/7a-03
Site 7A
Northeast Facing

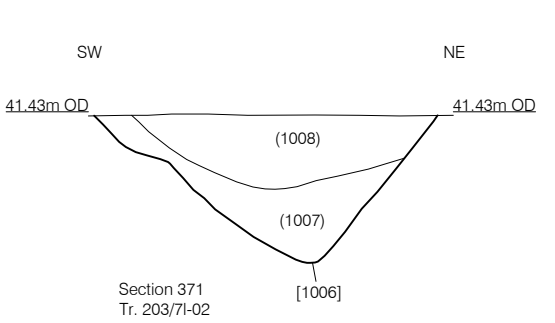


Section 366
Tr. 130/7a-04
Site 7A
West, North and East Facing

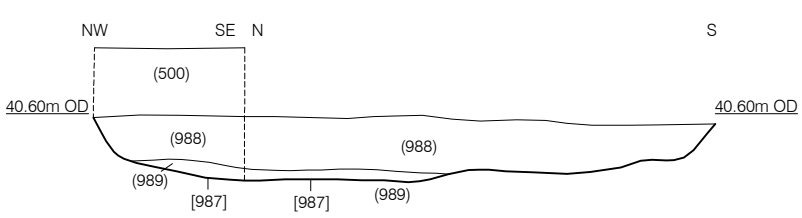
Section 368
Tr. 130/7a-04
Site 7A
Northwest Facing

Section 373
Tr. 128/7a-02
Site 7A
Southeast Facing

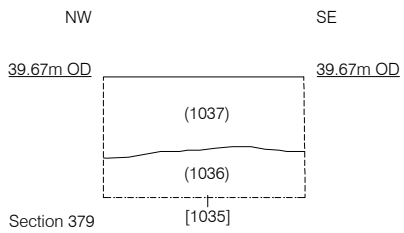
Section 370
Tr. 202/7l-01
Site 7L
South Facing



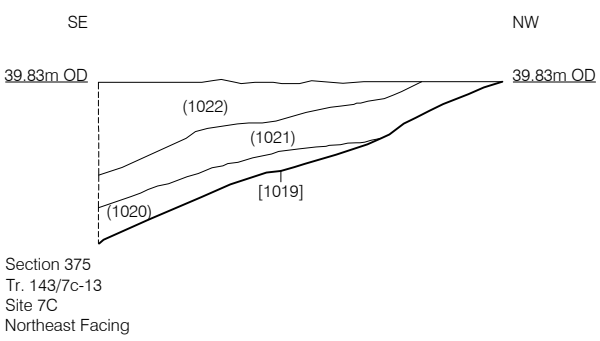
Section 371
Tr. 203/7l-02
Site 7L
Southeast Facing



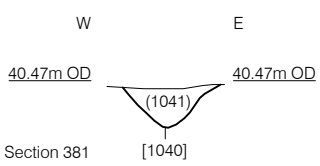
Section 369
Tr. 135/7c-05
Site 7C
Southwest and West Facing



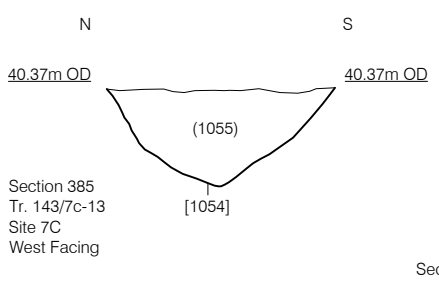
Section 379
Tr. 143/7c-13
Site 7C
Northeast Facing



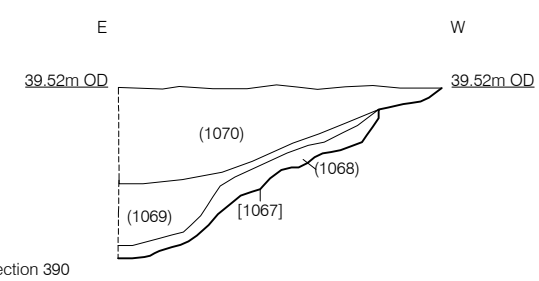
Section 375
Tr. 143/7c-13
Site 7C
Northeast Facing



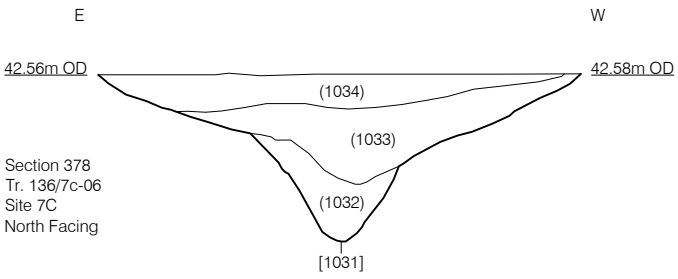
Section 381
Tr. 143/7c-13
Site 7C
South Facing



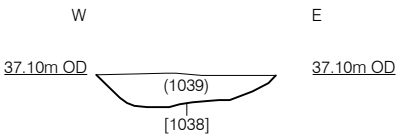
Section 385
Tr. 143/7c-13
Site 7C
West Facing



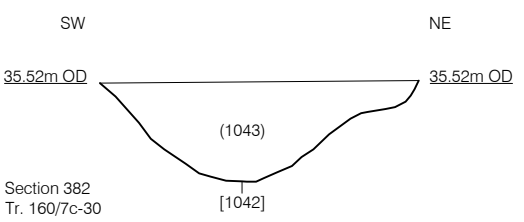
Section 390
Tr. 144/7c-14
Site 7C
NorthFacing



Section 378
Tr. 136/7c-06
Site 7C
North Facing



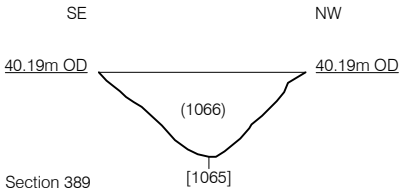
Section 380
Tr. 163/7c-33
Site 7C
South Facing



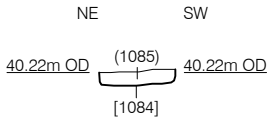
Section 382
Tr. 160/7c-30
Site 7C
Souutheast Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

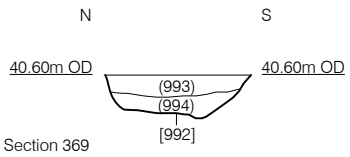
Figure 32
Sites 7A, 7C and 7L Sections
1:40 at A3



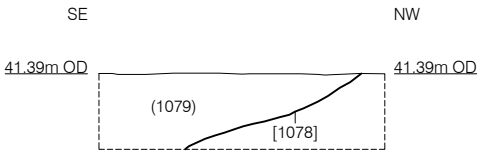
Section 389
Tr. 147/7c-17
Site 7C
Northeast Facing



Section 394
Tr. 155/7c-25
Site 7C
Northwest Facing

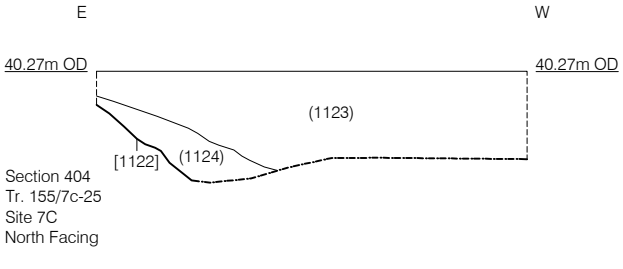


Section 369
Tr. 148/7c-18
Site 7C
West Facing

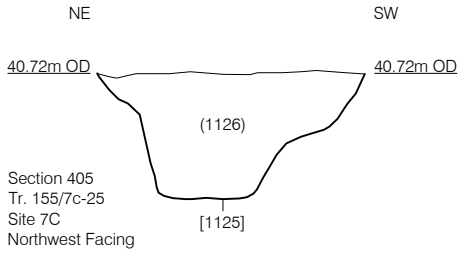


Section 393
Tr. 155/7c - 21
Site 7C
Northeast Facing

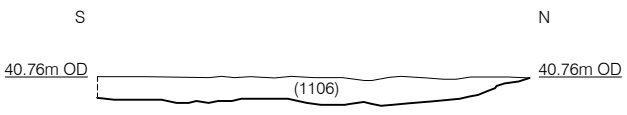
Section 388
Tr. 152/7c-22
Site 7C
East Facing



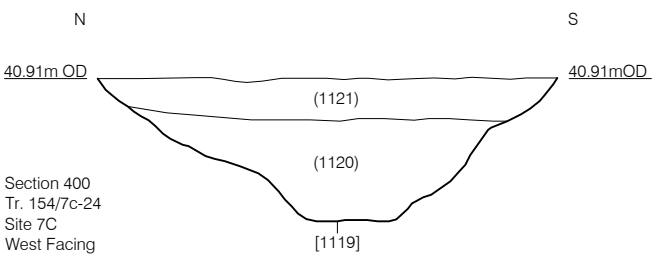
Section 404
Tr. 155/7c-25
Site 7C
North Facing



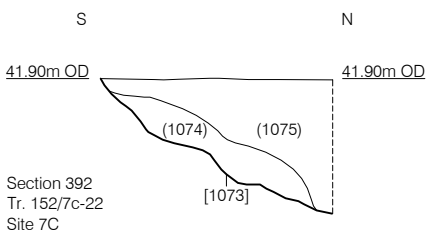
Section 405
Tr. 155/7c-25
Site 7C
Northwest Facing



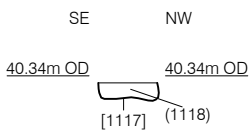
Section 395
Tr. 154/7c-24
Site 7C
East Facing



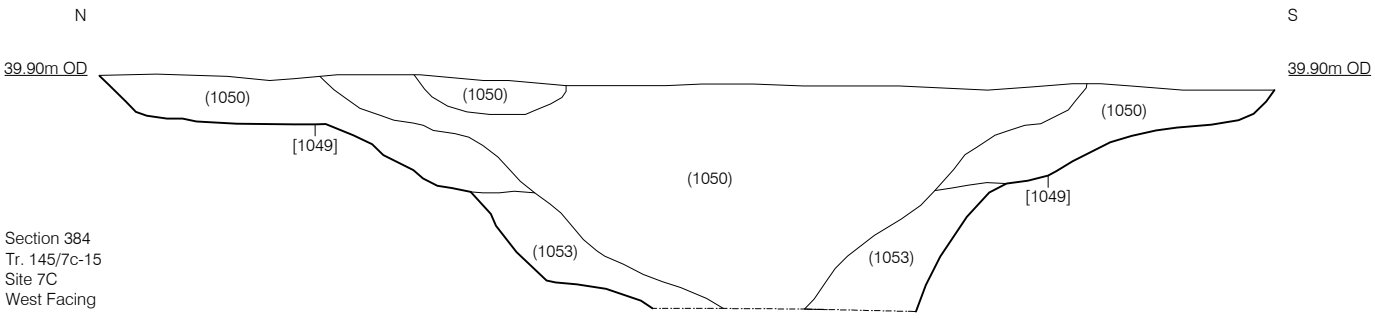
Section 400
Tr. 154/7c-24
Site 7C
West Facing



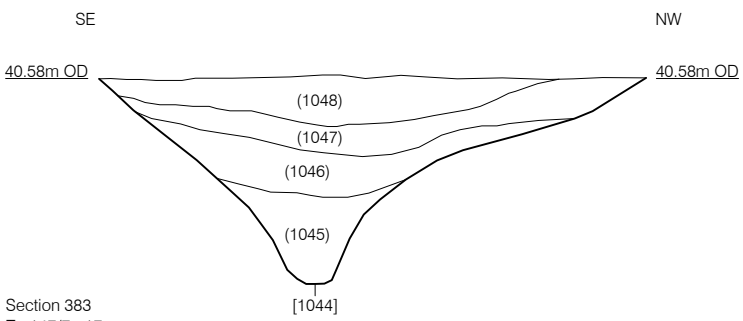
Section 392
Tr. 152/7c-22
Site 7C
East Facing



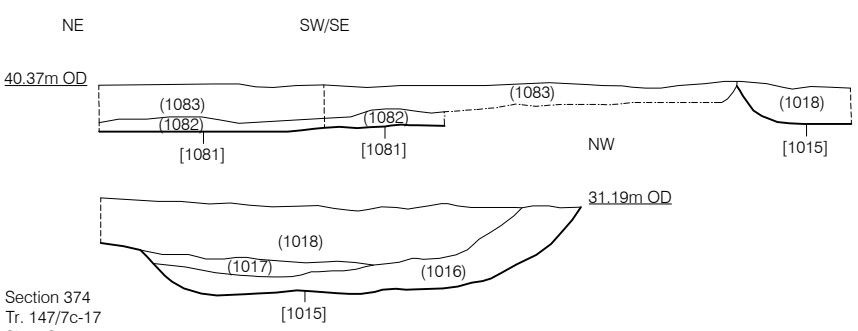
Section 403
Tr. 155/7c-25
Site 7C
Northeast Facing



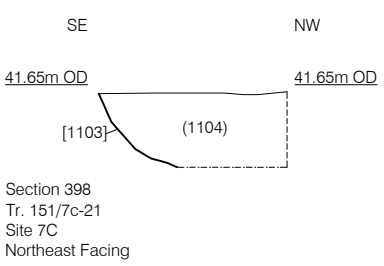
Section 384
Tr. 145/7c-15
Site 7C
West Facing



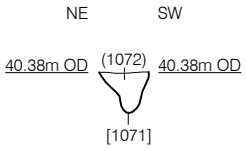
Section 383
Tr. 147/7c-17
Site 7C
Northeast Facing



Section 374
Tr. 147/7c-17
Site 7C
Northwest and
Northeast Facing



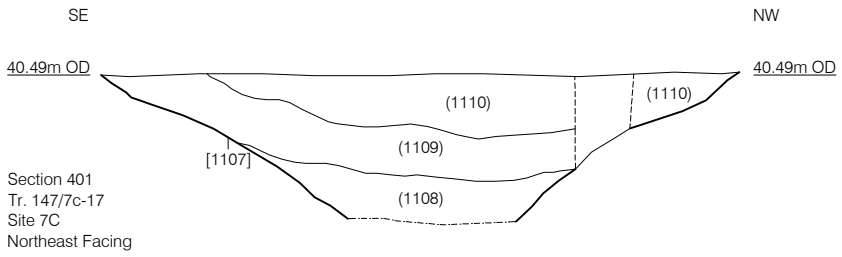
Section 398
Tr. 151/7c-21
Site 7C
Northeast Facing



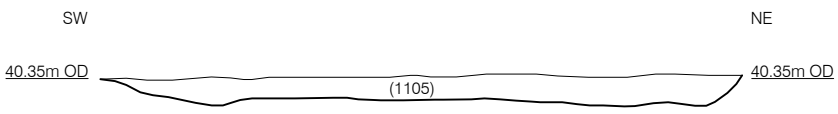
Section 391
Tr. 155/77c-25
Site 7C
Northwest Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

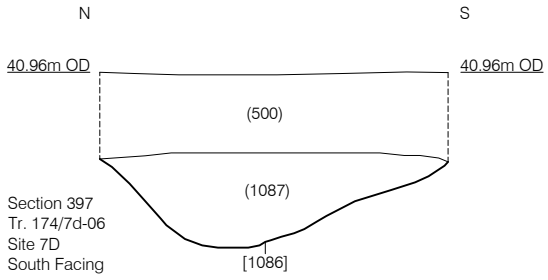
Figure 33
Site 7C Sections continue
1:40 at A3



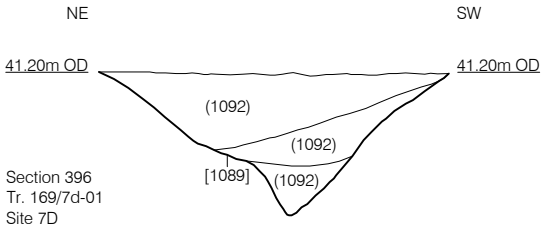
Section 401
Tr. 147/7c-17
Site 7C
Northeast Facing



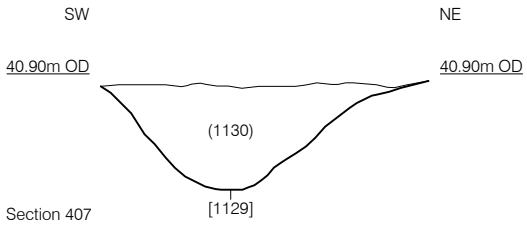
Section 399
Tr. 155/7c-25
Site 7C
Southeast Facing



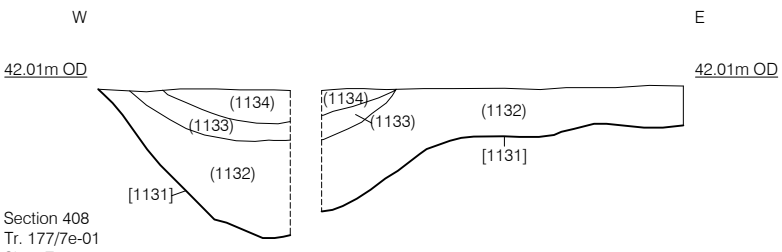
Section 397
Tr. 174/7d-06
Site 7D
South Facing



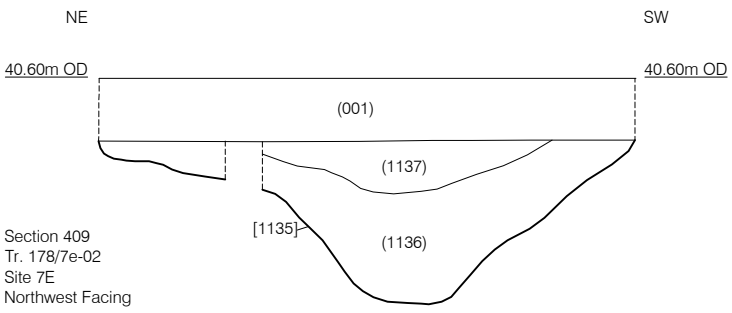
Section 396
Tr. 169/7d-01
Site 7D
Northwest Facing



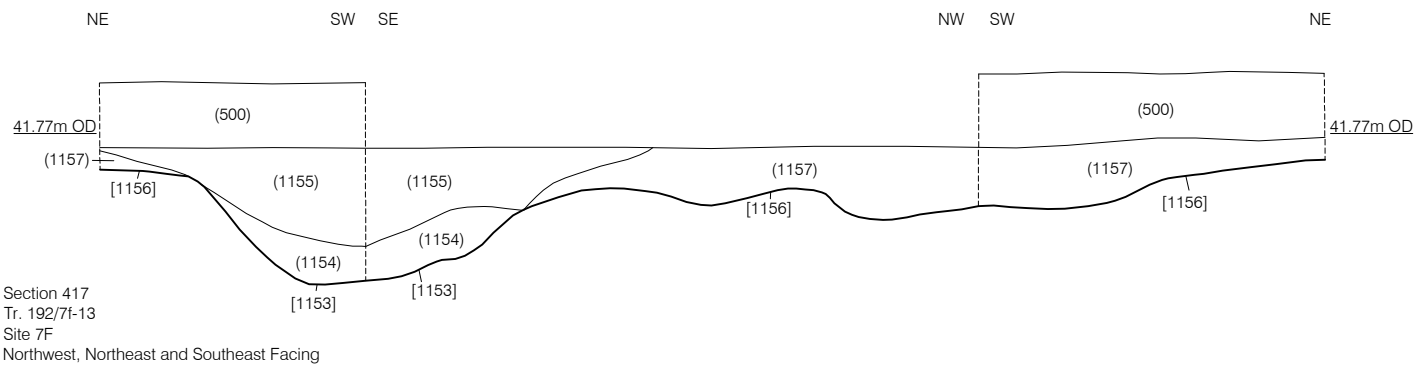
Section 407
Tr. 179/7e-03
Site 7E
Southeast Facing



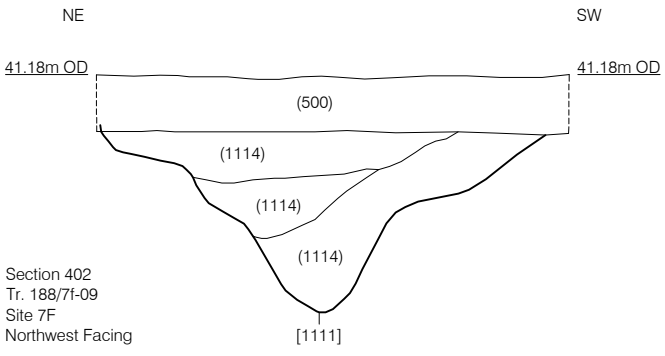
Section 408
Tr. 177/7e-01
Site 7E
South Facing



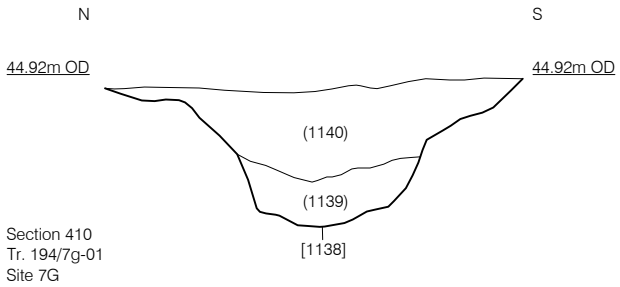
Section 409
Tr. 178/7e-02
Site 7E
Northwest Facing



Section 417
Tr. 192/7f-13
Site 7F
Northwest, Northeast and Southeast Facing



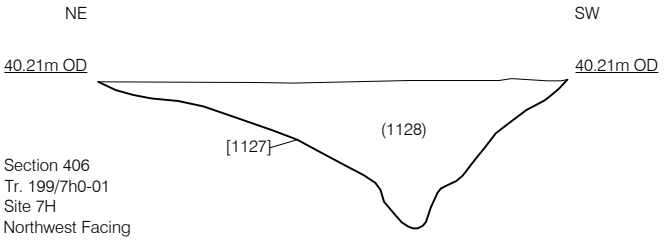
Section 402
Tr. 188/7f-09
Site 7F
Northwest Facing



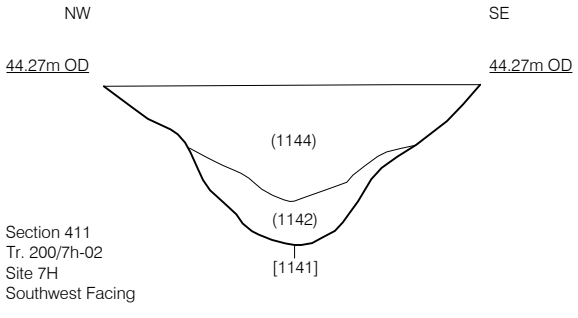
Section 410
Tr. 194/7g-01
Site 7G
East Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

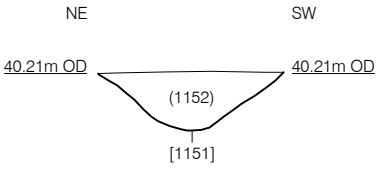
Figure 34
Sites 7C, 7D, 7E, 7F and 7G Sections continue
1:40 at A3



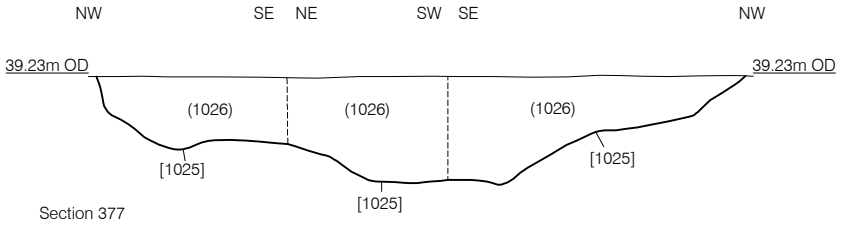
Section 406
Tr. 199/7h0-01
Site 7H
Northwest Facing



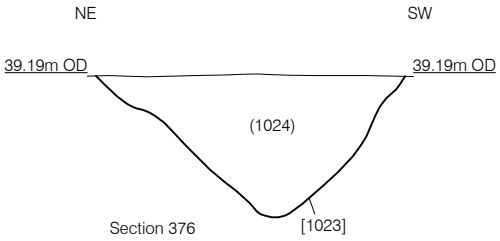
Section 411
Tr. 200/7h-02
Site 7H
Southwest Facing



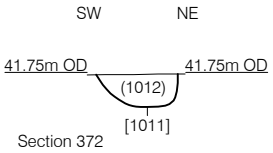
Section 416
Tr. 199/7h-01
Site 7H
Northwest Facing



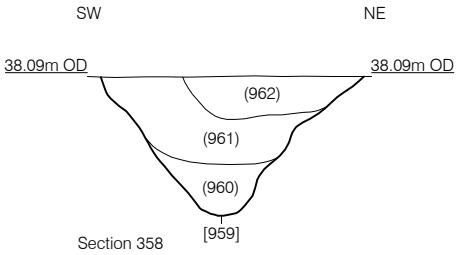
Section 377
Tr. 211/7k-04
Site 7K
Southwest, Northwest and Northeast Facing



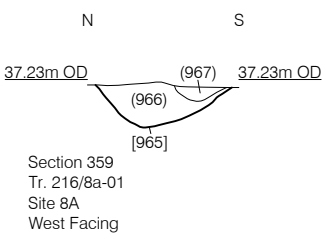
Section 376
Tr. 211/7k-01
Site 7K
Northwest Facing



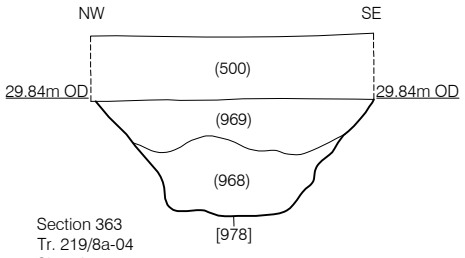
Section 372
Tr. 209/7k-02
Site 7K
Southeast Facing



Section 358
Tr. 216/8a-01
Site 8A
Southeast Facing



Section 359
Tr. 216/8a-01
Site 8A
West Facing



Section 363
Tr. 219/8a-04
Site 8A
Southwest Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

Figure 35
Site 7H, 7K and 8A Sections continue
1:40 at A3

627500

628500

298500

298000

N

Roman Ovens

Prehistoric Pits

Roman Kiln

Posthole Roundhouse

Large Prehistoric Pit
or Watering hole

Fig. 37

Fig. 38A

Fig. 38B

Fig. 38C

9

Tr. 225 / 9 - 01
Tr. 226 / 9 - 02
Tr. 227 / 9 - 03
Tr. 228 / 9 - 04
Tr. 229 / 9 - 05
Tr. 230 / 9 - 06
Tr. 231 / 9 - 07
Tr. 232 / 9 - 08
Tr. 233 / 9 - 09
Tr. 234 / 9 - 10
Tr. 235 / 9 - 11
Tr. 236 / 9 - 12
Tr. 237 / 9 - 13
Tr. 238 / 9 - 14
Tr. 239 / 9 - 15
Tr. 240 / 9 - 16
Tr. 241 / 9 - 17
Tr. 242 / 9 - 18
Tr. 243 / 9 - 19
Tr. 244 / 9 - 20
Tr. 245 / 9 - 21
Tr. 246 / 9 - 22
Tr. 247 / 9 - 23
Tr. 248 / 9 - 24
Tr. 249 / 9 - 25
Tr. 250 / 9 - 26
Tr. 251 / 9 - 27
Tr. 252 / 9 - 28
Tr. 253 / 9 - 29
Tr. 254 / 9 - 30
Tr. 255 / 9 - 31
Tr. 256 / 9 - 32
Tr. 257 / 9 - 33
Tr. 258 / 9 - 34
Tr. 259 / 9 - 35
Tr. 260 / 9 - 36
Tr. 261 / 9 - 37
Tr. 262 / 9 - 38
Tr. 263 / 9 - 39

Prehistoric Activity
Roman Activity
Medieval Activity
Trenches containing Archaeology
Blank Trenches
Trenches with only Natural and Modern Features

Geophysics Interpretation

Agricultural (Strong)
Agricultural Spread (Drain)
Agricultural (Weak)
Archaeology Possible (Strong)
Archaeology Possible (Weak)
Archaeology Probable Spread
Archaeology Probable (Strong)
Archaeology Probable (Weak)
Undetermined (Strong)
Ferrous Spread
Modern Industrial (Strong)

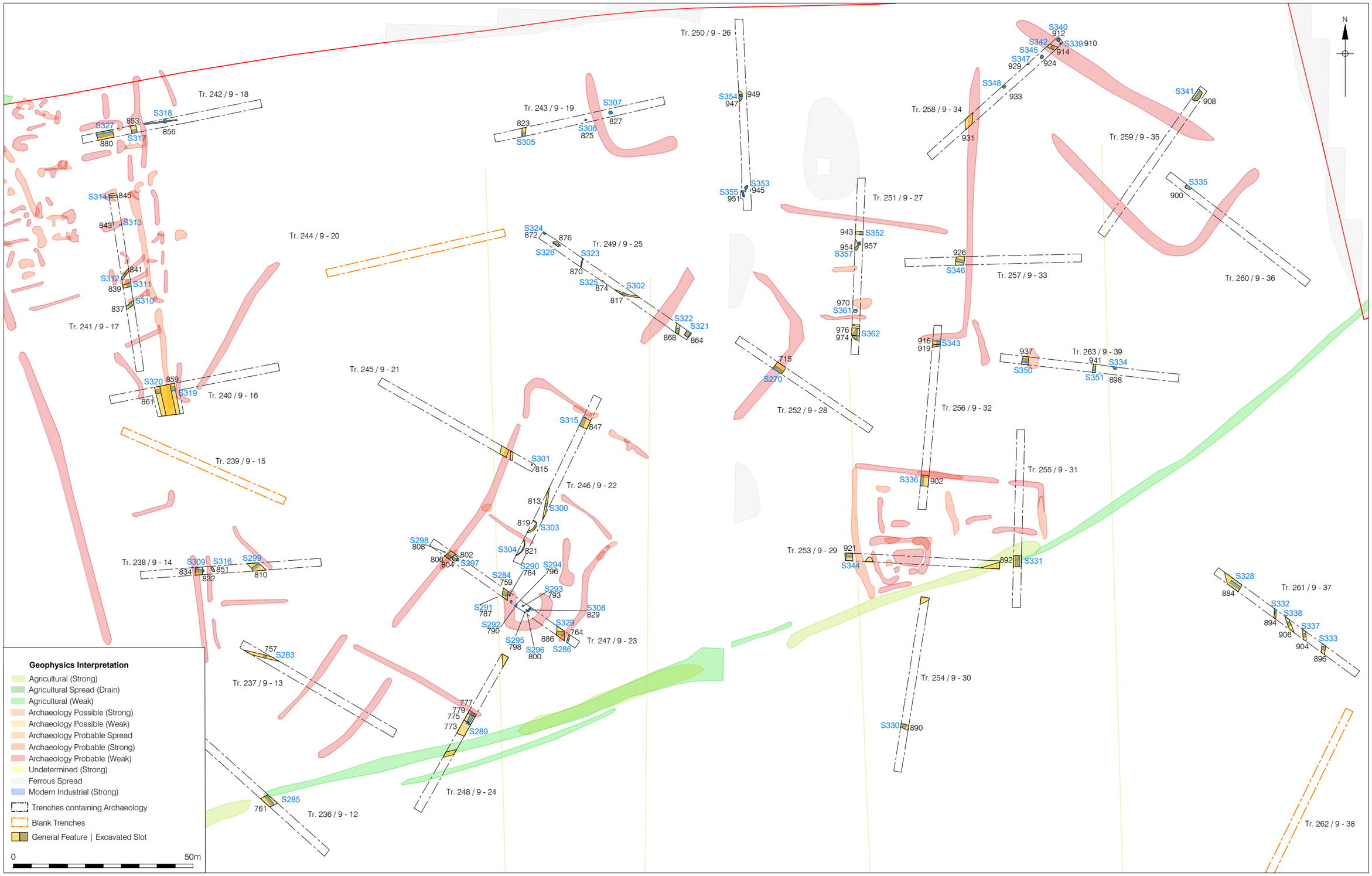
0 250m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

20/01/2026 RN

Figure 36
Site 9, Trenches Overlying Geophysics Interpretation
1:5,000 at A3



Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

16/01/2026 RN

Figure 37
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 9 North
1:1,000 at A3

A

B

C

N

766
S287
Tr. 230 / 9 - 06
Tr. 229 / 9 - 05
Tr. 232 / 9 - 08
Tr. 231 / 9 - 07
768

878
S350
Tr. 234 / 9 - 10

935
S349
Tr. 233 / 9 - 09

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)
- Trenches containing Archaeology
- Blank Trenches
- General Feature | Excavated Slot

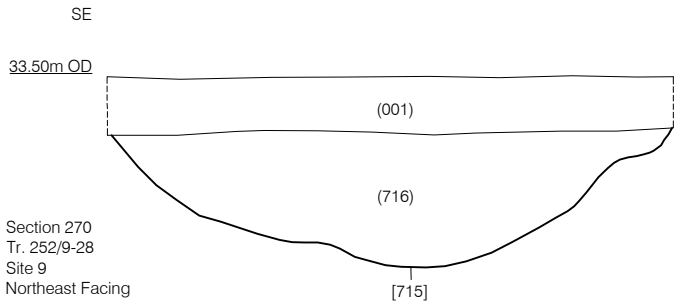
0 50m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

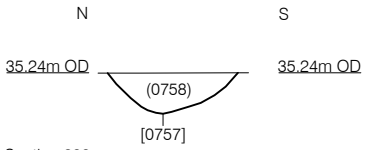
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

15/01/2026 RN

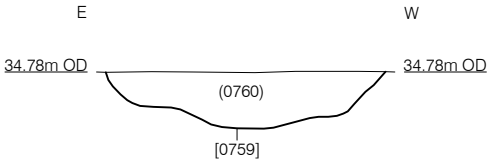
Figure 38
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 9 South
1:1,000 at A3



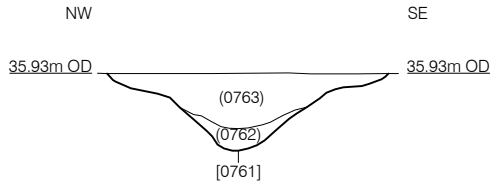
Section 270
Tr. 252/9-28
Site 9
Northeast Facing



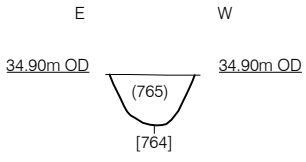
Section 283
Site 9
Trench 237/9-13
West Facing



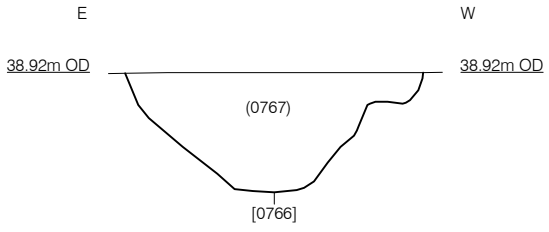
Section 284
Site 9
Trench 247/9-23
North Facing



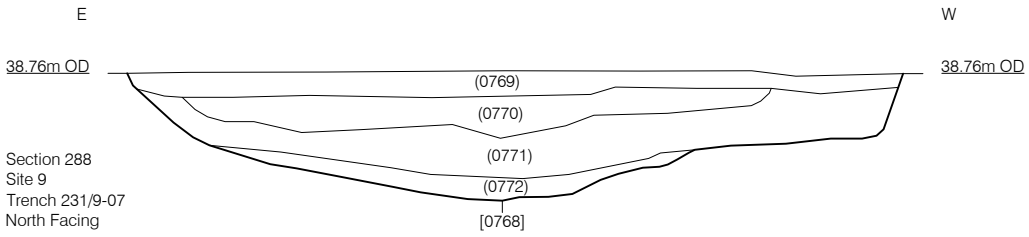
Section 285
Site 9
Trench 236/9-12
Southwest Facing



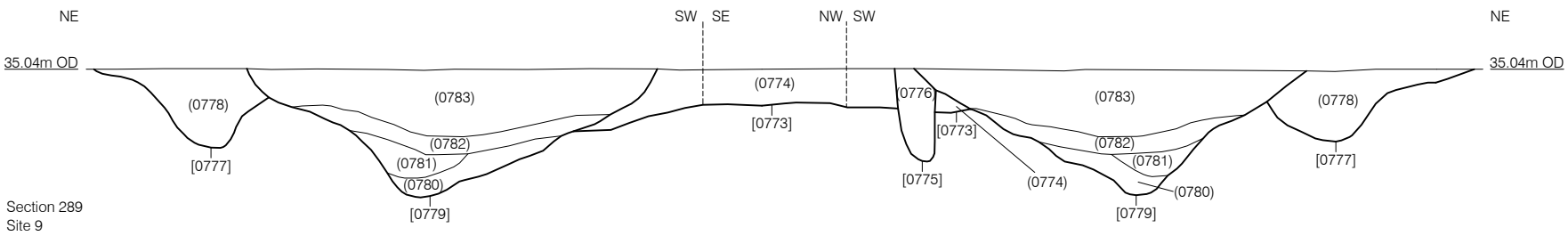
Section 286
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
North Facing



Section 287
Site 9
Trench 247/9-23
North Facing

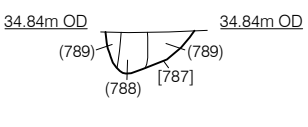


Section 288
Site 9
Trench 231/9-07
North Facing

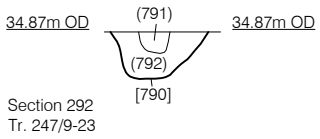


Section 289
Site 9
Trench 248/9-24
Northwest, Northeast and Southeast Facing

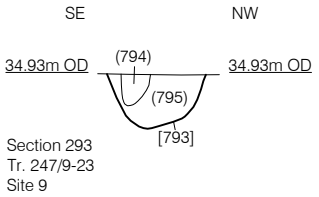
Section 290
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
South Facing



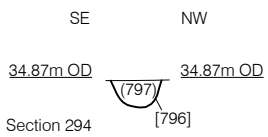
Section 291
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
Northeast Facing



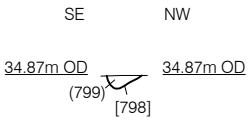
Section 292
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
Northeast Facing



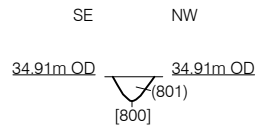
Section 293
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
Northeast Facing



Section 294
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
Northeast Facing



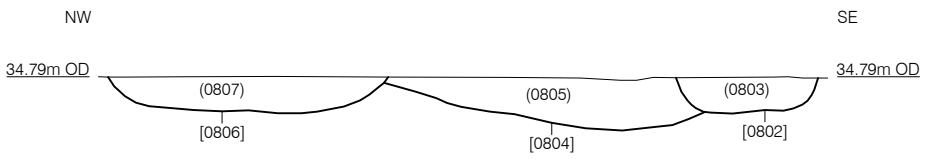
Section 295
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
Northeast Facing



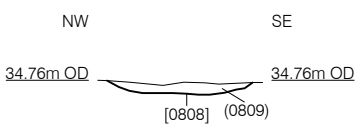
Section 296
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
Northeast Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

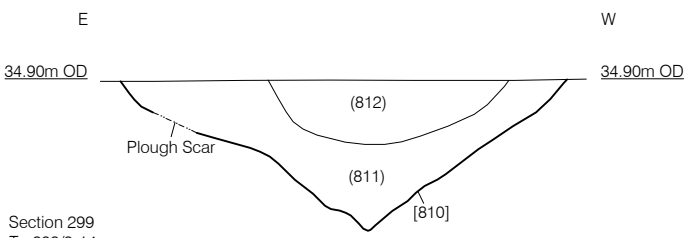
Figure 39
Site 9 Sections
1:40 at A3



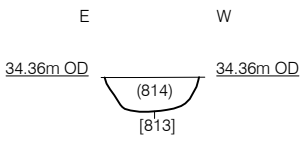
Section 297
Site 9
Trench 247/9-23
Northwest Facing



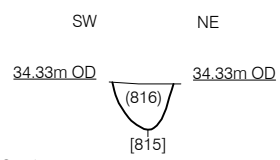
Section 298
Site 9
Trench 247/9-23
Southwest Facing



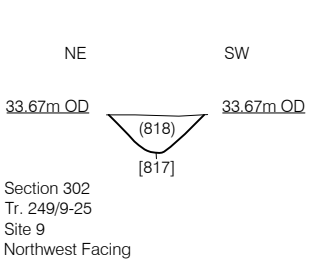
Section 299
Tr. 238/9-14
Site 9
North Facing



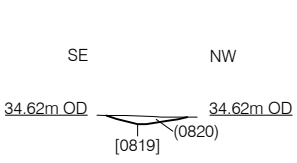
Section 300
Tr. 246/9-22
Site 9
North Facing



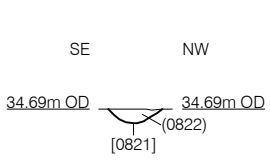
Section 301
Tr. 245/9-21
Site 9
Southeast Facing



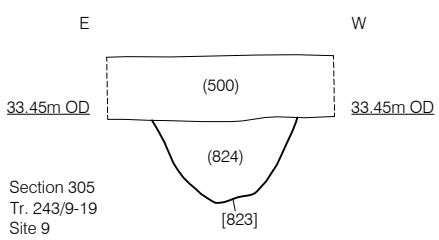
Section 302
Tr. 249/9-25
Site 9
Northwest Facing



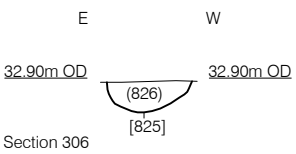
Section 303
Site 9
Trench 246/9-22
Southwest Facing



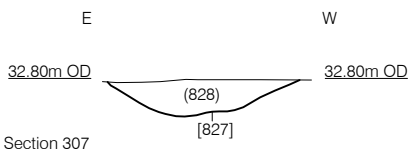
Section 304
Site 9
Trench 246/9-22
Northeast Facing



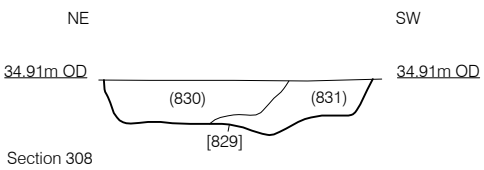
Section 305
Tr. 243/9-19
Site 9
North Facing



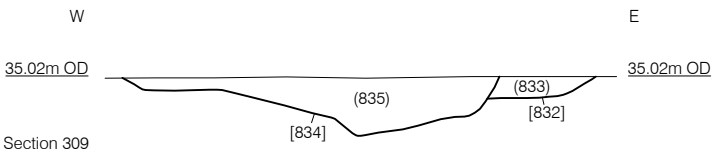
Section 306
Tr. 243/9-19
Site 9
North Facing



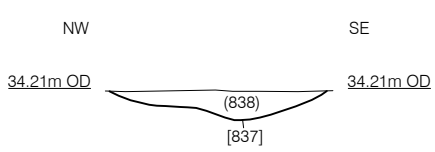
Section 307
Tr. 243/9-19
Site 9
North Facing



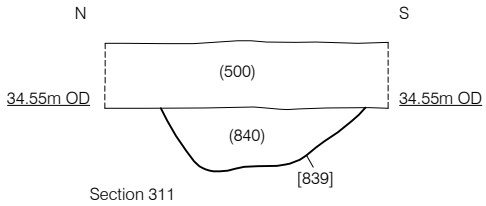
Section 308
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
Northwest Facing



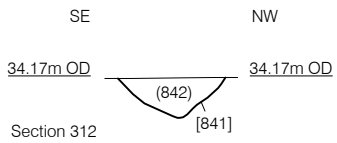
Section 309
Tr. 238/9-14
Site 9
South Facing



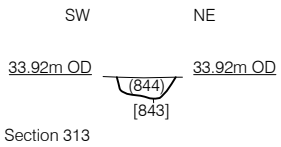
Section 310
Tr. 241/9-17
Site 9
Southwest Facing



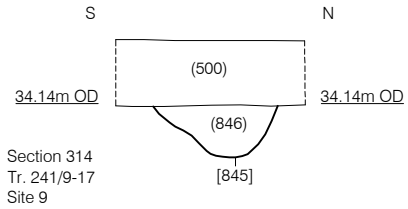
Section 311
Tr. 241/9-17
Site 9
West Facing



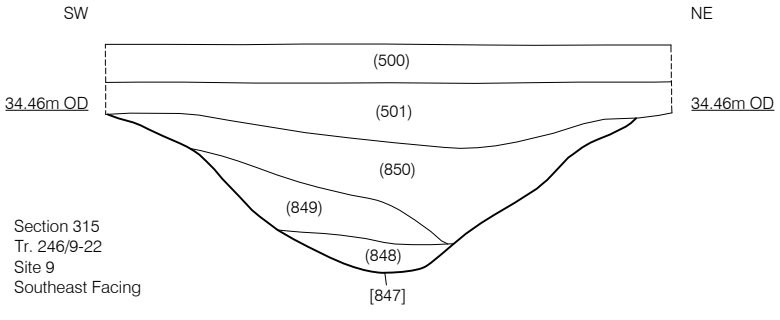
Section 312
Tr. 241/9-17
Site 9
Northeast Facing



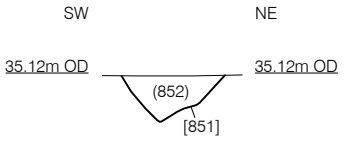
Section 313
Tr. 241/9-17
Site 9
Southeast Facing



Section 314
Tr. 241/9-17
Site 9
East Facing



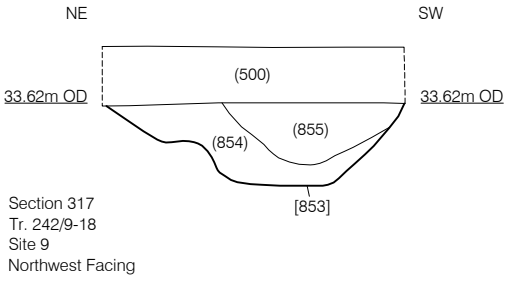
Section 315
Tr. 246/9-22
Site 9
Southeast Facing



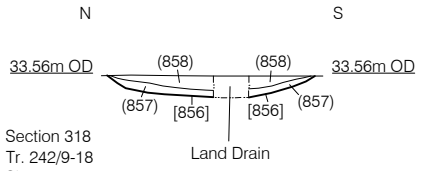
Section 316
Tr. 238/9-14
Site 9
Southeast Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

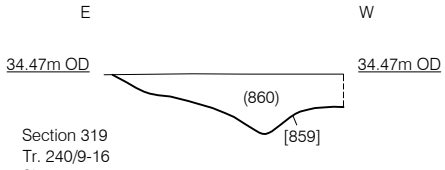
Figure 40
Site 9 Sections continue
1:40 at A3



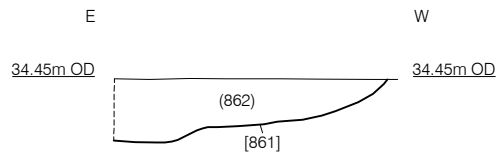
Section 317
Tr. 242/9-18
Site 9
Northwest Facing



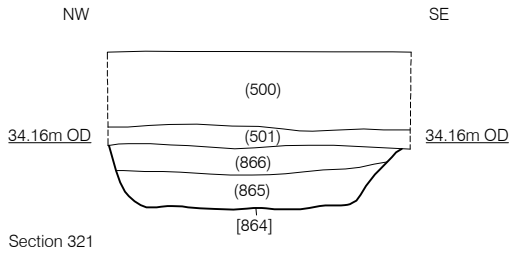
Section 318
Tr. 242/9-18
Site 9
West Facing



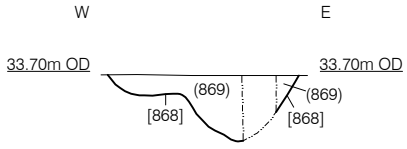
Section 319
Tr. 240/9-16
Site 9
North Facing



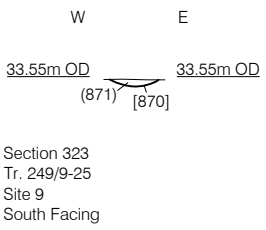
Section 320
Tr. 240/9-16
Site 9
North Facing



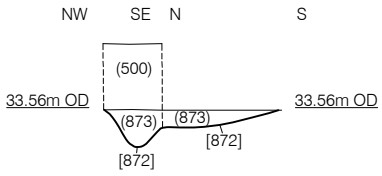
Section 321
Tr. 249/9-25
Site 9
Southwest Facing



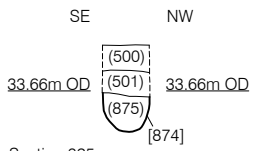
Section 322
Tr. 249/9-25
Site 9
South Facing



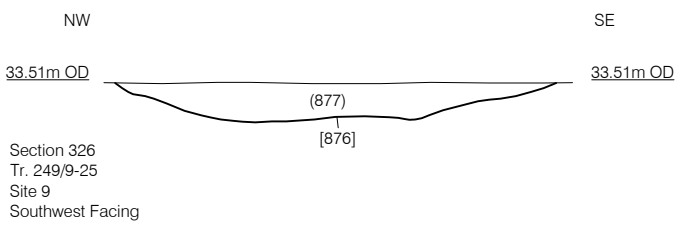
Section 323
Tr. 249/9-25
Site 9
South Facing



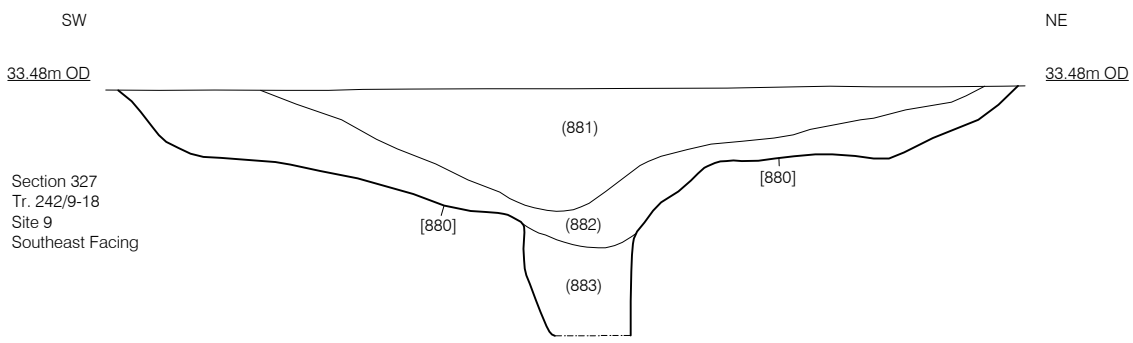
Section 324
Tr. 249/9-25
Site 9
Southwest and West Facing



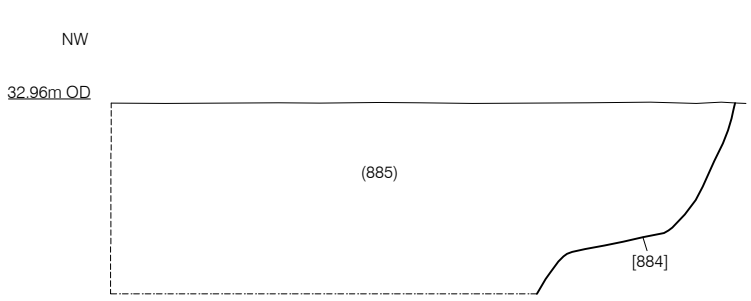
Section 325
Tr. 249/9-25
Site 9
Northeast Facing



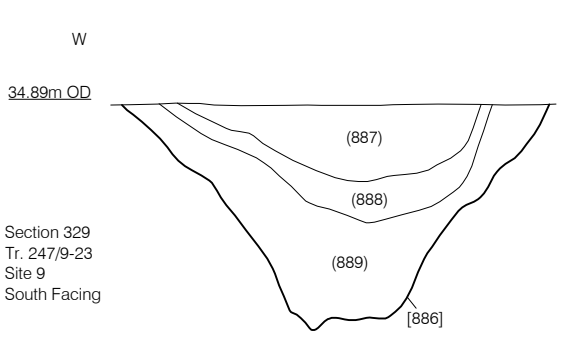
Section 326
Tr. 249/9-25
Site 9
Southwest Facing



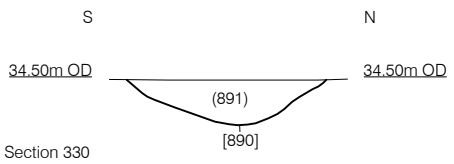
Section 327
Tr. 242/9-18
Site 9
Southeast Facing



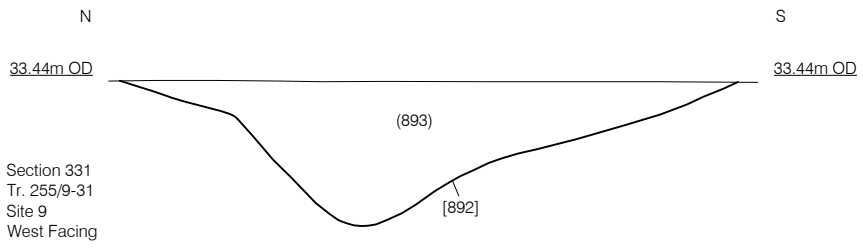
Section 328
Tr. 261/9-37
Site 9
Southwest Facing



Section 329
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
South Facing



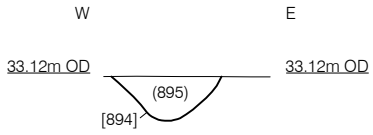
Section 330
Tr. 254/9-30
Site 9
East Facing



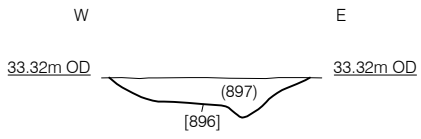
Section 331
Tr. 255/9-31
Site 9
West Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

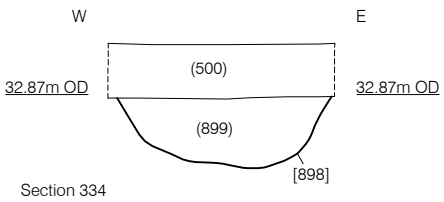
Figure 41
Site 9 Sections continue
1:40 at A3



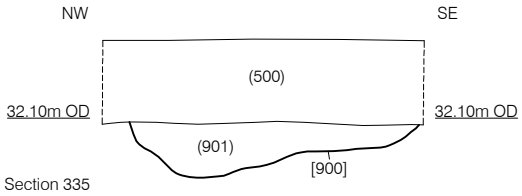
Section 332
Tr. 261/9-37
Site 9
South Facing



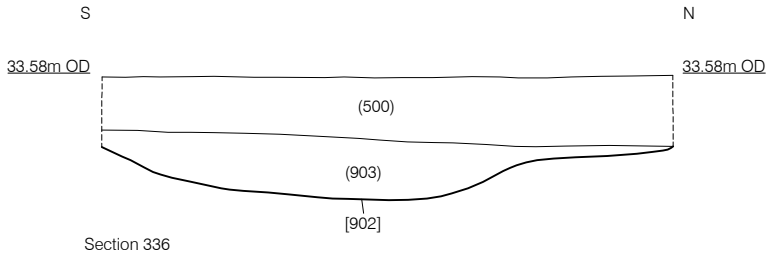
Section 333
Tr. 261/9-37
Site 9
South Facing



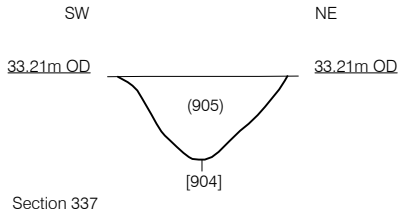
Section 334
Tr. 263/9-39
Site 9
South Facing



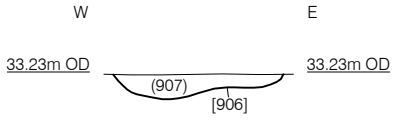
Section 335
Tr. 260/9-36
Site 9
Southwest Facing



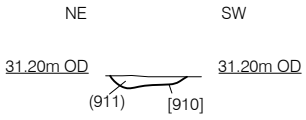
Section 336
Tr. 256/9-32
Site 9
East Facing



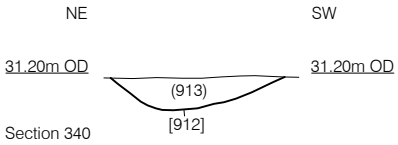
Section 337
Tr. 261/9-37
Site 9
Southeast Facing



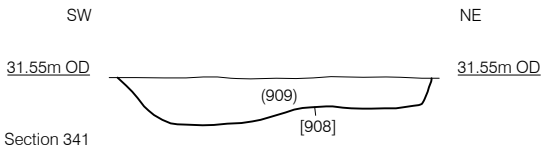
Section 338
Tr. 261/9-37
Site 9
South Facing



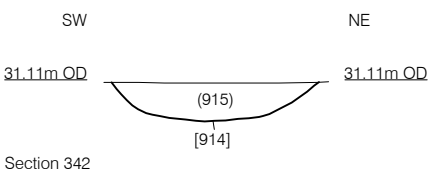
Section 339
Tr. 258/9-34
Site 9
Northwest Facing



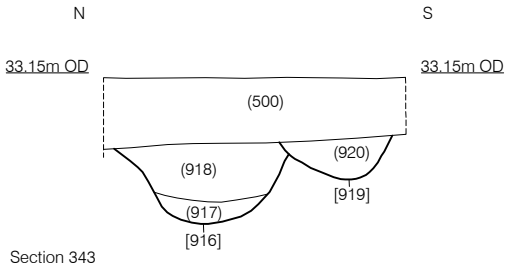
Section 340
Tr. 258/9-34
Site 9
Northwest Facing



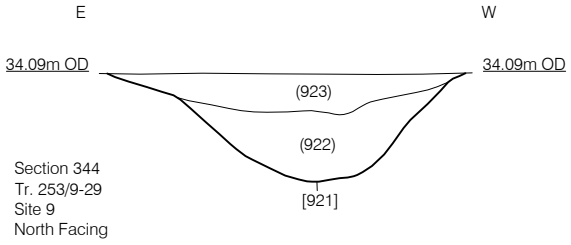
Section 341
Tr. 259/9-35
Site 9
Southeast Facing



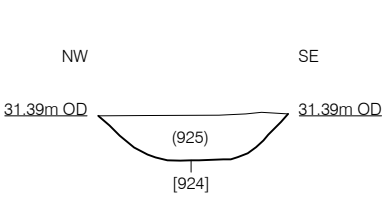
Section 342
Tr. 258/9-34
Site 9
Southeast Facing



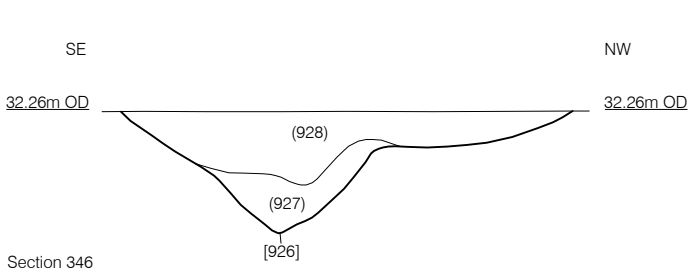
Section 343
Tr. 256/9-32
Site 9
West Facing



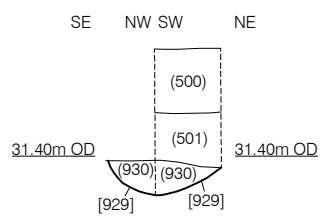
Section 344
Tr. 253/9-29
Site 9
North Facing



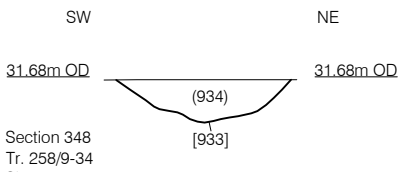
Section 345
Tr. 258/9-34
Site 9
Northwest Facing



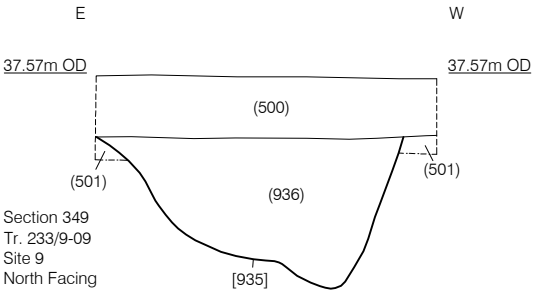
Section 346
Tr. 257/9-33
Site 10C
Northeast Facing



Section 347
Tr. 258/9-34
Site 9
Northeast and Southeast Facing



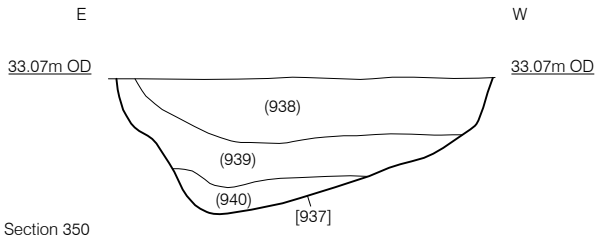
Section 348
Tr. 258/9-34
Site 9
Southeast Facing



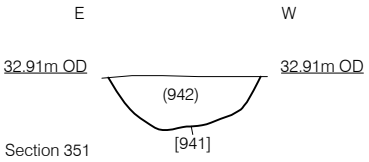
Section 349
Tr. 233/9-09
Site 9
North Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

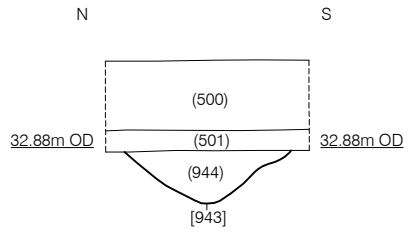
Figure 42
Site 9 Sections continue
1:40 at A3



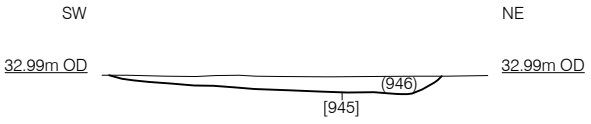
Section 350
Tr. 263/9-39
Site 9
North Facing



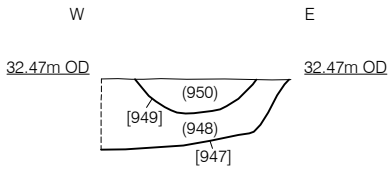
Section 351
Tr. 263/9-39
Site 9
North Facing



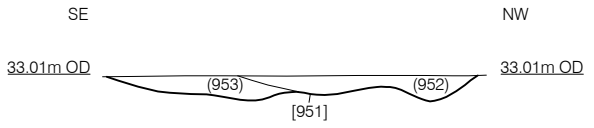
Section 352
Tr. 251/9-27
Site 9
West Facing



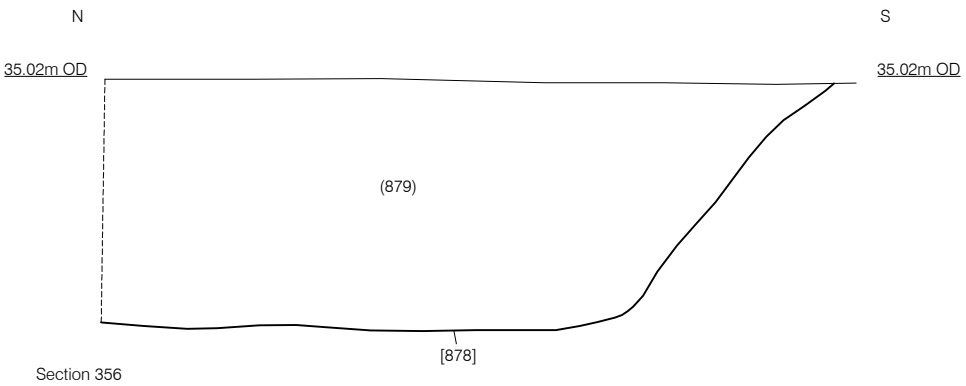
Section 353
Tr. 250/9-26
Site 9
Southeast Facing



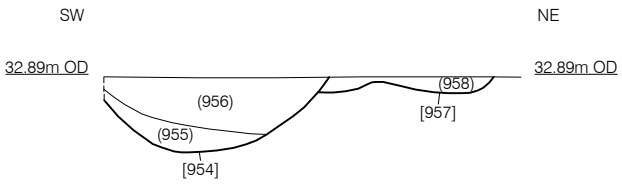
Section 354
Tr. 250/9-26
Site 9
South Facing



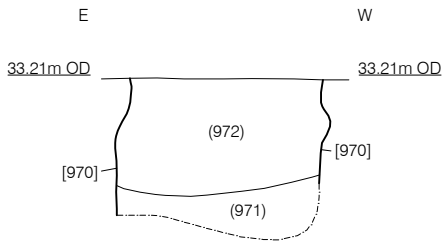
Section 355
Tr. 250/9-26
Site 9
Northeast Facing



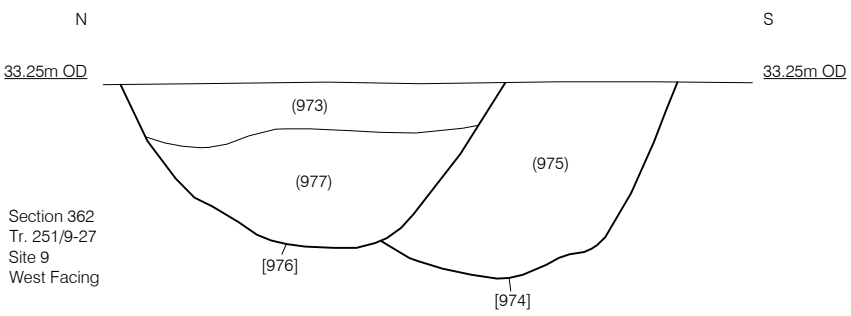
Section 356
Tr. 234/9-10
Site 9
West Facing



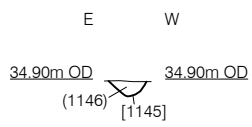
Section 357
Tr. 251/9-27
Site 9
Southeast Facing



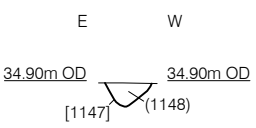
Section 361
Tr. 251/9-27
Site 9
North Facing



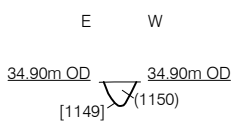
Section 362
Tr. 251/9-27
Site 9
West Facing



Section 413
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
North Facing



Section 414
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
North Facing



Section 415
Tr. 247/9-23
Site 9
North Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

Figure 43
Site 9 Sections continue
1:40 at A3

629500

631500

N

296000

295000

10E

Tr. 308 / 10e - 01

Tr. 309 / 10e - 02

Tr. 310 / 10e - 03

Tr. 311 / 10e - 04

Tr. 312 / 10e - 05

Tr. 313 / 10e - 06

Tr. 314 / 10e - 07

Tr. 315 / 10e - 08

Fig. 49

Late Saxon to Medieval Occupation/Industry

Fig. 38A

Fig. 47

10C

Tr. 305 / 10c - 24

Tr. 303 / 10c - 22

Tr. 304 / 10c - 23

Tr. 306 / 10c - 25

Tr. 307 / 10c - 26

Tr. 302 / 10c - 21

Tr. 283 / 10c - 02

Tr. 282 / 10c - 01

Tr. 287 / 10c - 06

Tr. 285 / 10c - 04

Tr. 289 / 10c - 08

Tr. 292 / 10c - 11

Tr. 293 / 10c - 12

Tr. 288 / 10c - 07

Tr. 284 / 10c - 03

Tr. 290 / 10c - 09

Tr. 286 / 10c - 05

Tr. 291 / 10c - 10

Tr. 294 / 10c - 13

Tr. 295 / 10c - 14

Tr. 296 / 10c - 15

Tr. 297 / 10c - 16

Tr. 299 / 10c - 18

Tr. 298 / 10c - 17

Tr. 300 / 10c - 19

Fig. 48C

Fig. 46

Medieval Kilns

Medieval Kiln

Late Saxon to Medieval Pottery Production and Other Activities

Fig. 48A

Tr. 284 / 10d - 01

Tr. 301 / 10c - 20

Fig. 45A

10D

Tr. 272 / 10b - 09

Tr. 271 / 10b - 08

Tr. 270 / 10b - 07

Tr. 268 / 10b - 05

Tr. 269 / 10b - 06

Tr. 273 / 10b - 10

Tr. 267 / 10b - 04

Tr. 266 / 10b - 03

Tr. 265 / 10b - 02

10B

Tr. 281 / 10b - 18

Tr. 275 / 10b - 12

Tr. 274 / 10b - 11

Fig. 45B

Fig. 45C

Tr. 276 / 10b - 13

Tr. 277 / 10b - 14

Tr. 279 / 10b - 16

Tr. 278 / 10b - 15

Fig. 48B

Tr. 280 / 10b - 17

Late Saxon Pottery Kiln

10A

Medieval Activity

Trenches containing Archaeology

Blank Trenches

Trenches with only Natural and Modern Features

Geophysics Interpretation

Agricultural (Strong)

Agricultural Spread (Drain)

Agricultural (Weak)

Archaeology Possible (Strong)

Archaeology Possible (Weak)

Archaeology Probable Spread

Archaeology Probable (Strong)

Archaeology Probable (Weak)

Undetermined (Strong)

Ferrous Spread

Modern Industrial (Strong)

0 500m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

20/01/2026 RN

Figure 44
Site 10, Trenches Overlying Geophysics Interpretation
1:10,000 at A3

A

B

C

N

Tr. 269 / 10b - 06

S70

569

568

566

571

S219

559

Tr. 268 / 10b - 05

S218

556

S217

553

Tr. 267 / 10b - 04

S222

563

Tr. 266 / 10b - 03

S224

573

575

S223

Tr. 274 / 10b - 11

S221

561

S220

577

S225

Tr. 281 / 10b - 18

Tr. 276 / 10b - 13

S215

551

S214

549

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)
- Trenches containing Archaeology
- General Feature | Excavated Slot
- Masonry | Excavated Slot

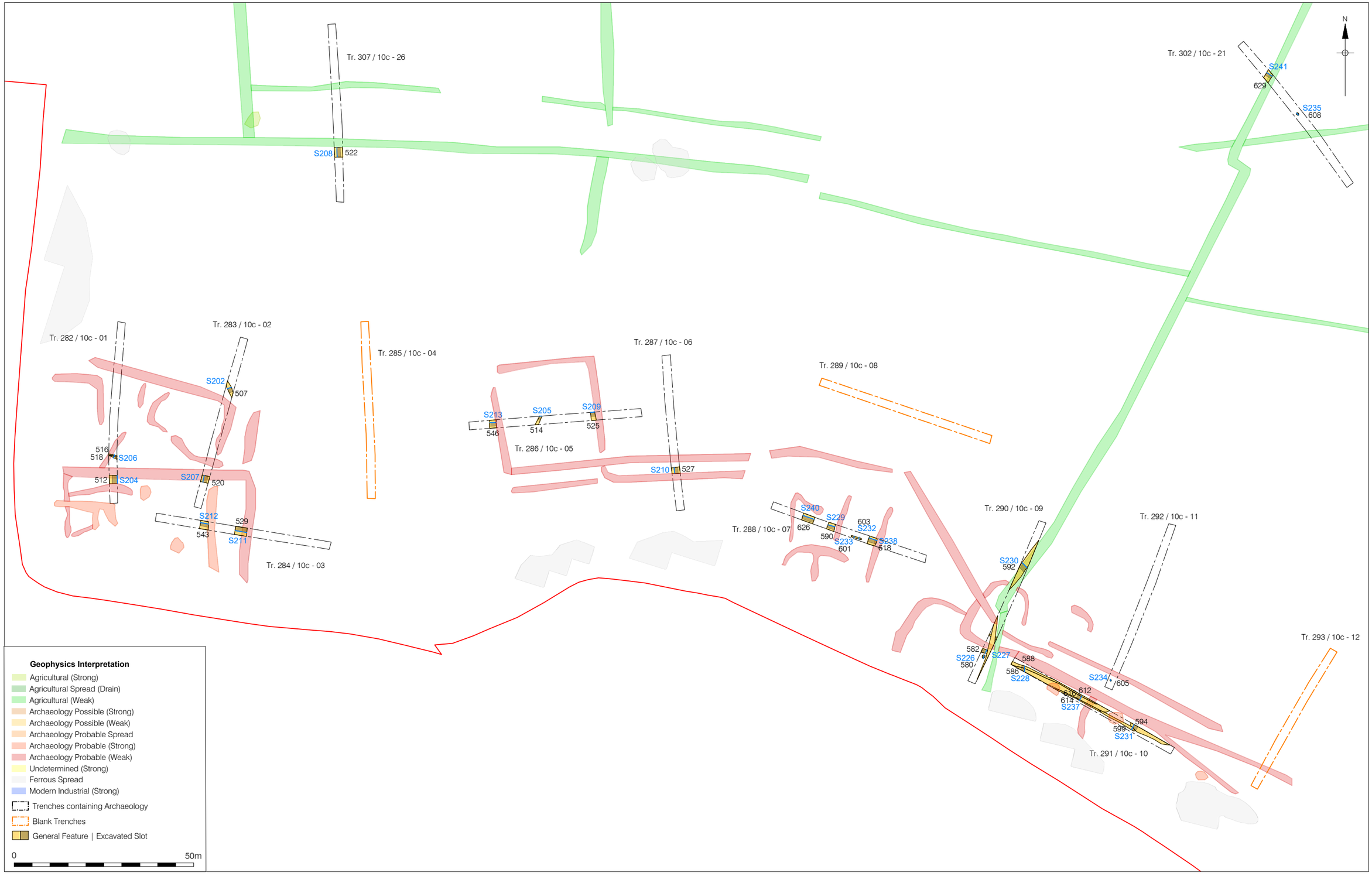
0 25m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

11/02/2026 RN

Figure 45
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 10B
1:1,000 at A3

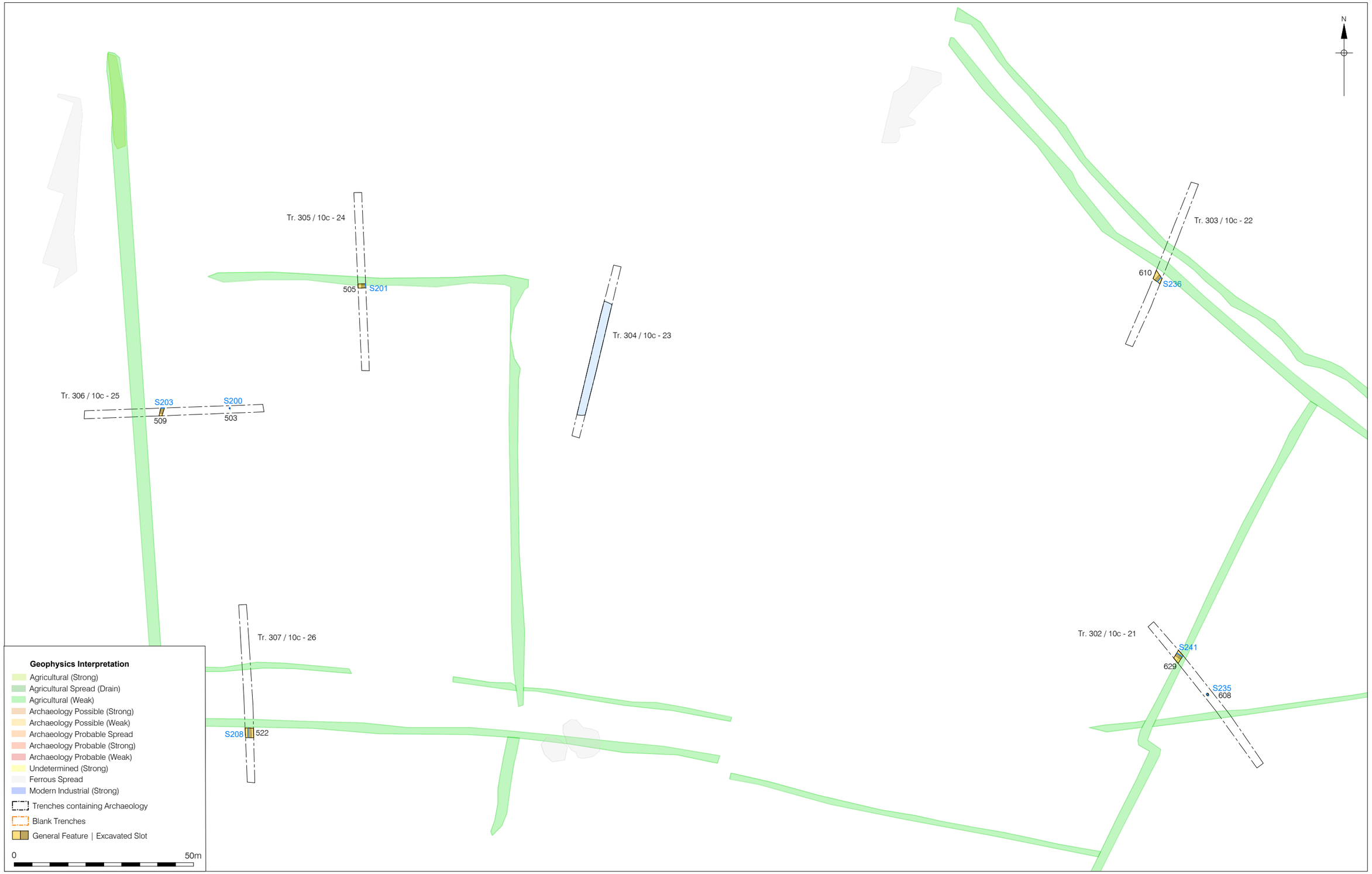


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

16/01/2026 RN

Figure 46
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 10C
1:1,000 at A3



Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

16/01/2026 RN

Figure 47
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 10C
1:1,000 at A3

A

Tr. 264 / 10b - 01

635 S243

B

N

S239 624

Tr. 280 / 10b - 17

620

622

C

Tr. 300 / 10c - 19

631 S242

Tr. 299 / 10c - 18

641 S245

Tr. 298 / 10c - 17

638 S244

655 657

S246 649

S250 661

677 S256

S249 659

S247 651

S248 653

645 647

643

Tr. 297 / 10c - 16

S260 685 687

S251 667

Tr. 295 / 10c - 14

679 691

S252 669 S257 S262 S254 673

671 S253

S258 681

683

665

S255 675

S259 683

Tr. 294 / 10c - 13

S261 689

Tr. 296 / 10c - 15

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)
- Trenches containing Archaeology
- General Feature | Excavated Slot

0 25m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

16/01/2026 RN

Figure 48
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 10C
1:1,000 at A3

N

Tr. 308 / 10e - 01

S278
738
S276

S279
746
755
S282
S281
753
748
S280

Tr. 309 / 10e - 02

S277
740

Tr. 310 / 10e - 03

S267
701

Geophysics Interpretation

- Agricultural (Strong)
- Agricultural Spread (Drain)
- Agricultural (Weak)
- Archaeology Possible (Strong)
- Archaeology Possible (Weak)
- Archaeology Probable Spread
- Archaeology Probable (Strong)
- Archaeology Probable (Weak)
- Undetermined (Strong)
- Ferrous Spread
- Modern Industrial (Strong)
- Trenches containing Archaeology
- General Feature | Excavated Slot

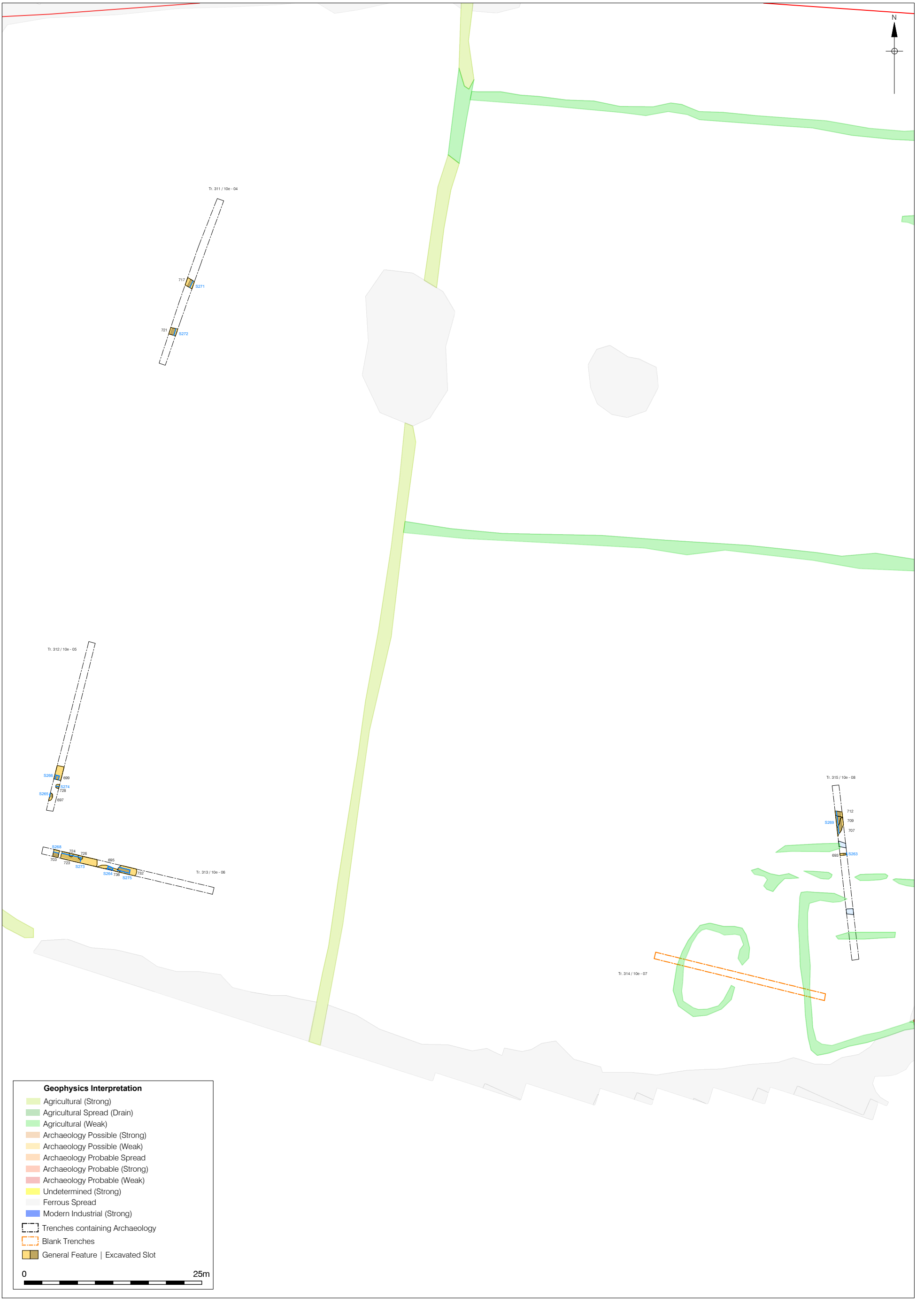
0 25m

Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

16/01/2026 RN

Figure 49
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 10E
1:1,000 at A3

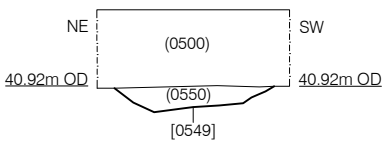


Geophysics interpretation kindly provided by GHC Archaeology & Heritage

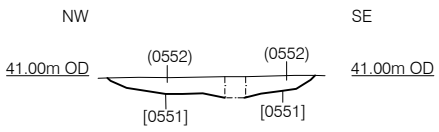
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026

16/01/2026 RN

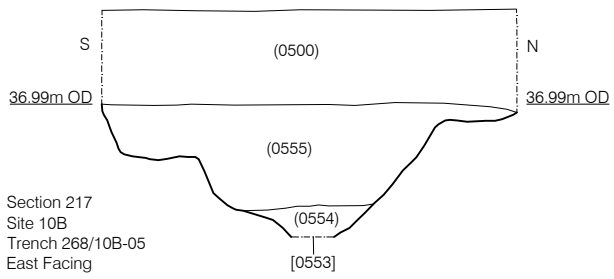
Figure 50
Detailed Trench Plan, Site 10E
1:1,000 at A3



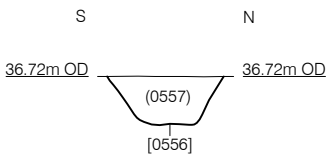
Section 214
Site 10B
Trench 276/10B-13
Northwest Facing



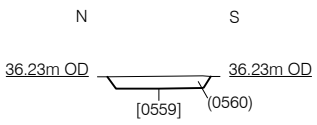
Section 215
Site 10B
Trench 10B-13
Southwest Facing



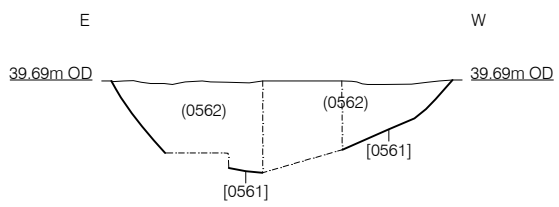
Section 217
Site 10B
Trench 268/10B-05
East Facing



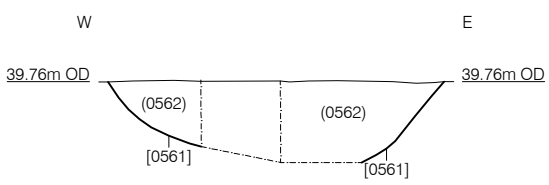
Section 218
Site 10B
Trench 268/10B-05
East Facing



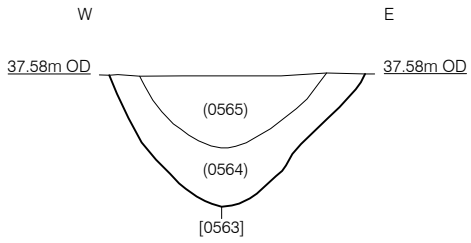
Section 219
Site 10B
Trench 268/10B-05
West Facing



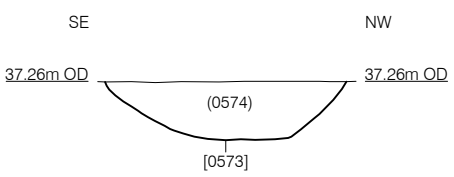
Section 220
Site 10B
Trench 274/10B-11
North Facing



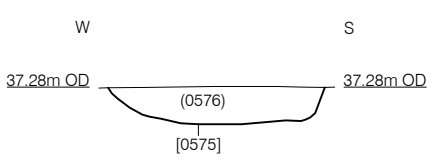
Section 221
Site 10B
Trench 274/10B-11
South Facing



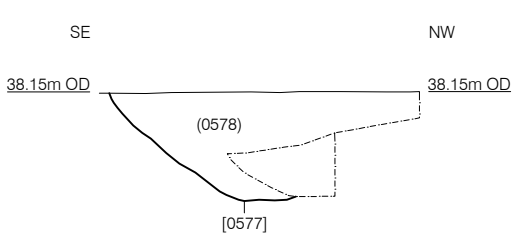
Section 222
Site 10B
Trench 267/10B-04
South Facing



Section 223
Site 10B
Trench 266/10B-03
West Facing

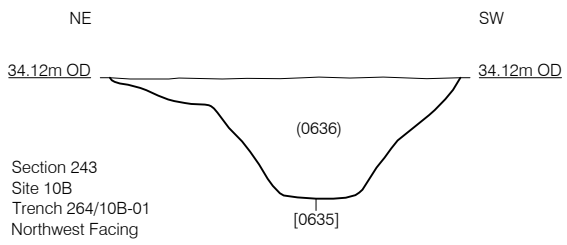


Section 224
Site 10B
Trench 266/10B-03
South Facing



Section 225
Site 10B
Trench 281/10B-18
Northeast Facing

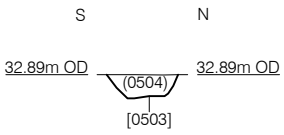
Section 239
Site 10B
Trench 280/10B-17
East Facing



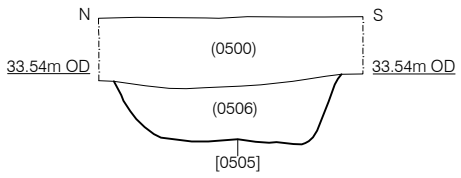
Section 243
Site 10B
Trench 264/10B-01
Northwest Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

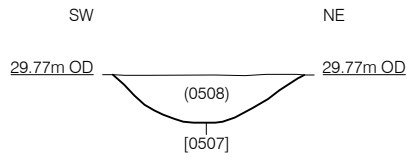
Figure 51
Site 10B Sections
1:40 at A3



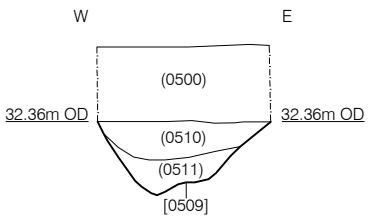
Section 200
Site 10C
Trench 306/10C-35
East Facing



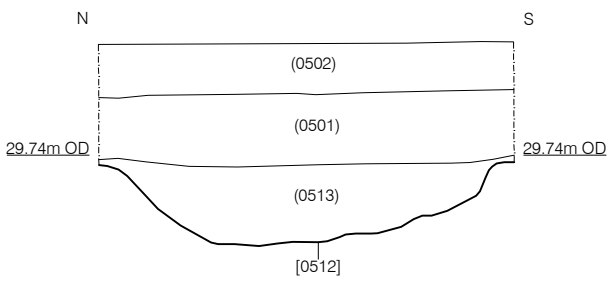
Section 201
Site 10C
Trench 305/10C-24
South Facing



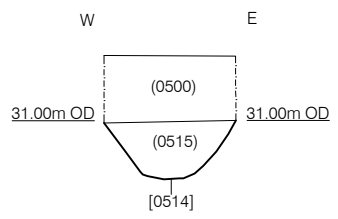
Section 202
Site 10C
Trench 283/10C-02
Southeast Facing



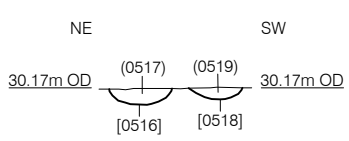
Section 203
Site 10C
Trench 306/10-25
South Facing



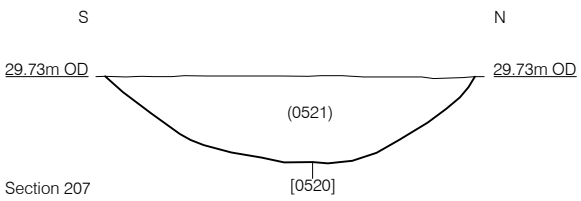
Section 204
Site 10C
Trench 282/10C-01
West Facing



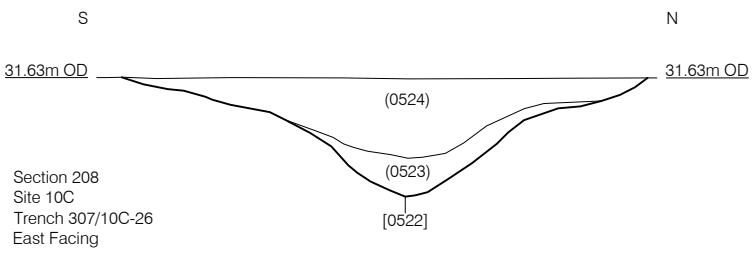
Section 205
Site 10C
Trench 286/10C-05
South Facing



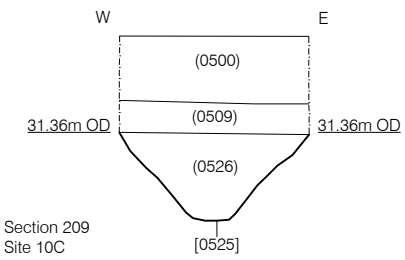
Section 206
Site 10C
Trench 282/10C-01
Northwest Facing



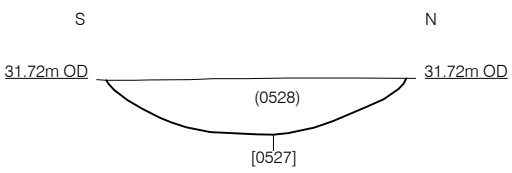
Section 207
Site 10 C
Trench 283/10C-02
East Facing



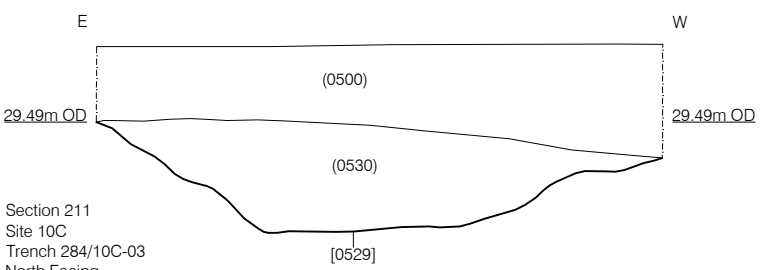
Section 208
Site 10C
Trench 307/10C-26
East Facing



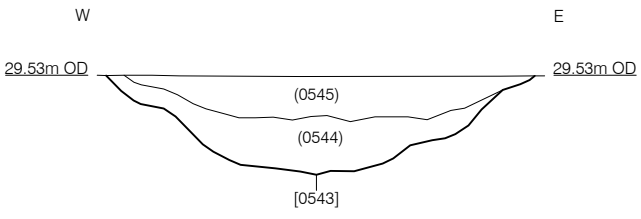
Section 209
Site 10C
Trench 286/10C-05
South Facing



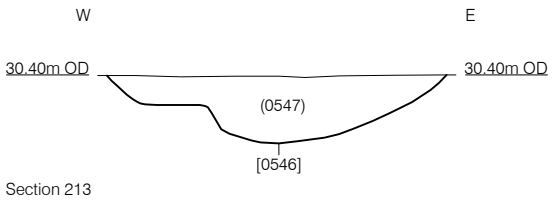
Section 210
Site 10C
Trench 287/10C-06
East Facing



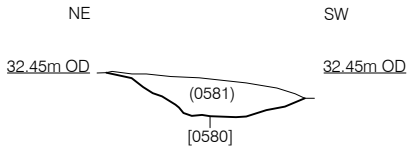
Section 211
Site 10C
Trench 284/10C-03
North Facing



Section 212
Site 10C
Trench 284/10C-03
South Facing



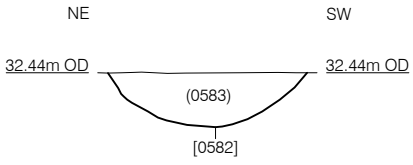
Section 213
Site 10C
Trench 286/10C-05
South Facing



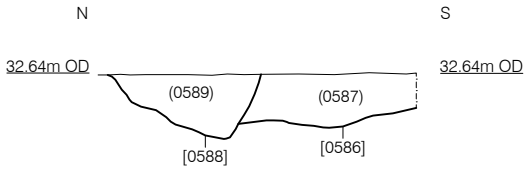
Section 226
Site 10C
Trench 290/10C-09
Northwest Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

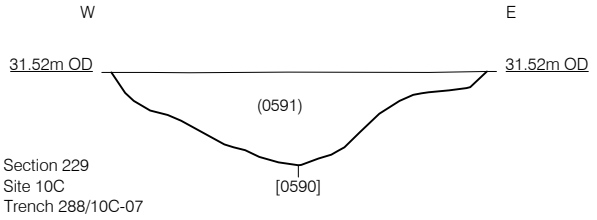
Figure 52
Site 10C Sections
1:40 at A3



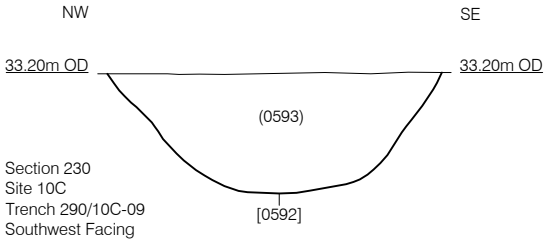
Section 227
Site 10C
Trench 290/10C-09
Northwest Facing



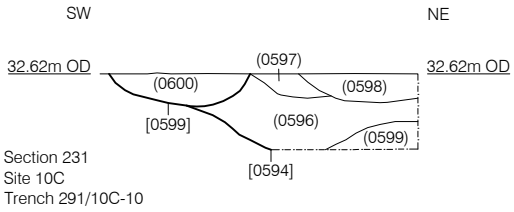
Section 228
Site 10C
Trench 291/10C-10
West Facing



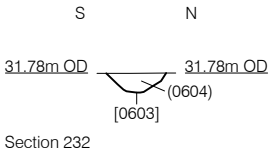
Section 229
Site 10C
Trench 288/10C-07
South Facing



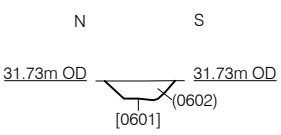
Section 230
Site 10C
Trench 290/10C-09
Southwest Facing



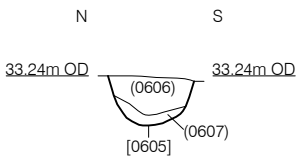
Section 231
Site 10C
Trench 291/10C-10
Southeast Facing



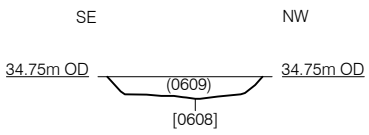
Section 232
Site 10C
Trench 288/10C-07
East Facing



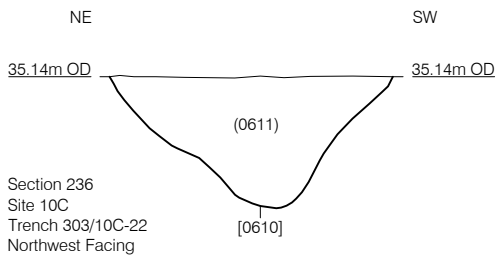
Section 233
Site 10C
Trench 288/10C-07
West Facing



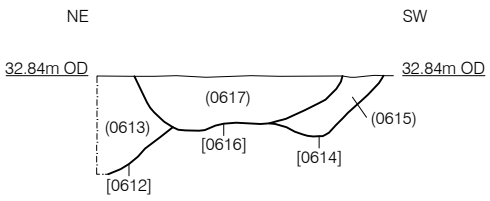
Section 234
Site 10C
Trench 292/10C-11
West Facing



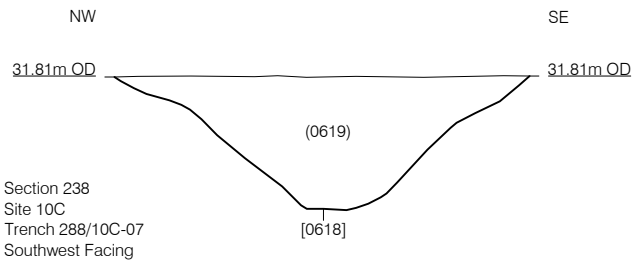
Section 235
Site 10C
Trench 302/10C-21
West Facing



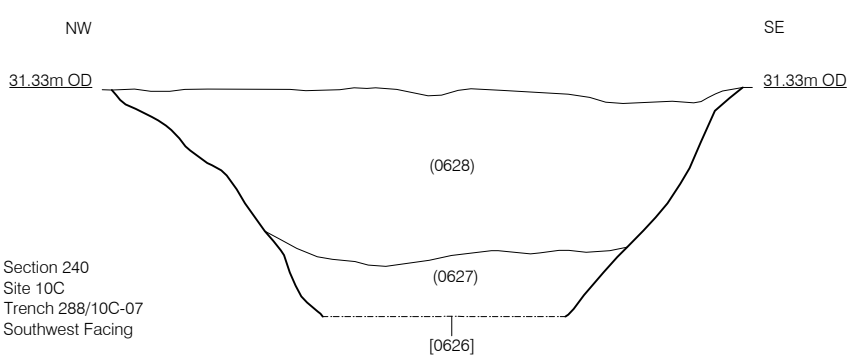
Section 236
Site 10C
Trench 303/10C-22
Northwest Facing



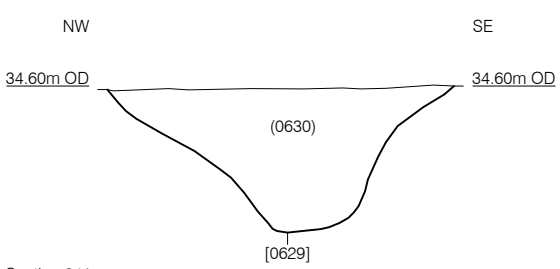
Section 237
Site 10C
Trench 291/10C-10
Northwest Facing



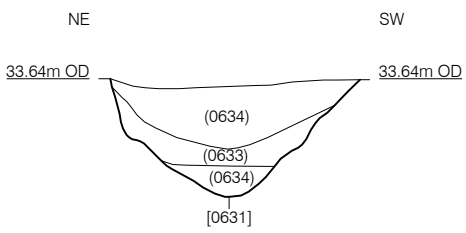
Section 238
Site 10C
Trench 288/10C-07
Southwest Facing



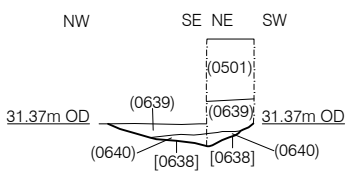
Section 240
Site 10C
Trench 288/10C-07
Southwest Facing



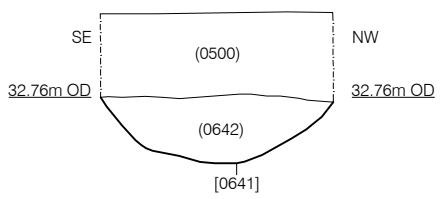
Section 241
Site 10C
Trench 302/10C-21
Southwest Facing



Section 242
Site 10C
Trench 300/10C-19
Northwest Facing



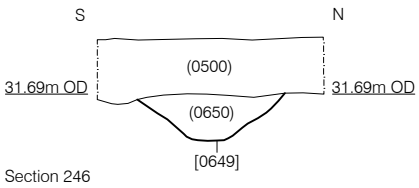
Section 244
Site 10C
Trench 298/10C-17
Southwest and Northwest Facing



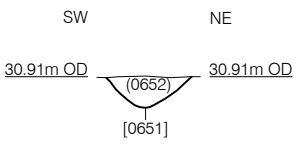
Section 245
Site 10C
Trench 299/10C-19
Northeast Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

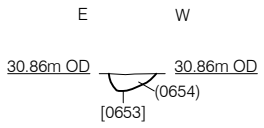
Figure 53
Site 10C Sections continue
1:40 at A3



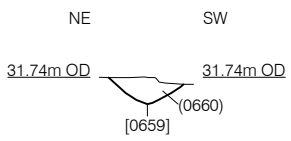
Section 246
Site 10C
Trench 298/10C-17
East Facing



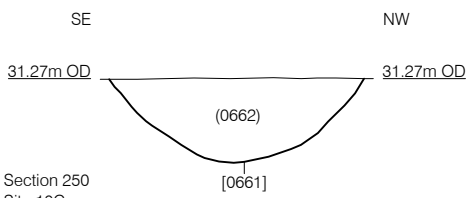
Section 247
Site 10C
Trench 298/10C-17
Southeast Facing



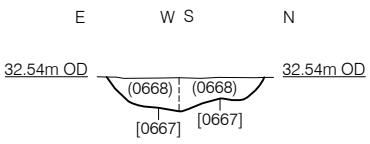
Section 248
Site 10C
Trench 298/10C-17
North Facing



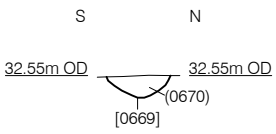
Section 249
Site 10C
Trench 298/10C-17
Northwest Facing



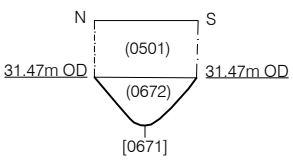
Section 250
Site 10C
Trench 298/10C-17
Northeast Facing



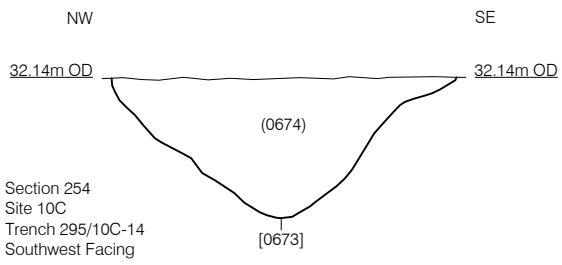
Section 251
Site 10C
Trench 297/10C-16
North and East Facing



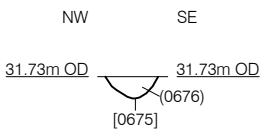
Section 252
Site 10C
Trench 295/10-14
East Facing



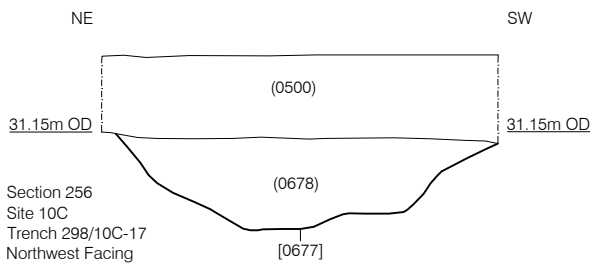
Section 253
Site 10C
Trench 296/10C-15
West Facing



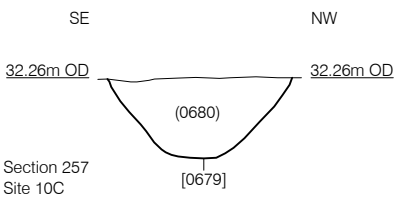
Section 254
Site 10C
Trench 295/10C-14
Southwest Facing



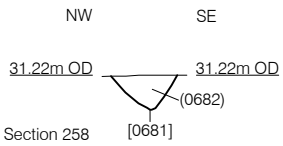
Section 255
Site 10C
Trench 294/10C-13
Southwest Facing



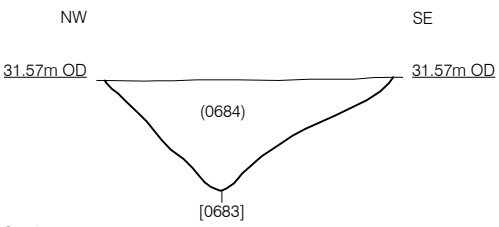
Section 256
Site 10C
Trench 298/10C-17
Northwest Facing



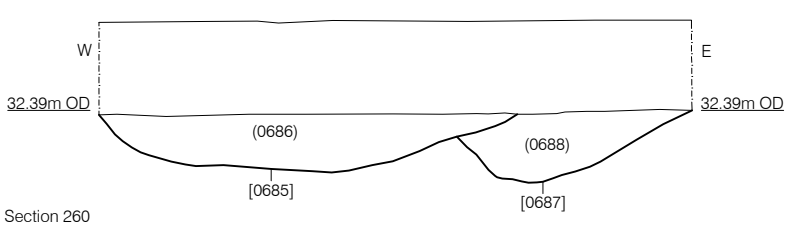
Section 257
Site 10C
Trench 295/10C-14
Northeast Facing



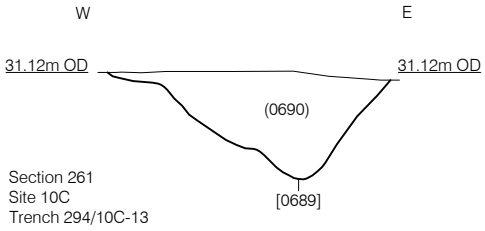
Section 258
Site 10C
Trench 296/10C-15
Southwest Facing



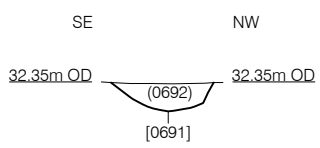
Section 259
Site 10C
Trench 294/10C-13
Southwest Facing



Section 260
Site 10C
Trench 297/10C-16
South Facing



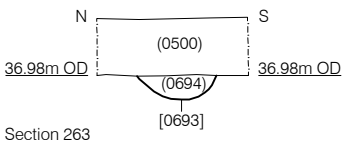
Section 261
Site 10C
Trench 294/10C-13
South Facing



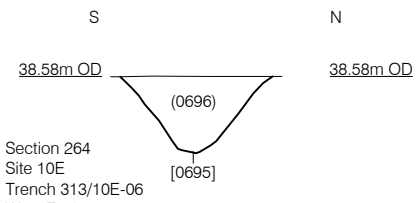
Section 262
Site 10C
Trench 295/10C-14
Northeast Facing

© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

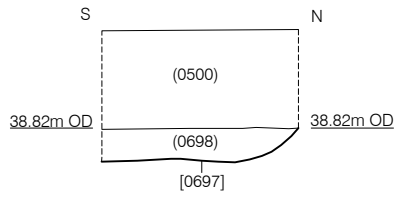
Figure 54
Site 10C Sections continue
1:40 at A3



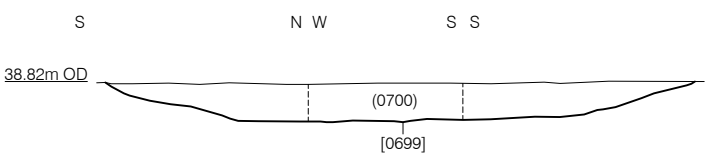
Section 263
Site 10E
Trench 315/10E-08
West Facing



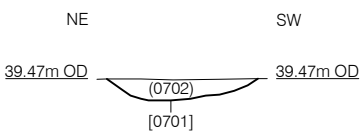
Section 264
Site 10E
Trench 313/10E-06
West Facing



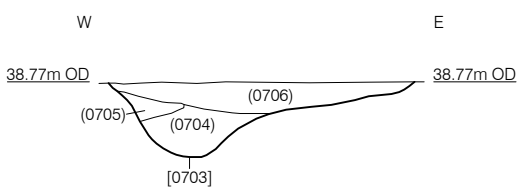
Section 265
Site 10E
Trench 312/10E-05
East Facing



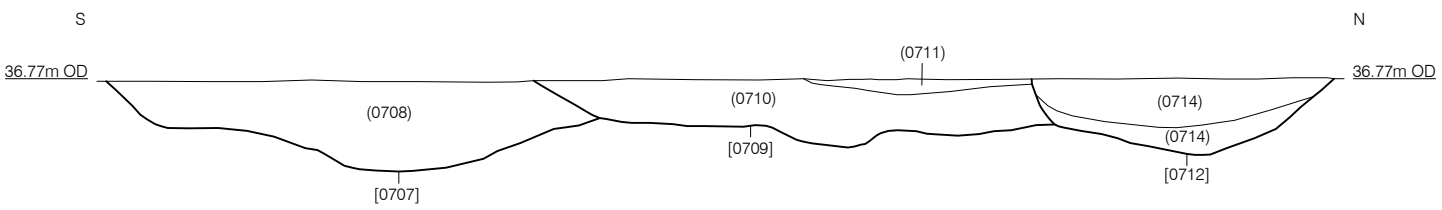
Section 266
Site 10E
Trench 312/10E-05
West, South and East Facing



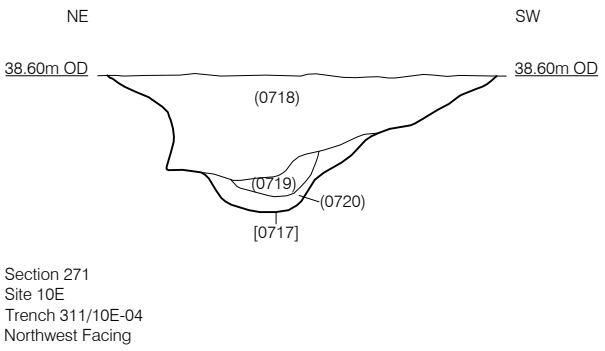
Section 267
Site 10E
Trench 310/10E-03
Northwest Facing



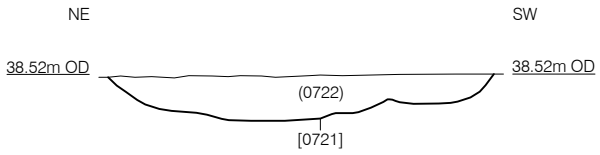
Section 268
Site 10E
Trench 313/10E-06
South Facing



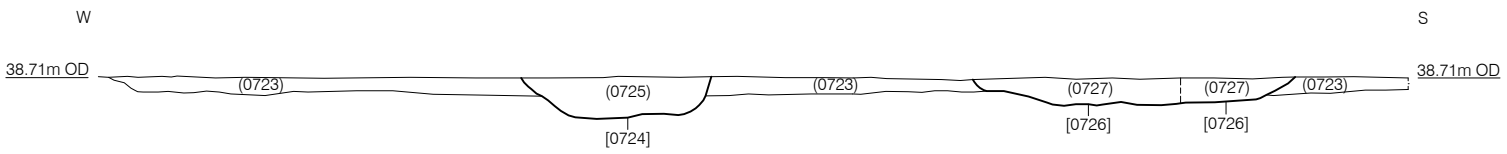
Section 269
Site 10E
Trench 315/10E-08
West Facing



Section 271
Site 10E
Trench 311/10E-04
Northwest Facing



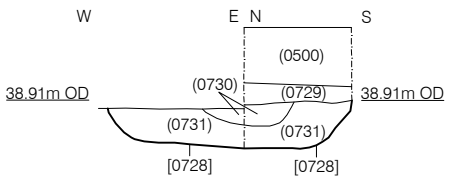
Section 272
Site 10E
Trench 311/10E-04
West Facing



Section 273
Site 10E
Trench 313/10E-06
South and West Facing

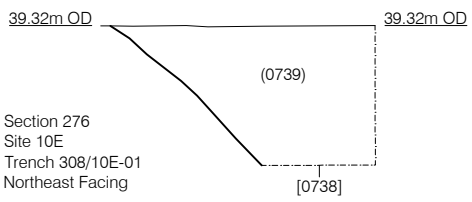
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

Figure 55
Site 10E Sections
1:40 at A3

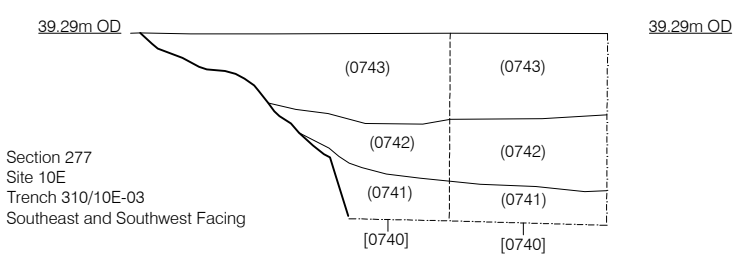


Section 274
Site 10E
Trench 312/10E-05
South and West Facing

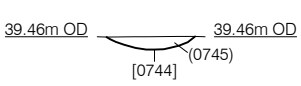
Section 275
Site 10E
Trench 313/10E-06
South, East, North and West Facing



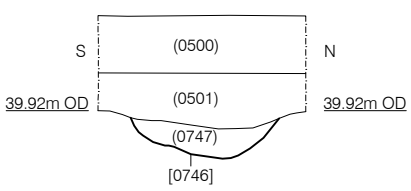
Section 276
Site 10E
Trench 308/10E-01
Northeast Facing



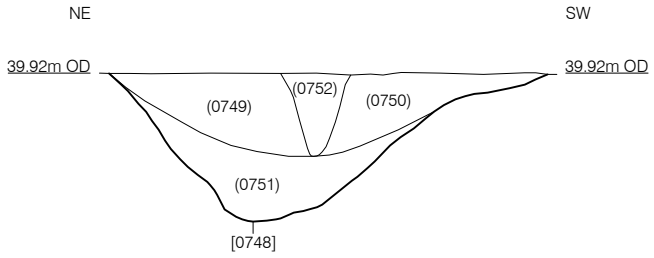
Section 277
Site 10E
Trench 310/10E-03
Southeast and Southwest Facing



Section 278
Site 10E
Trench 308/10E-01
West Facing

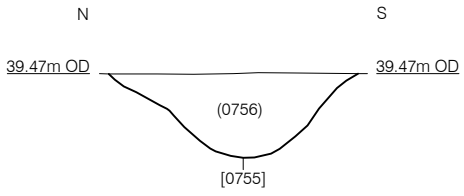


Section 279
Site 10E
Trench 309/10E-02
West Facing



Section 280
Site 10E
Trench 309/10E-02
Northwest Facing

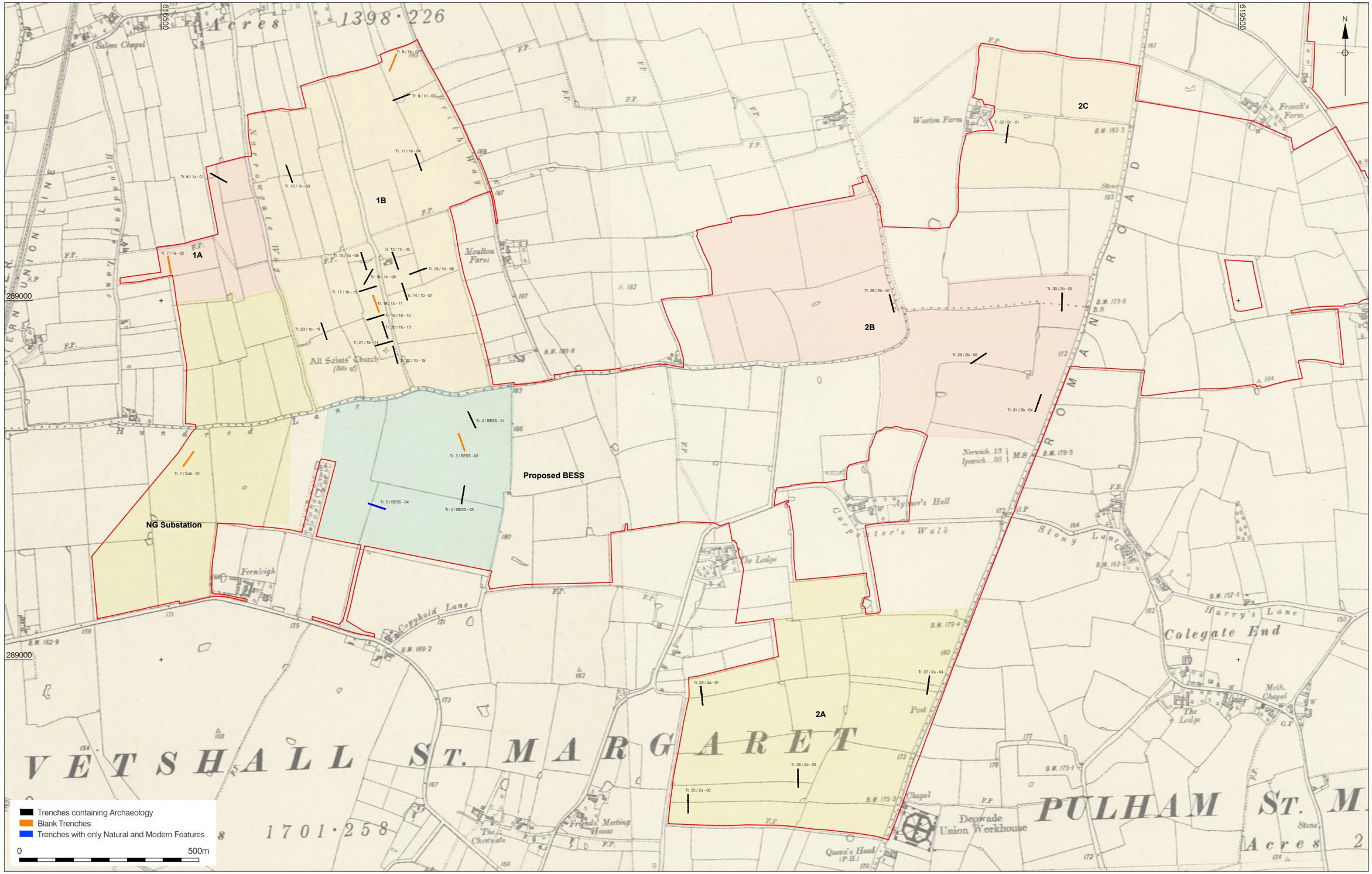
Section 281
Site 10E
Site 309/10E-02
North and East Facing



Section 282
Site 10E
Trench 309/10E-02
West Facing

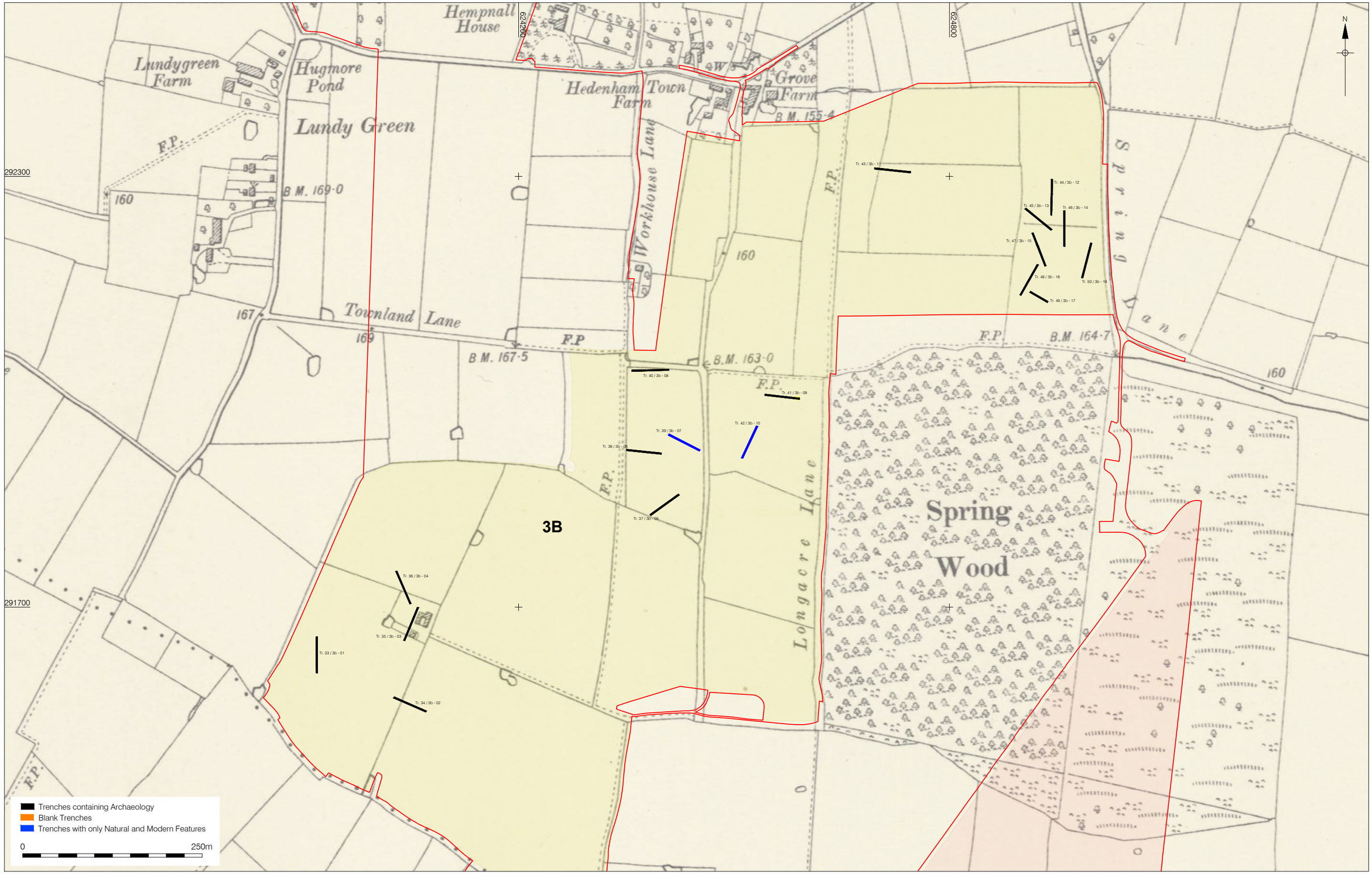
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
19/01/2026 RN

Figure 56
Site 10E Sections continue
1:40 at A3



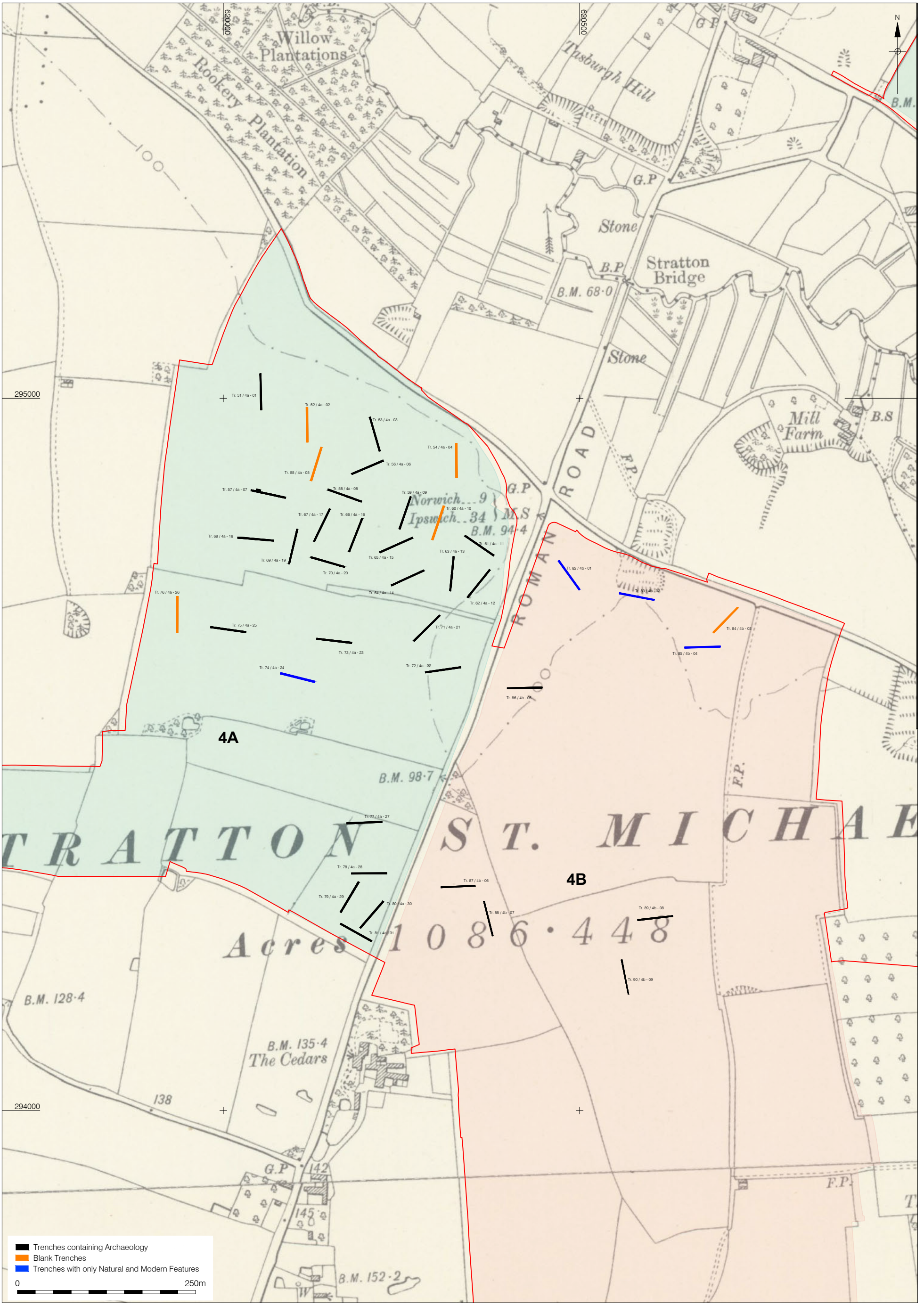
Reproduced with the permission of the National Library of Scotland
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
21/01/2026 RN

Figure 57
Sites 1 and 2, Trenches Overlying the OS, Six-inch to the mile, Norfolk Sheet XCVII.SW, Published 1906
1:10,000 at A3



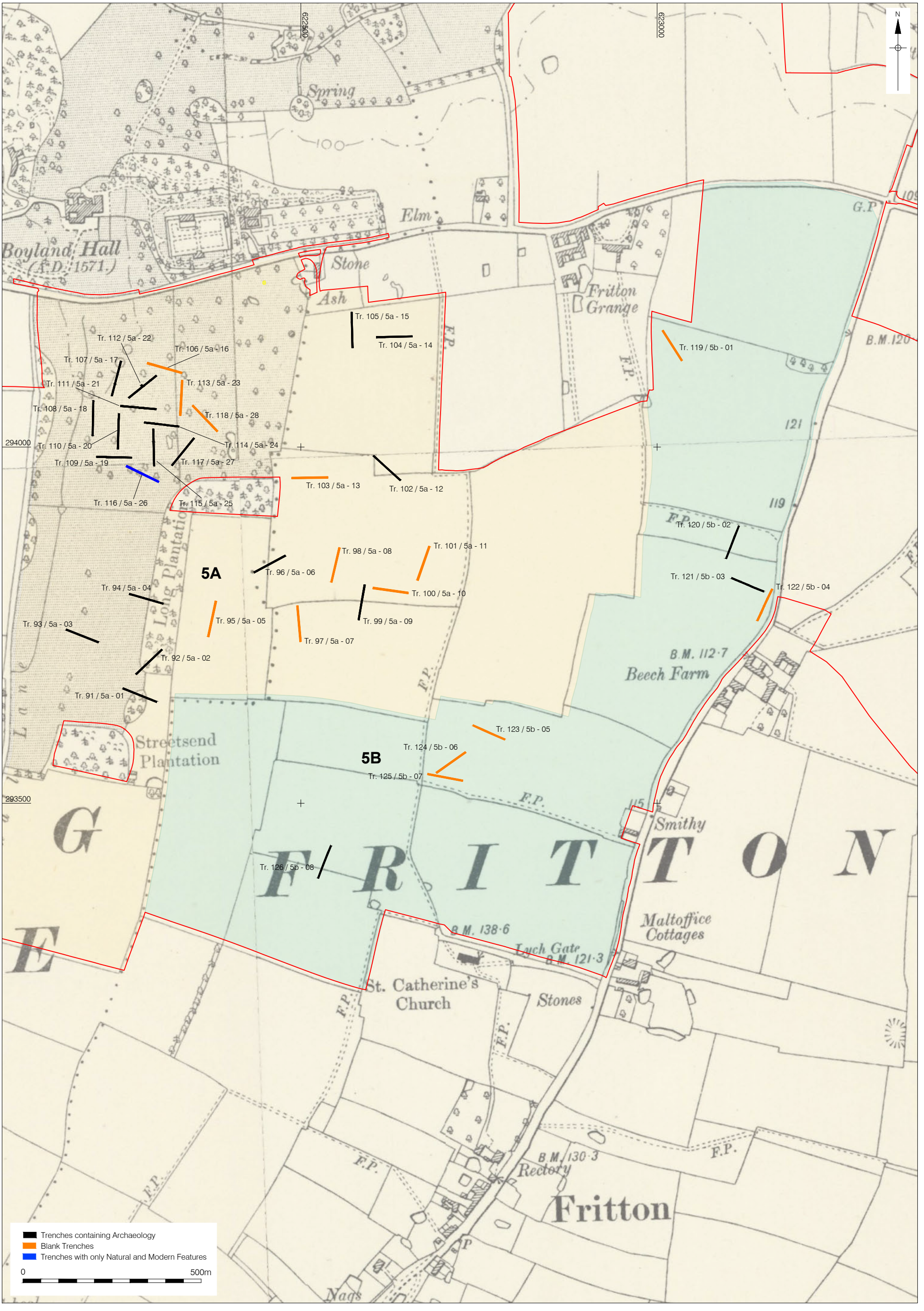
Reproduced with the permission of the National Library of Scotland
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
20/01/2026 RN

Figure 58
Site 3, Trenches Overlying the OS, Six-inch to the mile, Norfolk Sheet XCVII.NE, Published 1950
1:5,000 at A3



Reproduced with the permission of the National Library of Scotland
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
20/01/2026 RN

Figure 59
Site 4, Trenches Overlying the OS, Six-inch to the mile, Norfolk Sheet LXXXVII.SW, Published 1907
1:5,000 at A3



Reproduced with the permission of the National Library of Scotland
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
20/01/2026 RN

Figure 60
Site 5, Trenches Overlying the OS, Six-inch to the mile, Norfolk Sheet XCVII.NE, Published 1906
1:10,000 at A3

621500

624200

296000

295000

N

7A

7B

7C

7D

7E

7F

Prehistoric Watering Hole

Flint Scatter and Axehead

Trenches containing Archaeology
Blank Trenches
Trenches with only Natural and Modern Features

0 500m

Reproduced with the permission of the National Library of Scotland
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2025
12/12/2025 RN

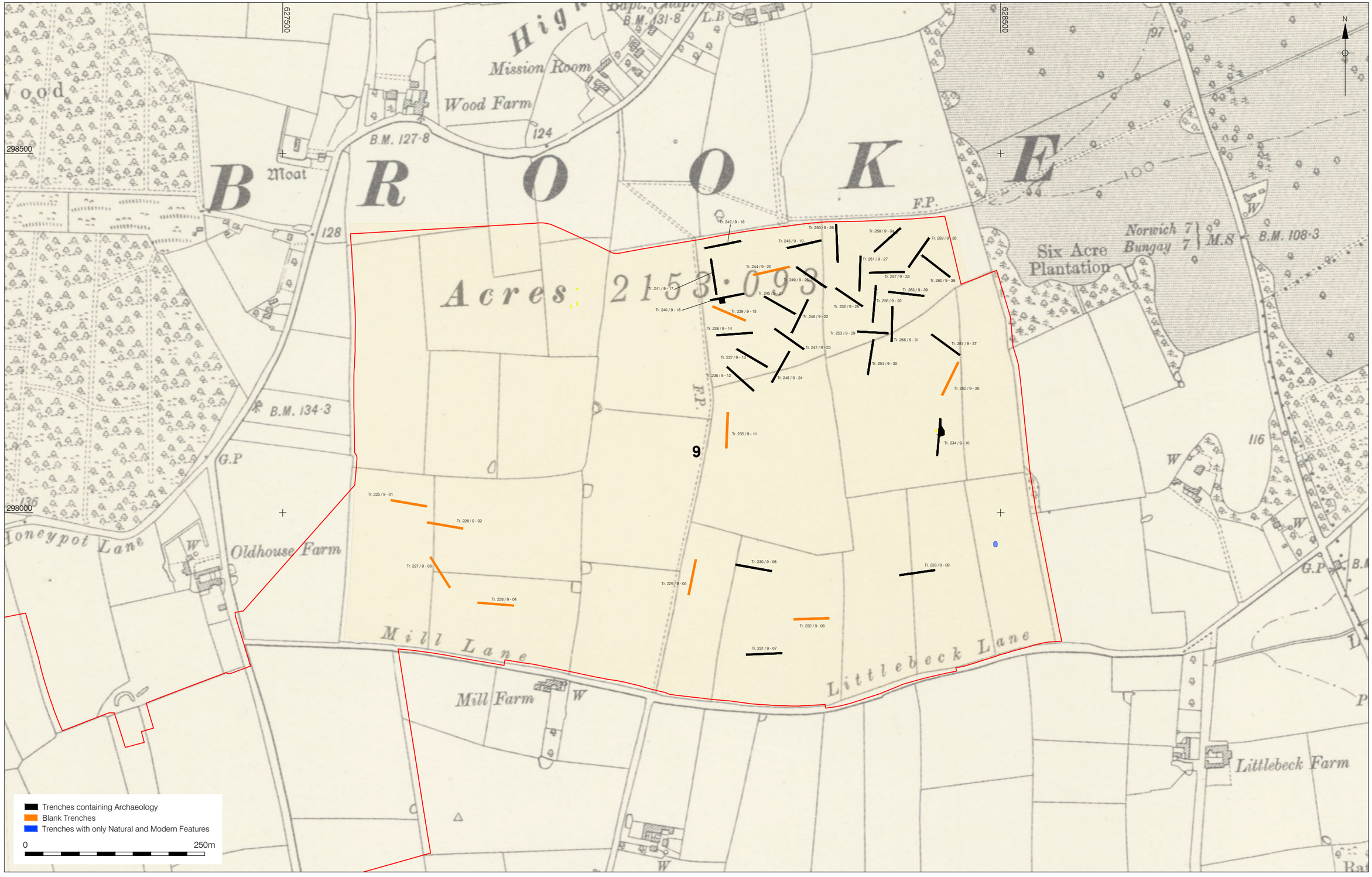
Figure 61
Site 7 West, Trenches Overlying the OS, Six-inch to the mile, Norfolk Sheet LXXXVII.SE, Published 1907
1:10,000 at A3

Trenches containing Archaeology
Blank Trenches
Trenches with only Natural and Modern Features

0 500m

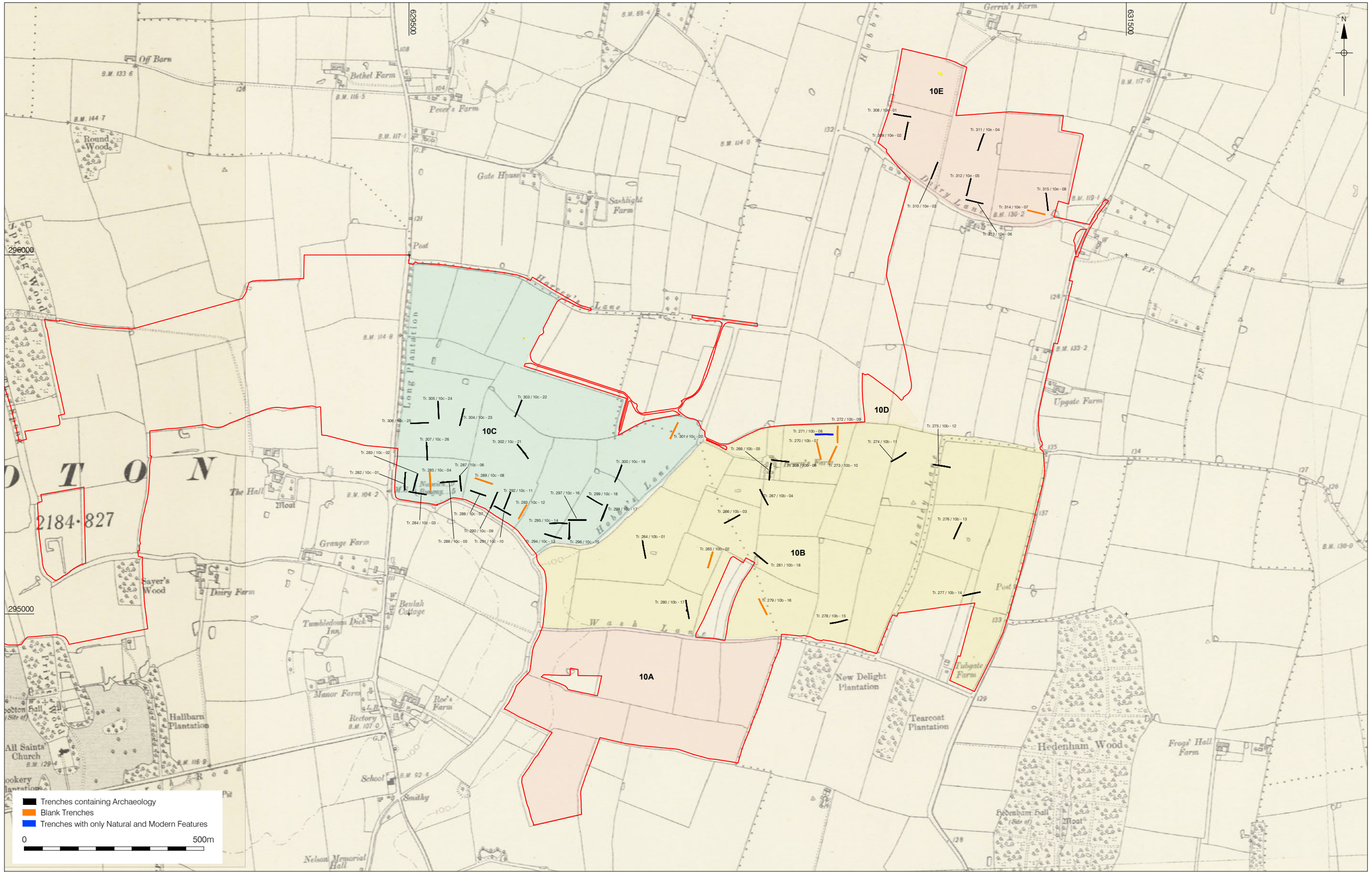
Reproduced with the permission of the National Library of Scotland
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
20/01/2026 RN

Figure 62
Sites 7 East and 8, Trenches Overlying the OS, Six-inch to the mile, Norfolk Sheet LXXXVII.NE, Published 1907
1:10,000 at A3



Reproduced with the permission of the National Library of Scotland
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
20/01/2026 RN

Figure 63
Sites 9, Trenches Overlying the OS, Six-inch to the mile, Norfolk Sheet LXXXVIII.NW, Published 1908
1:5,000 at A3



Reproduced with the permission of the National Library of Scotland
© Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd 2026
20/01/2026 RN

Figure 64
Site 10, Trenches Overlying the OS, Six-inch to the mile, Norfolk Sheet LXXXVIII.SW, Published 1907
1:10,000 at A3

13 APPENDIX 2: PLATES

13.1 Proposed BESS, Site 1A and 1B

Plate 1: Trench 9, Ditch [1168], view north-west.

Plate 2: Trench 2, view south.

Plate 3: Trench 2, Test slot in Pit [1190], view south-west.

Plate 4: Trench 10, Ditch [1181], view north-east.

Plate 5: Trench 15, Ditches [1158] and [1160], view north-west.

13.2 Sites 2A, 2B and 2C

Plate 6: Trench 24, Ditch [1199], view north.

Plate 7: Trench 24, Ditch [1214], view east.

Plate 8: Trench 24, Ditches [1207] and [1209], view west.

Plate 9: Trench 24, Ditch [1203], view north-west.

13.3 Site 3B

Plate 10: Trench 33, Ditch [41], view north-west.

Plate 11: Trench 41, Pit [18], view south-west.

Plate 12: Trench 44, Pit [6], view north.

Plate 13: Trench 44, Pit [20], view south-west.

Plate 14: Trench 45, Extraction Pit [4], view south-west.

Plate 15: Trench 45, Extraction Pit [47], view south-west.

Plate 16: Trench 45, Metalled surface (58) and (59), view south-east.

Plate 17: Trench 45, Metalled surface (58) and (59) with 1m slot removed, view south-east.

Plate 18: Trench 46, view north.

Plate 19: Trench 46, Ditches [38] and [384], view east.

Plate 20: Trench 46, Metalled surface (67) and (68), view east.

Plate 21: Trench 48, Ditch [26], view west.

13.4 Sites 4A and 4B

Plate 22: Trench 51, view south.

Plate 23: Trench 57, pre-excavation shot of Ovens [237] [255] [264].

Plate 24: Trench 57, Oven [237] under excavation, view south.

Plate 25: Trench 57, Oven [248] under excavation, view north.

Plate 26: Trench 57, Oven [255] under excavation, view west.

Plate 27: Trench 57, oblique shot of Ovens [237] [255] [264].

Plate 28: Trench 57, post-excavation of Ovens [237] [255] [264].

Plate 29: Trench 58, Ditch [105], view north.

Plate 30: Trench 59, Ditch [187], view north-west.

Plate 31: Trench 61, view west.

Plate 32: Trench 61, Structure [151] [152] pre-excavation, view north-west.

Plate 33: Trench 61, Structure [151] [152] with 1m slot removed and balk

visible, view north-east.

Plate 34: Trench 65, view south-west.

Plate 35: Trench 65, Pit [89], view south-east.

Plate 36: Trench 67, Ditch [87], view south-east.

Plate 37: Trench 67, Pit [134], view south-west.

Plate 38: Trench 70, Ditch [142], view north.

Plate 39: Trench 71, Ditches [116] and [222], and Trackway [224] view north-east.

Plate 40: Trench 71, Trackway [224], view north.

Plate 41: Trench 80, view north-west.

Plate 42: Trench 80, Ditch [157] and [159], view north-west.

Plate 43: Trench 80, Pit [162], view west.

Plate 44: Trench 80, Pit [166], view north.

Plate 45: Trench 80, Ditches [173] and [176], view east.

Plate 46: Trench 80, Ditches [190] and [196], view north-west.

Plate 47: Trench 81, view north-west.

Plate 48: Trench 81, Pits [213] and [215] view north-east.

Plate 49: Trench 81, Pits [207] and [209], view south-east.

Plate 50: Trench 81, Ditch [201] and [203], view south-west.

Plate 51: Trench 81, Pit [232] and [235], view north-east.

Plate 52: Trench 81, Pit [232] and [235], view north-east.

Plate 53: Trench 86, Pit [280], view south.

13.5 Sites 5A and 5B

Plate 54: Trench 105, Ditch [306] and Pit [308], view west.

Plate 55: Trench 108, view south-west.

Plate 56: Trench 108, Ditch [322], view west.

Plate 57: Trench 108, Ditch Terminus [382], view north.

Plate 58: Trench 111, Ditch [376] and Layer (375), view north-west.

Plate 59: Trench 112, Pits [369] and [371], view south-west.

13.6 Site 7

Plate 60: Trench 130, Ditch [990], view east-south-east.

Plate 61: Trench 143, Extraction Pit [1019], view east-south-east.

Plate 62: Trench 145, Ditch [1049], view north-west.

Plate 63: Trench 147, Cobbled surface [1081], view south-east.

Plate 64: Trench 155, Ditch [1122], view north.

Plate 65: Trench 192, Watering Hole [1156] and Pit [1153], view south.

Plate 66: Trench 192, Postholes [1145], [1147] and [1149], view west.

Plate 67: Trench 211, Watering Hole [1025], view south-west.

13.7 Site 9

Plate 68: Trench 231, Pit [768], view south.

Plate 69: Trench 238, Ditch [810], view north-west.

Plate 70: Trench 238, Pit [832] and Ditch [834], view north.

Plate 71: Trench 240, Ditches [860] and [862] and Surface (863), view south.

Plate 72: Trench 241, Ditch [839], view east.

Plate 73: Trench 241, Ditch [841], view north-east.

Plate 74: Trench 242, view north-east.

Plate 75: Trench 242, Pit [856], view north-east.

Plate 76: Trench 243, Pit [825], view south.

Plate 77: Trench 243, Pit [827], view south.

Plate 78: Trench 246, Ditch [819], view south-east.

Plate 79: Trench 246, Ditch [821], view south-west.

Plate 80: Trench 246, Ditch [847], view south-east.

Plate 81: Trench 247, Postholes [784], [787], [790], [793] and [795], view south-west.

Plate 82: Trench 247, Ditch [806] and Pits [802], [804] and [808], view east.

Plate 83: Trench 248, Ditches [777], [779], Posthole [775] and Pit [773], view east.

Plate 84; Trench 250, Pits [947] and [949], view north.

Plate 85: Trench 250, Oven [945], view south-west.

Plate 86: Trench 250, Oven [951], view west.

Plate 87: Trench 251, view north.

Plate 88: Trench 251, Oven [957] and Pit [954], view north-west.

Plate 89: Trench 251, Kiln [970], view south.

Plate 90: Trench 256, Ditches [916] and [919], view east.

Plate 91: Trench 257, Ditch [926], view south.

Plate 92: Trench 258, view south-west.

Plate 93: Trench 258, Pits [910] and [912], view south-east.

Plate 94: Trench 258, Pit [912] with pottery in-situ, view south-east.

Plate 95: Trench 258, Pit [924], view north-east.

Plate 96: Trench 259, Pit [908], view north-west.

Plate 97: Trench 260, Pit [900], view north-east.

Plate 98: Trench 263, Pit [937], view south.

Plate 99: Trench 276, Pit [551], view north-east.

Plate 100: Trench 280, Kiln [620] and Rake-out Pit [622], view north-west.

Plate 101: Trench 280, Pit [624], view west.

Plate 102: Trench 288, Pit [626], view north-east.

Plate 103: Trench 291, view north-west.

Plate 104: Trench 296, Kiln [663] and Rake-out Pit [665], view south.

Plate 105: Trench 297. Pit [667], view west.

Plate 106: Trench 298, view north-east.

Plate 107: Trench 298, Kiln [643] and Rake-out Pits [645] and [647], view south-west.

Plate 108: Trench 298, Kiln [655] and Rake-out Pit [657], view north-west.

Plate 109: Trench 298, Ditch [649], view north-west.

Plate 110: Trench 298, Pit [661], view south-west.

Plate 111: Trench 298, Ditch [677], view south-east.

Plate 112: Trench 302, Pit [608], view south-west.

Plate 113: Trench 309, Ditch [746], view west.

Plate 114: Trench 309, Ditch [748], view south-east.

Plate 115: Trench 312, Oven or Hearth [728], view north.

Plate 116: Trench 313, Ditch [695], view west.

Plate 117: Trench 313, Layer (723) and Pits [724] and [726], view north-east.

Plate 118: Trench 315, Ditches [707] and [712] and Pit [709], view south-east.

14 APPENDIX 3: FINDS QUANTIFICATION

14.1 Finds by context in Site 1

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
1186	1185	12 / 1b-05	1B	Fe Object	1	3.96	Und
1186	1185	12 / 1b-05	1B	Fe Object	1	1.81	Und
1186	1185	12 / 1b-05	1B	Fe Object	1	2.8	Und
1197	1195	16 / 1b-09	1B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1171	1170	19 / 1b-12	1B	Fe Object	1	337	Mod

14.2 Finds by context in Site 2

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
1200	1199	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	5	45	MC1-C4
1200	1199	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	1	4	MC1-C4
1200	1199	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	8	127	MC1-C4
1202	1201	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	7	84	MC1-C4
1204	1293	24 (2a-01)	2A	Animal bone	13	N/A	N/A
1209	1211	24 (2a-01)	2A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
1209	1211	24 (2a-01)	2A	Animal bone	10	N/A	N/A
1209	1211	24 (2a-01)	2A	Animal bone	10	N/A	N/A
1211	1209	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	2	9	M/LC2
1211	1209	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	2	3	M/LC2
1211	1209	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	2	20	M/LC2
1211	1209	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	3	7	M/LC2
1211	1209	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	1	3	M/LC2
1213	1212	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	2	31	MC1-C4
1213	1212	24 (2a-01)	2A	Pottery	1	5	MC1-C4
1226	1225	29 (2b-02)	2B	Fe Object	1	200	Mod
1228	1225	29 (2b-02)	2B	CBM	1	21	pmed
1231	1229	30 (2b-03)	2B	Fe Object	1	2.81	Und
1234	1232	31 (2b-04)	2B	Flint	1	17	BA-IA
1223	1222	32 (2c-01)	2C	CBM	3	198	pmed

14.3 Finds by context in Site 3

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
42	41	33 (3b-01)	3B	Fe Object	1	138	P.Med to Mod
29	28	34 (3b-02)	3B	Pottery	1	1	20
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	Fe Object	1	93.8	Und
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	CBM	2	18	pmed
46	45	36 (3b-04)	3B	Pottery	1	8	19-20
11	10	43 (3b-11)	3B	CBM	1	31	pmed
12	10	43 (3b-11)	3B	Fe Chain	1	27.79	Mod
12	10	43 (3b-11)	3B	Fe Nail	1	4.65	Und
12	10	43 (3b-11)	3B	Animal bone	8	N/A	N/A
12	10	43 (3b-11)	3B	Fired Clay	4	8	
12	10	43 (3b-11)	3B	CBM	4	7	?
12	10	43 (3b-11)	3B	Pottery	1	4	L12-14
14	13	43 (3b-11)	3B	Fe Wire	1	1.31	Und
14	13	43 (3b-11)	3B	Fired Clay	4	2	?
14	13	43 (3b-11)	3B	CBM	4	2	?
24	23	44 (3b-12)	3B	Animal bone	4	N/A	N/A
24	23	44 (3b-12)	3B	Animal bone	21	N/A	N/A
24	23	44 (3b-12)	3B	Fired Clay	2	2.5	
24	23	44 (3b-12)	3B	Pottery	1	1	11-12
62	60	44 (3b-12)	3B	Fe Nail	1	1.61	Und
7	6	45 (3b-13)	3B	Pottery	1	2	L12-14
9	8	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	23	N/A	N/A
9	8	45 (3b-13)	3B	Pottery	2	7	11-12
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Cu Alloy Mount	1	0.94	Med
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fe Staple	1	3.44	Und
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Shell	1	9	Oyster
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fired Clay	10	22.5	
48	47	45 (3b-13)	3B	Pottery	24	118	M-L14?
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Shell	3	13	Oyster
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fired Clay	13	45.5	
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	CBM	2	13	lmed?
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	CBM	4	18	med?
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	CBM	1	34	lmed/pmed
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Pottery	81	426	M-L14-15?
58	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Worked stone	2	27.4	Whetstone
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fe Bolt/Nail	1	25.34	Und
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fe Nail	1	3.41	Und
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fe Nail	1	4.22	Und
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fe Nail	1	2.91	Und
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fe Nail	1	2.97	Und
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Fe Nail	1	2.4	Und
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	CBM	1	53	lmed/pmed
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	CBM	1	236	lmed/pmed
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	CBM	2	224	lmed/pmed
59	0	45 (3b-13)	3B	Worked stone	1	600	Lavastone
39	38	46 (3b-14)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
39	38	46 (3b-14)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
39	38	46 (3b-14)	3B	Animal bone	3	N/A	N/A
39	38	46 (3b-14)	3B	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
39	38	46 (3b-14)	3B	CBM	2	30	med?
39	38	46 (3b-14)	3B	Pottery	12	69	M-L14
67	0	46 (3b-14)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
67	0	46 (3b-14)	3B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
67	0	46 (3b-14)	3B	Fe Nail	1	4.52	Und
27	26	48 (3b-16)	3B	Pottery	1	3	3700–3300BC
27	26	48 (3b-16)	3B	Pottery	1	1	11-12
29	28	48 (3b-16)	3B	Fe Nail	1	1.11	Und
16	15	50 (3b-18)	3B	Fe Nail	1	4.21	Und
17	15	50 (3b-18)	3B	Animal bone	10	N/A	N/A
17	15	50 (3b-18)	3B	Fired Clay	1	2.5	
17	15	50 (3b-18)	3B	CBM	1	2	

14.4 Finds by context in Site 4

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
79	78	53 / 4a-03	4A	Fe Nail	1	10.69	Und
238	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Fired Clay	136	124.5	
240	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Fired Clay	53	28.5	
241	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Fired Clay	*445	262.5	
242	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
242	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
243	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
243	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	2	Neo-BA
243	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	2	Neo-BA
243	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Fired Clay	65	163.5	
243	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Fired Clay	*594	195.5	
245	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Fired Clay	59	180	
245	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Fired Clay	314	113	
247	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	1	Preh
247	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	1	Preh
247	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Fired Clay	231	106	
	237	57 / 4A-07	4A	Burnt Flint	207	1098	
250	248	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	6	2	Preh
250	248	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	9	Neo-BA
250	248	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	3	Preh
251	248	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
251	248	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	6	Neo-BA
	248	57 / 4A-07	4A	Burnit Flint	29	144	

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	3	1	Preh
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	2	4	Preh
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	2	RB
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	5	RB
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	2	9	LIA/ERB
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	CBM	5	69	Rom
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	CBM	11	118	Rom
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	2	M/LC1
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	5	M/LC1
259	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	2	9	M/LC1
262	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	3	1	RB
262	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	1	RB
262	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	1	RB
262	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	3	1	MC1-C4
262	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	1	MC1-C4
262	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	1	MC1-C4
263	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	9	Neo-BA
263	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	3	Neo-BA
263	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	5	8	Neo-BA
263	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	10	2	Preh
263	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	1	Preh
	255	57 / 4A-07	4A	Burnt Flint	60	218	
265	264	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	8	Neo-BA
265	264	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	2	Preh
265	264	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
265	264	57 / 4A-07	4A	Flint	1	2	Neo-BA
265	264	57 / 4A-07	4A	Pottery	1	2	1150/1100–400/350BC
	265	57 / 4A-07	4A	Burnt Flint	3	1	
106	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Flint	1	14	BA-IA
106	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Flint	1	7	Neo-BA
106	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Flint	1	13	BA-IA
106	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Flint	1	2	Neo-BA
106	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Eneo
106	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Pottery	1	2	1150/1100–400/350BC

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
107	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Flint	1	10	Neo-BA
107	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Flint	1	1	Preh
107	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Pottery	7	31	1150/1100–400/350BC
	105	58 / 4a-08	4A	Burnt flint	2	10	
200	199	58 / 4a-08	4A	Flint	1	7	Neo-BA
200	199	58 / 4a-08	4A	Pottery	1	3	1150/1100–400/350BC
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Flint	2	7	Neo-BA
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Flint	1	7	Neo-BA
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Flint	1	32	Meso-Neo
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Pottery	1	6	800–400/350BC
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Pottery	7	108	MRB
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Pottery	1	17	RB
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Pottery	7	108	MC2-C3
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Pottery	1	17	MC2-C3
188	187	59 / 4a-09	4A	Worked stone	1	700	Pudding stone, quern
1	0	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	22	Rom
1	0	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	50	Rom
1	0	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	67	Rom
1	0	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	101	Rom
1	0	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	36	Rom/pmed
1	0	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	60	Rom
150	152	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	19	Rom
150	152	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	47	Rom
150	152	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	1	?
150	152	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	4	?
150	152	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	15	81	Rom
150	152	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	1	123	Rom
150	152	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	2	19	Rom
150	152	61 / 4a-11	4A	CBM	5	126	Rom
151	0	61 / 4a-11	4A	Worked stone	3	10.9	Tesserae?
139	138	62 / 4a-12	4A	CBM	1	10	mod
139	138	62 / 4a-12	4A	CBM	1	4	mod

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
64	63	64 / 4a-14	4A	Flint	1	19	Preh
64	63	64 / 4a-14	4A	Flint	1	6	BA-IA
66	65	64 / 4a-14	4A	Animal bone	1		
92	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	1	2	12-14
95	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	2	6	1150/1100–400/350BC
96	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	Flint	1	24	BA-IA
96	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	Flint	1	5	Neo-BA
96	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	Cu Alloy Object	1	0.2	Und
96	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	CBM	1	2	?
96	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	CBM	1	4	Rom?
96	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	CBM	1	1	?
96	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	CBM	4	44	Rom?
96	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	Worked stone	15	200	Lavastone
98	89	65 / 4a-15	4A	Worked stone	13	160.1	Lavastone
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Flint	1	4	Preh
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Flint	1	5	Meso-Neo
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Flint	1	9	Neo-BA
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	1	2	1150/1100–400/350BC
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	2	30	MRB
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	1	2	RB
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	5	57	RB
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	2	30	M/LC2
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	1	2	M/LC2
100	99	65 / 4a-15	4A	Pottery	5	57	M/LC2
75	73	66 / 4a-16	4A	Flint	1	10	Meso-Neo
75	73	66 / 4a-16	4A	Fe Object	1	218	P.Med
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Flint	1	1	Preh
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	68	81	MRB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	2	19	MRB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	2	25	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	3	3	RB

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	31	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	4	45	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	23	66	ERB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	9	110	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	15	236	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	10	ERB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	4	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	2	9	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	5	16	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	5	23	RB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	4	LIA/ERB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	1	MRB
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	CBM	1	435	Rom
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	68	81	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	2	19	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	2	25	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	3	3	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	31	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	4	45	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	23	66	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	9	110	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	15	236	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	10	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	4	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	2	9	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	5	16	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	5	23	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	4	M/LC2
88	87	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	1	M/LC2
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Fe Object	1	48.37	Und
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Fe Nail	1	26.11	Und
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Burnt flint	14	10	
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	2	9	1150/1100–400/350BC
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	36	RB

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	5	RB
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	12	RB
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Fired Clay	242	3861	
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Fired Clay	*159	388	
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Fired Clay	*294	199	
136	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Fired Clay	160	3502	
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	36	MC1-C4
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	5	MC1-C4
135	134	67 / 4a-17	4A	Pottery	1	12	MC1-C4
52	51	68 / 4a-18	4A	Fired Clay	2	5.5	
54	51	68 / 4a-18	4A	Pottery	1	1	L12-14
	55	68 / 4a-18	4A	Burnt flint	1	33	
70	69	68 / 4a-18	4A	Flint	1	21	Preh
70	69	68 / 4a-18	4A	Fired Clay	2	5.5	
	69	68 / 4a-18	4A	Burnt flint	1	10	
83	82	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	2	14	1150/1100–400/350BC
84	82	69 / 4a-19	4A	Flint	1	5	Meso-Neo
84	82	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	4	27	1150/1100–400/350BC
84	82	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	1	3	RB
84	82	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	1	15	RB
84	82	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	1	3	MC1-C4
84	82	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	1	15	MC1-C4
86	85	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	1	14	RB
86	85	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	5	12	RB
86	85	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	1	5	RB
86	85	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	1	14	MC1-C4
86	85	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	5	12	MC1-C4
86	85	69 / 4a-19	4A	Pottery	1	5	MC1-C4
104	103	70 / 4a-20	4A	CBM	1	1	?
143	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	7	Meso-Neo
143	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
143	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	1	Neo-BA
143	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	4	Meso-Neo
143	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Pottery	7	19	1150/1100–

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
							400/350BC
146	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Pottery	6	17	1150/1100–400/350BC
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	4	Meso-Neo
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	7	BA-IA
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	4	Meso-Neo
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	6	Neo-BA
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	2	Preh
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	1	Preh
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Flint	1	7	BA-IA
147	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Pottery	13	41	1150/1100–400/350BC
	142	70 / 4a-20	4A	Burnt flint	1	36	
1	0	71 / 4a-21	4A	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
117	116	71 / 4a-21	4A	Flint	1	8	BA-IA
117	116	71 / 4a-21	4A	CBM	1	6	pmed?
223	222	71 / 4a-21	4A	CBM	1	9	?
225	224	71 / 4a-21	4A	CBM	20	630	pmed
225	224	71 / 4a-21	4A	CBM	40	75	pmed?
225	224	71 / 4a-21	4A	CBM	1	72	pmed?
225	224	71 / 4a-21	4A	CBM	3	128	pmed?
225	224	71 / 4a-21	4A	CBM	2	866	18-19
225	224	71 / 4a-21	4A	CBM	1	631	18-19
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Clay tobacco pipe	1		1580–1680
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	32	Lneo-BA
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	5	Meso-Neo
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	7	Neo-BA
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	8	Neo-BA
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	10	Neo-BA
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	8	Neo-BA
220	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	10	Neo-BA
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	22	BA-IA
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	3	Neo-BA
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	5	Meso-Neo
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	24	Meso-Neo
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	3	26	Neo-BA
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	3	12	Neo-BA
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	8	Neo-BA
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	1	Neo-BA
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Flint	1	6	Neo-BA
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Fired Clay	2	6.5	
221	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	CBM	2	6	Rom?
	218	75 / 4a-25	4A	Burnt flint	2	20	
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	15	Neo-BA
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	6	Meso-Neo
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	24	Neo-BA
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	27	Neo-BA
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	27	BA-IA
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	29	BA-IA
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	10	Neo-BA
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	73	BA-IA
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Animal bone	5		
165	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Pottery	1	2	2400–1150/1100BC
	164	78 / 4a-28	4A	Burnt flint	6	32	
158	157	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	74	BA-IA
158	157	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
158	157	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	4	8	Neo-BA
158	157	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	145	BA-IA
158	157	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	4	Neo-BA
158	157	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	4	Meso-Neo
158	157	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	1	Preh
158	157	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	2	15	400/350–50/0BC
160	159	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	8	Meso-Neo
160	159	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	6	Neo-BA

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
160	159	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	13	BA-IA
160	159	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	24	BA-IA
160	159	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	1	Preh
163	162	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
163	162	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	4	18	1150/1100–400/350BC
167	166	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	33	189	2400–1750BC
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	4	Meso-Neo
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	9	BA-IA
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	6	BA-IA
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	4	Preh
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	2	Neo-BA
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	1	17	RB
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	1	17	MC1-C4
174	173	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	1	10	13-14
180	0	80 /4a-30	4A	Worked stone	3	70.4	Lavastone
181	0	80 /4a-30	4A	Animal bone	3	N/A	N/A
181	0	80 /4a-30	4A	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
181	0	80 /4a-30	4A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
181	176	80 /4a-30	4A	Worked stone	10	233.8	Lavastone
181	176	80 /4a-30	4A	Worked stone	4	4.2	Lavastone (bulk sample)
181	0	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	5	59	13-14
191	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	6	22	800–400/350BC
194	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	6	Neo-BA
194	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
194	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
194	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
194	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	2	7	800–400/350BC
194	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	1	2	10-11?
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	14	Neo-BA
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	8	Meso-Neo

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	5	Meso-Neo
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	4	Neo-BA
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	7	Neo-BA
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	5	Neo-BA
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	1	Neo-BA
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	Flint	1	54	BA-IA
195	190	80 /4a-30	4A	CBM	2	69	Rom?
198	196	80 /4a-30	4A	Pottery	5	111	L17-19
	162	80 /4a-30	4A	Burnt flint	1	10	
	166	80 /4a-30	4A	Burnt flint	13	3	
	166	80 /4a-30	4A	Burnt flint	2	333	
	176	80 /4a-30	4A	Burnt flint	15	234	
154	153	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	1	5	11-12
170	168	81 / 4A-31	4A	Stone Natural	1	93.85	Und
170	168	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	1	2	400/350–50/0BC
170	168	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fired Clay	4	13.5	
186	185	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fired Clay	2	1.5	
186	185	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	1	1	11-12
202	201	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fired Clay	2	3	
	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Burnt flint	5	537	
204	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Animal bone	3	N/A	N/A
204	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Shell	9	152	Oyster
204	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fired Clay	4	29	
204	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	13	162	14?
205	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	7	Neo-BA
205	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	1	4	1150/1100–400/350BC
205	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fired Clay	3	2.5	
205	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	7	12	11-12
206	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fe Object	1	26.92	Und
206	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fired Clay	1	2	
206	203	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	5	18	13-14
210	209	81 / 4A-31	4A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
210	209	81 / 4A-31	4A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
210	209	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fired Clay	1	1.5	
210	209	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	4	28	13?
216	215	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	1	7	10-11?
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	21	Meso-Neo
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	11	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	9	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	7	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	2	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	1	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	4	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	2	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	4	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	8	Neo-BA
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fe Object	1	23.91	Und
234	232	81 / 4A-31	4A	Pottery	12	38	12-14
236	235	81 / 4A-31	4A	Flint	1	3	Neo-BA
236	235	81 / 4A-31	4A	Fe Horseshoe	1	40.34	Late med to P.Med
236	235	81 / 4A-31	4A	Shell	2	27	Oyster
236	235	81 / 4A-31	4A	Animal bone	10	N/A	N/A
236	235	81 / 4A-31	4A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
236	235	81 / 4A-31	4A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A

14.5 Finds by context in Site 5

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
329	328	93 / 5a-03	5A	Fired Clay	3	25.5	
329	328	93 / 5a-03	5A	Pottery	3	26	10-11
333	330	96 / 5a-06	5A	Fe Staple	1	7.25	Mod
337	336	102 / 5a-12	5A	Clay tobacco pipe	2		1780–1920
338	336	102 / 5a-12	5A	Fe Plough	1		Mod
338	336	102 / 5a-12	5A	Fe Object	1		Mod
338	336	102 / 5a-12	5A	Fe Nail	1	4.32	Und
307	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	Fe Object	1	27.45	Und
307	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
307	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	CBM	2	7	pmed
307	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	Pottery	3	15	L12-14
310	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	Flint	1	41	Neo-BA
310	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	Flint	1	4	Neo-BA
310	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	Fe Nail	1	7.4	Und
310	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	Glass	1	5.46	L19–E20
310	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	Shell	1	1	Oyster
310	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	CBM	10	15	pmed
310	306	105 / 5a-15	5A	CBM	6	28	Rom/pmed?
	308	105 / 5a-15	5A	Burnt flint	5	21	
361	360	108 / 5a-18	5A	Flint	1	8	Meso-Neo
361	360	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	10	N/A	N/A
361	360	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
361	360	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
361	360	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	6	N/A	N/A
361	360	108 / 5a-18	5A	Pottery	13	17	12?
360	365	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
323	322	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	4	N/A	N/A
323	322	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
323	322	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
323	322	108 / 5a-18	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
323	322	108 / 5a-18	5A	CBM	2	36	pmed
323	322	108 / 5a-18	5A	CBM	6	18	pmed
323	322	108 / 5a-18	5A	CBM	1	22	pmed
	360	108 / 5a-18	5A	Burnt flint	60	72	
335	334	109 / 5a-19	5A	CBM	2	30	?
335	334	109 / 5a-19	5A	CBM	11	18	?
335	334	109 / 5a-19	5A	CBM	4	203	15-16?
335	334	109 / 5a-19	5A	Pottery	1	7	6-7?
368	365	110 / 5a-20	5A	Shell	2	36	Oyster
368	365	110 / 5a-20	5A	Pottery	5	41	12-14
375		111 / 5a-21	5A	Flint	1	1	Preh
375		111 / 5a-21	5A	Fe Nail	1	2	Und
375		111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	1		
375		111 / 5a-21	5A	Pottery	8	41	12-14
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Cu Alloy Pin	1	0.05	Med

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	40	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	4	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Shell	3	89	Oyster; Whelk
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Shell	1	12	Oyster; Whelk
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	6	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	3	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	3	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
315	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Pottery	114	647	13?
377	376	111 / 5a-21	5A	Shell	1	3	Oyster
377	376	111 / 5a-21	5A	Pottery	35	270	13-14
	313	111 / 5a-21	5A	Burnt flint	37	72	
354	353	112 / 5a-22	5A	Flint	1	13	Lneo-BA
379	378	112 / 5a-22	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
358	355	112 / 5a-22	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
358	355	112 / 5a-22	5A	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
358	355	112 / 5a-22	5A	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
358	355	112 / 5a-22	5A	Animal bone	10	N/A	N/A
358	355	112 / 5a-22	5A	Pottery	63	388	13?
	355	112 / 5a-22	5A	Burnt flint	49	1253	
	371	112 / 5a-22	5A	Burnt flint	30	440	
379	378	112 / 5a-22	5A	Worked stone	1	300	Lavastone
	378	112 / 5a-22	5A	Burnt flint	1	9	

14.6 Finds by context in Site 7

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Flint	1	15	Neo-BA
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Flint	1	3	Preh

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Flint	1	2	Preh
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	1	2	1150/1100–400/350BC
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	1	3	E/MC2
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	3	28	E/MC2
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	6	6	E/MC2
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	2	8	E/MC2
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	1	17	E/MC2
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	1	11	E/MC2
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	1	4	E/MC2
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	1	2	E/MC2
982	981	129 / 7a-03	7A	Pottery	1	4	E/MC2
991	990	130 / 7a-04	7A	Pottery	1	1	MC1-C4
991	990	130 / 7a-04	7A	Pottery	3	4	MC1-C4
991	990	130 / 7a-04	7A	Pottery	3	3	MC1-C4
991	990	130 / 7a-04	7A	Pottery	8	53	MC1-C4
991	990	130 / 7a-04	7A	Pottery	1	3	MC1-C4
991	990	130 / 7a-04	7A	Pottery	1	3	MC1-C4
988	987	135 / 7c-05	7C	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
988	987	135 / 7c-05	7C	Fired Clay	3	4.5	
	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Burnt flint	3	85	
1021	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1021	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
1021	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
1021	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1021	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Pottery	3	45	19-E20
1022	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1022	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
1022	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1022	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	CBM	2	2	?
1022	1019	143 / 7c-13	7C	Pottery	21	43	12-14
	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	Burnt flint	1	12	
1036	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	3	N/A	N/A
1036	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1036	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
1036	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	Fired Clay	8	12	
1036	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	CBM	1	1	pmed
1036	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	CBM	1	1	Rom?
1036	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	Pottery	4	9	16-18
1037	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	CBM	3	14	pmed
1037	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	CBM	1	14	pmed
1037	1035	143 / 7c-13	7C	Pottery	10	23	12-14
1055	1054	143 / 7c-13	7C	Pottery	1	3	MC1-C4
	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Burnt flint	5	123	
1068	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Pottery	5	32	13?
1069	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1069	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1069	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
1069	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Fired Clay	2	3.5	
1069	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Pottery	6	19	12-14
1070	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Fired Clay	3	3	
1070	1067	144 / 7c-14	7C	Pottery	6	28	13-14
1077	1076	144 / 7c-14	7C	Fired Clay	41	69.5	
1051	1049	145 / 7c-15	7C	CBM	1	1	pmed
1052	1049	145 / 7c-15	7C	Fired Clay	2	3	
1053	1049	145 / 7c-15	7C	Fired Clay	1	9.5	
	1015	147 / 7c-17	7C	Burnt flint	1	6	
1016	1015	147 / 7c-17	7C	Shell	1	5	Oyster
1016	1015	147 / 7c-17	7C	Pottery	1	5	12-13
1018	1015	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fired Clay	1	7	
1018	1015	147 / 7c-17	7C	CBM	1	7	pmed
1018	1015	147 / 7c-17	7C	Pottery	8	16	13
1048	1044	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	4	Und
1048	1044	147 / 7c-17	7C	Pottery	4	18	L14-15
1066	1065	147 / 7c-17	7C	Pottery	17	199	11-12
1082	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1083	1080	147 / 7c-17	7C	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
1083	1080	147 / 7c-17	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1083	1080	147 / 7c-17	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1083	1080	147 / 7c-17	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
1083	1080	147 / 7c-17	7C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	11.75	Und
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	10.73	Und
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	5.72	Und
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	1.43	Und
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	1.31	Und
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	0.63	Und
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	1.51	Und
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Fe Nail	1	1	Und
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	CBM	3	5	pmed?
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Pottery	11	43	M16-18
1083	1081	147 / 7c-17	7C	Worked stone	5	500	Lavastone
1110	1107	147 / 7c-17	7C	Pottery	1	6	12-14
	992	148 / 7c-18	7C	Burnt flint	5	109	
1079	1078	151 / 7c-21	7C	Pottery	5	20	L14-15?
1104	1103	151 / 7c-21	7C	Fired Clay	5	18	
1104	1103	151 / 7c-21	7C	CBM	2	7	Rom?
1075	1073	152 / 7c-22	7C	Clay tobacco pipe	1		1580–1680
1075	1073	152 / 7c-22	7C	Pottery	2	3	12-13
1106	0	154 / 7c-24	7C	Fired Clay	3	12	
1106	0	154 / 7c-24	7C	Pottery	16	150	L12-14
1120	1119	154 / 7c-24	7C	Animal bone	2		
1121	1119	154 / 7c-24	7C	Pottery	1	6	13-14
1123	1122	155 / 7c-25	7C	Animal bone	1		
1123	1122	155 / 7c-25	7C	Pottery	7	73	12-14
1124	1122	155 / 7c-25	7C	Pottery	2	21	12-14
500	0	162 / 7c-32	7C	Cu Alloy Mount	1	84.53	1600–1750 AD
	1038	163 / 7c-33	7C	Burnt flint	659	2209	
501	0	—	7C	Flint	1	71	Meso-Neo
1092	1089	169 / 7d-01	7D	Fe Shoe	1	33.39	19th–20th Century
1092	1089	169 / 7d-01	7D	Fe Object	1	24.27	Und

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
1092	1089	169 / 7d-01	7D	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
1092	1089	169 / 7d-01	7D	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
1092	1089	169 / 7d-01	7D	CBM	1	836	pmed
1092	1089	169 / 7d-01	7D	CBM	1	23	pmed
1092	1089	169 / 7d-01	7D	CBM	12	133	mod
1092	1089	169 / 7d-01	7D	CBM	1	16	mod
1088	0	171 / 7d-03	7D	Cu Alloy Thimble	1	7.05	19th–20th Century
1088	0	171 / 7d-03	7D	Glass	1	0.39	L19–E20
1088	0	171 / 7d-03	7D	CBM	1	63	pmed
1088	0	171 / 7d-03	7D	CBM	2	25	pmed
1088	0	171 / 7d-03	7D	CBM	4	20	pmed
1088	0	171 / 7d-03	7D	Pottery	2	13	L12-14
1087	1086	174 / 7d-06	7D	Fe Nail	1	20.35	Und
1087	1086	174 / 7d-06	7D	Fe Nail	1	9.28	Und
1087	1086	174 / 7d-06	7D	Pottery	1	1	12-14
500	0	177 / 7e-01	7E	Flint	1	110	Eneo-Lneo
1155	1153	192 / 7f-13	7F	Flint	1	4	Preh
1155	1153	192 / 7f-13	7F	Flint	1	11	Preh
	1145	192 / 7f-13	7F	Burnt flint	372	8	
	1145	192 / 7f-13	7F	Burnt flint	29	41	
	1147	192 / 7f-13	7F	Burnt flint	758	99	
	1149	192 / 7f-13	7F	Burnt flint	1502	368	
	1153	192 / 7f-13	7F	Burnt flint	68	601	
1128	1127	199 / 7h-01	7H	Fe Nail	1	8.75	Und
1128	1127	199 / 7h-01	7H	Pottery	1	13	13-14?
	1011	209 / 7k-02	7K	Burnt flint	50	111	
	1023	211 / 7k-04	7K	Burnt flint	45	306	
	1025	211 / 7k-04	7K	Burnt flint	26	144	

14.7 Finds by context in Site 9

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
767	766	230 / 9-06	9	CBM	1	9	pmed?

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
767	766	230 / 9-06	9	Pottery	4	19	12-14
769	768	231 / 9-07	9	Fired Clay	1	64.5	
770	768	231 / 9-07	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
771	768	231 / 9-07	9	Pottery	1	8	1150/1100–400/350BC
936	935	233 / 9-09	9	Glass	2	34.43	L19–E20
936	935	233 / 9-09	9	CBM	4	86	pmed
879	878	234 / 9-10	9	Fired Clay	58	513	
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	2	Preh
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	2	Preh
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	5	Neo-BA
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	18	Neo-BA
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	2	1	Preh
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	2	2	Preh
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Fired Clay	8	35	
	810	238 / 9-14	9	Burnt flint	3052	4774	
	832	238 / 9-14	9	Burnt flint	9	21	
	834	238 / 9-14	9	Burnt flint	6	58	
	852	238 / 9-14	9	Burnt flint	406	572	
835	834	238 / 9-14	9	Pottery	3	6	12-13
583	582	240 / 9-16	9	Fired Clay	5	94	
860	859	240 / 9-16	9	Animal bone	12		
860	859	240 / 9-16	9	Pottery	3	10	M16-18
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Shell	1	23	Oyster
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Fired Clay	1	1	
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Pottery	12	23	M-L14
863		240 / 9-16	9	Pottery	1	9	17?
838	837	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	6	11	L14-15?
840	839	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	6	14	M16-18
842	841	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	1	2	1150/1100–

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
							400/350BC
767	766	230 / 9-06	9	CBM	1	9	pmed?
767	766	230 / 9-06	9	Pottery	4	19	12-14
770	768	231 / 9-07	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
771	768	231 / 9-07	9	Pottery	1	8	1150/1100–400/350BC
769	768	231 / 9-07	9	Fired Clay	1	64.5	
936	935	233 / 9-09	9	Glass	2	34.43	L19–E20
936	935	233 / 9-09	9	CBM	4	86	pmed
879	878	234 / 9-10	9	Fired Clay	58	513	
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	2	Preh
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	2	Preh
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	5	Neo-BA
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	1	18	Neo-BA
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	2	1	Preh
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Flint	2	2	Preh
810	810	238 / 9-14	9	Burnt flint	3052	4774	
832	832	238 / 9-14	9	Burnt flint	9	21	
834	834	238 / 9-14	9	Burnt flint	6	58	
852	852	238 / 9-14	9	Burnt flint	406	572	
811	810	238 / 9-14	9	Fired Clay	8	35	
835	834	238 / 9-14	9	Pottery	3	6	12-13
852	851	238/9-14	9	Fired Clay	23	103	--
852	851	238/9-14	9	Fired Clay	9	3	--
860	859	240 / 9-16	9	Pottery	3	10	M16-18
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Shell	1	23	Oyster
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Fired Clay	1	1	
862	861	240 / 9-16	9	Pottery	12	23	M-L14
863	863	240 / 9-16	9	Pottery	1	9	17?
838	837	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	6	11	L14-15?

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
840	839	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	6	14	M16-18
842	841	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	1	2	1150/1100–400/350BC
842	841	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	4	11	12-14
844	843	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	1	1	12-14
846	845	241 / 9-17	9	Pottery	2	6	13-14
854	852	242 / 9-18	9	Pottery	2	13	12-14
854	853	242 / 9-18	9	Flint	1	13	Neo-BA
854	853	242 / 9-18	9	Fe Nail	1	25.68	Und
854	853	242 / 9-18	9	Animal bone	1		
858	856	242 / 9-18	9	Flint	1	5	Neo-BA
881	880	242 / 9-18	9	Flint	1	74	BA-IA
881	880	242 / 9-18	9	Fe Object	1	3.6	Und
881	880	242 / 9-18	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
881	880	242 / 9-18	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
881	880	242 / 9-18	9	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
882	880	242 / 9-18	9	CBM	1	228	Rom
882	880	242 / 9-18	9	Pottery	25	126	M16-18
883	880	242 / 9-18	9	Shell	1	7	Oyster
828	827	243 / 9-19	9	Flint	1	27	Preh
827	827	243 / 9-19	9	Burnt flint	1	23	
828	827	243 / 9-19	9	Pottery	2	22	1150/1100–400/350BC
888	886	247 / 9-25	9	Human Bone	1		
952	951	250/9-26	9	Fired Clay	*297	900	--
952	951	250/9-26	9	Fired Clay	*789	343	--
953	951	250/9-26	9	Fired Clay	9	430	--
953	951	250/9-26	9	Fired Clay	*444	1314.5	--
953	951	250/9-26	9	Fired Clay	*1494	708	--
958	957	251/9-27	9	Fired Clay	157	87	--
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	177	RB
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	15	ERB
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	4	RB
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	9	RB
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	6	RB

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	1	RB
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	177	LC1/EC2
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	15	LC1/EC2
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	4	LC1/EC2
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	9	LC1/EC2
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	6	LC1/EC2
944	943	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	1	LC1/EC2
950	949	250/9-26	9	Pottery	14	26	MC2-C3
956	954	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	99	MRB
956	954	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	17	RB
956	954	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	7	RB
956	954	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	99	MC2-C3
956	954	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	17	MC2-C3
956	954	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	7	MC2-C3
	957	251 / 9-27	9	Burnt flint	70	132	
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Flint	2	4	Neo-BA
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Fe Hobnail	1	1.33	Rom
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	6	N/A	N/A
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	2	RB
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	5	RB
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	2	MC1-C4
958	957	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	5	MC1-C4
	970	251 / 9-27	9	Burnt flint	91	176	
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Fe Nail	1	4.96	Rom
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	11	N/A	N/A
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Fired Clay	5	305	
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Fired Clay	*207	860	
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Fired Clay	*706	349.5	

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	CBM	1	140	Rom
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	11	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	5	6	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	70	120	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	6	12	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	10	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	4	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	7	22	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	7	8	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	4	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	17	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	3	166	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	8	56	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	14	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	48	960	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	7	114	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	46	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	101	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	6	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	4	29	M/LC3
971	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	3	24	M/LC3
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	4	N/A	N/A
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Fired Clay	13	655.5	
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Fired Clay	27	50	
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	5	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	1	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	5	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	6	30	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	3	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	13	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	9	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	11	57	MC3-C4

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	3	14	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	7	49	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	10	66	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	27	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	15	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	4	12	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	3	14	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	4	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	5	35	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	4	34	MC3-C4
972	970	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	2	16	MC3-C4
973	973	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	13	MC3-C4
973	973	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	5	MC3-C4
973	973	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	45	MC3-C4
977	976	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	2	400/350–50/0BC
977	976	251 / 9-27	9	Pottery	1	8	MC1-C4
922	921	253 / 9-29	9	Flint	1	5	Meso-Neo
922	921	253 / 9-29	9	Flint	1	14	BA-IA
922	921	253 / 9-29	9	Pottery	6	65	12-14
501		255 / 9-31	9	Flint	1	54	Lneo-BA
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	Fe Barbed Wire	1	17.29	Mod
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	Fe Nail	1	9.17	Und
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	Fe Nail	1	27.03	Und
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	Fe Object	1	4.22	Und
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	Glass	1	1.31	L19–E20
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	CBM	2	500	pmed
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	CBM	1	74	pmed
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	CBM	1	16	pmed
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	CBM	1	789	pmed
893	892	255 / 9-31	9	CBM	1	36	pmed
	902	256 / 9-32	9	Burnt flint	2	7	
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	5	Meso-Neo
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	33	BA-IA

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	17	BA-IA
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	89	BA-IA
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	1	Preh
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	5	Preh
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	37	Preh
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Flint	1	26	Preh
903	902	256 / 9-32	9	Pottery	2	7	12-14
925	924	258/9-34	9	Burnt Flint	7	215	--
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Animal bone	25	N/A	N/A
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	1	2	MRB
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	4	47	RB
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	3	19	RB
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	2	5	RB
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	1	4	RB
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	1	2	M/LC2
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	4	47	M/LC2
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	3	19	M/LC2
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	2	5	M/LC2
928	926	257 / 9-33	9	Pottery	1	4	M/LC2
500	0	--	9	Flint	1	29	
501	0	--	9	Burnt Flint	112	600	
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	22	Lneo-BA
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	82	Lneo-BA
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	20	Lneo-BA
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	38	Lneo-BA
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	6	Meso-Neo
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	8	Meso-Neo
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	8	Preh
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	13	Neo-BA
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	26	BA-IA
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	2	10	Neo-BA
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	9	Meso-Neo
501	0	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	4	76	1150/1100–400/350BC

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
	910	258 / 9-34	9	Burnt flint	3	7	
911	910	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	80	Neo-BA
911	910	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	6	Neo-BA
911	910	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	4	Meso-Neo
911	910	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	17	Neo-BA
911	910	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
911	910	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	11	Neo-BA
911	910	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	1	18	3700–3300BC
	912	258 / 9-34	9	Burnt flint	13	47	
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	4	2	Preh
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	5	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	2	Preh
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint			Preh
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	2	3	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	8	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	6	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	9	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	7	Eneo-Lneo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	1	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	44	Neo-BA
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	24	Neo-BA
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	6	Neo-BA
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	11	Neo-BA
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	12	Neo-BA
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	22	Neo-BA
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	5	4	Preh
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	9	Preh
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	5	Preh

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
913	912	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	18	875	3700–3300BC
915	914	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	6	Eneo-Lneo
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	10	Meso-Neo
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	12	Meso-Neo
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	11	Meso-Neo
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	8	Meso-Neo
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	2	Meso-Neo
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	3	Preh
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	1	Preh
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	2	Preh
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	233	Preh
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	3	4	RB
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Fired Clay	1	15	
925	924	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	3	4	MC1-C4
	929	258 / 9-34	9	Burnt flint	3	83	
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	32	Preh
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	17	Meso-Neo
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	12	Neo-BA
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	16	Preh
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	7	Meso-Neo
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	3	Neo-BA
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	2	Preh
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	3	Neo-BA
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Flint	1	7	Preh
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	1	10	RB
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	1	2	RB
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	1	1	RB
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	1	10	MC1-C4
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	1	2	MC1-C4
932	931	258 / 9-34	9	Pottery	1	1	MC1-C4
	933	258 / 9-34	9	Burnt flint	2	32	
909	908	259 / 9-35	9	Pottery	23	242	800–400/350BC
909	908	259 / 9-35	9	Fired Clay	1	16	
	900	260 / 9-36	9	Burnt flint	1078	4014	
901	900	260 / 9-36	9	Pottery	1	6	RB

Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
901	900	260 / 9-36	9	Pottery	1	6	MC1-C4
885	884	261 / 9-37	9	Pottery	2	6	13-14
895	894	261 / 9-37	9	Pottery	4	1	MRB
895	894	261 / 9-37	9	Pottery	4	1	C2
905	904	261 / 9-37	9	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
905	904	261 / 9-37	9	Pottery	1	2	1150/1100–400/350BC
905	904	261 / 9-37	9	Fired Clay	2	7	
938	937	263 / 9-39	9	CBM	1	47	Rom
938	937	263 / 9-39	9	Pottery	2	11	13-14?
939	937	263 / 9-39	9	Pottery	1	12	400/350–50/0BC
939	937	263 / 9-39	9	CBM	1	107	Rom

14.8 Finds by context in Site 10

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
SITE 10							
636	635	264 / 10b-01	10B	CBM	2	20	pmed
636	635	264 / 10b-01	10B	CBM	1	384	18–19
554	553	268 / 10b-05	10B	Glass	4	173	L19–E20
554	553	268 / 10b-05	10B	Glass	2	35.08	L19–E20
554	553	268 / 10b-05	10B	Pottery	11	482	L19–E20
579	556	268 / 10b-05	10B	Clay tobacco pipe	3		1660–1680
579	556	268 / 10b-05	10B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
579	556	268 / 10b-05	10B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
579	556	268 / 10b-05	10B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
579	556	268 / 10b-05	10B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
579	556	268 / 10b-05	10B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
579	556	268 / 10b-05	10B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
579	556	268 / 10b-05	10B	Pottery	5	130	18
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	1	Preh
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	5	Preh
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	5	Preh

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	6	Preh
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	52	Lneo-BA
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Fired Clay	8	27	
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	CBM	1	2	mod
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	CBM	1	3	Rom?
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	CBM	3	11	pmed
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	CBM	4	6	pmed
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Pottery	3	15	12–14
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	1	Preh
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	3	Meso-Neo
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	5	Preh
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	5	Preh
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	6	Preh
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Flint	1	52	Lneo-BA
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Fired Clay	8	27	
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	CBM	1	2	mod
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	CBM	1	3	Rom?
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	CBM	3	11	pmed
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	CBM	4	6	pmed
562	561	274 / 10b-11	10B	Pottery	3	15	12–14
552	551	276 / 10b-13	10B	Fired Clay	36	19	
552	551	276 / 10b-13	10B	Pottery	2	1	11–12+
623	622	280 / 10b-17	10B	Fired Clay	4	173.5	
623	622	280 / 10b-17	10B	Pottery	150	996	11
625	624	280 / 10b-17	10B	Fired Clay	14	1568	
625	624	280 / 10b-17	10B	Pottery	500	3495	11
637	624	280 / 10b-17	10B	Pottery	100	677	11
578	577	281 / 10b-18	10B	Flint	1	7	Neo-BA
513	512	282 / 10c-01	10C	Clay tobacco pipe	1		1580–1680
513	512	282 / 10c-01	10C	CBM	1	4	pmed
513	512	282 / 10c-01	10C	CBM	1	14	Rom?
513	512	282 / 10c-01	10C	CBM	1	45	Rom?
513	512	282 / 10c-01	10C	CBM	1	227	Rom

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
513	512	282 / 10c-01	10C	CBM	7	18	Rom?
513	512	282 / 10c-01	10C	Pottery	3	42	18–19
528	527	284 / 10c-03	10C	Pottery	1	24	14?
530	529	284 / 10c-03	10C	Pottery	3	7	20?
530	529	284 / 10c-03	10C	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
530	529	284 / 10c-03	10C	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
545	543	284 / 10c-03	10C	Pottery	18	118	13–14
526	525	286 / 10c-05	10C	CBM	1	154	18–19
526	525	286 / 10c-05	10C	Pottery	5	9	12–13
547	546	286 / 10c-05	10C	Pottery	10	26	12–13?
528	527	287 / 10c-06	10C	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
619	618	288 / 10c-07	10C	Shell	1	8	Oyster
627	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Flint	1	1	Preh
627	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Flint	1	2	Preh
627	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Fired Clay	8	48	
627	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	CBM	1	202	Rom
627	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Pottery	26	629	15–16
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Flint	1	1	Preh
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Flint	1	3	Preh
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Flint	1	4	Meso-Neo
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Flint	1	4	Neo-BA
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Flint	1	12	Neo-BA
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Flint	1	14	BA-IA
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Fired Clay	100	61	
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Fired Clay	103	315.5	
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Fe Nail	1	3.65	Und
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Fe Tool	1	58	Und
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Pb Pot Mend	1	14.47	Und
628	626	288 / 10c-07	10C	Pottery	420	4071	11
739	738	308 / 10e-01	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
739	738	308 / 10e-01	10E	Pottery	1	48	M16-18
745	744	308 / 10e-01	10E	Fired Clay	3	14.5	
745	744	308 / 10e-01	10E	Pottery	1	2	15-16
749	748	309 / 10e-02	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
749	748	309 / 10e-02	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
747	746	309 / 10e-02	10E	Pottery	2	20	13-14

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
749	748	309 / 10e-02	10E	Pottery	4	7	13?
741	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Animal bone	3	N/A	N/A
741	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
741	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
743	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
743	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Animal bone	5	N/A	N/A
743	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
743	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Animal bone	6	N/A	N/A
741	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Pottery	3	48	Rom or med
743	740	310 / 10e-03	10E	Pottery	27	98	15-16
718	717	311 / 10e-04	10E	Flint	1	2	Preh
718	717	311 / 10e-04	10E	Fired Clay	1	1	
718	717	311 / 10e-04	10E	Pottery	2	6	13-14
720	717	311 / 10e-04	10E	Pottery	1	2	12-14
722	721	311 / 10e-04	10E	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
722	721	311 / 10e-04	10E	Pottery	3	2	M16-18
708	707	312 / 10e-05	10E	Fired Clay	10	40	
700	699	312 / 10e-05	10E	Fired Clay	8	20.5	
727	726	313 / 10e-06	10E	Fe Nail	1	2	Und
696	695	313 / 10e-06	10E	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
696	695	313 / 10e-06	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
696	695	313 / 10e-06	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
696	695	313 / 10e-06	10E	Pottery	17	70	12-13
704	703	313 / 10e-06	10E	Pottery	7	55	L14-15?
723		313 / 10e-06	10E	Pottery	21	169	13-14
727	726	313 / 10e-06	10E	Fired Clay	30	23	
727	726	313 / 10e-06	10E	Pottery	16	47	M-L14
714	712	315 / 10e-08	10E	Animal bone	15	N/A	N/A
714	712	315 / 10e-08	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
708	707	315 / 10e-08	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
708	707	315 / 10e-08	10E	Animal bone	1	N/A	N/A
711	709	315 / 10e-08	10E	Animal bone	2	N/A	N/A
714	712	315 / 10e-08	10E	Fired Clay	3	10	
694	693	315 / 10e-08	10E	Pottery	3	45	12-14
708	707	315 / 10e-08	10E	Pottery	39	203	M16-18
711	709	315 / 10e-08	10E	Pottery	12	42	12-14

Context	Cut	Trench	Field	Finds category	Count	Weight (g)	Spot dating/comments
714	712	315 / 10e-08	10E	Pottery	18	89	12-14
500		309 / 10e-02	10E	Pottery	37	475	16

15 APPENDIX 4: TRENCH TABLE

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
1 / Sub-01	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
2 / BESS-01	SE-NW	0.4	0.29	0.1	0.31	0.09	Single Pit/Watering Hole
3 / BESS-02	SE-NW	0.4	0.32	0.08	0.33	0.05	Blank
4 / BESS-03	N-S	0.4	0.31	0.05	0.3	0.07	One ditch
5 / BESS-04	E-W	0.4	0.27	0.07	0.29	0.07	One ditch
6 / 1a-01	SE-NW	0.4	0.24	0.11	0.26	0.13	Two ditches and one pit
7 / 1a-02	N-S	0.4	0.29	0.09	0.28	0.1	Blank
8 / 1b-01	NE-SW	0.4	0.24	0.05	0.23	0.09	Blank
9 / 1b-02	E-W	0.38	0.23	0.12	0.24	0.14	Two ditches
10 / 1b-03	N-S	0.45	0.27	0.1	0.25	0.12	One ditch and one pit
11 / 1b-04	N-S	0.4	0.21	0.12	0.23	0.1	One ditch
12 / 1b-05	N-S	0.4	0.31	0.07	0.33	0.06	One ditch
13 / 1b-06	NE-SW	0.4	0.3	0.05	0.3	0.05	One ditch
14 / 1b-07	N-S	0.44	0.32	0.08	0.34	0.06	One ditch
15 / 1b-08	N-S	0.4	0.27	0.11	0.31	0.08	Two ditches
16 / 1b-09	SW-NE	0.4	0.25	0.01	0.3	0.06	One ditch
17 / 1b-10	E-W	0.4	0.3	0.08	0.3	0.09	One ditch and one pit
18 / 1b-11	N-S	0.45	0.29	0.11	0.31	0.13	Blank
19 / 1b-12	E-W	0.45	0.31	0.12	0.32	0.12	One ditch and three postholes
20 / 1b-13	N-S	0.45	0.26	0.13	0.26	0.15	One ditch
21 / 1b-14	E-W	0.4	0.27	0.12	0.3	0.08	One ditch
22 / 1b-15	N-S	0.45	0.27	0.12	0.3	0.11	One ditch
23 / 1b-16	N-S	0.44	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	Blank
24 / 2a-01	N-S	0.4	0.28	0.08	0.27	0.08	Seven ditches and one pit
25 / 2a-02	N-S	0.4	0.29	0.07	0.3	0.07	Two ditches

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
26 / 2a-03	N-S	0.4	0.33	0.06	0.32	0.07	One ditch
27 / 2a-04	N-S	0.4	0.28	0.09	0.28	0.05	Two ditches
28 / 2b-01	N-S	0.45	0.34	0.06	0.35	0.07	One ditch
29 / 2b-02	NE-SW	0.35	0.28	0.05	0.27	0.05	Two ditches
30 / 2b-03	N-S	0.4	0.29	0.08	0.3	0.09	One ditch
31 / 2b-04	N-S	0.4	0.29	0.1	0.28	0.12	One ditch
32 / 2c-01	N-S	0.4	0.29	0.8	0.28	0.11	One ditch
33 / 3b-01	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
34 / 3b-02	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
35 / 3b-03	NE-SW	0.3	0.25	0	0.25	0	One ditch
36 / 3b-04	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
37 / 3b-05	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
38 / 3b-06	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
39 / 3b-07	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One natural feature
40 / 3b-08	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch and one natural feature
41 / 3b-09	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One pit and one natural feature
42 / 3b-10	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One natural feature
43 / 3b-11	E-W	0.4	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
44 / 3b-12	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches, two pits and a natural feature
45 / 3b-13	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches, two pits and a cobbled surface
46 / 3b-14	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches and a cobbled surface
47 / 3b-15	SE-NW	0.4	0.35	0	0.35	0	One ditch
48 / 3b-16	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0	0	One ditch
49 / 3b-17	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
50 / 3b-18	NE-SW	0.3	0.25	0	0.25	0	One ditch
51 / 4a-01	N-S	0.6	0.35	0.25	0.35	0.25	One ditch
52 / 4a-02	N-S	0.55	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	Blank
53 / 4a-03	SE-NW	0.55	0.3	0.2	0.3	0	One ditch and one natural feature
54 / 4a-04	N-S	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	Blank
55 / 4a-05	N-S	0.4	0.35	0.1	0.3	0.1	Blank
56 / 4a-06	NE-SW	0.45	0.3	0.2	0.35	0.2	Two ditches
57 / 4a-07	E-W	0.4	0.35	0	0.35	0	One ditch and three ovens
58 / 4a-08	E-W	0.4	0.35	0	0.35	0	Three ditches
59 / 4a-09	N-S	0.55	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	One ditch
60 / 4a-10	N-S	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	Blank
61 / 4a-11	E-W	0.5	0.3	0.15	0.3	0.2	Wall foundation
62 / 4a-12	NE-SW	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	0	Three ditches and three natural features
63 / 4a-13	N-S	0.45	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	One ditch
64 / 4a-14	NE-SW	0.5	0.35	0.1	0.35	0.1	Three ditches
65 / 4a-15	NE-SW	0.55	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	Two ditches and one pit
66 / 4a-16	NE-SW	0.4	0.35	0	0.35	0	Two ditches
67 / 4a-17	NE-SW	0.45	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	One ditch and one pit/well
68 / 4a-18	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Three ditches
69 / 4a-19	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
70 / 4a-20	E-W	0.4	0.3	0.05	0.3	0.05	Two ditches
71 / 4a-21	NE-SW	0.55	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	A possible trackway and a pit
72 / 4a-22	NE-SW	0.45	0.3	0.15	0.3	0.15	A possible trackway
73 / 4a-23	E-W	0.4	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
74 / 4a-24	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One natural feature
75 / 4a-25	E-W	0.4	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
76 / 4a-26	N-S	0.8	0.35	0.1	0.35	0.1	Blank
77 / 4a-27	E-W	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	One ditch and one pit
78 / 4a-28	E-W	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	Two ditches
79 / 4a-29	N-S	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	One ditch
80 / 4a-30	NE-SW	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	0	Five ditches and two pits
81 / 4a-31	SE-NW	0.45	0.3	0	0.35	0.1	A series of ditches, linears and pits, not fully defined
82 / 4b-01	SE-NW	0.87	0.35	0.52	0.34	0.25	A series of natural features/hollows
83 / 4b-02	E-W	0.58	0.32	0.26	0.39	0	One ditch and one pit
84 / 4b-03	NE-SW	0.49	0.31	0.15	0.27	0.22	Blank
85 / 4b-04	E-W	0.72	0.4	0.32	0.33	0	One pit
86 / 4b-05	E-W	0.4	0.37	0	0.4	0	One pit
87 / 4b-06	E-W	0.29	0.29	0.25	0.28	0.16	One pit and one natural feature
88 / 4b-07	N-S	0.56	0.23	0.25	0.35	0.21	One ditch
89 / 4b-08	E-W	0.26	0.24	0	0.26	0	Two ditches
90 / 4b-09	N-S	0.38	0.38	0	0.19	0	One ditch
91 / 5a-01	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
92 / 5a-02	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
93 / 5a-03	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
94 / 5a-04	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
95 / 5a-05	NE-SW	0.35	0.35	0	0.3	0	Blank
96 / 5a-06	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
97 / 5a-07	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
98 / 5a-08	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
99 / 5a-09	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
100 / 5a-10	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
101 / 5a-11	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
102 / 5a-12	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
103 / 5a-13	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
104 / 5a-14	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
105 / 5a-15	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
106 / 5a-16	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
107 / 5a-17	N-S	0.6	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
108 / 5a-18	N-S	0.65	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
109 / 5a-19	E-W	0.5	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
110 / 5a-20	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
111 / 5a-21	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch, one posthole and a layer
112 / 5a-22	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches and three pits
113 / 5a-23	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
114 / 5a-24	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches, one posthole, one pit, one metaled surface and a layer
115 / 5a-25	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
116 / 5a-26	SE-NW	0.4	0.35	0	0.35	0	One natural feature
117 / 5a-27	NE-SW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
118 / 5a-28	SE-NW	0.3	0.2	0	0.25	0	Blank
119 / 5b-01	-	-	-	-	-	--	Dropped from scheme
120 / 5b-02	NE-SW	0.32	0.3	0	0.32	0	One ditch
121 / 5b-03	SE-NW	1.2	0.23	0.49	0.24	0.22	One ditch and one pit

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
122 / 5b-04	NE-SW	0.39	0.2	0.12	0.22	0.18	Blank
123 / 5b-05	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
124 / 5b-06	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
125 / 5b-07	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
126 / 5b-08	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
127 / 7a-01	NE-SW	0.28	0.28	0	0.27	0	Two natural features
128 / 7a-02	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.27	0	One ditch
129 / 7a-03	SE-NW	0.46	0.32	0.15	0.3	0	Two ditches
130 / 7a-04	NE-SW	0.31	0.28	0	0.31	0	Two ditches
131 / 7c-01	E-W	0.29	0.29	0	0.28	0	Blank
132 / 7c-02	NE-SW	0.28	0.28	0	0.26	0	One ditch
133 / 7c-03	SE-NW	0.29	0.28	0	0.29	0	Blank
134 / 7c-04	NE-SW	0.28	0.28	0	0.27	0	Two ditches and a natural feature
135 / 7c-05	NE-SW	0.37	0.37	0	0.32	0	One ditch, two pits and a natural feature
136 / 7c-06	E-W	0.29	0.28	0	0.29	0	One ditch
137 / 7c-07	E-W	0.27	0.26	0	0.27	0	One ditch
138 / 7c-08	N-S	0.27	0.26	0	0.25	0	Blank
139 / 7c-09	E-W	0.26	0.26	0	0.24	0	Blank
140 / 7c-10	E-W	0.31	0.29	0	0.31	0	One ditch
141 / 7c-11	N-S	0.3	0.28	0	0.3	0	One ditch
142 / 7c-12	E-W	0.28	0.25	0	0.28	0	One ditch
143 / 7c-13	SE-NW	0.29	0.26	0	0.29	0	Two ditches and one pit
144 / 7c-14	E-W	0.45	0.45	0	0.4	0	One pit and two natural features
145 / 7c-15	N-S	0.43	0.4	0	0.43	0	One ditch
146 / 7c-16	E-W	0.4	0.4	0	0.35	0	Blank

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
147 / 7c-17	SE-NW	0.38	0.38	0	0.35	0	Four ditches and a metaled surfaced
148 / 7c-18	SE-NW	0.32	0.28	0	0.32	0	One pit and one natural feature
149 / 7c-19	E-W	0.36	0.35	0	0.36	0	Blank
150 / 7c-20	SE-NW	0.39	0.38	0	0.39	0	Blank
151 / 7c-21	SE-NW	0.35	0.28	0	0.35	0	One pond
152 / 7c-22	N-S	0.38	0.38	0	0.36	0	One ditch and one pit
153 / 7c-23	N-S	0.5	0.5	0	0.45	0	Blank
154 / 7c-24	N-S	0	0.34	0	0.38	0	One ditch and one hollow
155 / 7c-25	NE-SW	0.32	0.35	0	0.32	0	Two ditches, two postholes and a spread
156 / 7c-26	SE-NW	0.84	0.5	0.34	0.48	0.3	Blank
157 / 7c-27	N-S	0.39	0.39	0	0.37	0	Blank
158 / 7c-28	E-W	0.34	0.31	0	0.34	0	Blank
159 / 7c-29	NE-SW	0.37	0.37	0	0.35	0	Blank
160 / 7c-30	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.28	0	One ditch
161 / 7c-31	SE-NW	0.45	0.45	0	0.4	0	One ditch
162 / 7c-32	NE-SW	0.42	0.42	0	0.38	0	One ditch
163 / 7c-33	NE-SW	0.38	0.36	0	0.39	0	One pit
164 / 7c-34	N-S	0.42	0.4	0	0.42	0	Blank
165 / 7c-35	E-W	0.34	0.34	0	0.33	0	One ditch
166 / 7c-36	E-W	0.4	0.4	0	0.38	0	Blank
167 / 7b-02	N-S	0.38	0.36	0	0.38	0	Blank
168 / 7b-01	SE-NW	0.41	0.34	0	0.41	0	Blank
169 / 7d-01	NE-SW	0.41	0.37	0	0.41	0	One ditch
170 / 7d-02	SE-NW	0.42	0.38	0	0.42	0	Blank
171 / 7d-03	N-S	0.39	0.38	0	0.39	0	One spread
172 / 7d-04	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
173 / 7d-05	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
174 / 7d-06	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
175 / 7d-07	SE-NW	0.38	0.37	0	0.38	0	Blank
176 / 7d-08	SE-NW	0.39	0.39	0	0.37	0	Blank
177 / 7e-01	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
178 / 7e-02	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
179 / 7e-03	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
180 / 7f-01	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
181 / 7f-02	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
182 / 7f-03	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
183 / 7f-04	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
184 / 7f-05	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
185 / 7f-06	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
186 / 7f-07	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
187 / 7f-08	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
188 / 7f-09	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
189 / 7f-10	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
190 / 7f-11	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
191 / 7f-12	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
192 / 7f-13	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two pits and three postholes
193 / 7f-14	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
194 / 7g-01	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
195 / 7g-02	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
196 / 7g-03	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
197 / 7g-04	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
198 / 7g-05	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
199 / 7h-01	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
200 / 7h-02	NE-SW	0.36	0.35	0	0.36	0	One ditch and one layer
201 / 7h-03	NE-SW	0.38	0.38	0	0.37	0	Blank
202 / 7l-01	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
203 / 7l-02	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
204 / 7j-01	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
205 / 7j-02	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
206 / 7j-03	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
207 / 7j-04	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
208 / 7k-01	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
209 / 7k-02	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
210 / 7k-03	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
211 / 7k-04	N-S	0.38	0.38	0	0.37	0	One ditch and one watering hole
212 / 7k-05	NE-SW	0.38	0.37	0	0.38	0	One ditch
213 / 7k-06	NE-SW	0.39	0.39	0	0.38	0	Blank
214 / 7k-07	SE-NW	0.38	0.36	0	0.38	0	Blank
215 / 7k-08	NE-SW	0.38	0.36	0	0.38	0	Blank
216 / 8a-01	N-S	0.48	0.28	0.12	0.36	0.12	Two ditches
217 / 8a-02	SE-NW	0.43	0.32	0	0.38	0	Blank
218 / 8a-03	SE-NW	0.49	0.3	0.19	0.32	0.09	Blank
219 / 8a-04	SE-NW	0.81	0.39	0.18	0.57	0.11	One ditch
220 / 8a-05	SE-NW	0.42	0.33	0.11	0.31	0.08	Blank
221 / 8b-01	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
222 / 8b-02	SE-NW	0.5	0.45	0	0.45	0	One ditch
223 / 8b-03	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
224 / 8b-04	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
225 / 9-01	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
226 / 9-02	-	-	-	-	-		Dropped from scheme
227 / 9-03	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
228 / 9-04	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dropped from scheme
229 / 9-05	N-S	0.3	0.25	0	0.25	0	Blank
230 / 9-06	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
231 / 9-07	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One pit/watering hole
232 / 9-08	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
233 / 9-09	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
234 / 9-10	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One pit
235 / 9-11	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
236 / 9-12	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
237 / 9-13	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
238 / 9-14	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches and two pits
239 / 9-15	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
240 / 9-16	E-W	0.3	0.25	0	0.25	0	Two ditches and a metaled surface forming a trackway
241 / 9-17	N-S	0.3	0.25	0	0.25	0	Four ditches and one pit
242 / 9-18	E-W	0.4	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches and one pit
243 / 9-19	E-W	0.35	0.3	0.05	0.3	0.05	One ditch and two pits
244 / 9-20	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
245 / 9-21	SE-NW	0.45	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	Two ditches
246 / 9-22	NE-SW	0.4	0.3	0.05	0.3	0.05	Two ditches and two possible ring gullies
247 / 9-23	SE-NW	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	Four ditches, four pits, seven postholes, some of which form a roundhouse
248 / 9-24	NE-SW	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	Four ditches, two pits or postholes
249 / 9-25	SE-NW	0.4	0.3	0.05	0.3	0.1	Three ditches,

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
							three pits and one layer
250 / 9-26	N-S	0.5	0.3	0	0.3	0.2	Two ovens and two pits
251 / 9-27	N-S	0.4	0.35	0	0.35	0	One Roman pottery kiln, one oven, three ditches and two pits
252 / 9-28	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
253 / 9-29	E-W	0.5	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches and one pit
254 / 9-30	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
255 / 9-31	N-S	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
256 / 9-32	N-S	0.4	0.35	0	0.35	0	Three ditches
257 / 9-33	E-W	0.45	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	One ditch
258 / 9-34	NE-SW	0.8	0.35	0.2	0.35	0.1	Two ditches and five pits
259 / 9-35	NE-SW	0.45	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	One pit
260 / 9-36	SE-NW	0.4	0.3	0.05	0.3	0.05	One pit
261 / 9-37	SE-NW	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	One pit, four cultivation beds
262 / 9-38	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
263 / 9-39	E-W	0.4	0.35	0	0.35	0	Two ditches and one pit
264 / 10b-01	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
265 / 10b-02	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
266 / 10b-03	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
267 / 10b-04	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
268 / 10b-05	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches, one pit and a wall foundation
269 / 10b-06	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch, two brick manholes and a metaled

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
							surface
270 / 10b-07	SE-NW	0.4	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
271 / 10b-08	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
272 / 10b-09	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
273 / 10b-10	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
274 / 10b-11	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
275 / 10b-12	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two ditches
276 / 10b-13	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch and one possible charcoal clamp
277 / 10b-14	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Three ditches
278 / 10b-15	NE-SW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One pit
279 / 10b-16	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
280 / 10b-17	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One Late Saxon pottery kiln with rake-out, and one pit
281 / 10b-18	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One pond
282 / 10c-01	N-S	0.62	0.32	0.18	0.37	0.1	Three ditches
283 / 10c-02	N-S	0.46	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.16	Two ditches
284 / 10c-03	E-W	0.67	0.29	0.12	0.32	0.12	Two ditches
285 / 10c-04	N-S	0.37	0.31	0	0.37	0	Blank
286 / 10c-05	E-W	0.41	0.3	0.11	0.3	0.11	Three ditches
287 / 10c-06	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
288 / 10c-07	E-W	0.35	0.3	0	0.3	0	Three ditches and one pit
289 / 10c-08	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
290 / 10c-09	N-S	0.58	0.3	0.2	0.37	0.21	Three ditches and one pit
291 / 10c-10	E-W	0.74	0.3	0.36	0.3	0.32	Three ditches and one pit
292 / 10c-11	N-S	0.31	0.3	0	0.31	0	Blank
293 / 10c-12	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
294 / 10c-13	E-W	0.42	0.3	0	0.3	0	Four ditches

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
295 / 10c-14	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Three ditches and one pit
296 / 10c-15	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One Late Saxon pottery kiln and two ditches
297 / 10c-16	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Three ditches and one pit
298 / 10c-17	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two Late Saxon pottery kilns, two ditches and five pits or postholes
299 / 10c-18	E-W	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
300 / 10c-19	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
301 / 10c-20	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Blank
302 / 10c-21	SE-NW	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch and one pit
303 / 10c-22	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	One ditch
304 / 10c-23	N-S	1.2	0.3	0.3	0.36	0	One large hollow with modern backfill
305 / 10c-24	N-S	0.43	0.32	0	0.3	0	One ditch
306 / 10c-25	E-W	0.4	0.37	0	0.36	0	One ditch
307 / 10c-26	N-S	0.37	0.28	0	0.31	0	One ditch
308 / 10e-01	E-W	0.52	0.3	0.22	0.3	0.13	One ditch and one pit
309 / 10e-02	N-S	0.42	0.3	0.12	0.3	0.04	Three ditches and one pit
310 / 10e-03	N-S	0.3	0.3	0	0.3	0	Two pits
311 / 10e-04	N-S	0.42	0.3	0	0.3	0.12	Two ditches
312 / 10e-05	N-S	0.65	0.54	0	0.33	0	One possible oven and two pits
313 / 10e-06	E-W	0.54	0.3	0	0.29	0	Two ditches, three pits and

Trench Number	Alignment	Max Machine depth (m)	Topsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 1 (m)	Topsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Subsoil thickness End 2 (m)	Archaeological Remains
							one layer
314 / 10e-07	E-W	0.32	0.29	0	0.28	0	Blank
315 / 10e-08	SE-NW	0.48	0.34	0	0.48	0	Three ditches and a pit

16 APPENDIX 5: CONTEXT DATA

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
1	1		0	Topsoil	Topsoil	0	0	0.3	Soft dark brownish grey clayey silt
2	2		0	Subsoil	Subsoil	0	0	0.3	Soft mid greyish brown sandy silt
3	3		0	Natural	Natural	0	0	0	Mixed clays and sands
4	4	3B	44	Cut	Pit	4	2	0.72	Sub-circular, steep sides, not reached base
5	4	3B	44	Fill	Pit	4	2	0.72	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay with patches ofsmall/medium chalk inclusions
6	6	3B	45	Cut	Pit	0.38	0.35	0.1	Sub-circular, gradual sides, flat base
7	6	3B	45	Fill	Posthole	0.38	0.35	0.1	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay with occasional sm/med stones
8	8	3B	45	Cut	Ditch	2	0.75	0.26	Linear, steep sides, concave base
9	8	3B	45	Fill	Ditch	2	0.75	0.25	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional medium flints, rare large flints.
10	10	3B	43	Cut	Ditch	1	1.43	0.5	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
11	10	3B	43	Fill	Ditch	1	1.23	0.5	Soft mid reddish grey silty clay with occasional small charcoal
12	10	3B	43	Fill	Ditch	1	1.43	0.39	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with occasional small charcoal

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
13	13	3B	43	Cut	Ditch	1	0.82	0.25	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
14	13	3B	43	Fill	Ditch	1	0.82	0.25	Firm mid reddish brown silty clay
15	15	3B	50	Cut	Ditch	1	4.09	0.59	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
16	15	3B	50	Fill	Ditch	1	1.54	0.2	Hard mid orangish grey silty clay
17	15	3B	50	Fill	Ditch	1	4.09	0.37	Firm mid orangish brown clayey silt
18	18	3B	41	Cut	Pit	0.55	0.5	0.11	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
19	18	3B	41	Fill	Pit	55	50	0.11	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small flints (not burnt)
20	20	3B	44	Cut	Pit	0.56	0.55	0.1	Circular, moderate sides, concave base
21	20	3B	44	Fill	Pit	0.56	0.55	0.1	Firm dark greyish black clay with frequent charcoal
22	20	3B	45	Fill	Pit	0.2	0.2	0.06	Hard mid yellowish brown clay
23	23	3B	44	Cut	Ditch	1	1.31	0.43	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
24	23	3B	44	Fill	Ditch	1	1.29	0.22	Hard mid greyish orange clay with frequent small chalk, occasional small charcoal
25	23	3B	44	Fill	Ditch	1	1.31	0.21	Soft mid reddish brown silty clay
26	26	3B	48	Cut	Ditch	1	2.74	0.63	Linear, steep sides, flat base and NW-SE aligned

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
27	26	3B	48	Fill	Ditch	1	2.74	0.63	Compact light yellowish brown silty clay
28	28	3B	34	Cut	Ditch	1	2.2	1.1	Linear, steep sides, flat base and N-S aligned
29	28	3B	34	Fill	Ditch	1	2.2	1.1	Firm dark orangish grey silty clay
30	30	3B	38	Cut	Ditch	1	3	0.92	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
31	30	3B	38	Fill	Ditch	1	3	0.92	Hard dark greyish brown clayey silt
32	32	3B	47	Cut	Ditch	1.4	1	0.56	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
33	32	3B	47	Fill	Ditch	1.4	1	0.56	Firm mid orangish brown clay with occasional flint inclusions, occasional small chalk inclusions
34	34	3B	35	Cut	Ditch	1	2	0.76	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
35	34	3B	35	Fill	Ditch	1	2	0.76	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with large rooting on northern edge, occasional flint inclusions.
36	36	3B	38	Cut	Ditch	1	3.2	1.2	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
37	36	3B	37	Fill	Ditch	1	3.2	1.2	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
38	38	3B	46	Cut	Ditch	1	3.55	0.94	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
39	38	3B	46	Fill	Ditch	1	3.55	0.64	Compact mid yellowish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									brown silty clay with moderate flints
40	38	3B	46	Fill	Ditch	1	2.4	0.4	Compact light yellowish brown silty clay
41	41	3B	33	Cut	Ditch	1	2.28	0.8	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
42	41	3B	33	Fill	Ditch	1	2.28	0.8	Hard mid orangish brown clayey silt
43	43	3B	33	Cut	Ditch	1	1.9	0.6	Linear, complex sides, flat base and NW-SE aligned
44	43	3B	33	Fill	Ditch	1	1.9	0.6	Hard mid yellowish brown silty clay with occasional stones, rare charcoal
45	45	3B	36	Cut	Ditch	1	2.6	77	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
46	45	3B	36	Fill	Ditch	1	2.6	0.77	Compact mid yellowish brown silty clay with occasional
47	47	3B	45	Cut	Pit	1.5	1	0.74	Irregular, steep sides, not reached base
48	47	3B	45	Fill	Pit	1.5	1	0.74	Compact mid reddish grey clay with frequent small chalk, occasional large flint, occasional small iron pan
49	49	3B	49	Cut	Ditch	1	3.42	0.78	Linear, steep sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
50	49	3B	49	Fill	Ditch	1	3.42	0.78	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
51	51	4A	68	Cut	Ditch	1	0.98	0.42	Linear, moderate sides, concave base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									and N-S aligned
52	51	4A	68	Fill	Ditch	1	0.68	0.26	Firm mid reddish grey clayey sand with rare small charcoal, occasional iron pan
53	51	4A	68	Fill	Ditch	1	0.41	0.17	Firm light brownish yellow clay
54	51	4A	68	Fill	Ditch	1	0.98	0.18	Firm mid reddish brown silty sand
55	55	4A	68	Cut	Ditch	1	0.92	0.23	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
57	55	4A	68	Fill	Ditch	1	0.67	0.22	Hard mid brownish brown sandy clay
58	58	3B	45	Layer	Layer	4.58	2	0.08	
59	59	3B	45	Layer	Layer	4.58	2	0	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay with large flint stones creating surface.
60	60	3B	44	Cut	Ditch	1	3.2	0.84	Linear, complex sides, concave base and E-W aligned
61	60	3B	44	Fill	Ditch	1	3.2	0.3	Compact mid brownish grey silty clay
62	60	3B	44	Fill	Ditch	1	3.2	0.56	Compact mid yellowish brown silty clay with moderate chalk
63	63	4A	64	Cut	Ditch	1	2.21	0.36	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
64	63	4A	64	Fill	Ditch	1	2.21	0.36	Hard mid greyish brown silty sand with rare small charcoal inclusions
65	65	4A	64	Cut	Ditch	1	0.74	0.19	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
66	65	4A	64	Fill	Ditch	1	0.74	0.19	Soft dark brownish grey clayey sand
67	67	3B	46	Layer	Layer	2	2	0.1	Compact mid brownish grey stones
68	68	3B	46	Layer	Layer	2	2	0.07	Soft mid yellowish brown silty clay
69	69	4A	68	Cut	Ditch	1	1.57	0.53	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
70	69	4A	68	Fill	Ditch	1	1.57	0.53	Hard mid orangish brown sandy clay
71	71	4A	64	Cut	Ditch	1	1.33	0.38	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
72	71	4A	64	Fill	Ditch	1	1.43	0.38	Hard mid brownish orange silty sand
73	73	4A	66	Cut	Ditch	1	1.02	0.41	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
74	73	4A	66	Fill	Ditch	1	0.4	0.09	Hard mid orangish brown sandy clay
75	73	4A	66	Fill	Ditch	1	1.02	0.32	Soft light orangish brown clayey sand
76	76	4A	66	Cut	Ditch	1	0.78	0.34	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
77	76	4A	66	Fill	Ditch	1	0.78	0.34	Firm mid yellowish brown sandy clay
78	78	4A	58	Cut	Ditch	1	0.84	0.35	Curvilinear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
79	78	4A	58	Fill	Ditch	1	0.84	0.35	Hard dark orangish brown sandy silt
82	82	4A	69	Cut	Ditch	1	1.69	0.8	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
83	82	4A	69	Fill	Ditch	1	0.57	0.21	Firm dark greenish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									grey silty clay with occasional small to medium stones and flint. occasional iron pan
84	82	4A	69	Fill	Ditch	1	1.69	0.62	Firm mid greyish green silty clay with occasional small ironpan
85	85	4A	69	Cut	Ditch	1	1.19	0.62	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
86	85	4A	69	Fill	Ditch	1	1.19	0.48	Firm light greyish brown silty clay with occasional small iron pan
87	87	4A	67	Cut	Ditch	1	1.4	0.63	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
88	87	4A	67	Fill	Ditch	1	1.4	0.63	Soft mid reddish brown clayey sand
89	89	4A	65	Cut	Ditch	1	4.66	0.76	Linear, steep sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
90	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	0.64	0.31	Soft mid brownish grey silty sand
91	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	0.28	0.22	Hard mid brownish orange sandy clay
92	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	0.18	0.14	Soft mid brownish grey silty sand
93	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	0.81	0.15	Hard mid brownish orange sandy clay
94	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	0.33	0.17	Soft mid brownish grey silty sand
95	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	1.92	0.31	Soft dark brownish grey silty sand with occasional small

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									charcoal and occasional small cbm inclusions
96	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	1.67	0.35	Hard mid greyish orange sandy clay with occasional small to medium charcoal and occasional small cbm inclusions
97	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	1.97	0.16	Soft mid brownish grey silty sand with occasional small charcoal inclusions
98	89	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	2.84	0.15	Hard mid brownish orange sandy clay with occasional small to medium charcoal and occasional small cbm inclusions
99	99	4A	65	Cut	Ditch	1	1.96	0.5	Linear, moderate sides, concave base
100	99	4A	65	Fill	Ditch	1	1.96	0.5	Firm mid brownish orange silty sand
101	101	4A	65	Cut	Pit	1	1.84	0.24	Elongated, gradual sides, concave base
102	101	4A	65	Fill	Pit	1	1.83	0.24	Compact light greyish brown sandy silt
103	103	4A	70	Cut	Ditch	1	0.95	0.38	Linear, moderate sides, concave base
104	103	4A	70	Fill	Ditch	1	0.95	0.38	Firm mid brownish orange silty sand
105	105	4A	58	Cut	Ditch	1	1.05	0.28	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
106	105	4A	58	Fill	Ditch	1	0.47	0.06	Hard dark yellowish brown sandy clay with moderate small to

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									medium flints and moderate small charcoal and fired clay inclusions
107	105	4A	58	Fill	Ditch	1	1.05	0.2	Firm mid greyish brown clayey sand with occasional small charcoal and firedclay inclusions
108	108	4A	53	Cut	Ditch	1	0.65	0.1	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
109	108	4A	56	Fill	Ditch	1	0.65	0.1	Soft mid brownish grey silt
110	110	4A	56	Cut	Ditch	1	1.09	0.12	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and N-S aligned
111	110	4A	56	Fill	Ditch	1	1.09	0.12	Firm mid greyish brown silty sand
112	112	4A	53	Cut	Ditch	1	0.8	0.15	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
113	112	4A	53	Fill	Ditch	1	0.8	0.15	Soft mid greyish brown silt
114	114	4A	53	Cut	Natural Feature	1	1.45	0.13	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
115	114	4A	53	Fill	Natural feature	1	1.45	0.13	Firm mid greyish brown silty sand
116	116	4A	71	Cut	Ditch	1	0.52	0.18	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
117	116	4A	71	Fill	Ditch	1	0.52	0.18	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
118	118	4A	72	Cut	Ditch	1	0.7	0.1	Linear, moderate sides, convex base and N-S aligned

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
119	118	4A	72	Fill	Ditch	1	0.7	0.1	Soft mid brownish grey silt
120	120	4A	72	Cut	Ditch	1	0.75	0.1	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and N-S aligned
121	120	4A	72	Fill	Ditch	1	0.75	0.1	Soft mid brownish grey silt
122	122	4A	71	Cut	Pit	1.35	1.1	0.11	Sub-circular, gradual sides, flat base
123	122	4A	71	Fill	Pit	1.3	1.1	0.11	Firm mid brownish orange sandy clay
124	124	4A	62	Cut	Ditch	1	2.8	0.44	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
125	124	4A	62	Fill	Ditch	1	2.7	0.44	Loose mid greyish brown sand
126	126	4A	62	Cut	Ditch	1	2.4	0.42	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
127	126	4A	62	Fill	Ditch	1	2.4	0.42	Loose mid greyish brown gravel
130	130	4A	51	Cut	Ditch	1	0.75	0.27	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and NW-SE aligned
131	130	4A	51	Fill	Ditch	1	0.75	0.27	Hard mid greyish brown sandy silt
132	132	4A	57	Cut	Ditch	1	1.3	0.62	Linear, moderate sides, concave base
133	132	4A	57	Fill	Ditch	1	1.3	0.62	Compact mid orangish brown sandy silt
134	134	4A	67	Cut	Pit	0.93	0.6	0.8	Sub-circular, vertical / near vertical sides, not reached base
135	134	4A	67	Fill	Pit	0.9	0.6	0.26	Soft dark reddish brown clayey sand with frequent small and medium charcoal,

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									occasional medium flint
136	134	4A	67	Fill	Pit	0.9	0.6	0.16	Firm mid reddish brown clayey sand with moderate small charcoal, rare medium iron pan, occasional small flint
137	134	4A	67	Fill	Pit	0	0.34	0.38	Compact light greyish yellow clay
138	138	4A	62	Cut	Ditch	1	1.34	0.66	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
139	138	4A	62	Fill	Ditch	1	1.34	0.67	Loose mid greyish brown silty sand
140	140	4A	73	Cut	Ditch	1	1.5	0.1	Linear, moderate sides, flat base
141	140	4A	73	Fill	Ditch	1	1.5	0.1	Firm mid brownish grey silt
142	142	4A	70	Cut	Ditch	1	1.51	1.14	Linear, steep sides, flat base and N-S aligned
143	142	4A	70	Fill	Ditch	1	0.38	0.33	Firm dark greyish brown clayey sand
144	142	4A	70	Fill	Ditch	1	0.33	0.22	Loose mid orangish brown sand
145	142	4A	70	Fill	Ditch	1	0.56	0.31	Compact mid orangish grey clay
146	142	4A	70	Fill	Ditch	1	0.84	0.43	Firm mid orangish brown clayey sand
147	142	4A	70	Fill	Ditch	1	1.52	0.55	Firm mid greyish brown sand
148	148	4A	63	Cut	Ditch	1	1	0.32	Curvilinear, moderate sides, concave base
149	148	4A	63	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.32	Firm mid brownish orange silty sand
150	152	4A	61	Masonry	Wall	0	0	0.43	
151	151	4A	61	Layer	Spread	0	0	0.29	Loose dark greyish brown flint nodules with

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									frequent medium flint nodules
152	152	4A	61	Cut	Wall	0	0	0.43	Rectangular, gradual sides, irregular base
153	153	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1	0.35	0.37	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
154	153	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	0.35	0.37	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with moderate small pieces of charcoal and cbm
155	155	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1	0.86	0.3	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
156	155	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	0.86	0.3	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional small charcoal, cbm, and chalk
157	157	4A	80	Cut	Ditch	1	2	0.38	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
158	157	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.75	0.33	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay with occasional s-l stones.
159	159	4A	80	Cut	Pit	0	0.83	0.35	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
160	159	4A	80	Fill	Pit	0	0.83	0.35	Soft mid greyish brown sandy silt with occasional m-l stones, moderate s-m charcoal
161	157	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.37	0.23	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
162	162	4A	80	Cut	Pit	0.6	0.58	0.13	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
163	162	4A	80	Fill	Pit	0.6	0.58	0.13	Soft mid yellowish brown clayey sand

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
164	164	4A	78	Cut	Ditch	1	1.72	0.49	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
165	164	4A	78	Fill	Ditch	1	1.72	0.48	Firm mid brownish grey sandy silt with occasional medium to large flints
166	166	4A	80	Cut	Pit	0.35	0.35	0.07	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
167	166	4A	80	Fill	Pit	0.35	0.35	0.07	Soft mid orangish brown sandy silt with frequent s-m pottery.
168	168	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1	0.42	0.11	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
169	168	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	0.15	0.08	Compact mid yellowish grey clay
170	168	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	0.42	0.09	Firm mid greyish brown clayey sand
171	171	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1	0.39	0.1	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
172	171	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	0.39	0.1	Firm mid greyish brown silty sand
173	173	4A	80	Cut	Ditch	1	1.42	0.56	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
174	173	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	1.31	0.32	Soft mid orangish brown silty sand with moderate s/m stones on interface with 175
175	173	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.62	0.28	Soft mid brownish orange silty sand
176	176	4A	80	Cut	Ditch	1	1.65	0.91	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
177	176	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	1.35	0.44	Soft mid orangish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									brown silty sand with moderate small to medium chalk
178	176	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.44	0.19	Firm mid yellowish brown sandy clay
179	176	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.45	0.13	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with row of medium stones on bottom interface. some occasional small chalk flecks
180	176	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.38	0.39	Firm mid yellowish grey silty clay with moderate small chalk and occasional small charcoal flecks
181	176	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.25	0.25	Soft dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent small to large charcoal, rare small chalk, occasional small pottery
182	176	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.11	0.12	Firm mid brownish yellow clay with moderate small chalk
183	183	4A	77	Cut	Posthole	0.53	0.51	0.23	Sub-circular, steep sides, concave base
184	183	4A	77	Fill	Posthole	0.53	0.51	0.23	Hard dark greyish black sandy clay
185	185	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1	0.52	0.2	Linear, vertical / near vertical sides, flat base
186	185	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	0.52	0.2	Compact light yellowish brown silty clay
187	187	4A	59	Cut	Ditch	1	2.38	0.62	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
188	187	4A	59	Fill	Ditch	1	2.38	0.34	Firm mid orangish brown silty sand
189	187	4A	59	Fill	Ditch	1	0.89	0.38	Soft light greyish brown clayey silt with frequent small to large stones
190	190	4A	80	Cut	Ditch	1	3.92	1.08	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
191	190	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.92	0.21	Firm mid greyish green silty clay
192	190	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.66	0.11	Firm mid greyish blue silty clay
193	190	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.3	0.1	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
194	190	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	2.45	0.49	Hard mid blueish grey silty clay with moderate small to medium flints. occasional small charcoal
195	190	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	3.21	0.34	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional small-medium charcoal
196	196	4A	80	Cut	Ditch	1	2.12	0.79	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
197	196	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	0.52	0.19	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay
198	196	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	2.12	0.52	Hard mid greenish brown silty clay with occasional small to medium chalk
199	199	4A	58	Cut	Ditch	1	1.38	0.58	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
200	199	4A	58	Fill	Ditch	1	1.38	0.58	Soft mid greyish brown sandy silt

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
201	201	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1.4	0.2	0.12	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
202	201	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1.4	0.2	0.12	Firm mid greyish brown clayey sand
203	203	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1	1.2	1.1	Linear, steep sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
204	203	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	0.66	0.54	Firm mid greyish brown clayey sand
205	203	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	0.7	0.1	Compact mid yellowish brown clay
206	203	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	1.2	0.6	Hard mid greyish brown clayey sand
207	207	4A	81	Cut	Pit	0.38	0.3	0.1	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
208	207	4A	81	Fill	Pit	0.38	0.3	0.1	Hard mid greyish brown clayey sand
209	209	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1	1	0.58	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
210	209	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.58	Hard mid greyish brown clayey sand with redeposited natural clay
211	211	4A	81	Cut	Ditch	1	1.33	0.49	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
212	211	4A	80	Fill	Ditch	1	1.33	0.49	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional small-medium charcoal
213	213	4A	81	Cut	Pit	2.12	0.78	0.14	Elongated, gradual sides, concave base
214	213	4A	81	Fill	Pit	2.12	0.78	0.14	Soft mid orangish brown silty clay with rare small charcoal and

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									fired clay inclusions
215	215	4A	81	Cut	Pit	2.36	0.5	0.26	Elongated, gradual sides, concave base
216	215	4A	81	Fill	Pit	2.36	0.5	0.26	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay
217	217	4A	81	Layer	Layer	1.85	0.43	0.11	Firm mid yellowish green clay with frequent small chalk
218	218	4A	75	Cut	Ditch	1	3.58	1.39	Linear, steep sides, concave base
219	218	4A	75	Fill	Ditch	1	3.58	1.39	Hard mid orangish blue clayey silt
220	218	4A	75	Fill	Ditch	1	1.7	0.56	Firm mid orangish brown clayey silt
221	218	4A	75	Fill	Ditch	1	2.14	0.5	Hard mid brownish grey sandy clay
222	222	4A	71	Cut	Ditch	1	1.48	0.53	Linear, steep sides, concave base
223	222	4A	71	Fill	Ditch	1	1.48	0.53	Soft mid orangish brown sandy silt
224	224	4A	71	Cut	Trackway	0.8	2.73	0.28	Linear, complex sides, irregular base and NW-SE aligned
225	224	4A	71	Fill	Trackway	0.8	2.73	0.28	Loose mid orangish brown sandy gravel with frequent medium to large stones and cobbles.
226	226	4B	85	Cut	Posthole	0.2	0.4	0.17	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
227	226	4B	85	Fill	Posthole	0.2	0.4	0.17	Soft mid brownish brown silty sand
228	228	4B	83	Cut	Ditch	1	1.14	0.34	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
229	228	4B	83	Fill	Ditch	1	1.14	0.34	Firm mid orangish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									brown clay
230	228	4B	83	Fill	Ditch	1	1.14	0.34	Soft light brownish yellow silty sand
231	228	4B	83	Fill	Ditch	1	1.14	0.09	Soft mid brownish grey sandy silt
232	232	4A	81	Cut	Pit	0	2.2	0.55	Sub-circular, steep sides, not reached base
233	232	4A	81	Fill	Pit	0	2.2	0.55	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small charcoal
234	232	4A	81	Fill	Pit	0	2.2	0.38	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with occasional medium stones
235	235	4A	81	Cut	Pit	0	7.4	0.28	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
236	235	4A	81	Fill	Pit	0	7.4	0.28	Hard mid yellowish brown sandy clay with occasional big stones
237	237	4A	57	Cut	Oven	1.89	0.8	0.22	Elongated, complex sides, concave base and E-W aligned
238	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	1.37	0.15	0.17	Hard mid orangish red clay
239	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.44	0.72	0.05	Hard mid orangish red clay
240	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.35	0.39	0.17	Firm dark greyish black charcoal deposit with frequent s-m charcoal
241	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.44	0.75	0.07	Firm dark greyish black charcoaley clay with frequent small to medium charcoal
242	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.44	0.43	0.05	Hard mid reddish orange fired clay

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
243	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.44	0.37	0.08	Firm dark brownish grey clay with frequent small to medium fired clay frequent small to medium charcoal
244	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.44	0.53	0.07	Firm dark brownish grey clay with frequent small to medium charcoal and frequent small to medium fired clay
245	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.57	1.51	0.17	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent small charcoal
246	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.35	0.32	0.04	Firm mid yellowish brown clay
247	237	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.53	0.34	0.08	Soft mid brownish grey ashy clay with occasional small charcoal
248	248	4A	57	Cut	Oven	1.5	0.6	0.28	Elongated, vertical / near vertical sides, concave base and E-W aligned
249	248	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.93	0.32	0.08	Firm mid brownish grey sandy clay
250	248	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.8	0.3	0.19	Firm mid orangish brown clayey sand with fired clay
251	248	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.23	0.22	0.17	Firm mid orangish brown clayey sand with fired clay
252	248	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.31	0.3	0.06	Firm - - black charcoal with charcoal
253	248	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.19	0.2	0.07	Firm light greyish brown clayey sand
254	248	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.25	0.3	0.03	Compact mid orangish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									red clay
255	255	4A	57	Cut	Oven	1.6	0.76	0.31	Irregular, vertical / near vertical sides, flat base and N-S aligned
256	255	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.8	0.41	0.04	Hard mid orangish brown fired clay
257	255	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.13	0.4	0.17	Compact mid orangish red clay
258	255	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.8	0.4	0.04	Firm - - black charcoal
259	255	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.8	0.4	0.21	Firm mid orangish brown clayey sand with fired clay
260	255	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.48	0.54	0.04	Firm - - black charcoal
261	255	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.53	0.6	0.05	Firm mid orangish brown clayey sand with fired clay
262	255	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.63	0.4	0.15	Firm mid greyish brown clayey sand
263	255	4A	57	Fill	Oven	0.3	0.25	0.1	Firm mid greyish brown clayey sand
264	264	4A	57	Cut	Pit	0.73	0.31	0.15	Sub circular, steep sides, concave base
265	264	4A	57	Fill	Pit	0.73	0.31	0.15	Firm light greyish brown clayey sand
266	266	4B	90	Cut	Ditch	1	2.05	0.56	Linear, moderate sides, concave base
267	266	4B	90	Fill	Ditch	1	2.05	0.56	Hard dark orangish brown sandy clay with chalk running throughout
268	268	4B	89	Cut	Ditch	1	0.93	0.5	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
269	268	4B	89	Fill	Ditch	1	0.93	0.5	Compact mid brownish brown clayey sand
270	270	4B	89	Cut	Ditch	1	1.08	0.15	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and N-S

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									aligned
271	270	4B	89	Fill	Ditch	1	1.08	0.15	Soft mid brownish grey clayey silt
272	272	4B	83	Cut	Ditch	1	1.16	0.27	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
273	272	4B	83	Fill	Ditch	1	1.16	0.27	Soft mid brownish grey sandy silt
274	274	4B	87	Cut	Land drain	1	0.25	0.11	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
275	274	4B	87	Fill	Land drain	1	0.25	0.11	Compact mid yellowish gre clayey sand
276	276	4B	88	Cut	Ditch	1	1.84	0.54	Linear, moderate sides, concave base
277	276	4B	88	Fill	Ditch	1	1.84	0.54	Firm dark yellowish brown clayey silt with some stones and charcoal throughout
278	278	4B	87	Cut	Pit	0	1.1	0.42	Sub-circular, steep and vertical / near vertical sides, concave base
279	278	4B	87	Fill	Pit	0	1.1	0.42	Soft mid orangish brown silty sand
280	280	4B	86	Cut	Pit	30	3.25	1.16	Not visible, steep sides, concave base
281	280	4B	86	Fill	Pit	30	1.34	0.41	Soft mid greyish brown sandy silt
282	280	4B	86	Fill	Pit	30	1.37	0.24	Hard light yellowish brown clayey silt with occasional small chalk and small to medium flints
283	280	4B	86	Fill	Pit	30	2.46	0.31	Soft dark brownish grey clayey sand with rare small charcoal
284	280	4B	86	Fill	Pit	30	1.17	0.09	Firm mid yellowish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									green clay with frequent small chalk inclusions
285	285	3B	42	Cut	Pit	1	1	0.29	Not visible, gradual sides, concave base
286	285	3B	42	Fill	Pit	1	1	0.29	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt
287	287	3B	42	Cut	Natural Feature	1	1	0.32	Not visible, gradual sides, concave base
288	287	3B	42	Fill	Natural Feature	1	1	0.32	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt
289	289	4B	86	Cut	Pit	1	1	0.94	Not visible, vertical / near vertical sides, not reached base
290	289	4B	86	Fill	Pit	1	1	0.41	Soft dark brownish grey clayey sand with rare small charcoal inclusions
291	289	4B	86	Fill	Pit	1	1	0.39	Soft mid yellowish brown clayey silt
292	289	4B	86	Fill	Pit	1	1	0.16	Hard mid yellowish green clay with frequent small chalk inclusions
293	293	5B	121	Cut	Ditch	1	0.54	0.16	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
294	293	5B	121	Fill	Ditch	1	0.54	0.16	Firm dark orangish brown sandy clay with moderate small charcoal, moderate small to medium fired clay
295	295	5B	121	Cut	Pit	0.45	0.41	0.11	Circular, complex sides, concave base
296	295	5B	121	Fill	Pit	0.45	0.41	0.11	Firm dark orangish brown sandy clay with

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									moderate small to medium fired clay, occasional small charcoal
297	297	5B	126	Cut	Ditch	2	1.8	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and E-W aligned
298	297	5B	126	Fill	Ditch	2	1.8	0	Compact mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small sub rounded stones rare charcoal
299	299	5B	120	Cut	Ditch	2	2.5	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and E-W aligned
300	299	5B	120	Fill	Ditch	2	2.5	0	Firm dark brownish grey clayey silt
301	301	5A	94	Cut	Ditch	1	1.56	0.53	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
302	301	5A	94	Fill	Ditch	1	1.03	0.2	Hard mid brownish grey clayey sand
303	301	5A	94	Fill	Ditch	1	1.56	0.32	Firm dark brownish grey clayey sand with occasional small charcoal inclusions
304	304	5A	94	Cut	Ditch	1	0.41	0.12	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
305	304	5A	94	Fill	Ditch	1	0.41	0.12	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
306	306	5A	105	Cut	Ditch	1	2.5	0.7	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and NW-SE aligned
307	306	5A	105	Fill	Ditch	1	1.4	0.5	Firm mid orangish brown sandy silt with

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									moderate patch of small chalk
308	308	5A	105	Cut	Pit	1	1	0.4	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
309	308	5A	105	Fill	Pit	1	1	0.4	Firm dark brownish grey clayey silt with moderate small to medium charcoal
310	306	5A	105	Fill	Ditch	1	2.2	0.31	Firm light orangish brown sandy silt
311	311	5A	117	Cut	Ditch	1	0.6	0.28	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
312	311	5A	117	Fill	Ditch	1	0.6	0.28	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt
313	313	5A	111	Cut	Pit	0.9	0.68	0.69	Sub-circular, steep sides, concave base
314	313	5A	111	Fill	Pit	0.81	0.68	0.58	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with abundant redeposited natural lumps, occasional charcoal
315	313	5A	111	Fill	Pit	0.8	0.68	0.36	Firm dark brownish grey clayey silt with frequent charcoal and chalk flecks
316	316	5A	91	Cut	Ditch	1.44	1	0.5	Curvilinear, steep sides, flat base and N-S aligned
317	316	5A	91	Fill	Ditch	1.44	1	0.5	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
318	318	5A	110	Cut	Ditch	1	1.2	0.28	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
319	318	5A	110	Fill	Ditch	1	1.2	0.28	Firm light greyish brown silty clay
320	320	5A	110	Cut	Pit	0.4	0.3	0.18	Circular, steep sides,

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									concave base
321	320	5A	110	Fill	Pit	0.4	0.3	0.183	Soft mid greyish brown silt
322	322	5A	108	Cut	Ditch	1	0.8	0.35	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
323	322	5A	108	Fill	Ditch	1	0.8	0.35	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with moderate small charcoal inclusions
324	324	5A	108	Layer	Layer	0	0	0.25	Soft mid yellowish brown sandy silt with moderate gravel
325	325	5A	93	Cut	Ditch	1	1.58	0.26	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
326	325	5A	93	Fill	Ditch	1	1.14	0.26	Loose - - brown small to medium flints and gravel
327	325	5A	93	Fill	Ditch	1	1.18	0.17	Soft mid brownish grey silty sand
328	328	5A	93	Cut	Ditch	1	1.16	0.41	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
329	328	5A	93	Fill	Ditch	1	1.16	0.41	Hard dark brownish grey silty clay
330	330	5A	96	Cut	Ditch	1	2.31	0.89	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
331	330	5A	96	Fill	Ditch	1	0.79	0.36	Hard dark blueish grey silty clay with frequent small iron pan inclusions
332	330	5A	96	Fill	Ditch	1	0.78	0.19	Firm dark brownish grey sandy clay with frequent small charcoal inclusions

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
333	330	5A	96	Fill	Ditch	1	2.05	0.41	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
334	334	5A	109	Cut	Natural feature	1	1.3	0.32	Linear, complex sides, irregular base and N-S aligned
335	334	5A	109	Fill	Natural Feature	1	1.3	0.32	Loose mid yellowish grey silty sand with frequent stones
336	336	5A	102	Cut	Ditch	1	2.3	0.67	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
337	336	5A	102	Fill	Ditch	1	2.3	0.16	Compact mid orangish brown sandy silt
338	336	5A	102	Fill	Ditch	1	1.7	0.51	Compact mid yellowish brown silty clay with occasional chalk
339	339	5A	108	Cut	Ditch	1	0.8	0.2	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
340	339	5A	108	Fill	Ditch	1	0.8	0.2	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with moderate small to medium charcoal inclusions. rare small fired clay inclusions
341	341	5A	115	Cut	Ditch	1	0.71	0.1	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
342	341	5A	115	Fill	Ditch	1	0.71	0.1	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
343	343	5A	114	Cut	Ditch	1	1.08	0.2	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
344	343	5A	114	Fill	Ditch	1	1.08	0.2	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
345	345	5A	114	Cut	Ditch	6.6	1.2	0.3	Moderate sides, concave base and E-W

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									aligned
346	345	5A	114	Fill	Ditch	6.6	1.2	0.3	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay
347	347	5A	117	Cut	Pit	0.20	0.9	0.04	Not visible, gradual sides, flat base
348	347	5A	114	Fill	Pit	0.20	0.9	0.04	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
349	347	5A	117	Fill	Pit	0.20	0.9	0.04	Compact - - grey large flint cobbles
350	350	5A	114	Cut	Pit	2.53	0.92	0.33	Not visible, moderate sides, concave base
351	350	5A	114	Fill	Pit	2.53	0.92	0.33	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay
352	350	5A	114	Fill	Pit	2.53	0.92	0.33	Firm mid greyish orange silty clay
353	353	5A	112	Cut	Ditch	1	1.34	0.24	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
354	353	5A	112	Fill	Ditch	1	1.34	0.24	Soft mid yellowish brown silty sand
355	355	5A	112	Cut	Ditch	1	2.3	0.81	Linear, complex sides, irregular base and NW-SE aligned
356	355	5A	112	Fill	Ditch	1	0.44	0.22	Hard mid yellowish brown clay
357	355	5A	112	Fill	Ditch	1	0.29	0.15	Firm mid yellowish brown clay with moderate small to medium chalk
358	355	5A	112	Fill	Ditch	1	1.06	0.47	Soft dark greyish black clayey silt with frequent small to large charcoal, frequent small to large fired clay
359	355	5A	112	Fill	Ditch	1	1.64	0.29	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent small to

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									medium charcoal
360	360	5A	108	Cut	Ditch	1	0.8	0.25	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and N-S aligned
361	360	5A	108	Fill	Ditch	1	0.8	0.25	Firm dark brownish grey clayey silt
362	362	5A	114	Cut	Posthole	0.28	0.27	0.21	Circular, steep sides, concave base
363	362	5A	114	Fill	Posthole	0.28	0.27	0.21	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay
364	364	5A	114	Layer	Layer	0	0	0	Soft mid brownish grey silty clay
365	365	5A	110	Cut	Ditch	1	2.24	0.69	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
366	365	5A	110	Fill	Ditch	1	0.72	0.2	Firm mid brownish orange silty clay
367	365	5A	110	Fill	Ditch	1	1.28	0.31	Hard light greyish brown silty clay
368	365	5A	110	Fill	Ditch	1	1.42	0.26	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional large flints and occasional small charcoal inclusions
369	369	5A	112	Cut	Oven	1.5	1.92	0.12	Sub-circular, gradual sides, flat base
370	369	5A	112	Fill	Oven	1.5	1.92	0.12	Hard mid reddish orange fired clay with frequent small chalk
371	371	5A	112	Cut	Pit	1	2.19	0.19	Elongated, gradual sides, concave base
372	371	5A	112	Fill	Pit	1	2.09	0.19	Hard light brownish yellow chalk with occasional large flint cobbles
373	373	5A	106	Cut	Ditch	1	1.05	0.17	Linear, moderate sides, concave base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									and N-S aligned
374	373	5A	106	Fill	Ditch	1	1.05	0.17	Firm mid greyish brown silty sand with frequent medium charcoal
375	375	5A	111	Layer	Layer	0	0	0	Soft mid brownish grey silty clay
376	376	5A	111	Cut	Ditch	1	1.68	0.62	Linear, steep sides, flat base and N-S aligned
377	376	5A	111	Fill	Ditch	1	1.68	0.62	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with rare small charcoal, occasional small chalk,
378	378	5A	112	Cut	Pit	3.8	1.52	0.55	Not visible, vertical / near vertical sides, not reached base
379	378	5A	112	Fill	Pit	3.8	1.52	0.55	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with moderate small charcoal, frequent small to large fired clay.
380	378	5A	112	Fill	Pit	1	0.25	0.15	Firm light yellowish brown clay with frequent small chalk
381	378	5A	112	Fill	Pit	1	0.5	0.28	Soft dark brownish grey clayey silt with frequent small to medium charcoal
382	382	5A	108	Cut	Ditch	0.5	0.75	0.09	Linear, steep sides, flat base and N-S aligned
383	382	5A	108	Fill	Ditch	0.5	0.75	0.09	Soft mid blueish grey sandy silt
384	384	3B	46	Cut	Ditch	1	2.2	0.7	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
385	384	3B	46	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.2	Hard mid brownish grey silty clay
500	500		0	Topsoil	Topsoil	0	0	0.3	Soft dark brownish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									grey
501	501		0	Subsoil	Subsoil	0	0	0.3	Soft mid greyish brown
502	502		0	Natural	Natural	0	0	0	
503	503	10C	306	Cut	Posthole	0.36	0.36	0.13	Circular, steep sides, concave base
504	503	10C	306	Fill	Posthole	0.36	0.36	0.13	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with occassional small charcoal
505	505	10C	305	Cut	Ditch	1	1.22	0.33	Linear, steep sides, flat base and E-W aligned
506	505	10C	305	Fill	Ditch	1	1.22	0.33	Hard dark yellowish brown silty clay with occasional small manganese, rare small charcoal
507	507	10C	283	Cut	Ditch	1	1.02	0.26	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
508	507	10C	283	Fill	Ditch	1	1.02	0.26	Compact mid greyish brown sandy silt
509	509	10C	306	Cut	Ditch	1	0.95	0.8	Linear, steep sides, irregular base and NE-SW aligned
510	509	10C	306	Fill	Ditch	1	0.95	0.2	Compact mid yellowish brown clay with rocks
511	509	10C	306	Fill	Ditch	1	0.95	0.2	Firm mid orangish grey clay
512	512	10C	282	Cut	Ditch	1	2.2	0.41	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and E-W aligned
513	512	10C	282	Fill	Ditch	1	2.2	0.41	Hard light yellowish brown clayey sand with occasional small charcoal, occasional small fired clay
514	514	10C	286	Cut	Ditch	1	0.72	0.3	Linear, moderate

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
515	514	10C	286	Fill	Ditch	1	0.72	0.3	Firm mid greenish brown silty clay
516	516	10C	282	Cut	Ditch	1	0.33	0.08	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
517	516	10C	282	Fill	Ditch	1	0.33	0.08	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt
518	518	10C	282	Cut	Ditch	1	0.33	0.06	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
519	518	10C	282	Fill	Ditch	1	0.28	0.06	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt
520	520	10C	283	Cut	Ditch	1	1.95	0.46	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
521	520	10C	283	Fill	Ditch	1	1.95	0.46	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay
522	522	10C	307	Cut	Ditch	1	2.76	0.63	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
523	522	10C	307	Fill	Ditch	1	2.76	0.63	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent small and medium chalk, occasional medium charcoal
524	522	10C	307	Fill	Ditch	1	2.76	0.63	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
525	525	10C	286	Cut	Ditch	1	1	0.45	Linear, steep sides, irregular base and NE-SW aligned
526	525	10C	286	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.45	Hard mid brownish brown silty clay with many rocks, some chalk

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
527	527	10C	287	Cut	Ditch	1	1.6	0.3	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
528	527	10C	287	Fill	Ditch	1	1.6	0.3	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay
529	529	10C	284	Cut	Ditch	1	3	0.59	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and N-S aligned
530	529	10C	284	Fill	Ditch	1	3	0.59	Hard light yellowish brown clayey silt
531	531	10B	275	Cut	Ditch	2	2.4	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
532	531	10B	275	Fill	Ditch	2	1.6	0	Compact light brownish grey sandy silt with occasional bits of chalk and concrete
533	533	10B	275	Cut	Ditch	2	1.7	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
534	533	10B	275	Fill	Ditch	2	1.7	0	Compact light greyish orange sandy silt
535	535	10B	277	Cut	Ditch	2	1.7	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and NE-SW aligned
536	535	10B	277	Fill	Ditch	2	1.7	0	Compact mid brownish grey sandy silt
537	537	10B	277	Cut	Ditch	2	1	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and NW-SE aligned
538	537	10B	277	Fill	Ditch	2	1	0	Compact mid brownish grey sandy silt
539	539	10B	277	Cut	Ditch	2	1.4	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and NE-SW aligned
540	539	10B	277	Fill	Ditch	2	1.4	0	Compact mid brownish grey sandy silt

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
541	541	10B	278	Cut	Pit	0	5	0	Sub-circular, complex sides, not reached base
542	541	10B	278	Fill	Pit	0	5	0	Compact light brownish grey sandy silt with lots of large chunks of concrete and other bits of rubble
543	543	10C	284	Cut	Ditch	1	2.26	0.52	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
544	543	10C	284	Fill	Ditch	1	2.26	0.25	Firm mid greyish brown silt with extremely frequent small to medium stones
545	543	10C	284	Fill	Ditch	1	2.26	0.21	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay with ocassonal stone, occassional charcoal
546	546	10C	286	Cut	Ditch	1	1.8	0.35	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
547	546	10C	286	Fill	Ditch	1	1.8	0.35	Hard mid - brown silty clay
548	548	10B	276	Masonry	Runway	2	1	0	
549	549	10B	276	Cut	Ditch	1	0.83	0.17	Curvilinear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
550	549	10B	276	Fill	Ditch	1	0.83	0.17	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
551	551	10B	276	Cut	Pit	0.69	1.15	0.06	Circular, gradual sides, flat base
552	551	10B	276	Fill	Pit	0.69	1.15	0.06	Hard dark greyish grey clay with significant charcoal
553	553	10B	268	Cut	Ditch	1	2.2	0.7	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									E-W aligned
554	553	10B	268	Fill	Ditch	1	0.68	0.17	Firm mid yellowish brown clayey sand with occasional small charcoal and fired clay
555	553	10B	268	Fill	Ditch	1	2.2	0.56	Soft dark greyish brown clayey silt with moderate small charcoal and fired clay
556	556	10B	268	Cut	Foundation	2.2	0.65	0.25	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
557	556	10B	268	Fill	Foundation	2.2	0.65	0.1	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
558	556	10B	268	Masonry	Foundation	2.2	0.65	0.25	
559	559	10B	268	Cut	Pit	0.6	0.55	0.06	Sub-circular, steep sides, flat base
560	559	10B	268	Fill	Pit	0.6	0.55	0.06	Hard light brownish grey silty clay
561	561	10B	274	Cut	Ditch	1	1.81	0.49	Not visible, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
562	561	10B	274	Fill	Ditch	1	1.81	0.49	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
563	563	10B	267	Cut	Ditch	1	1.35	0.7	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
564	563	10B	267	Fill	Ditch	1	1.35	0.7	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with occasional chalk
565	563	10B	267	Fill	Ditch	1	0.98	0.39	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
566	566	10B	269	Cut	Ditch	1	1.4	0	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
567	566	10B	269	Fill	Ditch	1	1.4	0	Firm mid brownish grey

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									clayey silt
568	568	10B	269	Masonry	Manhole	0.6	0.4	0	
569	569	10B	269	Masonry	Manhole	0.8	0.6	0	
570	570	10B	269	Layer	Metaled surface	5	2	0	
571	571	10B	268	Masonry	Wall	2	0.3	0	
572	572	10B	276	Masonry	Runway	2	1	0	
573	573	10B	266	Cut	Ditch	1	1.3	0.3	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
574	573	10B	266	Fill	Ditch	1	1.3	0.3	Firm mid orangish brown sandy clay with small rare charcoal inclusions
575	575	10B	266	Cut	Ditch	1	1.15	0.2	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and N-S aligned
576	575	10B	266	Fill	Ditch	1	1.15	0.2	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
577	577	10B	281	Cut	Pond	1	1.5	0.56	Not visible, moderate sides, concave base
578	577	10B	281	Fill	Pond	1	1.5	0.57	Soft dark yellowish brown clayey sand with moderate small charcoal, occasional small fired clay
579	556	10B	268	Fill	Foundation	2.2	0.65	0.15	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
580	580	10C	290	Cut	Pit	1.05	0.8	0.24	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
581	580	10C	290	Fill	Pit	1.05	0.8	0.24	Hard light greyish brown clayey silt with frequent chalk, abundant small to medium gravels
582	582	10C	290	Cut	Ditch	1	1.05	0.28	Linear, moderate sides, concave base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									and NW-SE aligned
583	582	10C	290	Fill	Ditch	1	1.05	0.28	Hard dark yellowish brown silty clay
584	584	10C	290	Cut	Ditch	2	0.68	0	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and NW-SE aligned
585	584	10C	290	Fill	Ditch	2	0.68	0	Firm dark yellowish brown clayey silt
586	586	10C	291	Cut	Ditch	1	0.94	0.28	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
587	586	10C	291	Fill	Ditch	1	0.94	0.28	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent chalk flecks, rare charcoal, occasional gravels
588	588	10C	291	Cut	Ditch	1	0.8	0.34	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
589	588	10C	291	Fill	Ditch	1	0.8	0.34	Hard dark brownish grey silty clay with occasional charcoal and chalk flecks, rare gravels
590	590	10C	288	Cut	Ditch	1	1.97	0.49	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
591	590	10C	288	Fill	Ditch	1	1.97	0.49	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with moderate medium stones, occasional medium charcoal
592	592	10C	290	Cut	Ditch	1.5	1.77	0.64	Linear, steep sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
593	592	10C	290	Fill	Ditch	1.5	1.77	0.64	Compact mid greyish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									brown silty clay
594	594	10C	291	Cut	Pit	1	1.11	0.4	Elongated, moderate sides, not reached base
595	594	10C	291	Fill	Pit	1	0.39	0.15	Hard dark yellowish brown silty clay
596	594	10C	291	Fill	Pit	1	1.11	0.39	Firm dark orangish brown clayey silt
597	594	10C	291	Fill	Pit	1	0.27	0.13	Hard mid yellowish brown sandy clay
598	594	10C	291	Fill	Pit	1	0.55	0.15	Hard mid yellowish brown silty clay
599	599	10C	291	Cut	Ditch	1	0.75	0.17	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
600	599	10C	291	Fill	Ditch	1	0.75	0.17	Hard light yellowish brown silty clay
601	601	10C	288	Cut	Ditch	1	0.36	0.09	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
602	601	10C	288	Fill	Ditch	1	0.36	0.09	Firm mid brownish brown silty clay with occasional small chalk
603	603	10C	288	Cut	Ditch	1	0.31	0.1	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
604	603	10C	288	Fill	Ditch	1	0.31	0.1	Firm mid brownish brown silty clay with occasional small chalk
605	605	10C	292	Cut	Posthole	0.47	0.28	0.26	Sub-rectangular, steep sides, concave base
606	605	10C	292	Fill	Posthole	0.47	0.28	0.21	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent small charcoal
607	605	10C	292	Fill	Posthole	0.33	0.28	0.09	Firm light greyish brown silty clay with occasional medium

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									charcoal
608	608	10C	302	Cut	Pit	0.8	0.6	0.11	Sub-circular, gradual sides, flat base
609	608	10C	302	Fill	Pit	0.8	0.6	0.11	Hard mid pinkish brown silty clay with moderate small stones and occasional cbm
610	610	10C	303	Cut	Ditch	1	1.5	0.7	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
611	610	10C	303	Fill	Ditch	1	1.5	0.7	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent redeposited natural lumps
612	612	10C	291	Cut	Ditch	1	0.4	0.52	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and NW-SE aligned
613	612	10C	291	Fill	Ditch	1	0.4	0.52	Hard dark yellowish brown silty clay with occasional medium mollusc
614	614	10C	291	Cut	Ditch	1	0.36	0.22	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
615	614	10C	291	Fill	Ditch	1	0.2	0.22	Hard dark yellowish brown silty clay
616	616	10C	291	Cut	Ditch	1	1.1	0.29	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
617	616	10C	291	Fill	Ditch	1	1.1	0.29	Hard mid yellowish brown silty clay
618	618	10C	288	Cut	Ditch	1	2	0.7	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
619	618	10C	288	Fill	Ditch	2	2	0.7	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
620	620	10B	280	Cut	Kiln	1.4	1.2	0	Sub-rectangular, complex sides, not reached base
621	620	10B	280	Fill	Kiln	1.4	1.2	0	Firm mid pinkish red kiln demolition backfill with abundant fired clay
622	622	10B	280	Cut	Pit	2	1.9	0	Sub-rectangular, complex sides, not reached base
623	622	10B	280	Fill	Pit	2	1.9	0	Firm dark greyish black charcoal ash with abundant charcoal
624	624	10B	280	Cut	Pit	2	2	0.35	Irregular, steep sides, flat base
625	624	10B	280	Fill	Pit	2	2	0.15	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent small charcoal inclusions. moderate small fired clay inclusions.
626	626	10C	288	Cut	Pit	1	3.34	0.25	Not visible, steep sides, not reached base
627	626	10C	288	Fill	Pit	1	1.92	0.85	Firm mid blueish brown clay
628	626	10C	288	Fill	Pit	1	3.34	1.2	Hard dark greyish brown clay
629	629	10C	302	Cut	Ditch	1	1.84	0.76	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
630	629	10C	302	Fill	Ditch	1	1.84	0.76	Hard mid brownish grey silty clay
631	631	10C	300	Cut	Ditch	1	1.32	0.58	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
632	631	10C	300	Fill	Ditch	1	1.32	0.33	Firm mid yellowish grey

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									clayey silt
633	631	10C	300	Fill	Ditch	1	1.18	0.16	Firm dark brownish grey clayey silt
634	631	10C	300	Fill	Ditch	1	0.61	0.17	Compact dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent large and medium stones ad chalk redeposit
635	635	10B	264	Cut	Ditch	1	1.85	0.64	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
636	635	10B	264	Fill	Ditch	1	1.85	0.64	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with occasional chalk flecks
637	624	10B	280	Fill	Pit	2	2	0.25	Soft mid orangish brown silty clay with moderate small charcoal inclusions.
638	638	10C	298	Cut	Pit	0.68	0.52	0.24	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
639	638	10C	298	Fill	Pit	0.68	0.52	0.17	Soft dark greyish black clayey silt with frequent medium charcoal, occasional medium stones
640	638	10C	298	Fill	Pit	0.28	0.18	0.07	Firm mid greyish yellow silty clay with rare small charcoal
641	641	10C	299	Cut	Ditch	1	1.23	0.36	Not visible, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
642	641	10C	299	Fill	Ditch	1	1.23	0.36	Hard light greyish brown clay
643	643	10C	298	Cut	Kiln	1	0.7	0	Elongated, complex sides, not reached base
644	643	10C	298	Fill	Kiln	1	0.7	0	Hard mid brownish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									grey silty clay with frequent charcoal inclusions
645	645	10C	298	Cut	Kiln rake out	1.4	1.2	0	Circular, complex sides, not reached base
646	645	10C	298	Fill	Kiln rake out	1.4	1.2	0	Hard dark - black silty clay with frequent charcoal inclusions
647	647	10C	298	Cut	Kiln rake out	0.5	0.4	0	Circular, complex sides, not reached base
648	647	10C	298	Fill	Kiln rake out	0.5	0.4	0	Hard dark - black silty clay with frequent charcoal inclusions
649	649	10C	298	Cut	Ditch	1	0.78	0.25	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
650	649	10C	298	Fill	Ditch	1	0.78	0.25	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent charcoal and fired clay flecks
651	651	10C	298	Cut	Posthole	0.6	0.45	0.16	Sub-circular, steep sides, concave base
652	651	10C	298	Fill	Posthole	0.6	0.45	0.16	Hard light yellowish brown silty clay with rare small charcoal inclusions
653	653	10C	298	Cut	Posthole	0.25	0.21	0.09	Circular, moderate sides, concave base
654	653	10C	298	Fill	Posthole	0.25	0.21	0.09	Hard dark greyish brown sandy clay with moderate small charcoal, fired clay
655	655	10C	298	Cut	Kiln	1.03	0.94	0	Sub-circular, complex sides, not reached base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
656	655	10C	298	Fill	Kiln	1.03	0.94	0	Compact mid brownish red kiln structure with frequent medium charcoal, occassional small chalk
657	657	10C	298	Cut	Rake out pit	1.15	0.98	0	Elongated, complex sides, not reached base
658	657	10C	298	Fill	Rake out pit	1.15	0.98	0	Firm dark greyish black silty clay with frequent medium charcoal
659	659	10C	298	Cut	Posthole	0.5	0.4	0.14	Sub-circular, steep sides, concave base
660	659	10C	298	Fill	Posthole	0.5	0.4	0.14	Hard light yellowish grey silty clay
661	661	10C	298	Cut	Pit	1.61	1.35	0.45	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
662	661	10C	298	Fill	Pit	1.61	1.35	0.45	Hard mid greyish brown clay
663	663	10C	296	Cut	Kiln	5.1	1.8	0	Elongated, complex sides, not reached base
664	663	10C	296	Fill	Kiln	5.1	1.8	0	Hard light greyish red silty clay
665	665	10C	296	Cut	Kiln rake out	1.2	1.2	0	Circular, complex sides, not reached base
666	665	10C	296	Fill	Kiln rake out	1.2	1.2	0	Hard dark - black silty clay with frequent charcoal inclusions
667	667	10C	297	Cut	Pit	0.91	0.53	0.18	Sub-circular, steep sides, irregular base
668	667	10C	297	Fill	Pit	0.91	0.53	0.18	Hard mid brownish grey silty clay with rare medium charcoal, rare small chalk
669	669	10C	295	Cut	Posthole	0.33	0.34	0.11	Circular, moderate

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									sides, concave base
670	669	10C	295	Fill	Posthole	0.33	0.34	0.11	Hard dark brownish grey clay
671	671	10C	296	Cut	Ditch	1	0.55	0.25	Linear, steep sides, flat base and E-W aligned
672	671	10C	296	Fill	Ditch	1	0.55	0.25	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small charcoal inclusions
673	673	10C	295	Cut	Ditch	1	1.83	0.74	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
674	673	10C	295	Fill	Ditch	1	1.83	0.74	Hard dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent lumps of redeposited natural
675	675	10C	294	Cut	Ditch	1	0.3	0.12	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
676	675	10C	294	Fill	Ditch	1	0.3	0.12	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay
677	677	10C	298	Cut	Ditch	1	2.1	0.49	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
678	677	10C	298	Fill	Ditch	1	2.1	0.49	Firm dark yellowish brown silty clay with frequent small charcoal, occasional small fired clay
679	679	10C	295	Cut	Ditch	1	0.98	0.42	Not visible, moderate sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
680	679	10C	295	Fill	Ditch	1	0.98	0.42	Hard mid greyish brown clay
681	681	10C	296	Cut	Ditch	1	0.35	0.18	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
682	681	10C	297	Fill	Ditch	1	0.35	0.18	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay
683	683	10C	294	Cut	Ditch	1	1.52	0.59	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
684	683	10C	294	Fill	Ditch	1	1.54	0.59	Hard mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional charcoal and chalk flecks
685	685	10C	297	Cut	Ditch	1	2.22	0.29	Not visible, complex sides, irregular base and NE-SW aligned
686	685	10C	297	Fill	Ditch	1	2.22	0.29	Hard mid greyish brown clay
687	687	10C	297	Cut	Ditch	1	1.25	0.35	Not visible, complex sides, not reached base and NW-SE aligned
688	687	10C	297	Fill	Ditch	1	1.25	0.35	Hard mid greyish brown clay
689	689	10C	294	Cut	Ditch	1	1.5	0.57	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
690	689	10C	294	Fill	Ditch	1	1.5	0.57	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay
691	691	10C	295	Cut	Ditch	1	0.55	0.15	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
692	691	10C	295	Fill	Ditch	1	0.55	0.15	Hard mid yellowish brown silty clay with rare small charcoal inclusions
693	693	10E	315	Cut	Ditch	1	0.41	0.13	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
694	693	10E	315	Fill	Ditch	1	0.41	0.13	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									occasional charcoal
695	695	10E	313	Cut	Ditch	1.4	0.8	0.4	Curvilinear, steep sides, concave base
696	695	10E	313	Fill	Ditch	1.4	0.8	0.4	Firm mid reddish grey clayey silt with occasional medium sized charcoal. occasional patches of purple-ash (?). occasional medium-large stones.
697	697	10E	312	Cut	Pit	0	2.21	0.2	Not visible, moderate sides, flat base
698	697	10E	312	Fill	Pit	0	2.21	0.2	Soft mid greyish orange silty clay
699	699	10E	312	Cut	Pit	1	3.57	0.2	Not visible, moderate sides, flat base
700	699	10E	312	Fill	Pit	1	3.57	0.2	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
701	701	10E	310	Cut	Pit	0.8	0.2	0.11	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
702	701	10E	310	Fill	Pit	0.8	0.2	0.11	Firm dark greyish black clayey silt with frequent sma─‖l/medium charcoal
703	703	10E	313	Cut	Ditch	1	1.6	0.39	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
704	703	10E	313	Fill	Ditch	1	0.67	0.28	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional charcoal and chalk flecks
705	703	10E	313	Fill	Ditch	1	0.35	0.16	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay
706	703	10E	313	Fill	Ditch	1	1.6	0.16	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with occasional charcoal

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									and chalk flecks
707	707	10E	315	Cut	Ditch	1	2.25	0.48	Curvilinear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
708	707	10E	315	Fill	Ditch	1	2.25	0.48	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent small charcoal and fired clay, frequent large mollusc shell
709	709	10B	269	Cut	Pit	2.65	1	0.35	Circular, moderate sides, concave base
710	709	10E	315	Fill	Pit	2.65	1	0.31	Hard light orangish brown silty clay
711	709	10E	315	Fill	Pit	2.65	1	0.08	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay with moderate small charcoal and fired clay
712	712	10E	315	Cut	Ditch	1	1.6	0.4	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
713	712	10E	315	Fill	Ditch	1	1.46	0.16	Hard mid orangish brown silty clay
714	712	10E	315	Fill	Ditch	1	1.6	0.26	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay with moderate small charcoal and fired clay
715	715	9	252	Cut	Ditch	1	2.9	0.7	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
716	715	9	252	Fill	Ditch	1	2.9	0.7	Firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt
717	717	10E	311	Cut	Ditch	1	2.06	0.72	Not visible, complex sides, irregular base and NW-SE aligned
718	717	10E	311	Fill	Ditch	1	2.06	0.55	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
719	717	10E	311	Fill	Ditch	1	0.46	0.64	Firm light greyish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									yellow silty clay
720	717	10E	311	Fill	Ditch	1	0.89	0.72	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
721	721	10E	311	Cut	Natural Feature	1	2.05	0.24	Not visible, moderate sides, irregular base
722	721	10E	311	Fill	Natural Feature	1	2.05	0.24	Hard mid yellowish brown silty clay with moderate small manganese, occasional small fired clay
723	723	10E	313	Layer	Layer	8	2	0.1	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with occasional charcoal and chalk flecks
724	724	10E	313	Cut	Pit	1	0.75	0.22	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
725	724	10E	313	Fill	Pit	1	0.75	0.22	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with rare charcoal, occasional chalk
726	726	10E	313	Cut	Pit	1.09	0.6	0.14	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
727	726	10E	313	Fill	Pit	1.09	0.6	0.14	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent charcoal
728	728	10E	312	Cut	Oven	0.72	0.84	0.36	Sub-circular, moderate sides, flat base
729	728	10E	312	Fill	Oven	0	0	0.12	Firm light brownish white silty clay
730	728	10E	312	Fill	Oven	0.26	0.22	0.12	Firm mid yellowish orange clay
731	728	10E	312	Fill	Oven	0.72	0.84	0.25	Firm light brownish grey silty clay
732	732	10E	313	Cut	Pit	5.27	1.8	1.05	Elongated, steep sides, not reached base
733	732	10E	313	Fill	Pit	5.27	1.8	0.25	Firm mid brownish grey

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									clayey silt with occasional, small charcoal
734	732	10E	313	Fill	Pit	3.68	1.8	0.46	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small chalk, occasional small charcoal
735	732	10E	313	Fill	Pit	0.9	1	0.45	Firm mid orangish grey clayey silt with rare small chalk, occasional small charcoal, rare large stones
736	736	10E	313	Cut	Ditch	1.08	0.62	0.36	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
737	736	10E	313	Fill	Ditch	1.08	0.62	0.36	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with small occasional charcoal, small occasional chalk
738	738	10E	308	Cut	Pit	1	1.4	0.74	Not visible, moderate sides, not reached base
739	738	10E	308	Fill	Pit	1	1.4	0.74	Hard dark yellowish brown sandy clay
740	740	10E	310	Cut	Pit	1.64	0	0	Not visible, complex sides, not reached base
741	740	10E	310	Fill	Pit	1.64	0	0	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
742	740	10E	310	Fill	Pit	1.64	0	0.83	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
743	740	10E	310	Fill	Pit	1.64	0	0.48	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
744	744	10E	308	Cut	Ditch	1	0.47	0.07	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
745	744	10E	308	Fill	Ditch	1	0.47	0.07	Firm dark greyish brown sandy clay with moderate small charcoal and fired clay
746	746	10E	309	Cut	Ditch	1	0.77	0.2	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
747	746	10E	309	Fill	Ditch	1	0.77	0.2	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with rare charcoal
748	748	10E	309	Cut	Ditch	1	2.33	0.78	Not visible, complex sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
749	748	10E	309	Fill	Ditch	1	1.07	0.44	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
750	748	10E	309	Fill	Ditch	1	1.23	0.44	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
751	748	10E	309	Fill	Ditch	1	1.72	0.78	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
752	748	10E	309	Fill	Ditch	1	0.36	0.44	Hard light greyish yellow silty clay
753	753	10E	309	Cut	Pit	1.74	1.82	0.21	Sub-circular, moderate sides, flat base
754	753	10E	309	Fill	Pit	1.74	1.82	0.21	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
755	755	10E	309	Cut	Ditch	1	1.31	0.44	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
756	755	10E	309	Fill	Ditch	1	1.31	0.44	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with rare charcoal
757	757	9	237	Cut	Ditch	1	0.69	0.21	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
758	757	9	237	Fill	Ditch	1	0.69	0.21	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay with flecks of reddish soil, occasional

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									small charcoal
759	759	9	247	Cut	Ditch	1	1.48	0.3	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and N-S aligned
760	759	9	247	Fill	Ditch	1	1.48	0.3	Hard mid brownish grey sandy silt with occasional small subangular stones
761	761	9	236	Cut	Ditch	1	2.98	0.82	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
762	761	9	236	Fill	Ditch	1	2.98	0.82	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small charcoal, moderate rooting
763	761	9	236	Fill	Ditch	1	2.98	0.82	Soft light greyish brown silty clay with occasional chalk
764	764	9	247	Cut	Ditch	1	0.45	0.27	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
765	764	9	247	Fill	Ditch	1	0.45	0.27	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occassional medium charcoal
766	766	9	230	Cut	Ditch	1	1.46	0.62	Linear, complex sides, flat base and N-S aligned
767	766	9	230	Fill	Ditch	1	1.46	0.62	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay with 1x orange nylon thread (not kept). moderate: rooting and bioturbation. frequent: small chalk pieces (well sorted), small to medium sized

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									flints/stones.
768	768	9	231	Cut	Pit	1.9	4.1	0.68	Sub-circular, moderate and steep sides, concave base
769	768	9	231	Fill	Pit	1.9	4.1	0.12	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
770	768	9	231	Fill	Pit	1.9	3.1	0.22	Firm dark brownish black silty clay with frequent medium charcoal
771	768	9	231	Fill	Pit	1.9	4.06	0.28	Hard mid blueish grey clay with moderate small charcoal
772	768	9	231	Fill	Pit	1.9	2.5	0.12	Hard mid greyish brown clay with frequent medium chalk
773	773	9	248	Cut	Pit	0.85	0.75	0.37	Not visible, gradual sides, irregular base
774	773	9	248	Fill	Pit	0.85	0.75	0.37	Hard mid greyish brown sandy silt with rare charcoal
775	775	9	248	Cut	Posthole	0.54	0.24	0.54	Sub-circular, vertical / near vertical sides, concave base
776	775	9	248	Fill	Posthole	0.54	0.24	0.54	Firm light brownish grey sandy silt with rare charcoal
777	777	9	248	Cut	Ditch	1	1.04	0.47	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
778	777	9	248	Fill	Ditch	1	1.04	0.47	Hard light brownish grey sandy silt with rare charcoal
779	779	9	248	Cut	Ditch	1	2.42	0.76	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
780	779	9	248	Fill	Ditch	1	1.02	0.15	Hard light reddish grey

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									sandy silt with rare charcoal
781	779	9	248	Fill	Ditch	1	0.7	0.21	Firm dark brownish grey sandy silt with occasional charcoal
782	779	9	248	Fill	Ditch	1	1.88	0.14	Firm dark brownish grey sandy silt with frequent charcoal
783	779	9	248	Fill	Ditch	1	2.52	0.4	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt with occassional charcoal
784	784	9	247	Cut	Posthole	0.46	0.46	0.14	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
785	784	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.21	0.15	0.14	Firm dark greyish blue clayey silt with frequent small charcoal
786	784	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.46	0.44	0.14	Firm light yellowish grey clay with rare medium charcoal
787	787	9	247	Cut	Posthole	0.47	0.46	0.23	Sub-circular, steep sides, irregular base
788	787	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.18	0.14	0.23	Firm dark blueish grey clayey silt with frequent small charcoal
789	787	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.47	0.46	0.23	Firm light yellowish grey clay with rare medium charcoal
790	790	9	247	Cut	Posthole	0.52	0.33	0.25	Sub-circular, steep sides, flat base
791	790	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.16	0.15	0.12	Firm dark greyish blue clayey silt with frequent small charcoal
792	790	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.52	0.33	0.25	Firm light yellowish grey clay with rare medium charcoal
793	793	9	247	Cut	Posthole	0.52	0.45	0.29	Sub-circular, steep sides, concave base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
794	793	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.15	0.15	0.17	Firm dark greyish blue clayey silt with frequent small charcoal
795	793	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.52	0.45	0.29	Firm light yellowish grey clay with rare medium charcoal
796	796	9	247	Cut	Posthole	0.27	0.25	0.14	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
797	796	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.27	0.25	0.14	Firm mid blueish grey clayey silt with frequent small charcoal
798	798	9	247	Cut	Posthole	0.22	0.18	0.07	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
799	798	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.22	0.18	0.07	Firm mid blueish grey clayey silt with small frequent charcoal
800	800	9	247	Cut	Posthole	0.3	0.22	0.14	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
801	800	9	247	Fill	Posthole	0.3	0.22	0.14	Firm mid blueish grey clayey silt with small frequent charcoal
802	802	9	249	Cut	Pit	0.65	0.75	0.19	Sub-circular, steep sides, concave base
803	802	9	247	Fill	Pit	0.65	0.75	0.19	Firm mid brownish grey silty sand
804	804	9	247	Cut	Pit	1.45	1.69	0.27	Sub-circular, moderate sides, flat base
805	804	9	247	Fill	Pit	1.45	1.69	0.27	Firm mid brownish grey silty sand
806	806	9	247	Cut	Ditch	1	1.48	0.19	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
807	806	9	247	Fill	Ditch	1	1.48	0.19	Firm mid brownish grey silty sand
808	808	9	247	Cut	Pit	0.25	0.77	0.06	Elongated, moderate sides, concave base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
809	808	9	247	Fill	Pit	0.25	0.77	0.06	Firm mid brownish grey silty sand
810	810	9	238	Cut	Ditch	1	2.4	0.80	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
811	810	9	238	Fill	Ditch	1	2.4	0.45	Hard dark greyish grey silty clay with occasional charcoal, frequent burned flint and fired clay, occasional medium stones
812	810	9	238	Fill	Ditch	1	2.4	0.35	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional burned flint
813	813	9	246	Cut	Ditch	1	0.5	0.18	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
814	813	9	246	Fill	Ditch	1	0.5	0.18	Firm dark brownish grey clayey silt with occasional charcoal
815	815	9	245	Cut	Posthole	0.33	0.32	0.25	Circular, steep sides, concave base
816	815	9	245	Fill	Posthole	0.33	0.32	0.25	Firm mid greyish brown sandy clay
817	817	9	249	Cut	Ditch	1	0.5	0.2	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
818	817	9	249	Fill	Ditch	1	0.5	0.2	Soft dark brownish grey silty clay
819	819	9	246	Cut	Ditch	1	0.42	0.04	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
820	819	9	246	Fill	Ditch	1	0.42	0.04	Soft mid greyish brown silty sand with occassional small sub rounded stones and

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									angular flint
821	821	9	246	Cut	Ditch	1	0.29	0.08	Curvilinear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
822	821	9	246	Fill	Ditch	1	0.29	0.08	Firm dark greyish brown sandy clay with moderate small charcoal
823	823	9	243	Cut	Ditch	1	0.75	0.45	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
824	823	9	243	Fill	Ditch	1	0.75	0.45	Firm light greyish brown sandy silt with rare charcoal
825	825	9	243	Cut	Pit	0.44	0.43	0.16	Circular, moderate sides, concave base
826	825	9	243	Fill	Pit	0.44	0.43	0.16	Firm dark brownish grey sandy silt with rare charcoal
827	827	9	243	Cut	Pit	0.98	0.98	0.2	Circular, gradual sides, concave base
828	827	9	243	Fill	Pit	0.98	0.98	0.2	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with rare charcoal
829	829	9	247	Cut	Pit	1.42	0.51	0.29	Elongated, steep sides, irregular base
830	829	9	247	Fill	Pit	0.98	0.51	0.23	Firm dark brownish grey clayey silt with frequent medium charcoal
831	829	9	247	Fill	Pit	0.51	0.49	0.29	Soft light yellowish grey silty clay with occassional medium charcoal
832	832	9	238	Cut	Pit	0.57	0.57	0.09	Circular, moderate sides, concave base
833	832	9	238	Fill	Pit	0.57	0.57	0.09	Soft mid greyish brown

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									silty clay with occasional small charcoal, frequent small stones
834	834	9	238	Cut	Ditch	1	1.98	0.33	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
835	834	9	238	Fill	Ditch	1	1.98	0.33	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional medium charcoal, occasional large chalk, occasional small buts of fired clay
837	837	9	241	Cut	Ditch	1	1.13	0.16	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
838	837	9	241	Fill	Ditch	1	1.13	0.16	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with occasional charcoal
839	839	9	241	Cut	Ditch	1	1.07	0.35	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
840	839	9	241	Fill	Ditch	1	1.07	0.35	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional charcoal
841	841	9	241	Cut	Ditch	1	0.56	0.22	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
842	841	9	241	Fill	Ditch	1	0.55	0.22	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional charcoal
843	843	9	241	Cut	Posthole	0.3	0.3	0.11	Circular, steep sides, flat base
844	843	9	241	Fill	Posthole	0.3	0.3	0.11	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional charcoal
845	845	9	241	Cut	Ditch	1	0.69	0.27	Linear, steep sides,

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									concave base and E-W aligned
846	845	9	241	Fill	Ditch	1	0.69	0.27	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional charcoal
847	847	9	246	Cut	Ditch	1	2.81	0.64	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
848	847	9	246	Fill	Ditch	1	0.91	0.17	Compact mid greyish brown clayey silt with occassional small sub rounded stones and angular flint
849	847	9	246	Fill	Ditch	1	1.1	0.25	Firm dark brownish grey sandy silt with occassional small sub rounded stones and angular flint . rare charcoal
850	847	9	246	Fill	Ditch	1	2.81	0.53	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt with occassional small sub rounded stones and angular flint p. rare charcoal.
851	851	9	238	Cut	Pit	1.53	0.54	0.24	Sub-circular, steep sides, concave base
852	851	9	238	Fill	Pit	1.53	0.54	0.24	Soft dark greyish grey silty clay with frequent medium charcoal
853	853	9	242	Cut	Ditch	1	1.59	0.44	Linear, complex sides, flat base and N-S aligned
854	853	9	242	Fill	Ditch	1	0.59	0.44	Soft dark brownish grey silty clay
855	853	9	242	Fill	Ditch	1	1.59	0.32	Soft mid brownish grey silty clay

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
856	856	9	242	Cut	Pit	1.11	1.09	0.11	Circular, gradual sides, flat base
857	856	9	242	Fill	Pit	1.11	1.09	0.11	Soft dark - black charcoal and fired clay
858	856	9	242	Fill	Pit	1.11	1.09	0.07	Soft mid brownish grey silty clay
859	859	9	240	Cut	Ditch	1	1.22	0.31	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
860	859	9	240	Fill	Ditch	1	1.22	0.32	Firm dark yellowish brown sandy clay
861	861	9	240	Cut	Ditch	1	1.45	0.34	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
862	861	9	240	Fill	Ditch	1	1.45	0.34	Firm dark yellowish brown sandy clay
863	863	9	240	Layer	Trackway	0	0	0	Firm mid orangish brown sandy clay
864	864	9	249	Cut	Pit	1.48	1.6	0.84	Rectangular, steep sides, flat base
865	864	9	249	Fill	Pit	1.48	1.5	0.19	Hard light greenish brown clay with rare medium chalk; occasional small charcoal
866	864	9	249	Fill	Pit	1.48	1.55	0.16	Firm mid greyish brown clay with occasional medium charcoal
868	868	9	249	Cut	Ditch	1	1	0.35	Curvilinear, moderate and steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
869	868	9	249	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.35	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with rare small charcoal
870	870	9	249	Cut	Ditch	1	0.26	0.04	Linear, moderate sides, concave base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									and N-S aligned
871	870	9	249	Fill	Ditch	1	0.26	0.04	Firm dark greyish brown sandy clay
872	872	9	249	Cut	Pit	0.58	0.62	0.19	Not visible, complex sides, irregular base
873	872	9	249	Fill	Pit	0.58	0.62	0.19	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with burnt flint
874	874	9	249	Cut	Pit	0.3	0.25	0.15	Sub-circular, vertical / near vertical sides, concave base
875	874	9	249	Fill	Pit	0.3	0.25	0.15	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay
876	876	9	249	Cut	Natural Feature	0.91	2.33	0.21	Elongated, gradual sides, concave base
877	876	9	249	Fill	Natural Feature	0.91	2.33	0.21	Soft mid brownish grey silty clay with burnt flint
878	878	9	234	Cut	Pit	8	4	1.34	Irregular, steep sides, flat base
879	878	9	234	Fill	Pit	8	4	1.34	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional flecks of fired clay near the top of the fill.
880	880	9	242	Cut	Ditch	1	4.66	1.3	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
881	880	9	242	Fill	Ditch	1	2.59	0.64	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
882	880	9	242	Fill	Ditch	1	4.66	0.84	Firm light brownish grey silty clay
883	880	9	242	Fill	Ditch	1	0.72	1.3	Firm mid blueish grey silty clay
884	884	9	261	Cut	Pit	1	3.3	1.01	Not fully exposed, steep sides, not reached base
885	884	9	261	Fill	Pit	1	3.3	1.01	Soft dark orangish brown clayey sand with

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									moderate small to medium charcoal
886	886	9	247	Cut	Ditch	1	2.26	1.19	Linear, steep sides, flat base and N-S aligned
887	886	9	247	Fill	Ditch	1	1.6	0.41	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small charcoal
888	886	9	247	Fill	Ditch	1	1.75	0.23	Firm dark blueish grey clayey silt with frequent medium charcoal
889	886	9	247	Fill	Ditch	1	2.26	0.67	Compact light orangish brown silty sand with occasional medium charcoal, occasional large stones
890	890	9	254	Cut	Ditch	1	1.06	0.24	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
891	890	9	254	Fill	Ditch	1	1.06	0.24	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay with moderate medium charcoal, occasional medium stones
892	892	9	255	Cut	Ditch	1	3.26	0.76	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
893	892	9	255	Fill	Ditch	1	3.26	0.76	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with occasional small sub rounded stones and fllint.
894	894	9	261	Cut	Ditch	1	0.57	0.17	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
895	894	9	261	Fill	Ditch	1	0.57	0.17	Firm dark yellowish brown sandy clay

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
896	896	9	261	Cut	Ditch	1	1.07	0.21	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
897	896	9	261	Fill	Ditch	1	1.07	0.21	Firm mid yellowish brown sandy clay
898	898	9	263	Cut	Pit	1.14	0.65	0.37	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
899	898	9	263	Fill	Pit	1.14	0.65	0.37	Soft dark orangish brown clayey sand
900	900	9	260	Cut	Pit	1.53	0.9	0.29	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
901	900	9	260	Fill	Pit	1.53	0.9	0.29	Soft mid greyish brown silty sand with rare charcoal
902	902	9	256	Cut	Ditch	1	3.02	0.28	Linear, gradual sides, irregular base and E-W aligned
903	902	9	256	Fill	Ditch	1	3.02	0.28	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
904	904	9	261	Cut	Ditch	1	0.9	0.44	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
905	904	9	261	Fill	Ditch	1	0.9	0.44	Firm dark yellowish brown sandy clay
906	906	9	261	Cut	Ditch	1	0.9	0.13	Linear, moderate sides, irregular base and N-S aligned
907	906	9	261	Fill	Ditch	1	0.9	0.13	Firm mid yellowish brown sandy clay with occasional small charcoal
908	908	9	259	Cut	Pit	3.32	1.6	0.5	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
909	908	9	259	Fill	Pit	3.32	1.6	0.5	Soft mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional small sub rounded stones

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
910	910	9	258	Cut	Pit	0.55	0.4	0.07	Sub-circular, gradual sides, concave base
911	910	9	258	Fill	Pit	0.55	0.4	0.07	Firm mid greyish brown silty sand with rare charcoal
912	912	9	258	Cut	Pit	0.92	0.82	0.17	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
913	912	9	258	Fill	Pit	0.92	0.85	0.17	Firm dark greyish brown silty sand with rare charcoal
914	914	9	258	Cut	Ditch	1	1.1	0.2	Ditch, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
915	914	9	258	Fill	Ditch	1	1.1	0.2	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt
916	916	9	256	Cut	Ditch	1	0.84	0.43	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
917	916	9	256	Fill	Ditch	1	0.62	0.13	Hard mid orangish grey clayey sand
918	916	9	256	Fill	Ditch	1	0.84	0.31	Firm mid greyish brown sandy clay with occasional small charcoal
919	919	9	256	Cut	Ditch	1	0.67	0.22	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
920	919	9	256	Fill	Ditch	1	0.67	0.22	Firm mid greyish brown sandy clay
921	921	9	253	Cut	Ditch	1	1.9	0.57	Linear, complex sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
922	921	9	253	Fill	Ditch	1	1.9	0.37	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with small moderate charcoal inclusions
923	921	9	253	Fill	Ditch	1	1.9	0.21	Soft dark brownish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									grey clayey silt with small rare charcoal inclusions.
924	924	9	258	Cut	Pit	0.89	0.87	0.25	Circular, moderate sides, concave base
925	924	9	258	Fill	Ditch	0.89	0.87	0.25	Firm dark brownish grey silty sand
926	926	9	257	Cut	Ditch	1	2.38	0.64	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
927	926	9	257	Fill	Ditch	1	2.38	0.64	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with bits of sandy clay as well as occasional medium stone
928	926	9	257	Fill	Ditch	1	2.38	0.64	Soft dark greyish brown silty clay with moderate small-medium charcoal, occasional medium stone
929	929	9	258	Cut	Pit	0.25	0.72	0.17	Not fully exposed, moderate sides, concave base
930	929	9	258	Fill	Pit	0.25	0.72	0.17	Firm dark brownish grey silty sand
931	931	9	258	Cut	Ditch	0	1.45	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base
932	931	9	258	Fill	Ditch	0	1.45	0	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay
933	933	9	258	Cut	Pit	0.91	0.74	0.23	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
934	933	9	258	Fill	Pit	0.91	0.74	0.23	Firm mid greyish brown silty sand with rare charcoal
935	935	9	233	Cut	Ditch	1	1.62	0.88	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									aligned
936	935	9	233	Fill	Ditch	1	1.62	0.88	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional small sub rounded stones and flint. rare charcoal
937	937	9	263	Cut	Ditch	1	2.85	0.71	Linear, steep sides, concave base
938	937	9	263	Fill	Ditch	1.8	1.9	0.34	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small charcoal
939	937	9	263	Fill	Pit	1	1.51	0.28	Hard mid yellowish grey silty clay with occassional clay redeposit, occassonal small charcoal
940	937	9	263	Fill	Pit	1	0.94	0.18	Compact mid brownish grey sandy silt with rare small charcoal
941	941	9	263	Cut	Ditch	1	0.81	0.28	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
942	941	9	263	Fill	Ditch	1	0.81	0.28	Firm mid orangish grey clayey silt with frequent small iron pan
943	943	9	251	Cut	Ditch	1	0.88	0.27	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
944	943	9	251	Fill	Ditch	1	0.88	0.27	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay with rare small charcoal, occasional small stones
945	945	9	250	Cut	Oven	1.75	0.62	0.1	Elongated, gradual sides, concave base
946	945	9	250	Fill	Oven	1.76	0.62	0.1	Soft mid brownish grey silty sand with

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									occasional small sub rounded stones and charcoal
947	947	9	250	Cut	Pit	3	0.98	0.38	Irregular, moderate sides, concave base
948	947	9	250	Fill	Pit	3	0.98	0.38	Firm light yellowish brown silty sand
949	949	9	250	Cut	Pit	0.64	0.58	0.18	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
950	949	9	250	Fill	Pit	0.64	0.58	0.18	Firm dark brownish grey silty sand with abundant charcoal
951	951	9	250	Fill	Oven	1.62	0.6	0.14	Soft mid brownish grey silty sand with occasional small sub roundednstones, charcoal and fired clay.
952	951	9	250	Fill	Oven	1.62	0.6	0.14	Soft mid brownish grey silty sand with occasional small sub rounded stones and charcoal
953	951	9	250	Fill	Oven	0.8	0.5	0.13	Hard mid orangish red silty clay
954	954	9	251	Cut	Pit	2.4	1.18	0.4	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
955	954	9	251	Fill	Pit	2.4	0.85	0.15	Compact mid brownish grey sandy silt with occasional small sub rounded stones and rare charcoal
956	954	9	251	Fill	Pit	2.4	1.18	0.39	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional small sub rounded stones and rare charcoal
957	957	9	251	Cut	Oven	0.92	0.78	0.09	Elongated, gradual

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									sides, irregular base
958	957	9	251	Fill	Oven	0.92	0.78	0.09	Firm mid brownish grey silty sand with occasional small sub rounded stones, charcoal and fired clay
959	959	8A	216	Cut	Ditch	1	1.38	0.73	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
960	959	8A	216	Fill	Ditch	1	0.7	0.27	Firm light brownish grey clay
961	959	8A	216	Fill	Ditch	1	1.23	0.44	Firm light greyish brown silty clay
962	959	8A	216	Fill	Ditch	1	0.95	0.23	Firm dark greyish brown sandy clay
963	963	8A	216	Cut	Ditch	1	1.45	0.45	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
964	963	8A	216	Fill	Ditch	1	1.45	0.42	Firm dark brownish grey clay with moderate medium barbed wire
965	965	8A	216	Cut	Pit	0.7	0.57	0.24	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
966	965	8A	216	Fill	Pit	0.7	0.57	0.24	Firm mid yellowish brown clay
967	965	8A	216	Fill	Pit	0.7	0.57	0.24	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay
968	978	8A	219	Fill	Ditch	1	1.1	0.4	Compact mid blueish grey silty sand
969	978	8A	219	Fill	Ditch	1	1.5	0.3	Compact mid greenish grey clay
970	970	9	251	Cut	Kiln	1.14	1.05	0.85	Sub-circular, vertical / near vertical sides, not reached base
971	970	9	251	Fill	Kiln	1.15	1.05	0.34	Hard mid brownish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									grey silty sand with abundant charcoal
972	970	9	251	Fill	Kiln	1.15	10.5	0.62	Hard mid greyish brown silty sand with occasional charcoal
973	973	9	251	Layer	Layer over top a pit and a ditch	1	3.23	0.25	Soft dark greyish brown silty clay
974	974	9	251	Cut	Pit	0.96	0.96	1.02	Circular, vertical / near vertical sides, concave base
975	974	9	251	Fill	Pit	0.96	0.96	1.02	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional large stone, rare small charcoal
976	976	9	251	Cut	Ditch	1	1.76	0.86	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
977	976	9	251	Fill	Ditch	1	1.76	0.86	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with occasional large stone
978	978	8A	219	Cut	Ditch	1	1.5	0.63	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
979	979	7A	129	Cut	Ditch	1	1.56	0.31	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
980	979	7A	129	Fill	Ditch	1	1.56	0.31	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
981	981	7A	129	Cut	Ditch	1	1.71	0.35	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
982	981	7A	129	Fill	Ditch	1	1.71	0.35	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
983	983	7A	130	Cut	Ditch	1	0	0.31	Linear, gradual sides, concave base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
984	983	7A	130	Fill	Ditch	1	0	0.31	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
987	987	7C	135	Cut	Ditch	1	3.28	0.36	Linear, steep sides, irregular base and E-W aligned
988	987	7C	135	Fill	Ditch	1	3.28	0.29	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent large flint nodules
989	987	7C	135	Fill	Ditch	1	3.28	0.36	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay
990	990	7A	130	Cut	Ditch	1	1.72	0.61	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
991	990	7A	130	Fill	Ditch	1	1.72	0.61	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
992	992	7C	148	Cut	Pit	0.77	0.76	0.23	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
993	992	7C	148	Fill	Pit	0.77	0.76	0.12	Firm mid brownish grey sandy silt with occasional small charcoal,
994	992	7C	148	Fill	Pit	0.77	0.6	0.13	Soft mid yellowish grey silty sand with rare small charcoal
995	995	7J	204	Cut	Ditch	2	3	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and NE-SW aligned
996	995	7J	204	Fill	Ditch	2	3	0	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with occasional preserved wood fragments
997	997	7J	205	Cut	Ditch	2	2.5	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and NE-SW aligned
998	997	7J	205	Fill	Ditch	2	2.5	0	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with occasional wood

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									fragments
999	999	7J	206	Cut	Ditch	2	2.5	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and NE-SW aligned
1000	999	7J	206	Fill	Ditch	2	2.5	0	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay
1001	1001	7K	208	Cut	Ditch	2	1.5	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and NE-SW aligned
1002	1001	7K	208	Fill	Ditch	2	1.5	0	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with occasional wood fragments
1003	1003	7L	202	Cut	Ditch	1	1.87	0.63	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
1004	1003	7L	202	Fill	Ditch	1	1.87	0.58	Hard dark yellowish brown silty clay
1005	1003	7L	202	Fill	Ditch	1	1.87	0.06	Hard dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent small charcoal and fired clay
1006	1006	7L	203	Cut	Ditch	1	1.81	0.78	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
1007	1006	7L	203	Fill	Ditch	1	1.64	0.42	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with occasional small sub angular stones and chalk.
1008	1006	7L	203	Fill	Ditch	1	0.61	0.4	Firm mid yellowish brown silty sand with occasional small sub rounded stones
1009	1009	7K	209	Cut	Ditch	0	0	0	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and NW-SE

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									aligned
1010	1009	7K	209	Fill	Ditch	0	0	0	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay
1011	1011	7K	209	Cut	Pit	0.44	0.41	0.17	Circular, moderate sides, concave base
1012	1011	7K	209	Fill	Pit	0.44	0.41	0.17	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay with frequent small charcoal
1013	1013	7A	128	Cut	Ditch	1	2	1	Linear, steep sides, flat base and NW-SE aligned
1014	1013	7A	128	Fill	Ditch	1	2	1	Compact mid greyish grey silty clay
1015	1015	7C	147	Cut	Ditch	1	3.36	0.44	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and NE-SW aligned
1016	1015	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	1.63	0.25	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay
1017	1015	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	1.03	0.09	Firm mid greyish green silty clay with frequent small chalk inclusions
1018	1015	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	3.05	0.3	Firm dark brownish grey sandy clay
1019	1019	7C	143	Cut	Ditch	1	12.89	0.8	Moderate sides, not reached base and NE-SW aligned
1020	1019	7C	143	Fill	Ditch	1	12.89	0.15	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
1021	1019	7C	143	Fill	Ditch	1	12.89	0.2	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with frequent small chalk
1022	1019	7C	143	Fill	Ditch	1	1.6	0.46	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
1023	1023	7K	211	Cut	Ditch	1	1.63	0.75	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
1024	1023	7K	211	Fill	Ditch	1	1.63	0.75	Firm mid brownish grey

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									silty clay with occasional small burnt flint fragments
1025	1025	7K	211	Cut	Watering Hole	10	2	0.57	Not visible, moderate sides, not reached base
1026	1025	7K	211	Fill	Watering Hole	10	2	0.57	Firm mid blueish grey silty clay with occassional small to medium stones
1027	1027	7K	211	Cut	Ditch	0	0	0	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and NW-SE aligned
1028	1027	7K	211	Fill	Ditch	0	0	0	Soft dark greyish brown silty clay
1029	1029	7K	212	Cut	Ditch	0	0	0	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and NW-SE aligned
1030	1029	7K	212	Fill	Ditch	0	0	0	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay
1031	1031	7C	136	Cut	Ditch	1	2.57	0.88	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1032	1031	7C	136	Fill	Ditch	1	0.8	0.88	Compact dark - grey clayey silt with frequent small chalk, occasional small tree roots
1033	1031	7C	136	Fill	Ditch	1	2.57	0.56	Compact mid greyish yellow silty clay with occasional small chalk, occasional small charcoal
1034	1031	7C	136	Fill	Ditch	1	2.57	0.18	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional small

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									charcoal
1035	1035	7C	143	Cut	Ditch	1	1	0.6	Linear, steep sides, not reached base
1036	1035	7C	143	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.25	Compact mid greenish grey clayey sand with chalk
1037	1035	4A	81	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.35	Firm mid greyish brown clayey sand
1038	1038	7C	163	Cut	Pit	0.95	0.89	0.17	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
1039	1038	7C	163	Fill	Pit	0.56	0.42	0.07	Firm dark greyish blue sandy silt with occasional small charcoal
1040	1040	7C	143	Cut	Pit	1	0.5	0.21	Linear, moderate sides, concave base
1041	1040	7C	143	Fill	Pit	1	0.5	0.21	Hard mid brownish grey clayey sand
1042	1042	7C	160	Cut	Ditch	1	1.66	0.52	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
1043	1042	7C	160	Fill	Ditch	1	1.66	0.52	Soft mid orangish brown sand
1044	1044	7C	147	Cut	Ditch	1	2.91	1.09	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
1045	1044	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	0.71	0.47	Firm mid orangish blue silty clay with frequent small ironpan inclusions
1046	1044	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	1.21	0.24	Firm mid greyish green silty clay
1047	1044	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	1.07	0.16	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent small iron pan
1048	1044	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	2.42	0.26	Firm mid brownish grey

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									silty clay
1049	1049	7C	145	Cut	Ditch	1	6.3	1.2	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and E-W aligned
1050	1049	7C	145	Fill	Ditch	1	0.75	0.19	Hard dark greyish brown silty sand with frequent small charcoal inclusions, with rare small stones.
1052	1049	7C	145	Fill	Ditch	1	6.3	0.61	Hard mid orangish brown silty sand with occasional small charcoal and burnt clay inclusions. ocassional small - medium sized stones.
1054	1054	7C	143	Cut	Ditch	1	1.2	0.51	Linear, moderate sides, concave base
1055	1054	7C	143	Fill	Ditch	1	1.2	0.51	Firm light greyish brown chalky clay with chalk throughout
1056	1056	7C	144	Cut	Natural Feature	1	5.4	0.38	Not fully exposed, gradual sides, irregular base
1057	1056	7C	144	Fill	Natural Feature	1	0.4	0.08	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with moderate small charcoal
1058	1056	7C	144	Fill	Ditch	1	0.5	0.26	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt with occasional small stones, occasional small charcoal
1059	1056	7C	144	Fill	Ditch	1	3.18	0.24	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt
1060	1056	7C	144	Fill	Ditch	1	5.12	0.38	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt
1061	1056	7C	144	Fill	Ditch	1	2.76	0.1	Soft dark brownish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									grey sandy silt with frequent small to medium charcoal
1063	1063	7C	152	Cut	Ditch	1	1.38	0.28	Linear, gradual sides, flat base and E-W aligned
1064	1063	7C	152	Fill	Ditch	1	1.38	0.28	Compact dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional small charcoal and burnt clay inclusions, with frequent mixed sized stones.
1065	1065	7C	147	Cut	Ditch	1	1.1	0.45	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
1066	1065	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	1.1	0.45	Soft mid orangish brown silty sand
1067	1067	7C	144	Cut	Ditch	1	4.4m	0.85	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and N-S aligned
1068	1067	7C	144	Fill	Ditch	1	0.25	0.12	Soft light orangish brown silty sand
1069	1067	7C	144	Fill	Ditch	1	0.5	0.31	Compact mid greenish brown clay
1070	1067	7C	144	Fill	Ditch	1	1.6	0.48	Soft mid greyish brown sandy clay
1071	1071	7C	155	Cut	Posthole	0.27	0.25	0.21	Sub-circular, steep sides, concave base
1072	1071	7C	155	Fill	Posthole	0.27	0.25	0.21	Firm dark brownish black clayey silt
1073	1073	7C	152	Cut	Ditch	1	4.8	0.7	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1074	1073	7C	152	Fill	Ditch	1	4.8	0.18	Compact mid orangish brown silty clay
1075	1073	7C	152	Fill	Ditch	1	4.8	0.7	Hard mid greyish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									brown clayey sand
1076	1076	7C	144	Cut	Natural Feature	1	4.15	0.34	Irregular, gradual sides, not reached base
1077	1076	7C	144	Fill	Natural Feature	1	4.15	0.34	Soft mid orangish brown silty sand
1078	1078	7C	151	Cut	Pond	1	1.5	0.4	Not fully exposed, vertical / near vertical sides, not reached base
1079	1078	7C	151	Fill	Pond	1	1.37	0.4	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt
1080	1078	7C	151	Fill	Pond	1	1.05	0.4	Firm mid yellowish brown sandy clay with occassional small to medium sub angular stones
1081	1081	7C	147	Cut	Cobbled surface	1	2.39	0.25	Not fully exposed, gradual sides, flat base
1082	1081	7C	147	Fill	Cobbled surface	1	2.31	0.08	Loose - - grey poorly sorted small to large stones and flints
1083	1081	7C	147	Fill	Cobbled surface	1	2.39	0.19	Firm dark greyish brown sandy clay with occasional small charcoal inclusions
1084	1084	7C	155	Cut	Posthole	0.39	0.2	0.07	Circular, vertical / near vertical sides, flat base
1085	1084	7C	155	Fill	Posthole	0.39	0.2	0.07	Firm mid brownish orange clayey sand
1086	1086	7D	174	Cut	Ditch	1	1.84	0.5	Linear, complex sides, concave base and N-S aligned
1087	1086	7D	174	Fill	Ditch	1	1.84	0.5	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
1088	1088	7D	171	Layer	Layer	0	8.63	0	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
1089	1089	7D	169	Cut	Ditch	1	1.85	0.75	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
1090	1089	7D	169	Fill	Ditch	1	0.47	0.27	Firm mid orangish brown silty clay with moderate small chalk
1091	1089	7D	169	Fill	Ditch	1	0.7	0.23	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
1092	1089	7D	169	Fill	Ditch	1	1.85	0.4	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
1093	1093	7F	180	Cut	Ditch	2	2	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
1094	1093	7F	180	Fill	Ditch	2	2	0	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional wood fragments
1095	1095	7F	181	Cut	Ditch	2	2	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and E-W aligned
1096	1095	7F	181	Fill	Ditch	2	2	0	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional wood fragments
1097	1097	7F	182	Cut	Ditch	2	2	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
1098	1097	7F	182	Fill	Ditch	2	2	0	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional wood fragments
1099	1099	7F	183	Cut	Ditch	2	2	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and E-W aligned
1100	1099	7F	183	Fill	Ditch	2	2	0	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt
1101	1101	7F	184	Cut	Ditch	2	2	0	Linear, complex sides,

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									not reached base and E-W aligned
1102	1101	7F	184	Fill	Ditch	2	2	0	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional wood flecks
1103	1103	7C	151	Cut	Pond	1	2	0.44	Not fully exposed, steep sides, not reached base
1104	1103	7C	151	Fill	Pond	1	2	0.44	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay with frequent small charcoal
1105	1105	7C	155	Layer	Layer	1	3.4	0.16	Firm mid orangish brown silty sand
1106	1106	7C	154	Layer	Layer	1	2.27	0.15	Soft mid greyish brown sand
1107	1107	7C	147	Cut	Ditch	1	3.39	0.79	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and NE-SW aligned
1108	1107	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	1.3	0.24	Hard mid greyish blue silty clay with frequent small iron pan inclusions
1109	1107	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	1.79	0.26	Firm mid greenish brown silty clay
1110	1107	7C	147	Fill	Ditch	1	2.84	0.34	Firm dark greyish brown silty clay
1111	1111	7F	188	Cut	Ditch	1	2.48	1.25	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
1112	1111	7F	188	Fill	Ditch	1	1.54	0.95	Firm dark brownish grey silty clay with frequent wood fragments
1113	1111	7F	188	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.37	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with frequent redeposited

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									natural lumps
1114	1111	7F	188	Fill	Ditch	1	1.88	0.27	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional wood fragments
1115	1115	7F	189	Cut	Ditch	2	2	0	Linear, complex sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
1116	1115	7F	189	Fill	Ditch	2	2	0	Hard mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional wood fragments
1117	1117	7C	155	Cut	Posthole	0.31	0.14	0.09	Circular, steep sides, flat base
1118	1117	7C	155	Fill	Posthole	0.31	0.14	0.09	Soft dark brownish black silty sand with charcoal throughout
1119	1119	7C	154	Cut	Ditch	1	2.31	0.75	Linear, complex sides, flat base and E-W aligned
1120	1119	7C	154	Fill	Ditch	1	1.95	0.54	Firm mid greyish brown clayey sand with chalk
1121	1119	7C	154	Fill	Ditch	1	1.34	0.22	Soft mid orangish brown silty sand
1122	1122	7C	155	Cut	Ditch	1	2.87	0.58	Linear, steep sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
1123	1122	7C	155	Fill	Ditch	1	2.27	0.25	Firm mid greyish brown clayey silt with frequent clay natural redeposit, frequent small chalk, occasional small charcoal
1124	1122	7C	155	Fill	Ditch	1	0.96	0.22	Firm light yellowish grey clayey silt with frequent redeposit natural clay, occasional

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									small charcoal
1125	1125	7C	155	Cut	Ditch	1	1.4	0.65	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and NW-SE aligned
1126	1125	7C	155	Fill	Ditch	1	1.4	0.65	Compact mid yellowish brown silty clay
1127	1127	7H	199	Cut	Ditch	1	2.43	0.77	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
1128	1127	7H	199	Fill	Ditch	1	2.43	0.77	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with frequent fired clay flecks, occasional charcoal flecks
1129	1129	7E	179	Cut	Ditch	1	1.8	0.55	Linear, steep sides, concave base
1130	1129	7E	179	Fill	Ditch	1	1.8	0.55	Firm mid brownish yellow clayey sand
1131	1131	7E	177	Cut	Ditch	1	3.15	0.74	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
1132	1131	7E	177	Fill	Ditch	1	3.15	0.74	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with occasional small stones
1133	1131	7E	177	Fill	Ditch	1	1.4	0.14	Firm light brownish yellow silty clay
1134	1131	7E	177	Fill	Ditch	1	1.24	0.18	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt with occasional chalk flecks
1135	1135	7E	178	Cut	Ditch	1	2.85	0.86	Linear, complex sides, concave base and N-S aligned
1136	1135	7E	178	Fill	Ditch	1	2.85	0.7	Firm mid yellowish brown clay with medium moderate clay
1137	1135	7E	178	Fill	Ditch	1	1.65	0.27	Firm mid greyish brown

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									silty clay with moderate small charcoal inclusions. moderate small fired clay inclusions
1138	1138	7G	194	Cut	Ditch	1	2.2	0.75	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1139	1138	7G	194	Fill	Ditch	1	0.95	0.28	Compact dark brownish grey silty clay
1140	1138	7G	194	Fill	Ditch	1	2.2	0.5	Hard mid orangish grey silty clay with frequent medium angular rocks; moderate medium chalk
1141	1141	7H	200	Cut	Ditch	1	2	85	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
1142	1141	7H	200	Fill	Ditch	1	1.2	0.25	Firm dark blueish grey clayey silt with occasional large intact wood
1143	1143	7H	200	Layer	Layer	1.8	5.2	0.03	Compact mid yellowish brown silty clay with moderate cbm
1144	1141	7H	200	Fill	Ditch	1	1.2	0.6	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
1145	1145	7F	192	Cut	Posthole	0.2	0.23	0.1	Circular, steep sides, concave base
1146	1145	7F	192	Fill	Pit	0.2	0.23	0.1	Soft dark blueish black clayey silt with frequent small to medium burnt flint
1147	1147	7F	192	Cut	Posthole	0.25	0.23	0.13	Circular, steep sides, concave base
1148	1147	7F	192	Fill	Posthole	0.25	0.23	0.13	Soft dark blueish black clayey silt with frequent

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									small to medium burnt flint
1149	1149	7F	192	Cut	Posthole	0.18	0.21	0.14	Circular, steep sides, concave base
1150	1149	7F	192	Fill	Posthole	0.18	0.21	0.14	Soft dark blueish black clayey silt with frequent small to medium burnt flint
1151	1151	7F	193	Cut	Ditch	1	2	0.64	Linear, moderate sides, convex base and N-S aligned
1152	1151	7F	193	Fill	Ditch	1	2	0.64	Compact mid greyish brown silty clay
1153	1153	7F	192	Cut	Pit	1.48	1.53	0.72	Sub-circular, moderate sides, concave base
1154	1153	7F	192	Fill	Pit	1.48	1.53	0.72	Firm mid blueish grey silty clay with occasional small charcoal
1155	1153	7F	192	Fill	Pit	1.48	1.53	0.51	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
1156	1156	7F	192	Cut	Watering hole	0	0	0.38	Sub-circular, complex sides, irregular base
1157	1156	7F	192	Fill	Watering hole	0	0	0.38	Compact mid orangish grey silty clay with rare small charcoal
1158	1158	1B	15	Cut	Ditch	1	0.84	0.56	Linear, moderate sides, convex base and E-W aligned
1159	1158	1B	15	Fill	Ditch	1	0.84	0.56	Compact mid yellowish brown silty clay
1160	1160	1B	15	Cut	Ditch	1	1.66	1	Linear, steep sides, not reached base and E-W aligned
1161	1160	1B	15	Fill	Ditch	1	1.66	0.7	Compact dark brownish grey silty clay with moderate stones

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									and chalk
1162	1160	1B	15	Fill	Ditch	1	0.55	0.3	Compact dark brownish grey clayey silt
1163	1163	1B	11	Cut	Ditch	1	1.76	0.59	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1164	1163	1B	11	Fill	Ditch	1	1.76	0.59	Firm mid brownish grey clayey silt
1165	1163	1B	11	Fill	Ditch	1	1.76	0.59	Firm dark brownish grey clayey silt
1166	1166	1B	20	Cut	Ditch	1	1.28	0.54	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
1167	1166	1B	20	Fill	Ditch	1	1.28	0.54	Soft mid yellowish brown silty sand
1168	1168	1B	9	Cut	Ditch	1	1.8	0.86	Linear, steep sides, concave base and N-S aligned
1169	1168	1B	9	Fill	Ditch	1	1.8	0.86	Firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt
1170	1170	1B	19	Cut	Ditch	1	1.85	0.75	Linear, moderate sides, not reached base and NW-SE aligned
1171	1170	1B	19	Fill	Ditch	1	1.85	0.75	Firm mid greyish orange sandy clay with moderate medium sub-angular stone, rare very small animal bone, rare medium cbm, occassional small charcoal, occasional medium - large plant remains/wood.
1172	1172	1B	19	Cut	Posthole	0.41	0.34	0.17	Su-circular, moderate sides, concave base

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
1173	1172	1B	19	Fill	Posthole	0.41	0.34	0.17	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
1174	1174	1B	19	Cut	Posthole	0.59	0.43	0.17	Not visible, gradual sides, concave base
1175	1174	1B	19	Fill	Posthole	0.59	0.43	0.17	Friable mid blueish grey clayey sand
1176	1176	1B	19	Cut	Posthole	0.18	0.36	0.13	Not visible, moderate sides, concave base
1177	1176	1B	19	Fill	Posthole	0.18	0.36	0.13	Friable mid blueish grey clayey sand
1178	1178	1B	10	Cut	Ditch	1	2.2	0.95	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1179	1178	1B	10	Fill	Ditch	1	1.4	0.45	Hard mid greenish grey silty clay with occasional chalk
1180	1178	1B	10	Fill	Ditch	1	2.2	0.5	Compact mid brownish grey clayey silt
1181	1181	1B	10	Cut	Ditch	1	3.7	0.4	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and E-W aligned
1182	1181	1B	10	Fill	Ditch	1	3.7	0.4	Firm mid greyish brown sandy clay
1183	1183	1B	17	Cut	Pit	1.2	0.5	0.2	Elongated, gradual sides, flat base
1184	1183	1B	17	Fill	Pit	1.2	0.5	0.2	Soft light greyish brown clayey sand
1185	1185	1B	12	Cut	Ditch	1	1	0.3	Linear, gradual sides, not reached base and N-S aligned
1186	1185	1B	12	Fill	Ditch	1	1	0.3	Firm mid greyish brown sandy clay
1187	1187	1B	13	Cut	Ditch	1	2.2	1	Linear, steep sides, concave base
1188	1187	1B	13	Fill	Ditch	1	0.4	0.3	Firm mid yellowish brown clay with chalk
1189	1187	1B	13	Fill	Ditch	1	2.2	0.7	Firm mid yellowish

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									brown clay
1190	1190	Proposed BESS	2	Cut	Watering hole	0	1.15	0.43	Not visible, gradual sides, flat base
1191	1190	Proposed BESS	2	Fill	Water hole	0	1.15	0.43	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt
1192	1192	Proposed BESS	2	Cut	Water hole	1	1	0.65	Sub-ciercular, vertical / near vertical sides, not reached base
1193	1192	Proposed BESS	2	Fill	Water hole	1	1	0.42	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt
1194	1192	Proposed BESS	2	Fill	Water hole	1	1	0.23	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt with moderate small chalk
1195	1195	1B	16	Cut	Ditch	1	2.34	0.9	Linear, steep sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
1196	1195	1B	16	Fill	Ditch	1	2.34	0.15	Firm mid brownish grey clay
1197	1195	1B	16	Fill	Ditch	1	1.8	0.46	Firm mid reddish grey silty clay with frequent iron pan
1198	1195	1B	16	Fill	Ditch	1	1.5	0.29	Firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt
1199	1199	2A	24	Cut	Ditch	1	1.36	0.37	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and N-S aligned
1200	1199	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1	1.36	0.37	Soft mid greyish brown sandy silt with frequent iron pan
1201	1201	2A	24	Cut	Ditch	1	0.65	0.29	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NE-SW aligned
1202	1201	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1	0.65	0.29	Soft mid greyish brown sandy silt with frequent

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									iron pan
1203	1203	2A	24	Cut	Ditch	1	1.56	0.51	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
1204	1203	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1	1.56	0.51	Soft mid greyish brown sandy silt with frequent iron pan
1205	1205	2A	24	Cut	Ditch	1	0.75	0.25	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1206	1205	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1	0.75	0.25	Soft mid yellowish brown sandy silt
1207	1207	2A	24	Cut	Ditch	1	0.64	0.19	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
1208	1207	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1	0.64	0.19	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay
1209	1209	2A	24	Cut	Ditch	1.24	1.6	0.8	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1210	1209	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1.24	0.6	0.3	Firm mid yellowish grey silty clay
1211	1209	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1.24	1.6	0.6	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
1212	1212	2A	24	Cut	Pit	1.08	0.5	0.16	Sub-circular, gradual sides, flat base
1213	1212	2A	24	Fill	Pit	1.17	0.5	0.16	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay
1214	1214	2A	24	Cut	Ditch	1	0.62	0.42	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and NW-SE aligned
1215	1214	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1	0.62	0.42	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay
1216	1216	2A	25	Cut	Ditch	1	2.38	0.82	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1217	1216	2A	25	Fill	Ditch	1	2.38	0.82	Soft mid greyish brown

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									clayey silt
1218	1218	2A	25	Cut	Ditch	1	1.75	0.62	Linear, steep sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1219	1218	2A	25	Fill	Ditch	1	1.75	0.62	Soft mid greyish brown silty clay
1220	1220	2A	24	Cut	Ditch	1	0.3	0.1	Linear, gradual sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1221	1220	2A	24	Fill	Ditch	1	0.3	0.1	Soft mid yellowish grey silty clay
1222	1222	2C	32	Cut	Ditch	1	4.3	1.2	Linear, moderate sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1223	1222	2C	32	Fill	Ditch	1	4.3	0.6	Firm mid greyish brown silty clay with moderate flints
1224	1222	2C	32	Fill	Ditch	1	1.5	0.6	Firm mid yellowish brown silty clay with moderate flints
1225	1225	2B	29	Cut	Ditch	0.8	3.6	1	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and N-S aligned
1226	1225	2B	29	Fill	Ditch	1	1.37	0.38	Soft mid greyish brown clayey silt
1227	1225	2B	29	Fill	Ditch	1	3.08	0.5	Hard mid yellowish brown clayey silt
1228	1225	2B	29	Fill	Ditch	1	3.6	0.28	Firm mid yellowish brown clayey silt
1229	1229	2B	30	Cut	Ditch	1	2.7	0.6	Linear, moderate sides, flat base and E-W aligned
1230	1229	2B	30	Fill	Ditch	1	1.3	0.32	Firm mid brownish grey silty clay
1231	1229	2B	30	Fill	Ditch	1	2.7	0.4	Firm mid greyish brown sandy silt
1232	1232	2B	31	Cut	Ditch	1	2.2	0.76	Linear, moderate

Context No	Cut	Site Name	Trench	Type	Category	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Description
									sides, concave base and E-W aligned
1233	1232	2B	31	Fill	Ditch	1	0.92	0.32	Firm mid brownish grey sandy silt
1234	1232	2B	31	Fill	Ditch	1	2.2	0.48	Soft mid greyish brown silty sand
1235	1056	7C	144	Fill	Natural Feature	1	1.7	0.08	Soft mid yellowish brown

17 APPENDIX 6: LITHIC CATALOGUE

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
500		Topsoil	Modern		9			Retouched	1	29	Meso-Neo	thick fairly large entirely recorticated flake, detached on internal flaw, small fractured SP, fractured right margin, very narrow dorsal scars and some dorsal thermal scars, short portion of steep retouch along the left margin
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Retouched	1	22	Lneo-BA	rounded plunged flake, thinner proximal end thick distal end, small edge collapsed SP, well detached dorsal flake scars, flake removals from distal margin-poss retouch? Rounded scraper?
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Retouched	1	82	Lneo-BA	1. large thick core frag/thermally fracture raw material, thermally fractured ventral face w/ several IHCs, poorly detached flake scars from all directions, several thermal fractures on dorsal face, retouched distal margin forming very large convex scraper
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Retouched	1	20	Lneo-BA	2. elongated thermally fractured piece, short poorly detached dorsal scars, steep retouch forming rounded scraper on left (?) margin, some inverse retouch on right distal margin

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Retouched	1	38	Lneo-BA	3. thick poss thermally fractured flake, no BOP/SP, broad well detached dorsal scars, distal end steeply retouched into rounded scraper
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Retouched	1	6	Meso-Neo	4. well detached blade, narrow dorsal blade scars latest ones hinged, cortical right margin, finely denticulated left margin
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Retouched	1	8	Meso-Neo	4. short thick blade, proximal end poss snapped off- no BOP/SP- v hinged distal terminus, narrow dorsal blade scars, chipped left margin- likely retouch/usewear
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	3	Meso-Neo	narrow thin blade, hinged distal terminus, v thin small SP- poss fractured- dorsal blade scars
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Decortication flake	1	8	Preh	thin DF, detached on internal flaw
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Flake	1	13	Neo-BA	wide flake, short dorsal scars slightly stepped/hinged, hinged distal terminus, small flake removals from vventral face- left margin? Shattering due to burning
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Flake	1	26	BA-IA	thick wide flake detached on internal flaw, obtuse SP, later dorsal scars fractured on internal flaws, cortical

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
												distal margin
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Decortication flake	2	10	Neo-BA	2x thin DFs, 1 small w/ small fractured SP, 1 broad w/ entirely cortical dorsal face v small shattered SP
501		Subsoil	Modern	258	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	9	Meso-Neo	thick blade, almost DB, small SP v thick fractured distal end
501		Subsoil	Modern	255	9			Retouched	1	54	Lneo-BA	thick flake, dorsal scars from various directions-mostly short but well detached, 1x IHC on dorsal face left side, several flakes removed from ventral face from left and right margins, short flakes from left margin (dorsal face) forming serrated edge?
778	777	Ditch		248	9			Decortication flake	1	6	Preh	thin elongated DF, well detached, chipped margins
778	777	Ditch		248	9			Decortication flake	1	2	Preh	small thin wide DF, small SP
778	777	Ditch		248	9			Retouched	1	6	Neo-BA	well detached flake, v small SP, well detached dorsal scar, fine retouch along distal margin, fine steep retouch along left margin forming slightly curved side

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
												scraper
778	777	Ditch		248	9			Flake	1	4	Preh	small well detached flake, obtuse SP
778	777	Ditch		248	9			Flake	1	3	Preh	small flake, v short poorly detached dorsal scars, large chip in right margin
782	779	Ditch		248	9		64	Flake	1	18	Neo-BA	wide fairly thick flake, obtuse SP, v thermally fractured dorsal face
782	779	Ditch		248	9		64	Decortication flake	1	26	Neo-BA	thick fairly large v hinged DF, broad SP
782	779	Ditch		248	9		64	Micro-debitage <10mm	1	1	Preh	v small MD, v thin, large chip in distal margin
783	779	Ditch		248	9			Decortication blade	1	13	Meso-Neo	well detached DB, obtuse SP
783	779	Ditch		248	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	12	Meso-Neo	large blade, cortical SP, 2x narrow dorsal scars 1 slightly hinged
788	787	Posthole		247	9		66	Flake	1	3	Preh	small wide well detached flake, small cortical SP, hinged distal terminus
807	806	Ditch		247	9		69	Flake	1	4	Preh	small flake detached on internal flaws, small SP,

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
												dorsal scars
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Blade-like flake	1	3	Meso-Neo	small short BLF, slightly hinged, dorsal blade scars
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Blade fragment	1	2	Meso-Neo	distal end of thin DB, well detached
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Non-prismatic blade	1	1	Meso-Neo	thin blade, pointed SP, dorsal blade scars
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Flake	1	2	Preh	small wide v hinged flake, poorly detached dorsal scar
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Flake	1	2	Preh	v thin flake, no BOP/SP
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Decortication flake	1	5	Neo-BA	wide fiarly thick DF, cortical SP, v short dorsal flake scars
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Flake	1	18	Neo-BA	large thick flake, detached on internal flaw, small slightly fractured SP, narrow dorsal scars
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Micro-debitage <10mm	2	1	Preh	2x v small thin MD, blade-like, well detached
811	810	Ditch		238	9		69	Micro-debitage <10mm	2	2	Preh	2x DF MD, 1 thin 1 v thick

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
814	813	Ditch		246	9			Retouched	1	6	Neo-BA	smallish flake, well detached- soft stone hammer? Faceted platform, v fine abrupt retouch along uneven distal margin
828	827	Pit		243	9			Decortication flake	1	27	Preh	thick rounded DF, poss natural
830	829	Pit		247	9		70	Micro-debitage <10mm	4	2	Preh	4x small thin MD, various raw material sources
830	829	Pit		247	9		70	Flake	3	5	Preh	3x small flakes, reasonably thin and well detached
830	829	Pit		247	9		70	Flake	1	15	Neo-BA	broad fairly thin flake, no SP/BOP- shattered due to burning? Well detached dorsal scars
830	829	Pit		247	9		70	Flake	1	5	Neo-BA	small thin flake, poss retouched right margin
830	829	Pit		247	9		70	Flake	1	14	Neo-BA	broad squarish flake, detached on internal flaws, edge collapsed SP, well detached dorsal scars
831	829	Pit		247	9		71	Flake	1	25	Neo-BA	thick rounded flake, all margins cortical, plunged distal terminus, well detached dorsal scars
831	829	Pit		247	9		71	Flake	1	2	Preh	small flake, slightly bashed SP

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
831	829	Pit		247	9		71	Squat flake	1	6	BA-IA	wide thin SF, thermal scars to dorsal face
831	829	Pit		247	9		71	Decortication flake	1	1	Preh	small thin DF, almost MD
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Retouched	1	12	BA-IA	wide squat flake, obtuse SP, well detached dorsal scars, steep retouch along distal margin likely as a scraping edge
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	3	Meso-Neo	thin well detached blade, narrow dorsal blade scars, pointy distal terminus
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Decortication flake	1	6	Neo-BA	thin DF, detached on internal flaw
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Decortication flake	1	21	BA-IA	thick very plunged DF, 1x well detached dorsal scar
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Flake	2	5	Preh	2x small wide flakes, 1 v thin 1 v thick
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Flake	1	10	Preh	thick flake, small SP, poorly detached dorsal scar
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Flake	1	3	Preh	small flake, well detached
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Retouched	1	11	Neo-BA	CRF, small SP, short dorsal scars from opposing direction, steep retouch around distal end forming curved scraper

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Squat flake	1	19	BA-IA	wide SF, obtuse SP, poorly detached dorsal scars, detached w/ hard strike
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Flake	1	38	BA-IA	v large thick flake detached on many internal flaws w/ hard strike, well detached dorsal scars, obtuse SP
850	847	Ditch		246	9			Core fragment	1	24	BA-IA	frost fractured chunk, several flake scars, several IHCS on thermal face
854	853	Ditch		242	9			Retouched	1	13	Neo-BA	fairly thick wide flake, obtuse SP, detached w/ hard strike, 1 well detached dorsal scar 1 hinged, left and distal margins finely retouched into rounded scraper
858	856	Pit		242	9			Decortication flake	1	5	Neo-BA	small DF, well detached, faceted SP, short well detached dorsal scars
877	876	Natural		249	9		76	Core fragment	1	11	Meso-Neo	thick fragment of blade core, well detached narrow dorsal blade scars
877	876	Natural		249	9			Decortication flake	1	55	BA-IA	large thick DF, obtuse cortical SP, detached w/ hard strike
877	876	Natural		249	9			Conchoidal chunk	1	51	Preh	thick thermally fractured chunk, poss DF
881	880	Ditch		242	9			Core fragment	1	74	BA-IA	large, wide core frag detached on significant internal flaw, several flake scars, dorsal surface very battered

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
												w/ many IHCs- poss use as hammerstone?
887	886	Ditch		247	9			Retouched	1	16	Meso-Neo	thick but narrow blade retouched into fabricator- like Eneo in date. Left and right margins steeply/abruptly retouched, short flake scars from central crest, fine blade scars earliest- distal end
887	886	Ditch		247	9			Blade-like flake	1	5	Meso-Neo	thin narrow BLF, pointy distal end, v thin small fractured SP
887	886	Ditch		247	9			Blade-like flake	1	4	Meso-Neo	cortical SP, hinged distal terminus, narrow dorsal scars 1 deep
887	886	Ditch		247	9			Flake	1	4	Neo-BA	wide thin flake, pointy fractured SP
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Blade-like flake	1	5	Meso-Neo	short BLF, hinged distal terminus, dorsal blade scars
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Retouched	1	3	Meso-Neo	small thin well detached flake, well detached dorsal scars, v fine retouch along distal and left margins- poss small scraper?
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Retouched	1	33	BA-IA	thick DF, poss thermally fractured, one face entirely cortical, flakes removed from ventral face, no clear BOP/SP, distal margin steeply/coarsely retouched into

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
												slightly concave inverted scraper
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Flake	1	17	BA-IA	thick flake, detached w/ hard strike, thermally fractured dorsal face, poss fine retouch around distal/right margins
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Core	1	89	BA-IA	thick fragment, almost entirely cortical, short flake scars to front face, curved distal end- poss minor retouch- poss used as scraper?
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Flake	1	1	Preh	SMALL THIN FLAKE, ALMOST Md, well detached
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Blade-like flake	1	5	Preh	narrow BLF, small cortical SP, poorly detached, poorly detached dorsal scars
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Conchoidal chunk	1	37	Preh	small natural nodule, mostly cortical, thermally fractured, poss flake scars
903	902	Ditch		256	9			Conchoidal chunk	1	26	Preh	small natural nodule, mostly cortical, thermally fractured, poss flake scars
911	910	Pit		258	9			Flake	1	80	Neo-BA	v large flake, relatively thin, well detached, slightly plunged profile, broad dorsal scars- later ones stepped/hinged- poss early stage axehead reduction

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
911	910	Pit		258	9			Decortication flake	1	6	Neo-BA	small thick DF, squarish, poorly detached dorsal scar, obtuse SP
911	910	Pit		258	9			Blade-like flake	1	4	Meso-Neo	short thin BLF, small SP, narrow well detached dorsal scars
911	910	Pit		258	9			Biface thinning flake	1	17	Neo-BA	thin broad flake, small SP, chipped distal margin, well detached dorsal scars from right and distal margins- axehead thinning flake
911	910	Pit		258	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	1	Meso-Neo	short narrow blade, proximal end snapped off, dorsal blade scars
911	910	Pit		258	9			Biface thinning flake	1	11	Neo-BA	thin wide flake, SP/BOP missing- snapped off? Flake scars from various directions, plunged profile- biface thinning flake
913	912	Pit		258	9		79	Micro-debitage <10mm	4	2	Preh	4x thin well detached MD
913	912	Pit		258	9		79	Non-prismatic blade	1	1	Meso-Neo	v small thin blade, narrow dorsal blade scars
913	912	Pit		258	9		79	Decortication flake	1	2	Meso-Neo	v thin blade-like DF

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
913	912	Pit		258	9		79	Blade-like flake	1	1	Meso-Neo	small squarish flake, small cortical SP, narrow dorsal blade scars
913	912	Pit		258	9		79	Blade-like flake	1	5	Meso-Neo	narrow BLF, wider at proximal end, poorly detached dorsal blade scars- hinged/stepped
913	912	Pit		258	9		79	Flake	1	2	Preh	small thin wide flake, deep dorsal scar
913	912	Pit		258	9		79	Micro-debitage <10mm			Preh	1331g of unsorted 2-4mm residue, majority not flint. C.10% MD, generally v thin, narrow, well detached
913	912	Pit		258	9			Blade-like flake	1	2	Meso-Neo	v thin well detached BLF, poss distal end of blade- no BOP/SP, proximal end likely snapped off, v narrow dorsal blade scars
913	912	Pit		258	9			Non-prismatic blade	2	3	Meso-Neo	2x short blade, v sharp distal point, slightly obtuse SP, narrow dorsal scars, ART SPs, overlapping refit
913	912	Pit		258	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	2	Meso-Neo	thin short blade, cortical SP and distal terminus, narrow dorsal scars one fairly deep
913	912	Pit		258	9			Blade-like flake	1	8	Meso-Neo	fairly thick BLF, very, heavily edge collapsed SP, slightly plunged profile, narrow dorsal scars

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
913	912	Pit		258	9			Blade-like flake	1	6	Meso-Neo	fairly thick, small SP, partially cortical dorsal face
913	912	Pit		258	9			Flake	1	9	Meso-Neo	thin squarish flake, hinged distal margin, small slightly fractured SP, well detached dorsal scars, cortical left margin
913	912	Pit		258	9			Retouched	1	7	Eneo-Lneo	thick flake, v small SP, poorly detached dorsal scars, v fine steep retouch around distal margin forming narrow rounded scraper
913	912	Pit		258	9			Blade-like flake	1	2	Meso-Neo	small thin flake, narrow dorsal blade scars
913	912	Pit		258	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	1	Meso-Neo	short thin blade, v small SP, well detached
913	912	Pit		258	9			Flake	1	44	Neo-BA	large thick well detached flake, faceted SP, latest dorsal scars short narrow and hinged
913	912	Pit		258	9			Decortication flake	1	24	Neo-BA	large well detached DF, small SP
913	912	Pit		258	9			Decortication flake	1	3	Meso-Neo	small thin DF, 1x dorsal scar

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
913	912	Pit		258	9			Flake	1	6	Neo-BA	smallish fairly thick flake, pointed cortical SP, cortical right margin, well detached
913	912	Pit		258	9			Flake	1	11	Neo-BA	squarish well detached flake, detached w/ hard strike, obtuse SP- squat-like- faceted platform
913	912	Pit		258	9			Decortication flake	1	12	Neo-BA	thin elongated DF, detached on internal flaw, small SP
913	912	Pit		258	9			Core modification / rejuvenation	1	22	Neo-BA	thick flake, smallish SP w/ several lHCs, plunged distal terminus, well detached dorsal scars some from opposing direction on right margin
913	912	Pit		258	9			Flake	5	4	Preh	5x small flakes, well detached knapping debitage
913	912	Pit		258	9			Conchoidal chunk	1	9	Preh	small thermally fractured chunk, poss flake scars?
913	912	Pit		258	9			Flake	1	5	Preh	thick flake, poss nat- SP v bashed so poss hammerstone frag
915	914	Ditch		258	9			Retouched	1	6	Eneo-Lneo	small rounded flake, all margins cortical, v small edge collapsed SP, distal margin unevenly but finely retouched into rounded scraper
922	921	Ditch		253	9			Retouched	1	5	Meso-Neo	fairly short well detached DB, small poss dihedral SP, pointed distal terminus, right margin steeply

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
												retouched- piercer?
922	921	Ditch		253	9			Flake	1	14	BA-IA	thick flake detached w/ hard strike, v obtuse SP
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Core fragment	1	10	Meso-Neo	small thick frag of flake/blade core, long narrow blade scars from opposing direction along base of flake, later short flake scars from SP
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Blade-like flake	1	12	Meso-Neo	fairly thick BLF, well detached, well detached narrow dorsal blade scars- latest dorsal scars short and poorly detached
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Blade-like flake	1	11	Meso-Neo	well detached BLF, pointed distal terminus, proximal end broken off, narrow dorsal blade scars
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Decortication flake	1	8	Meso-Neo	fairly thin DF, detached on internal flaw
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Blade fragment	1	2	Meso-Neo	medial portion of thin narrow blade,well detachedm narrow dorsal blade scars
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Flake	1	3	Preh	small wide flake, poorly detached short dorsal scars
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Flake	1	1	Preh	thin wide nondescript flake
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Decortication flake	1	2	Preh	small thin DF, chipped left margin, cortical SP

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
925	924	Ditch		258	9			Hammerstone	1	233	Preh	long rounded natural nodule, thinner end w/ poss retouch from tool/hammer use
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Decortication flake	1	32	Preh	thick rounded well detached DF, v small SP
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	17	Meso-Neo	long thick blade, thermally fractured dorsal face, almost DB, poss only blade-like incidentally
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Flake	1	12	Neo-BA	thin fairly broad flake, cortical SP, well detached, broad well detached dorsal scar
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Flake	1	16	Preh	wide thick flake, cortex continues onto ventral face, small SP
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Non-prismatic blade	1	7	Meso-Neo	narrow poorly detached very chipped blade, poorly detached/hinged narrow dorsal scars
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Flake	1	3	Neo-BA	thin wide flake, cortical SP
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Flake	1	2	Preh	small thick flake, small SP, hinged distal terminus
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Flake	1	3	Neo-BA	thin almost blade-like flake, chipped right margin, lightly burnt
932	931	Ditch		258	9			Decortication flake	1	7	Preh	fairly thin DF, thickker proximal end, detached w/ hard strike

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
946	945	Oven		250	9		80	Blade-like flake	1	3	Meso-Neo	narrow flake, v small SP, cortical distal margin, poss blade-like dorsal scars
958	957	Oven		251	9		84	Flake	2	4	Neo-BA	2x small wide flakes, both thin and well detached, small SPs
562	561	Ditch		274	10B			Decortication flake	1	6	Preh	small thick DF, worn/sand-glossed edges
562	561	Ditch		274	10B			Flake	1	1	Preh	small thin flake almost MD
562	561	Ditch		274	10B			Flake	1	5	Preh	small thick flake detached on internal flaws, poorly detached dorsal scars, small pointed fractured SP
562	561	Ditch		274	10B			Decortication flake	1	5	Preh	thin DF, chipped left margin, small SP
562	561	Ditch		274	10B			Retouched	1	3	Meso-Neo	short DB, no SP/BOP, short abrupt retouch along distal margin- scraper?
562	561	Ditch		274	10B			Core	1	52	Lneo-BA	small core from small raw material (cortex proportion), short poorly detached flake scars, several IHCs on various faces, one face quite bashed- poss used as hammerstone?

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
578	577	Pond		281	10B			Retouched	1	7	Neo-BA	flake/flake fragment, no BOP/SP, well detached, well detached poss blade like dorsal scars, proximal end retouched into shallow notch
627	626	Pit		288	10C			Decortication flake	1	2	Preh	small thin DF, nondescript
628	626	Pit		288	10C			Flake	1	12	Neo-BA	squarish flake, obtuse SP, detached on internal flaw w/ hard strike, fractured distal margin, well detached dorsal scar
628	626	Pit		288	10C			Retouched	1	14	BA-IA	wide flake, fractured SP, dorsal scar from opposing direction- CRF? Steep retouch along distal margin forming piercing point or serrated edge?
628	626	Pit		288	10C			Blade-like flake	1	4	Meso-Neo	short BLF, obtuse cortical SP, well detached, short well detached dorsal scars
628	626	Pit		288	10C			Flake	1	4	Neo-BA	thin wide flake, small SP, dorsal flake scars- latest badly stepped
628	626	Pit		288	10C			Flake	1	1	Preh	small thin wide flake, v small SP
628	626	Pit		288	10C			Flake	1	3	Preh	small thin wide flake, fine dorsal scars, large chip to right margin

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
628	626	Pit		288	10C			Decortication flake	1	1	Preh	v thin DF, chipped right margin
670	669	Posthole		295	10C			Flake	1	10	Neo-BA	thin wide flake, small cortical SP, thermal scar to dorsal face?
718	717	Ditch		311	10E			Flake	1	2	Preh	small fairly thick flake, nondescript
1234	1232	Ditch		31	2B			Squat flake	1	17	BA-IA	wide SF, smallish SP, deep dorsal scar, thick cortex along distal margin, poss retouch along distal margin
1		Topsoil	Modern	71	4A			Retouched	1	3	Meso-Neo	small flake or proximal end of blade, v small edge collapsed SP, narrow dorsal scars, distal end- possible former break? Retouched into concave curve, either small inverted scraper or blunted piercer
64	63	Ditch		64	4A			Conchoidal chunk	1	19	Preh	small thermally fractured chunk of raw material- poss flake scars
64	63	Ditch		64	4A			Squat flake	1	6	BA-IA	small wide flake, broad SP w/ v pronounced IHC, deep short dorsal scars

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
70	69	Ditch		68	4A			Conchoidal chunk	1	21	Preh	thermally fractured small chunk of raw material, poss pore fragment? Poss narrow flake scars
75	73	Ditch		66	4A			Blade-like flake	1	10	Meso-Neo	fairly thick flake, wide thick cortical distal margin, v narrow proximal end, v thin slightly fractured SP, narrow dorsal scars- v blade-like at proximal end
84	82	Ditch		69	4A			Retouched	1	5	Meso-Neo	small thin plunged BLF, leaf-shaped in proportion, v thin SP, blade-like dorsal scars, fine retouch along proximal end of left margin, chipping to right margin- poss during retouch
88	87	Ditch		67	4A			Decortication flake	1	1	Preh	small thin DF, well detached, v small SP
96	89	Ditch		65	4A			Flake	1	24	BA-IA	thick flake detached w/ hard strike, small SP, almost DF, several dorsal scars 2x well detached 1 poorly detached and deep
96	89	Ditch		65	4A			Flake	1	5	Neo-BA	thick well detached flake, small cortical SP
100	99	Ditch		65	4A			Flake	1	4	Preh	small thin wide flake, hinged distal margin, no BOP/SP- poss nat

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
100	99	Ditch		65	4A			Flake	1	5	Meso-Neo	small thin plunged rounded flake, v small v shattered/edge collapsed SP, narrow well detached dorsal scars, plunged distal terminus, poss retouch on distal margin
100	99	Ditch		65	4A			Retouched	1	9	Neo-BA	fairly well detached DF, short step fractured dorsal scars, big chip/poss flake scar to left margin, retouch all around right and distal margin- poss scraper, likely Lneo, quite uneven and rough- only useful on hard materials
106	105	Ditch		58	4A			Squat flake	1	14	BA-IA	fairly thin v wide squat-like flake, small cortical SP, deep dorsal scar
106	105	Ditch		58	4A			Flake	1	7	Neo-BA	well detached squarish flake, small obtuse SP, poss CRF; cluster of IHCs on dorsal face
106	105	Ditch		58	4A			Flake	1	13	BA-IA	thick wide poorly detached flake, detached on thermal flaw, deep badly hinged dorsal scar
106	105	Ditch		58	4A			Flake	1	2	Neo-BA	small wv thin well detached flake, cortical right margin
106	105	Ditch		58	4A			Crested blade	1	1	Meso-Eneo	v small v thin blade- almost MD- well detached, paralell dorsal blade scars
107	105	Ditch		58	4A			Blade-like	1	10	Neo-BA	v plunged BLF, small SP, poss CRF- flake scars along

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
								flake				right margin
107	105	Ditch		58	4A			Flake	1	1	Preh	v small thin flake, almost MD
117	116	Ditch		71	4A			Decortication flake	1	8	BA-IA	small wide thick flake, detached w/ hard strike, small SP, poss coarse retouch along right margin?
143	142	Ditch		70	4A			Blade-like flake	1	7	Meso-Neo	thin BLF, small SP, slightly plunged, narrow dorsal blade scars
143	142	Ditch		70	4A			Flake	1	1	Meso-Neo	small thin narrow flake, almost MD, well detached, short slightly hinged SP
143	142	Ditch		70	4A			Flake	1	1	Neo-BA	v thin wide flake, slightly hinged distal terminus
143	142	Ditch		70	4A			Decortication blade	1	4	Meso-Neo	well detached DB, small SP, detached w/ hard strike
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Non-prismatic blade	1	3	Meso-Neo	short blade, obtuse SP, well detached, dorsal blade scars- crested?
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Flake fragments	1	1	Meso-Neo	small thin flake, poss proximal end of blade? Small cortical SP, distal end snapped off
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Blade-like flake	1	4	Meso-Neo	thin BLF, small SP, cortical left and right margins, narrow drosal blade scars
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Squat flake	1	7	BA-IA	wide squarish flake, obtuse SP, detached on internal flaw, poorly detached dorsal scars

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Blade-like flake	1	4	Meso-Neo	short plunged BLF, latest fakes scars v short and badly hinged
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Decortication blade	1	3	Meso-Neo	thin DB, v small SP, 1x dorsal scar
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Decortication flake	1	6	Neo-BA	thin wide flake, short well detached dorsal scars from opposing direction- CRF
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Flake	1	2	Preh	small thin wide flake, v thin SP, deep dorsal scar
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Flake	1	1	Preh	small thin wide flake, v thin SP, deep dorsal scar, thin cortical SP
147	142	Ditch		70	4A			Decortication flake	1	7	BA-IA	wide squarish SF, obtuse cortical SP
158	157	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication flake	3	17	Preh	3x elongated well detached DFs, fairly thin
158	157	Ditch		80	4A			Core fragment	1	74	BA-IA	large thick squarish core frag, detached on significant thermal flaw, cortical SP, hinged flake scars to dorsal face
158	157	Ditch		80	4A			Non-prismatic blade	1	3	Meso-Neo	thin well detached blade, almost DB, v small SP, dorsal blade scars
158	157	Ditch		80	4A			Flake	4	8	Neo-BA	4x small flakes, well detached and fairly thin, small

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
												SPs
158	157	Ditch		80	4A			Core	1	145	BA-IA	flat squarish core, back face almost entirely cortical, fairly well detached flake scars mostly from front, 1 or 2 from back, some from base
158	157	Ditch		80	4A			Flake	1	4	Neo-BA	small thin wide flake, hinged distal margin, no BOP/SP, poorly detached dorsal scars
158	157	Ditch		80	4A			Flake	1	4	Meso-Neo	small flake, v small SP, narrow dorsal scars, chipped left margin
158	157	Ditch		80	4A			Micro-debitage <10mm	1	1	Preh	v small thin MD, well detached, dorsal scar from opposing direction
160	159	Pit		80	4A			Blade-like flake	1	8	Meso-Neo	thin plunged BLF, v small fractured SP, chipped right margin, well detached blade-like dorsal scars
160	159	Pit		80	4A			Flake	1	6	Neo-BA	wide thin flake, small SP, deep dorsal scar
160	159	Pit		80	4A			Flake	1	13	BA-IA	thick flake, v obtuse SP, deep dorsal scar, detached w/ hard strike
160	159	Pit		80	4A			Flake	1	24	BA-IA	large thick flake, partially cortical SP w/ faint IHC, dorsal scar from opposing direction
160	159	Pit		80	4A			Micro-	1	1	Preh	small thin MD

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
								debitage <10mm				
163	162	Pit		80	4A			Non-prismatic blade	1	1	Meso-Neo	short v thin blade, hinged distal terminus, v small SP
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Core fragment	1	15	Neo-BA	heavily burnt fragment, poss flake scars, several IHCs on broad SP
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Prismatic blade	1	6	Meso-Neo	short blade detached on internal flaw, poss soft stone hammer, well detached paralell dorsal scars
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Flake	1	24	Neo-BA	thick flake, cortical left and right margins, detached w/ hard strike, hinged distal terminus
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Decortication flake	1	27	Neo-BA	thcik large DF, small SP, hinged distal terminus
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Core modification / rejuvenation	1	27	BA-IA	thick broad flake detached w/ hard strike, partically cortical broad SP, chipped left margin, dorsal scars from opposing direction
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Decortication flake	1	29	BA-IA	thick large DF, detached w/ hard strike, small fractured SP, deep poorly detached dorsal scars
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Flake	1	10	Neo-BA	fairly thin wide flake, small cortical SP, thermally fractured dorsal face

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Core	1	73	BA-IA	small natural nodule- cortex wrapped- flakes opportunistically removed from various directions
165	164	Ditch		78	4A			Decortication blade	1	2	Meso-Neo	small thin well detached blade
174	173	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication blade	1	2	Meso-Neo	v narrow short DB, well detached
174	173	Ditch		80	4A			Blade-like flake	1	4	Meso-Neo	thin well detached BLF, almost DB, thin SP, well detached dorsal blade scars
174	173	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication flake	1	9	BA-IA	wide squarish DF, detached w/ hard strike
174	173	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication flake	1	6	BA-IA	wide squarish DF, small cortical SP
174	173	Ditch		80	4A			Flake	1	4	Preh	small thermally fractured flake, detached on internal flaw
174	173	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication flake	1	2	Neo-BA	small thin wide flake, small SP
174	173	Ditch		80	4A			Flake	1	2	Meso-Neo	small v thin flake, thin fractured SP, narrow dorsal scars

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
188	187	Ditch		59	4A			Flake	2	7	Neo-BA	2x small fairly thin roundish flakes w/ fine well detached dorsal scars, cortical distal margins
188	187	Ditch		59	4A			Flake	1	7	Neo-BA	thin flake, thin fractured SP, chipped margins, plunged cortical distal margin
188	187	Ditch		59	4A			Blade-like flake	1	32	Meso-Neo	large plunged blade, thin SP, elongated poss blade-like dorsal scars, cortical distal terminus
194	190	Ditch		80	4A			Flake	1	6	Neo-BA	thin well detached flake, slightly plunged distal terminus
194	190	Ditch		80	4A			Non-prismatic blade	1	2	Meso-Neo	short thin blade, narrow toward proximal end wider toward distal end, short well detached dorsal blade scars- some shorter and flake-like
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication flake	1	14	Neo-BA	wide well detached DF, cortical SP
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Prismatic blade	1	8	Meso-Neo	short fairly thick blade, entirely recorticated, obtuse SP, dorsal blade scars
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Non-prismatic blade	1	5	Meso-Neo	thin well detached blade, v fractured dorsal face, entirely recorticated, v small SP
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Flake	1	4	Neo-BA	thin v wide flake, thin SP, chipped distal margin, deep dorsal scars

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication flake	1	7	Neo-BA	thin well detached DF, slightly hinged distal terminus
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Flake	1	5	Neo-BA	small weide well detached flake, cortical SP
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Blade-like flake	1	3	Meso-Neo	thin well detached BLF, small cortical SP, poss blade like dorsal scars
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication flake	1	1	Neo-BA	v small thin DF, well detached
195	190	Ditch		80	4A			Decortication flake	1	54	BA-IA	large thick DF, poss detached on thermal flaw, short dorsal scars from various directions- almost like coarse retouch along left margin
200	199	Ditch		58	4A			Flake	1	7	Neo-BA	thin flake, fractured left margin, small cortical SP
205	203	Ditch		81	4A			Core modification / rejuvenation	1	7	Neo-BA	thin platform rejuvenation flake, well detached, no BOP/SP- proximal end snapped off? Fine dorsal scars and several IHCs across dorsal face
220	218	Ditch		75	4A			Retouched	1	32	Lneo-BA	large flake, elongated, well detached, narrow dorsal scars, edges all retouched inc SP/proximal end, serrated left and right margins, rounded distal end-scraper?

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
220	218	Ditch		75	4A			Retouched	1	5	Meso-Neo	thin BLF, well detached, narrow dorsal blade scars, steep retouch along left margin- shallow inverted scraper?
220	218	Ditch		75	4A			Blade fragment	1	1	Meso-Neo	small thin distal end of blade, narrow well detached dorsal scars
220	218	Ditch		75	4A			Retouched	1	7	Neo-BA	wide thick flake, cortical SP- partially faceted- abrupt retouch along right margin- poss scraper
220	218	Ditch		75	4A			Flake	1	8	Neo-BA	thin wide flake, squat-like, cortical SP, deep dorsal scar, edge collapsed SP
220	218	Ditch		75	4A			Flake	1	10	Neo-BA	wide fairly thick flake, small edge collapsed SP, short poorly detached dorsal scars from various directions, poss retouched distal margin- v uneven- crushed?
220	218	Ditch		75	4A			Flake	1	8	Neo-BA	wide flake, thermally fractured dorsal surface, cortical poss retouched SP
220	218	Ditch		75	4A			Non-prismatic blade	1	1	Meso-Neo	short narrow blade, large chip to right margin, dihedral SP
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Retouched	1	10	Neo-BA	1. natural potlid spall thermal fragment retouched in to rounded scraper

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Retouched	1	22	BA-IA	2. Wide thick flake, likely CRF, dorsal scars from various directions, abrupt retouch along left margin, steep/inverse along the right, notch retouched into distal margin likely as scraper
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Retouched	1	3	Neo-BA	3. thin flake, v fine steep retouch along left margin, partial along proximal right margin
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Retouched	1	5	Meso-Neo	4. proximal end of fairly thick blade, small SP, narrow dorsal scars som from opposing direction, all edges steeply, inversely retouched
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Blade-like flake	1	24	Meso-Neo	thick BLF, detached w/ hard strike, narrow well detached dorsal blade scars, cortical right margin- poss bashed from use as hammerstone? Chipped/worked left margin
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Flake	3	26	Neo-BA	3x flakes, 1 thick w/ fine well detached dorsal scars from opposing direction, 2 wide and thin- rounded slightly thicker one has poss retouch on right margin
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Flake	3	12	Neo-BA	3x flakes, 2x small thin well detached, 1 thick, detached on internal flaw and poss retouch along left margin

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Core modification / rejuvenation	1	8	Neo-BA	thin flake, small thin cortical SP, poorly detached dorsal scars, pronounced IHC to left margin- former SP- poss uneven retouch along right margin
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Flake	1	1	Neo-BA	v small thin flake, pointy SP
221	218	Ditch		75	4A			Flake	1	6	Neo-BA	thick flake detached w/ hard strike, detached on thermal flaw, IHC to right side of dorsal face
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Decortication blade	1	21	Meso-Neo	large DB, small SP, cortical SP, narrow dorsal blade scars
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Retouched	1	11	Neo-BA	1. thick flake, detached on internal flaws by hard strike, several IHCs on small SP, steep retouched along right margin forming shallow notch
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Retouched	1	9	Neo-BA	2. wide thick flake, deep dorsal scar, SP/proximal margin steeply retouched
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Flake	1	7	Neo-BA	thin flake, faceted platform, large chip to right margin
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Flake	1	2	Neo-BA	thin well detached flake, small SP, narrow dorsal scars
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Flake	1	1	Neo-BA	small thin wide flake, short step/hinged dorsal scars
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Decortication flake	1	4	Neo-BA	small wide DF, short well detached dorsal scars
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Flake	1	2	Neo-BA	small thin wide flake, deep dorsal scars

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Retouched	1	4	Neo-BA	3. v small thick flake/core frag, distal edge retouched almost rounded- poss tiny scraper?
234	232	Pit		81	4A			Retouched	1	8	Neo-BA	4. small thick wide flake, some dorsal scars from opposing direction, fine retouch around distal end
236	235	Pit		81	4A			Flake	1	3	Neo-BA	small thin flake, small cortical edge-collapsed SP, plunged distal terminus
242	237	Oven		57	4A		12	Flake fragments	1	1	Meso-Neo	small flake frag, almost MD, dorsal scars from opposing direction, thin cortical SP
243	237	Oven		57	4A		13	Blade-like flake	1	3	Meso-Neo	short almost blade-like flake, no BOP/SP
243	237	Oven		57	4A		13	Flake	1	2	Neo-BA	small thin wide flake, almost DF
243	237	Oven		57	4A		13	Flake	1	2	Neo-BA	v thin wide flake, small SP
247	237	Oven		57	4A		10	Decortication flake	1	1	Preh	small v thin DF
247	237	Oven		57	4A		10	Micro-debitage <10mm	1	1	Preh	small thin well detached MD
250	248	Oven		57	4A		16	Micro-debitage	6	2	Preh	6x MD, well detached, various raw material sources

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
								<10mm				
250	248	Oven		57	4A		16	Decortication flake	1	9	Neo-BA	wide squarish DF, poss retouch to left margin, shattered distal margin
250	248	Oven		57	4A		16	Decortication flake	1	3	Preh	small thick DF, well detached, nondecript
251	248	Oven		57	4A		17	Micro-debitage <10mm	1	1	Meso-Neo	v small MD, well detached, likely from retouch
251	248	Oven		57	4A		17	Retouched	1	6	Neo-BA	fairly thick flake, pointed distal terminus, fine steep retouch along inverse left margin
259	255	Oven		57	4A		24	Micro-debitage <10mm	3	1	Preh	3x small thin well detached MD
259	255	Oven		57	4A		24	Flake	2	4	Preh	2x small fairly thin wide flakes
263	255	Oven		57	4A		28	Retouched	1	9	Neo-BA	thick flake, thin pointed SP, cortical left margin, short dorsal scars, proximal left margin steeply retouched into likely scraper
263	255	Oven		57	4A		28	Flake	1	3	Neo-BA	wide thin flake, small SP, deep dorsal scar
263	255	Oven		57	4A		28	Flake	5	8	Neo-BA	5x small flakes, well detached knapping debitage

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
263	255	Oven		57	4A		28	Micro-debitage <10mm	10	2	Preh	10x small thin well detached MD
263	255	Oven		57	4A		28	Micro-debitage <10mm	1	1	Preh	1x small thin pale coloured MD
265	264	Pit		57	4A		29	Flake	1	8	Neo-BA	thick flake, plunged distal terminus, cortical right margin, short dorsal scars from various directions
265	264	Pit		57	4A		29	Flake	1	2	Preh	small thin flake poss natural
265	264	Pit		57	4A		29	Micro-debitage <10mm	1	1	Meso-Neo	small v thin MD, DF
265	264	Pit		57	4A			Retouched	1	2	Neo-BA	small thin flake, well detached dorsal scars, steep retouch along inverse left margin- poss unfinished scraper
230	228	Ditch		83	4B			Flake	1	12	Neo-BA	Wide flake, faceted platform, soft stone hammer? Well detached dorsal scars, chipped distal margin
269	268	Ditch		89	4B			Decortication flake	1	9	Neo-BA	fairly thin DF, chipped left margin, ART SP, well detached

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
277	276	Ditch		88	4B			Retouched	1	20	Neo-BA	elongated DF, small SP, steeply retouched margins, left/proximal margin abruptly retouched- likely end scraper
277	276	Ditch		88	4B			Decortication flake	1	7	Neo-BA	Fairly thick fairly wide DF, squarish, detached on internal flaws
310	306	Ditch		105	5A			Core	1	41	Neo-BA	Small heavily worked core, many angles of working, several IHCs
310	306	Ditch		105	5A			Retouched	1	4	Neo-BA	v thin flake, almosty blade-like, cortical distal margin, edge trimmed left and right margins- right margin v chipped to the point of serration- usewear?
346	345	Ditch		114	5A			Decortication flake	1	5	Neo-BA	fairly thin DF, chipped left margin, small SP, retouched right margin?
346	345	Ditch		114	5A			Flake	1	2	Neo-BA	small thin debitage
346	345	Ditch		114	5A			Retouched	1	10	Meso-Neo	blade-like CRF; pointed distal terminus, fairly thick, detached on internal flaws, narrow blade-like dorsal scars from slightly opposing direction- larger flake likely struck to removed linear flaw visible in raw material, inverse left margin retouched very finely/neatly

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
346	345	Ditch		114	5A		31	Decortication flake	1	6	Neo-BA	thin DF, hinged distal terminus
351	350	Pit		114	5A			Decortication flake	1	3	Neo-BA	thin well detached DF, 1x small dorsal scar
354	353	Ditch		112	5A			Retouched	1	13	Lneo-BA	thick flake, obtuse SP, detached w/ hard strike, well detached dorsal scars, steep retouch forming concave distal margin- hollow scraper
361	360	Ditch		108	5A		33	Decortication blade	1	8	Meso-Neo	squarish DB, cortical SP, hinged distal terminus, hinhged blade-like dorsal scars
363	362	Posthole		114	5A		32	Decortication flake	1	8	Neo-BA	fairly thick DF, no SP/BOP, fractured right margin
363	362	Posthole		114	5A		32	Micro-debitage <10mm	1	1	Preh	v v small MD, thin well detached
375		Layer		111	5A			Flake	1	1	Preh	v small thin well detached flake
982	981	Ditch		129	7A			Blade-like flake	1	10	Meso-Neo	pointed BLF detached on internal flawe, cortical SP, well detached fairly narrow dorsal scars- poss coarse retouch to right margin

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
982	981	Ditch		129	7A			Flake	1	15	Neo-BA	thick flake, many short poorly detached dorsal scars, poss retouched right/distal margin- v uneven
982	981	Ditch		129	7A			Decortication flake	1	3	Preh	small thin DF, well detached, slightly obtuse SP
982	981	Ditch		129	7A			Decortication flake	1	2	Preh	small thin wide DF, well detached, sand glossed
501		Subsoil	Modern		7C			Core	1	71	Meso-Neo	small core, well detached narrow blade/flake scars from front, slightly broader from back, some short flake scars from base? Small raw material nodule originally- high percentage of cortex
988	987	Ditch		135	7C			Flake	1	1	Meso-Neo	small thin flake, v thin SP, fine dorsal scars, well detached
1		Topsoil	Modern	177	7E	54		Retouched	1	110	Eneo-Lneo	small thick bifacially worked piece, axehead but very small, knapped to centralise cortex remaining on one face, very worn usewear on working end, large thermal fracture to one side- poss unfinished due to this, some flake scars poorly detached due to internal flaws
1155	1153	Pit		192	7F			Flake	1	4	Preh	thin flake, poorly detached dorsal scars, thin fractured

Context	Cut no.	Feature Type	Feature Date	Trench	Area	Small Find	Sample	Type	Count	Weight (g)	Suggested date range	Comments
												SP, v chipped left margin
1155	1153	Pit		192	7F			Decortication flake	1	11	Preh	thick well detached DF, 1x dorsal scar, cortical SP

18 APPENDIX 7: PREHISTORIC POTTERY CATALOGUE

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
27	26	HM	FL1	FL-RS-FC		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
83	82	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	10	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
83	82	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
84	82	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
84	82	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
84	82	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
84	82	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
84	82	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	15	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
95	89	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
95	89	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
106	105	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
106	105	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
107	105	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
107	105	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
107	105	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
107	105	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
107	105	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
107	105	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
107	105	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
107	105	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
135	134	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
135	134	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
135	134	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
143	142	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
143	142	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
143	142	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
143	142	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
143	142	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
143	142	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
143	142	HM	FL2	FL-MC-FVC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Ceramic context date	Latest date	Earliest date	Ceramic tradition	Vessel class	Weight (g)	Sherd count	Fabric family	Fabric type	SSFabric code	Technology	Cut	Context
1150/1100-400/350BC	400/350BC	1150/1100B C	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY					FL-RS-FMQU-R-F	FLQU3	HM	142	143
1150/1100-400/350BC	1150/1100B C	2400BC	UNDIAG EBA/MBA CT	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	4	1		GR-RS-FC	GR1	HM	142	146
1150/1100-400/350BC	400/350BC	1150/1100B C	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	3	1		FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F	FLQU4	HM	142	146
1150/1100-400/350BC	400/350BC	1150/1100B C	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	2	1		FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F	FLQU4	HM	142	146
1150/1100-400/350BC	400/350BC	1150/1100B C	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	2	1		QU-RS-FFL-R-FM	QUFL1	HM	142	146
1150/1100-400/350BC	400/350BC	1150/1100B C	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	3	1		QU-RS-FFL-R-FM	QUFL1	HM	142	146

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
146	142	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
146	142	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	6	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
147	142	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
147	142	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
158	157	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3950BC	3250BC	400/350-50/0BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
158	157	HM	QU2	QU-RS-FM		1	12	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
163	162	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
163	162	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
163	162	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
163	162	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
165	164	HM	QUGR1	QU-RS-FGR-R-FM		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	UNDIAG EBA/MBA CT	2400BC	C 1150/1100B	2400-C 1150/1100B

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
165	164	HM	QUGR1	QU-RS-FGR-R-FM					UNDIAG EBA/MBA CT	2400BC	1150/1100BC	2400-1150/1100BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	6	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	7	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	6	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	10	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	9	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	9	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC					BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	18	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	12	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	12	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC		1	15	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC
167	166	HM	FLGR1	FL-SM-FVCGR-RS-FC					BEAKER	2400BC	1750BC	2400-1750BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
170	168	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
188	187	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	6	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
191	190	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	7	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
191	190	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
191	190	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
191	190	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
191	190	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
191	190	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
194	190	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
194	190	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
200	199	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
200	199	HM	FLQU3	FL-RS-FMQU-R-F					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
205	203	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
265	264	HM	FL1	FL-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
501		HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	20	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
501		HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	20	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
501		HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	20	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
501		HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	16	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
609	608	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
609	608	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
609	608	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
609	608	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
609	608	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F					POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
690	689	HM	FL1	FL-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
765	764	HM	QU3	QU-SM-F		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
765	764	HM	QU3	QU-SM-F		1	10	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
765	764	HM	QU3	QU-SM-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
765	764	HM	QU3	QU-SM-F					MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
771	768	HM	FLQU4	FL-SM-FCQU-RS-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
778	777	HM	QUFL2	QU-RS-FFL-R-FVC		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
778	777	HM	QUFL2	QU-RS-FFL-R-FVC		1	7	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
778	777	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
778	777	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
778	777	HM	QUFL2	QU-RS-FFL-R-FVC		1	27	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
783	779	HM	QUFL2	QU-RS-FFL-R-FVC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
783	779	HM	QUFL2	QU-RS-FFL-R-FVC		1	7	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
783	779	HM			SAND	1	35	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BELGIC-TYPE	50BC	AD50	1150/1100-400/350BC
783	779	HM	QUFL2	QU-RS-FFL-R-FVC		1	14	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
805	804	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
814	813	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	6	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
814	813	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
822	821	HM			SAND	2	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	BELGIC-TYPE	50BC	AD50	50BC-AD50

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
828	827	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	7	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
828	827	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	15	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
842	841	HM	FL1	FL-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
888	886	HM	GRQU1	GR-RS-FMQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	UNDIAG EBA/MBA CT	2400BC	C 1150/1100B	2400-C 1150/1100B
905	904	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
909	908	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
909	908	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	4	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	7	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	9	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	6	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	11	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	FL2	FL-MC-FVC		1	17	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	FL2	FL-MC-FVC		1	20	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	29	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY	C 1150/1100B	400/350BC	800-400/350BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	10	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	10	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	17	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
909	908	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	52	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY DECORATED WARE	800BC	400/350BC	800-400/350BC
911	910	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	18	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
911	910	HM	FL2	FL-MC-FVC					ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	12	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	75	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	157	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	84	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	46	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	42	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	36	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	29	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	106	BOWL	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	66	BOWL	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	84	BOWL	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	97	BOWL	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
913	912	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	8	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	5	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	QUFL1	QU-RS-FFL-R-FM		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F		1	18	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC

Context	Cut	Technology	SSFabric code	Fabric type	Fabric family	Sherd count	Weight (g)	Vessel class	Ceramic tradition	Earliest date	Latest date	Ceramic context date
913	912	HM	FLQU1	FL-RS-FVCQU-R-F					ENEO PLAIN BOWL	3700BC	3300BC	3700-3300BC
939	937	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	12	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
950	949	HM	FL1	FL-RS-FC		1	3	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
977	976	HM	QU1	QU-RS-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	MIA-TYPE PLAINWARE	400/350BC	50/0BC	400/350-50/0BC
982	981	HM	FL1	FL-RS-FC		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC
100	99	HM	FLQU2	FL-RS-FCQU-R-F		1	2	VESSEL (UNKNOWN)	POST DEVEREL-RIMBURY C	1150/1100B	400/350BC	1150/1100-400/350BC

19 APPENDIX 8: ROMAN POTTERY CATALOGUE

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
4A	69	84	82	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, GR/BR SURF, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	3	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	69	84	82	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, BLK SURF, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR			1	15	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	69	86	85	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR			1	14	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	69	86	85	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			5	12	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	69	86	85	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR/RED, BLK SURF, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	5	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
4A	67	88	87	MRB	WM	COL CC 2	BR, BLK CC	RU	BEAK	3.7		68	81	AD150	AD220	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	MRB	WM	COL WH	CREAM	U	FLAG		JAR/FLAG	2	19	AD140	AD200	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, FREQ M	RU	DISH	6.10		2	25	AD75	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, Q, FREQ M	U	FRAG			3	3	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	R	JAR	4.5		1	31	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, BR CORE, BLK SURF, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR	4.5		4	45	AD70	AD410	M/LC2

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
4A	67	88	87	ERB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, Q, M	RU	JAR	5.3		23	66	AD75	AD150	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR SANDW, PATCHY SURF, Q, M	U	JAR			9	110	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, DARK GR SURF, Q, M	UB	JAR			15	236	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	ERB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, BLK SURF, Q, M	D	JAR			1	10	AD43	AD150	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR,BR MARG, BLK EXT SURF, FREQ Q, M	D	JAR			1	4	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, DARK GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			2	9	AD43	AD410	M/LC2

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, GR/BR SURF, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			5	16	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, BLK SURF, Q, FREQ M	UB	JAR			5	23	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	LIA/ERB	WM	GROG	BR/OX	B	JAR/BOWL			1	4	AD0	AD100	M/LC2
4A	67	88	87	MRB	WM	LEZ SA 2	CALC, RARE MICA	U	FRAG			1	1	AD120	AD200	M/LC2
4A	65	100	99	MRB	WM	COL WH	CREAM, FL TRIT GRIT	U	MORT			2	30	AD140	AD200	M/LC2
4A	65	100	99	RB	WM	CSMOX	RED/OR, GR EXT SURF, Q, FREQ M	U	FRAG			1	2	AD43	AD410	M/LC2

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
4A	65	100	99	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, GR SURF, Q, FREQ M	B	JAR			5	57	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
4A	67	135	134	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, BLK SURF, Q, M	U	JAR			1	36	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	67	135	134	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, OX SURF, Q, M	D	JAR			1	5	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	67	135	134	RB	WM	CSOX	PALE OR, GR INT SURF	U	JAR/BOWL			1	12	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	80	174	173	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, BLK SURF, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	17	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	59	188	187	MRB	WM	CSMGW	GR, PATCHY SURF, Q, M	RUB	JAR	4.5.2		7	108	AD150	AD300	MC2-C3

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
4A	59	188	187	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR			1	17	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
4A	57	259	255	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR, BR SURF, Q, M	R	JAR	4.3	SMALL JAR/BEAK?	1	2	AD70	AD410	M/LC1
4A	57	259	255	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	5	AD43	AD410	M/LC1
4A	57	259	255	LIA/ERB	WM	GROG	GR, OX MARG, BLK SURF		JAR			2	9	AD0	AD100	M/LC1
4A	57	262	255	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, OX SURF, Q, M	U	FRAG			3	1	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
4A	57	262	255	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, GR SURF, LARGE Q	U	FRAG			1	1	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
4A	57	262	255	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, Q	U	FRAG			1	1	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
10C	306	504	503	ERB	WM	CSMRDU	GR, OX MARG, BLK SURF	RDU	JAR	5.1/5.2		6	16	AD43	AD150	MC1-MC2
9	261	895	894	MRB	WM	LEZ SA 2	CALC, RARE MICA	U	FRAG			4	1	AD120	AD200	C2
9	260	901	900	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, DARK GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	6	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	258	925	924	RB	WM	CSMRDU	DARK BR, BLK SURF, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			3	4	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	257	928	926	MRB	WM	COL WH	CREAM, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	2	AD140	AD200	M/LC2

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	257	928	926	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, DARK GR SURF, Q, M	RU	JAR	4.5.1		4	47	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
9	257	928	926	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR			3	19	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
9	257	928	926	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR			2	5	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
9	257	928	926	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR			1	4	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
9	258	932	931	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, WH MARG, BLK SURF, Q, M	B	DISH			1	10	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	258	932	931	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	2	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	258	932	931	RB	WM	CSMGW	PALE GR, DARK GR EXT SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	1	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	251	944	943	RB	WM	BAET	BUFF/OX, GR CORE, Q	U	AMPH			1	177	AD50	AD300	LC1/EC2
9	251	944	943	ERB	WM	CSMGW	BR/GR, BLK SURF, Q, M	R	BOWL	6.12		1	15	AD75	AD130	LC1/EC2
9	251	944	943	RB	WM	CSMGW	BR, GR CORE, BLK SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			2	4	AD43	AD410	LC1/EC2
9	251	944	943	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR/BOWL			2	9	AD43	AD410	LC1/EC2
9	251	944	943	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, FREQ Q, FREQ M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	6	AD43	AD410	LC1/EC2

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	944	943	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	1	AD43	AD410	LC1/EC2
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	FRAG			14	26	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMOX	CREAM, OR EXT SURF, Q, M	U	FRAG			1	1	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMOX	OR/RED, Q, M	U	FRAG			11	5	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMOX	OR/RED, GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL		CBM?	1	6	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	M/LRB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, Q, FREQ M	R	DISH	6.9		1	8	AD120	AD300	MC2-C3

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMRDU	DARK GR/BR, Q, M	U	FRAG			10	8	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, BLK CORE, FREQ M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	4	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	M/LRB	WM	LNV CC	WH, BR CC	U	BEAK			1	1	AD160	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	M/LRB	WM	LNV CC	WH, RED INT CC, BLK EXT CC	U	BEAK			1	1	AD160	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	M/LRB	WM	ROB SH	RDU, SOME OX SURF	U	JAR/BOWL			3	5	AD150	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR, BR PATCHY EXT SURF, Q, M	B	JAR			1	101	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, DARK GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR			1	18	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	950	949	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	5	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	250	952	951	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, Q, M	U	FRAG			12	7	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	250	952	951	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	8	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	250	952	951	RB	WM	CSMOX	OR/RED, Q, M	RU	DISH	6.9		3	7	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	250	952	951	RB	WM	CSMOX	OR/BR, Q, M	U	FRAG			10	6	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	250	952	951	RB	WM	CSMRDU	RED/BR, BLK SURF, Q, M	U	FRAG			3	4	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	250	952	951	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR, SANDW, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR			1	19	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	250	952	951	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	3	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	250	953	951	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, GR/BR SURF, Q, M	RU	BOWL	6.13	6.13.1 OR 6.13.2?	4	5	AD75	AD350	EC2-MC3
9	250	953	951	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, BLK SURF, Q, M	U	DISH			1	3	AD43	AD410	EC2-MC3
9	250	953	951	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, BR SURF, Q, M	U	FRAG			7	11	AD43	AD410	EC2-MC3

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	250	953	951	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR/BR, Q, M	U	FRAG			3	6	AD43	AD410	EC2-MC3
9	250	953	951	MRB	WM	CSMOX	OR/BR, Q, M	R	BEAK	3.6		1	2	AD120	AD250	EC2-MC3
9	250	953	951	RB	WM	CSMOX	OR, Q, M	B	JAR			1	13	AD43	AD410	EC2-MC3
9	250	953	951	RB	WM	CSMOX	OR/BR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			12	26	AD43	AD410	EC2-MC3
9	251	956	954	MRB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, GR SURF, Q, M	R	JAR	4.5.2	TRIANG LID-SEATED RIM	1	99	AD150	AD300	MC2-C3
9	251	956	954	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, Q, M	U	JAR			1	17	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	956	954	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR			2	7	AD43	AD410	MC2-C3
9	251	958	957	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, BLK SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	2	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	251	958	957	RB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, Q, M	R	JAR	4.5		1	5	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSGW	PALE GR, Q	U	JAR/BOWL			2	11	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, OX CORE, Q, M	U	FRAG			5	6	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, Q, M	UB	JAR			70	120	AD43	AD410	M/LC3

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR			6	12	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	B	JAR			1	10	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMOX	OR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			2	4	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMOX	RED/OR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			7	22	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMRDU	RED/BR, BLK SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			7	8	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMRDU	GR/BR SANDW, M	RU	JAR			1	4	AD43	AD410	M/LC3

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	971	970	LRB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, OX CORE, Q, M	RU	DISH	6.11	SMALL BEAD	2	17	AD250	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	M/LRB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, Q, M	P	DISH	6.9		3	166	AD120	AD300	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, GR/BR SURF, Q, M	RDU	JAR	4.5.1		8	56	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, FREQ Q, M	RU	JAR	4.5.1		2	14	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, Q, M	UB	JAR			48	960	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, OX CORE, Q, M	U	JAR			7	114	AD43	AD410	M/LC3

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR			1	46	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR, BR PATCHY SURF, Q, M	B	JAR			1	101	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	M/LRB	WM	CSMOX	OR, Y/BR SURF, FREQ Q	R	BOWL	6.14?		1	6	AD180	AD350	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMOX	OR, Q, M	U	JAR			4	29	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	971	970	RB	WM	CSMRDU	GR/BR SANDW, M	RU	JAR	4.5.1		3	24	AD43	AD410	M/LC3
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSGW	PALE GR, Q	U	JAR/BOWL			1	5	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	1	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMRDU	GR/BR, BLK SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	5	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSGW	PALE GR, Q	RU	JAR	4.5.1		6	30	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	BEAK			2	3	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	LRB	WM	CSMGW	PALE BR, GR SURF, Q, M	R	DISH	6.11	SMALL BEAD	1	13	AD250	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	ERB	WM	CSMGW	GR, BR/GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR	5.1		1	9	AD43	AD100	MC3-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, Q, M	UB	JAR			11	57	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, OX CORE, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR			3	14	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, OX CORE, Q, M	U	JAR			7	49	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR			10	66	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, DARK GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR			2	27	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, OX CORE, Q, M	U	JAR			2	15	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR SANDW, GR SURF, Q, M	UD	JAR			4	12	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR			3	14	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	4	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMOX	RED/OR, GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR			5	35	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	RB	WM	CSMRDU	GR/BR, BLK SURF, Q, M	UD	JAR			4	34	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	972	970	M/LRB	WM	LNV CC	WH, INT RED CC	U	JAR			2	16	AD160	AD410	MC3-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
9	251	973	973	LRB	WM	CSMRDU	BR, BLK SURF, Q, FREQ M	R	DISH	6.11	SMALL BEAD	1	13	AD250	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	973	973	RB	WM	CSOX	OR, Y/BR SURF, FREQ Q	U	JAR/BOWL			1	5	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	973	973	RB	WM	CSOX	OR, GR CORE, FREQ Q	U	SJAR		SJAR OR CBM	1	45	AD43	AD410	MC3-C4
9	251	977	976	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, Q, M	U	JAR			1	8	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
7A	129	982	981	MRB	WM	COL WH	CREAM	U	FLAG		JAR/FLAG	1	3	AD140	AD200	E/MC2
7A	129	982	981	ERB	WM	CSMGW	GR, BR CORE, Q, M	RU	BOWL	6.12		3	28	AD75	AD130	E/MC2

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
7A	129	982	981	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, Q, M	U	FRAG			6	6	AD43	AD410	E/MC2
7A	129	982	981	RB	WM	CSMGW	PALE GR/BR, Q, FREQ M	R	JAR	4.5		2	8	AD43	AD410	E/MC2
7A	129	982	981	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, BLK SURF, Q, M	R	JAR	4.5.1	LID-SEATED	1	17	AD43	AD410	E/MC2
7A	129	982	981	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR			1	11	AD43	AD410	E/MC2
7A	129	982	981	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, WH MARG, BLK SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	4	AD43	AD410	E/MC2
7A	129	982	981	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	2	AD43	AD410	E/MC2

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
7A	129	982	981	RB	WM	CSMRDU	RED/BR, BLK SURF, FREQ Q, M	R	JAR	4.3		1	4	AD43	AD410	E/MC2
7A	130	991	990	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR, FREQ Q, M	U	FRAG			1	1	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
7A	130	991	990	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, DARK GR SURF, Q, M	U	FRAG			3	4	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
7A	130	991	990	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	RU	JAR	4.5		3	3	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
7A	130	991	990	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR SANDW, GR SURF, Q, M	RU	JAR	4.5.1		8	53	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
7A	130	991	990	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK GR, Q, FREQ M	D	JAR/BOWL			1	3	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
7A	130	991	990	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, FREQ Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	3	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
7C	143	1055	1054	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	3	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
2A	24	1200	1199	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, BLK EXT SURF, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR			5	45	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
2A	24	1200	1199	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/BR, BLK EXT SURF, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	4	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
2A	24	1200	1199	RB	WM	CSMRDU	RED/BR, BLK SURF, Q, FREQ M	UB	LID	8.1		8	127	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4
2A	24	1202	1201	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, SANDW, DARK GR EXT SURF, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR			7	84	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
2A	24	1211	1209	MRB	WM	COL WH	CREAM	U	FLAG			2	9	AD140	AD200	M/LC2
2A	24	1211	1209	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, Q, FREQ M	U	FRAG			2	3	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
2A	24	1211	1209	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, DARK GR SURF, FREQ Q, M	UB	JAR			2	20	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
2A	24	1211	1209	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, DARK GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			3	7	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
2A	24	1211	1209	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR, PALE GR SURF, Q, M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	3	AD43	AD410	M/LC2
2A	24	1213	1212	RB	WM	CSMGW	GR/OX SANDW, GR SURF, Q, M	RU	JAR	4.5	WIDE MOUTHED JAR/BOWL	2	31	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4

AREA	TRENCH	CONTEXT	CUT	ERA	MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUE	FABRIC CODE	FABRIC DESCRIPTION	SHERD TYPE	VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL TYPE	TYPE DESCRIPTION	COUNT	WEIGHT (G)	EARLIEST DATE	LATEST DATE	CONTEXT DATE
2A	24	1213	1212	RB	WM	CSMGW	DARK BR/BLK, Q, FREQ M	U	JAR/BOWL			1	5	AD43	AD410	MC1-C4

20 APPENDIX 9: POST-ROMAN POTTERY CATALOGUE

Key to catalogue: *Rim*: 1–7 – Thetford types (Anderson 2004); BD – beaded/clubbed; COLL – collared; EV – everted; EV[FT]BD – everted [flat-topped] beaded; EV[FT]EV – everted with [flat-topped] everted tip; EVINT – everted with inturned tip; EVSQ – everted square-beaded; FLAR – flaring; FLBD – flaring beaded; FLFT – flaring with flat top; FLSQ – flaring square-beaded; FL[FT]TH – flaring [flat-topped] thickened; INT – inturned; LSEV – lid-seated everted; PL – plain; SEV/SEV2 – simple everted; SQBD – square beaded; THEV – thickened everted; TRBD – triangular bead; UPBD – upright beaded; UPEV – upright with everted tip; UPFT[BD/EV/TH] – upright flat-topped [beaded/everted/thickened]; UPPL – upright plain; UOSQ – upright square-beaded; UPTAP – upright tapered everted; UPTH – upright thickened; UPTR – upright with triangular bead.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
1b	10	1182	LMT			1	7		15th-16th c.
1b	10	1182	LMT	Jug	UPPL	1	3		15th-16th c.
1b	11	1165	ELMT			1	3		M-L.14th c.
1b	12	1186	LMT			1	9		15th-16th c.
1b	16	1198	WVSW	Jar	EVSQ	2	6	13-14	12th-14th c.
1b	19	1171	UNID			1	1		
1b	20	1167	GRE	Handled bowl	BD	1	177		16th-18th c.
3b	34	29	LPME	Plantpot?		1	1		18th-20th c.
3b	36	46	ESW			1	8	19-20	17th-19th c.
3b	43	12	GRIM			1	4		L.12th-14th c.
3b	44	24	EMWSF			1	1		M.11th-13th c.
3b	45	7	GRIM			1	2		L.12th-14th c.
3b	45	9	WVEMW	Jar	SEV	1	4		11th-12thc.
3b	45	9	EMW			1	3		11th-12th c.
3b	45	48	LMU-V			3	16		11th-14th c.
3b	45	48	ENSOW			1	2		12th-14th c.
3b	45	48	WVSW			3	2		12th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
3b	45	48	WVSW	Jar	SQBD	1	32		12th-14th c.
3b	45	48	ELMT			1	7		M-L.14th c.
3b	45	48	LMU-V			1	3		11th-14th c.
3b	45	48	LMU-V	Jar	SEV	1	13	11-13	11th-14th c.
3b	45	48	WVCWM			1	3		L.12th-14th c.
3b	45	48	WVEMW			4	14		11th-12thc.
3b	45	48	EMW			4	4		11th-12th c.
3b	45	48	WVEMW	Jar	SEV	1	13		11th-12thc.
3b	45	48	EMSW			1	5		11th c.
3b	45	48	EMW			2	4		11th-12th c.
3b	45	58	LMT			4	20		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	NESHSW			1	5		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
3b	45	58	SNFSGW			1	1		13th-14th c.
3b	45	58	LMT			9	30		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	LMT			1	12		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	LMT			3	34		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	LMT			3	37		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	MCWMLS	Bowl	FTEV	1	14		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	LMT			2	5		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	MCWMLS			1	32		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	ELMT			1	3		M-L.14th c.
3b	45	58	LMT			20	65		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	LMT			1	5		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	ELMT			1	6		M-L.14th c.
3b	45	58	WVGW			1	1		13th-14th c.?
3b	45	58	LMT			5	25		15th-16th c.
3b	45	58	WVSW			2	13		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	CNSW			1	3		12th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
3b	45	58	WVCWM			1	3		L.12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	WVSW			3	7		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	WVSW			1	8		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	MCWSS			1	5		12th-13th c.?
3b	45	58	MCWMLS			3	16		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	NESHSW			7	49		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	NESHSW			1	4		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	NESHSW			1	3		12th-14th c.
3b	45	58	NESHSW			4	18		12th-14th c.
3b	46	39	ENSOW			3	17		12th-14th c.
3b	46	39	ELMT			1	1		M-L.14th c.
3b	46	39	EMSW			2	9		11th c.
3b	46	39	WVSW			3	16		12th-14th c.
3b	46	39	WVCWM			1	7		L.12th-14th c.
3b	46	39	ENSOW			1	4		12th-14th c.
3b	46	39	ELMT	Jug	COLL?	1	15		M-L.14th c.
3b	48	27	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.
4a	65	92	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
4a	68	54	GRIM			1	1		L.12th-14th c.
4a	80	174	WVCWM	Jar	EVSQ	1	10	13-14	L.12th-14th c.
4a	80	181	LMU-V	Jar	THEV	3	45	13-14	11th-14th c.
4a	80	181	ENSOW			2	14		12th-14th c.
4a	80	194	THETL			1	2		10th-11th c.
4a	80	198	ESWN			5	111		L.17th-L.18th c.
4a	81	154	EMW			1	5		11th-12th c.
4a	81	186	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
4a	81	204	WVCWM	Jar	EVSQ	9	151	14?	L.12th-14th c.
4a	81	204	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.
4a	81	204	MCWMLS			1	6		12th-14th c.
4a	81	204	LMU-V			2	4		11th-14th c.
4a	81	205	EMW			4	4		11th-12th c.
4a	81	205	YARN	Jar	SEV?	1	2		11th-12th c.?
4a	81	205	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	3		11th-12th c.
4a	81	205	EMSW			1	3		11th c.
4a	81	206	WVGW			1	3		13th-14th c.?
4a	81	206	ENMSGW			1	2		12th-14th c.
4a	81	206	YARN			2	10		11th-12th c.?
4a	81	206	EMW			1	3		11th-12th c.
4a	81	210	EMWG	Ginger jar		1	5		11th-12th/13th c.
4a	81	210	EMSW			1	4		11th c.
4a	81	210	LMU-V	Bowl	EVFTEV	1	14		11th-14th c.
4a	81	210	MCWM			1	5		12th-14th c.
4a	81	216	THETL	Jar?	4?	1	7		10th-11th c.
4a	81	234	MCWC			2	5		12th-13th c.
4a	81	234	WVCWM			2	3		L.12th-14th c.
4a	81	234	YARN			1	4		11th-12th c.?
4a	81	234	WVCWM			1	7		L.12th-14th c.
4a	81	234	SNFSGW			1	6		13th-14th c.
4a	81	234	WVSW			1	1		12th-14th c.
4a	81	234	LMU-V			2	8		11th-14th c.
4a	81	234	EMW	Jar	SEV	2	4		11th-12th c.
4b	88	277	GRIM			4	12		L.12th-14th c.
5a	93	329	THETL			3	26		10th-11th c.
5a	105	307	SNFSGW			1	3		13th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
5a	105	307	GRIM	Jug	TRB D	1	11		L.12th-14th c.
5a	105	307	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.
5a	108	361	EMW	Jar?	SEV?	1	2		11th-12th c.
5a	108	361	EMW			10	10		11th-12th c.
5a	108	361	ENSOW			1	4		12th-14th c.
5a	108	361	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.
5a	109	335	ESCF			1	7		5th-7th c. (mainly 6th c.?)
5a	110	368	ESCQ			1	6		5th-7th c.
5a	110	368	WVSW			1	14		12th-14th c.
5a	110	368	SNFSGW			3	21		13th-14th c.
5a	111	315	LMU			2	23		11th-14th c.
5a	111	315	EMW			2	5		11th-12th c.
5a	111	315	LMU			1	8		11th-14th c.
5a	111	315	WVSW			1	29		12th-14th c.
5a	111	315	LMU-V			2	11		11th-14th c.
5a	111	315	LMU			1	10		11th-14th c.
5a	111	315	SNFSGW			8	9		13th-14th c.
5a	111	315	SNFSGW			1	8		13th-14th c.
5a	111	315	SNFSGW			3	28		13th-14th c.
5a	111	315	LMU-V			1	29		11th-14th c.
5a	111	315	LMU			5	15		11th-14th c.
5a	111	315	EMSW	Large storage vessel?	BD	1	29		11th c.
5a	111	315	LMU-V			16	16		11th-14th c.
5a	111	315	SNFSGW			14	20		13th-14th c.
5a	111	315	EMW			13	10		11th-12th c.
5a	111	315	EMSW			1	4		11th c.
5a	111	315	WVSW			3	4		12th-14th c.
5a	111	315	WVSW			1	4		12th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
5a	111	315	SNFSGW			3	14		13th-14th c.
5a	111	315	LMU	Jar	FLTH	1	12		11th-14th c.
5a	111	315	SNFSGW	Jar	FLSQ	14	170		13th-14th c.
5a	111	315	ENMSGW			4	13		12th-14th c.
5a	111	315	ENMSGW			1	10		12th-14th c.
5a	111	315	WVSW			2	6		12th-14th c.
5a	111	315	SNFSGW			11	110		13th-14th c.
5a	111	315	ENSOW			2	50		12th-14th c.
5a	111	375	LMU-V			1	9		11th-14th c.
5a	111	375	LMU-V			2	8		11th-14th c.
5a	111	375	LMU-V			3	4		11th-14th c.
5a	111	375	EMW			1	3		11th-12th c.
5a	111	375	WVCWM			1	17		L.12th-14th c.
5a	111	377	WVSW			4	23		12th-14th c.
5a	111	377	ENSOW			3	4		12th-14th c.
5a	111	377	WVCWM	Bowl	EVSQ	16	93	13?	L.12th-14th c.
5a	111	377	EMW			1	4		11th-12th c.
5a	111	377	WVCWM			5	41		L.12th-14th c.
5a	111	377	WVCWM	Bowl	EVSQ	2	88	13-14	L.12th-14th c.
5a	111	377	WVCWM			4	17		L.12th-14th c.
5a	112	358	EMSW			2	9		11th c.
5a	112	358	LMU			4	31		11th-14th c.
5a	112	358	LMU	Jar	SEV2	1	12	11-12	11th-14th c.
5a	112	358	EMW	Ginger jar		1	7		11th-12th c.
5a	112	358	EMW			2	9		11th-12th c.
5a	112	358	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	6		11th-12th c.
5a	112	358	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	24		11th-12th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
5a	112	358	EMW			14	41		11th-12th c.
5a	112	358	NESMCW			1	9		12th-14th c.
5a	112	358	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
5a	112	358	EMW			4	4		11th-12th c.
5a	112	358	SNFSGW			4	13		13th-14th c.
5a	112	358	EMW			5	14		11th-12th c.
5a	112	358	LMU			1	9		11th-14th c.
5a	112	358	WVCWM			1	10		L.12th-14th c.
5a	112	358	WVSW			2	13		12th-14th c.
5a	112	358	WVSW			13	114		12th-14th c.
5a	112	358	WVSW			1	34		12th-14th c.
5a	112	358	WVSW	Jar	THEV	1	3	12-13	12th-14th c.
5a	112	358	WVSW	Jar?	SEV?	1	6		12th-14th c.
5a	112	358	EMW			1	5		11th-12th c.
5a	112	358	WVSW	Bowl	EVSQ	1	13	13?	12th-14th c.
5a	112	379	WVCWM			3	19		L.12th-14th c.
5a	112	379	EMWM			1	5		11th-13th c.
5a	112	379	EMW			2	4		11th-12th c.
5a	112	379	WVCWM	Jar	UPFTBD	1	11	13?	L.12th-14th c.
5a	112	379	ENMSGW			1	2		12th-14th c.
5a	112	379	EMSW	Jar	6	1	4		11th c.
5a	112	379	WVSW			3	16		12th-14th c.
5a	114	344	EMSW			1	5		11th c.
5a	114	344	EMW			2	4		11th-12th c.
5a	114	344	EMW			3	4		11th-12th c.
5a	114	344	EMW			2	6		11th-12th c.
5a	114	344	EMW			3	3		11th-12th c.
5a	114	344	EMW			3	8		11th-12th c.
5a	114	344	WVEMW			4	7		11th-12thc.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
5a	114	344	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.
5a	114	344	WVEMW	Ginger jar	INT	1	17		11th-12thc.
5a	114	344	ENMSGW			1	3		12th-14th c.
5a	114	344	MCWC			1	42		12th-13th c.
5a	114	346	MCWC			5	11		12th-13th c.
5a	114	346	NESMCW			2	6		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	NESMCW	Jug	?	1	3		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	EMW			4	2		11th-12th c.
5a	114	346	UNID			1	20		
5a	114	346	WVGW	Jug?	FTTH?	1	2		13th-14th c.?
5a	114	346	LMU-V	Bowl	EVBD	3	25		11th-14th c.
5a	114	346	WVGW	Jug	TRBD	3	20		13th-14th c.?
5a	114	346	NESMCW			1	11		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	WVGW	Face jug	FLTH	100	1374		13th-14th c.?
5a	114	346	EMW			8	22		11th-12th c.
5a	114	346	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	5		11th-12th c.
5a	114	346	EMW			1	2		11th-12th c.
5a	114	346	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	4		11th-12th c.
5a	114	346	EMWM			3	7		11th-13th c.
5a	114	346	LMT			1	2		15th-16th c.
5a	114	346	LMU-V			2	34		11th-14th c.
5a	114	346	ENSOW			1	4		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	WVSW			2	4		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	LMU-V			6	12		11th-14th c.
5a	114	346	ENMCWCP			2	71		13th-14th c.?
5a	114	346	MCWM			1	2		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	WVSW			1	1		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	WVSW			1	2		12th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
5a	114	346	WVSW			1	5		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	ENMSGW			3	12		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	ENSOW			2	20		12th-14th c.
5a	114	346	GRIM			1	3		L.12th-14th c.
5a	114	348	ENMSGW			1	2		12th-14th c.
5a	114	348	ELMT			1	2		M-L.14th c.
5a	114	348	EMW			3	3		11th-12th c.
5a	114	348	WVGW	Jug	SQBD	1	13		13th-14th c.?
5a	114	351	EMWSF			1	2		M.11th-13th c.
5a	114	351	WVSW			1	6		12th-14th c.
5a	114	351	LMU-V			3	5		11th-14th c.
5a	114	351	LMT			1	3		15th-16th c.
5a	114	351	MCWM			1	5		12th-14th c.
5a	114	351	WVCWM	Bowl?	FTBD	2	8		L.12th-14th c.
5a	114	351	ELMT			2	8		M-L.14th c.
5a	114	351	SNFSGW			1	12		13th-14th c.
5a	114	351	EMW			4	4		11th-12th c.
5a	114	351	WVSW			2	77		12th-14th c.
5a	114	351	WVCWM			5	38		L.12th-14th c.
5a	114	351	ENSOW			2	9		12th-14th c.
5a	114	352	ENMCWM	Jar	EVINT	2	14	12-13?	12th-14th c.
5a	114	363	EMW			3	2		11th-12th c.
5a	114	363	WVSW			1	1		12th-14th c.
5a	114	363	NESMCW			1	2		12th-14th c.
5a	114	363	LMU-V			1	1		11th-14th c.
5a	114	364	GRIM			1	1		L.12th-14th c.
5a	114	364	ENSOW			1	5		12th-14th c.
5a	114	364	LMU			1	7		11th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
5a	114	364	WVGW			3	3		13th-14th c.?
5a	114	364	EMW			2	6		11th-12th c.
5a	114	364	WVCWM			3	24		L.12th-14th c.
7c	143	1021	WVSW			1	9		12th-14th c.
7c	143	1021	LMU-V	Jar	UPFTEV	1	21		11th-14th c.
7c	143	1021	ENMCWCP			1	15		13th-14th c.?
7c	143	1022	EMW			3	5		11th-12th c.
7c	143	1022	MESCWC			1	2		13th-14th c.
7c	143	1022	WVEMW	Jar	SEV	1	4		11th-12thc.
7c	143	1022	LMU-V			6	11		11th-14th c.
7c	143	1022	WVSW			4	6		12th-14th c.
7c	143	1022	ESW			1	3		17th-19th c.
7c	143	1022	ESW	Bottle?	FTBD	2	6		17th-19th c.
7c	143	1022	GRIM			1	1		L.12th-14th c.
7c	143	1022	ENMSGW			2	5		12th-14th c.
7c	143	1036	WVSW			2	5		12th-14th c.
7c	143	1036	THETL			1	2		10th-11th c.
7c	143	1036	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
7c	143	1037	LMU			1	3		11th-14th c.
7c	143	1037	LMU-V			6	14		11th-14th c.
7c	143	1037	NNSOW			1	2		12th-13th c.?
7c	143	1037	GRIM			1	1		L.12th-14th c.
7c	143	1037	IGBW			1	3		16th-18th c.
7c	144	1068	WVSW	Bowl	EVSQ	1	27	13-14	12th-14th c.
7c	144	1068	WVCWM			1	1		L.12th-14th c.
7c	144	1068	EMW			3	4		11th-12th c.
7c	144	1069	EMW			2	7		11th-12th c.
7c	144	1069	EMW			3	9		11th-12th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
7c	144	1069	EMWSF			1	3		M.11th-13th c.
7c	144	1070	ENMCWM	Jar	EV	1	11		12th-14th c.
7c	144	1070	ENSOW			1	3		12th-14th c.
7c	144	1070	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.
7c	144	1070	THET	Jar	5/6	1	5		L.9th-11th c.
7c	144	1070	WVSW			1	7		12th-14th c.
7c	144	1070	LMU			1	1		11th-14th c.
7c	147	1016	SNFSGW			1	5		13th-14th c.
7c	147	1018	NNSOW			3	5		12th-13th c.?
7c	147	1018	LMU-V			4	10		11th-14th c.
7c	147	1018	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.
7c	147	1048	ENMCWCP			1	5		13th-14th c.?
7c	147	1048	CNSW		?	2	9		12th-14th c.
7c	147	1048	EMWSF			1	4		M.11th-13th c.
7c	147	1066	LMU-V			1	13		11th-14th c.
7c	147	1066	LMU			2	17		11th-14th c.
7c	147	1066	SNFSGW			1	7		13th-14th c.
7c	147	1066	LMU			7	120		11th-14th c.
7c	147	1066	MCWM			1	5		12th-14th c.
7c	147	1066	WVCWM	Jar	UPSQ?	1	20	14	L.12th-14th c.
7c	147	1066	LMT			1	7		15th-16th c.
7c	147	1066	LMU-V			3	10		11th-14th c.
7c	147	1083	SNFSGW			1	3		13th-14th c.
7c	147	1083	ELMT			1	3		M-L.14th c.
7c	147	1083	LMT			1	3		15th-16th c.
7c	147	1083	LMT			1	5		15th-16th c.
7c	147	1083	SNFSGW	Jug?	UPFT	1	3		13th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
7c	147	1083	LMU-V			5	12		11th-14th c.
7c	147	1083	GRIMT			1	14		L.12th-15th c.
7c	147	1110	LMU-V			1	6		11th-14th c.
7c	151	1079	EMWSF			1	4		M.11th-13th c.
7c	151	1079	LMU-V			2	2		11th-14th c.
7c	151	1079	LMU-V			2	14		11th-14th c.
7c	152	1075	LMU-V			2	3		11th-14th c.
7c	154	1106	LMU			10	59		11th-14th c.
7c	154	1106	GRIMT			4	71		L.12th-15th c.
7c	154	1106	LMU-V			1	4		11th-14th c.
7c	154	1106	WVSW			1	16		12th-14th c.
7c	154	1121	ENMSGW			1	6		12th-14th c.
7c	155	1123	LMU-V			1	5		11th-14th c.
7c	155	1123	SNFSGW	Jar	SQBD	1	29		13th-14th c.
7c	155	1123	NESMCW			1	7		12th-14th c.
7c	155	1123	ENSOW			1	3		12th-14th c.
7c	155	1123	EMW			1	2		11th-12th c.
7c	155	1123	EMSW			1	3		11th c.
7c	155	1123	ENSOW	Jar	FLFTTH	1	24		12th-14th c.
7c	155	1124	MCWM			2	21		12th-14th c.
7d	171	1088	ESWL			2	13		M.17th-E.20th c.
7d	174	1087	GRE			1	1		16th-18th c.
7h	199	1128	GRE			1	13		16th-18th c.
9	230	767	GRE			4	19		16th-18th c.
9	238	835	EMW			2	1		11th-12th c.
9	238	835	GRIM			1	5		L.12th-14th c.
9	240	860	GRE			1	2		16th-18th c.
9	240	860	LMU-V			1	7		11th-14th c.
9	240	860	LSRW			1	1		18th-19th c.
9	240	862	EMW			3	4		11th-12th c.
9	240	862	EMSW			1	2		11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
9	240	862	EMW			3	5		11th-12th c.
9	240	862	LMU-V			2	6		11th-14th c.
9	240	862	ENMCWM			1	2		12th-14th c.
9	240	862	ENSOW			1	2		12th-14th c.
9	240	862	GRIM			1	2		L.12th-14th c.
9	240	863	GRIM			1	9		L.12th-14th c.
9	241	838	EMW			1	5		11th-12th c.
9	241	838	EMW			2	3		11th-12th c.
9	241	838	MGW			1	1		L.13th-E.14th c.
9	241	838	EMW			2	2		11th-12th c.
9	241	840	EMWM			1	2		11th-13th c.
9	241	840	YARN			1	1		11th-12th c.?
9	241	840	EMW			4	11		11th-12th c.
9	241	842	EMWSF	Jar	UPTH	1	7		M.11th-13th c.
9	241	842	EMW			2	3		11th-12th c.
9	241	842	EMSW			1	1		11th c.
9	241	844	CNSW			1	1		12th-14th c.
9	241	846	EMWSF			2	6		M.11th-13th c.
9	242	854	EMSW			2	13		11th c.
9	242	881	ENSOW	Bowl	FTEV	1	17	13	12th-14th c.
9	242	881	NESHSW			3	9		12th-14th c.
9	242	881	EMWSF	Jar	FLTH	1	10		M.11th-13th c.
9	242	881	EMWSF			1	2		M.11th-13th c.
9	242	882	GRIM			1	7		L.12th-14th c.
9	242	882	ANDN			15	83		12th-13th c.
9	242	882	WVSW			2	4		12th-14th c.
9	242	882	WVCWM			2	15		L.12th-14th c.
9	242	882	EMSW			1	7		11th c.
9	242	882	EMW			4	10		11th-12th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
9	253	922	EMSW	Bowl		2	52		11th c.
9	253	922	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	5		11th-12th c.
9	253	922	LMU-V			2	6		11th-14th c.
9	253	922	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
9	256	903	EMWSF			2	7		M.11th-13th c.
9	261	885	EMSW	Jar	6	1	4		11th c.
9	261	885	THETL			1	2		10th-11th c.
9	263	938	EMWSF			1	3		M.11th-13th c.
9	263	938	WVSW			1	8		12th-14th c.
10b	268	554	GRE			1	10		16th-18th c.
10b	268	554	PEW			1	211		L.18th-M.19th c.
10b	268	554	PEW	Chamber pot	FTEV	1	34		L.18th-M.19th c.
10b	268	554	REFW	Dish	PL	3	25		L.18th-20th c.
10b	268	554	PORC	Saucer?	PL	4	13		18th-20th c.
10b	268	554	ESW			1	189		17th-19th c.
10b	268	579	LGRE			1	26		18th-19th c.
10b	268	579	ESWN			1	78		L.17th-L.18th c.
10b	268	579	WEST			1	7		E.17th-19th c.
10b	268	579	LGRE			1	7		18th-19th c.
10b	268	579	SWSW	Plate	EV	1	12		18th c.
10b	274	562	WVSW			3	15		12th-14th c.
10b	276	552	EMW			2	1		11th-12th c.
10b	280	623	EMW			8	13		11th-12th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW			1	30		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW			3	26		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW			3	19		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW			4	18		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW			7	24		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW			2	31		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW	Jar	EVBD	2	11		11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10b	280	623	THETK			3	13		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	EMW			4	16		11th-12th c.
10b	280	623	EMW			1	9		11th-12th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			35	71		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK	Jar	4?	1	3		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW	Large storage vessel		3	216		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW	Spouted pitcher		1	3		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW			2	16		11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW			18	31		11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			2	16		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	EMSW	Jar	1	1	8		11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK	Jar/spouted pitcher?	FLTH	1	62		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			3	9		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			22	121		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			2	20		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			3	26		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			1	11		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			1	3		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK	Jar/spouted pitcher?	FLAR	1	16		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			3	55		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			1	13		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK	Jar	1	1	23		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK	Jar	6?	1	27		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			3	7		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK			5	15		10th-11th c.
10b	280	623	THETK	Jar/spouted pitcher?	FLTH	1	14		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	BD	3	33		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Handled jar	BD	2	36		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW			1	8		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW			2	7		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW			1	21		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW			1	34		11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10b	280	625	EMSW			1	39		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Large storage vessel	4?	1	43		11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	FLTH ?	1	7		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	6?	1	2		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW			47	72		11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	FLTH	1	11		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	6	1	6		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Large storage vessel	4?	1	95		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	BD	1	14		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	1	1	9		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	1	1	8		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	1	2	18		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar/bowl	FLAR	1	19		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	1	1	12		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	FLAR	1	11		11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			34	73		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	UNID			54	25		
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	5/6	1	8		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar	6	1	3		11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	7	1	24		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	EVFT BD	1	10		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW	Jar/spouted pitcher	FLAR	1	7		11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			5	50		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			1	12		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	FLTH	1	12		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW			4	79		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW			1	94		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMSW			200	906		11th c.
10b	280	625	EMWSF			12	307		M.11th-13th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			38	312		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			3	121		10th-11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10b	280	625	THETK			3	23		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			3	30		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			26	209		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			11	85		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			1	13		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			4	60		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	1	2	20		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Large storage vessel		1	112		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK		FLAR	2	35		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar	1	1	8		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	EMWSF			1	6		M.11th-13th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar/spouted pitcher	FLTH	1	19		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar/spouted pitcher	FLTH	1	39		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar/spouted pitcher	FLAR	1	75		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar/spouted pitcher	UPPL	1	45		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			2	31		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	EMW			3	11		11th-12th c.
10b	280	625	THETK			3	53		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Large storage vessel		2	48		10th-11th c.
10b	280	625	THETK	Jar/spouted pitcher	FLAR	1	25		10th-11th c.
10b	280	637	THETK			6	20		10th-11th c.
10b	280	637	EMSW	Spouted pitcher	1	65	256		11th c.
10b	280	637	EMSW			1	15		11th c.
10b	280	637	EMSW			8	24		11th c.
10b	280	637	THETK	Jar	FLTH	5	56		10th-11th c.
10b	280	637	THETK	Large storage vessel		5	209		10th-11th c.
10b	280	637	THETK			1	28		10th-11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10b	280	637	THETK			6	52		10th-11th c.
10b	280	637	THETK			3	17		10th-11th c.
10c	282	513	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
10c	282	513	LGRE			2	40		18th-19th c.
10c	284	530	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
10c	284	530	WVSW			1	4		12th-14th c.
10c	284	530	LPME			1	1	20?	18th-20th c.
10c	284	545	WVGW			2	7		13th-14th c.?
10c	284	545	ENMSGW			3	11		12th-14th c.
10c	284	545	WVSW			9	59		12th-14th c.
10c	284	545	WVCWM			2	5		L.12th-14th c.
10c	284	545	WVSW			2	36		12th-14th c.
10c	286	526	EMWSF			2	7		M.11th-13th c.
10c	286	526	WVEMW			2	1		11th-12thc.
10c	286	526	LMU-V			1	1		11th-14th c.
10c	286	547	THETK			3	16		10th-11th c.
10c	286	547	THETK			1	1		10th-11th c.
10c	286	547	EMW			3	2		11th-12th c.
10c	286	547	EMSW			1	2		11th c.
10c	286	547	EMWSF			1	3		M.11th-13th c.
10c	286	547	WVSW			1	2		12th-14th c.
10c	287	528	WVSW	Jar	COLL	1	24		12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	SNFSGW	Jar	UPEV	1	7		13th-14th c.
10c	288	591	ENSOW			1	30		12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	ENSOW			1	9		12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	CNSW			2	14		12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	WVCWM			8	45		L.12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	WVCWM			1	8		L.12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	WVCW			2	18		L.12th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
			M						
10c	288	591	LMU-V			3	28		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	LMU-V	Bowl	EVEV	1	20		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	LMU-V			2	39		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	GRIM			1	7		L.12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	GRIM			1	9		L.12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	WVCWM	Jar	UPTR	2	13		L.12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	LMU-V			1	25		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	LMU-V			1	5		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	LMU-V	Jug	UPFT	3	148		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	LMU-V			12	51		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	CNSW			1	6		12th-14th c.
10c	288	591	THETK			1	15		10th-11th c.
10c	288	591	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	6		11th-12th c.
10c	288	591	EMWSF			2	13		M.11th-13th c.
10c	288	591	EMSW			1	4		11th c.
10c	288	591	EMSW			1	3		11th c.
10c	288	591	EMSW			1	12		11th c.
10c	288	591	LMU-V	Jar	THEV	1	4		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	WVGW			1	4		13th-14th c.?
10c	288	591	LMU-V			2	30		11th-14th c.
10c	288	591	LMU-V	Jar	UPEV	1	14		11th-14th c.
10c	288	619	EMSW			3	12		11th c.
10c	288	619	EMSW			1	8		11th c.
10c	288	619	EMSW	Jar	4	2	5		11th c.
10c	288	619	WVSW			1	2		12th-14th c.
10c	288	619	GRIM			1	3		L.12th-14th c.
10c	288	627	EMW			1	12		11th-12th c.
10c	288	627	THET			1	3		L.9th-11th c.
10c	288	627	THETK			2	35		10th-11th c.
10c	288	627	EMSW			3	135		11th c.
10c	288	627	EMSW			1	10		11th c.
10c	288	627	EMSW	Spouted pitcher?	FLAR	18	434		11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10c	288	628	EMSW	Spouted pitcher?	FLAR	1	16		11th c.
10c	288	628	ENMSGW			3	11		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			3	15		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			2	35		11th c.
10c	288	628	ENMCWM			2	13		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	ENSOW			1	20		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	ENSOW			4	32		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	WVSW			4	22		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	MCWC			4	7		12th-13th c.
10c	288	628	CNSW			4	36		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	LMU-V			2	3		11th-14th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			5	49		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			2	26		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW	Jar	6	1	4		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMW			1	25		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW		?	1	2		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW	Hanging vessel	UPPL?	2	110		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMW			14	90		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	NESMCW			1	6		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar	SEV	49	155		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	LMT			3	52		15th-16th c.
10c	288	628	LMU-V			17	98		11th-14th c.
10c	288	628	LMU-V			2	38		11th-14th c.
10c	288	628	WVSW			7	78		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	EMWSF			5	18		M.11th-13th c.
10c	288	628	EMW			2	24		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMW			2	9		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar	LSEV	3	16		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			72	311		11th c.
10c	288	628	THETK			10	10		10th-11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW	Spouted	FLAR	7	200		11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
				pitcher					
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar	SEV	2	59		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar	SEV	3	20		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	8		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	7		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	4		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	WVSW			1	3		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar		23	220		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW		?	1	1		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			14	201		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW	Large storage vessel	4?	2	85		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW	Large storage vessel	4?	1	75		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW	Large storage vessel	4?	1	49		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			10	137		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW	Bowl	EV	13	228		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			2	64		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMW			1	7		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	MCWM			4	16		12th-14th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Ginger jar	INT	1	3		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMW			13	10		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			13	914		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			2	20		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			1	33		11th c.
10c	288	628	LMT			3	9		15th-16th c.
10c	288	628	EMW	Jar	SEV	25	246		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	EMSW			2	9		11th c.
10c	288	628	EMW			33	79		11th-12th c.
10c	288	628	LMT			1	3		15th-16th c.
10c	288	628	WVGW			9	30		13th-14th c.?
10c	290	581	SNFSGW	Jar		4	36		13th-14th c.
10c	290	581	EMSW			1	7		11th c.
10c	290	581	EMSW			1	5		11th c.
10c	290	581	EMSW			1	3		11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10c	290	581	THETK			1	1		10th-11th c.
10c	290	581	THETK	Bowl/jar	FLAR	1	5		10th-11th c.
10c	290	581	THETK			1	4		10th-11th c.
10c	290	581	THETK			2	6		10th-11th c.
10c	290	583	EMW			5	1		11th-12th c.
10c	290	583	EMSW			4	20		11th c.
10c	290	583	THETK			1	1		10th-11th c.
10c	290	583	MCWM LS			3	15		12th-14th c.
10c	290	583	ENMSG W			1	2		12th-14th c.
10c	290	583	WVSW			1	10		12th-14th c.
10c	290	583	GRIM			1	28		L.12th-14th c.
10c	291	587	EMSW			1	29		11th c.
10c	291	587	THETK			1	6		10th-11th c.
10c	291	587	THETK			2	4		10th-11th c.
10c	291	587	THETK			2	5		10th-11th c.
10c	291	587	THETK			1	43		10th-11th c.
10c	291	587	WVSW			2	11		12th-14th c.
10c	291	587	WVSW			2	31		12th-14th c.
10c	291	587	EMW			2	5		11th-12th c.
10c	291	587	NESMC W	Jar	EVFT BD	1	12	13?	12th-14th c.
10c	291	587	EMSW	Jar	5/6	2	17		11th c.
10c	291	587	THETK	Jar	6	1	4		10th-11th c.
10c	291	587	THETK	Jar	6?	1	13		10th-11th c.
10c	291	587	THETK			4	8		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	THETK	Jar	6	1	9		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	LMU			2	22		11th-14th c.
10c	291	589	LMU-V			1	3		11th-14th c.
10c	291	589	LMU-V			3	11		11th-14th c.
10c	291	589	EMW			8	20		11th-12th c.
10c	291	589	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	14		11th-12th c.
10c	291	589	EMW	Jar	FLTH	15	132		11th-12th c.
10c	291	589	THETK	Jar	5/6	1	3		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	THETK	Jar	1	1	4		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	THETK	Jar	1?	1	5		10th-11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10c	291	589	CNSW			1	6		12th-14th c.
10c	291	589	THETK	Jar	5/6	1	8		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	CNSW			4	34		12th-14th c.
10c	291	589	THETK	Jar	5/6	1	5		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	EMSW	Jar	5/6	1	6		11th c.
10c	291	589	EMSW	Jar	5/6	1	5		11th c.
10c	291	589	EMSW	Bowl?	UPPL	1	6		11th c.
10c	291	589	EMSW			2	25		11th c.
10c	291	589	EMSW			17	172		11th c.
10c	291	589	THETK			38	143		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	THETK			41	119		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	THETK			4	57		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	THETK	Jar	5/6	2	8		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	THETK			8	29		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	LMU			1	4		11th-14th c.
10c	291	589	ENMSGW			1	4		12th-14th c.
10c	291	589	CNSW	Jar?	?	1	5		12th-14th c.
10c	291	589	THETK	Large storage vessel	FTEV	1	11		10th-11th c.
10c	291	589	EMW			1	3		11th-12th c.
10c	291	589	WVSW			5	23		12th-14th c.
10c	291	589	GRIM			1	9		L.12th-14th c.
10c	291	589	GRIM			1	7		L.12th-14th c.
10c	291	595	EMSW			1	3		11th c.
10c	291	595	THETK			2	6		10th-11th c.
10c	291	596	LMU-V			1	1		11th-14th c.
10c	291	596	EMSW	Jar	EVSQ?	1	5		11th c.
10c	291	596	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
10c	291	596	WVSW			2	8		12th-14th c.
10c	291	596	THETK	Jar?	5/6	1	2		10th-11th c.
10c	291	596	THETK			4	17		10th-11th c.
10c	291	596	THETK			1	30		10th-11th c.
10c	291	596	EMSW			3	11		11th c.
10c	291	596	EMSW			1	2		11th c.
10c	291	596	WVSW			1	14	13-14?	12th-14th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10c	291	596	EMWSF	Jar	FLAR ?	1	3		M.11th-13th c.
10c	291	596	EMWSF			2	10		M.11th-13th c.
10c	291	596	EMW			3	3		11th-12th c.
10c	291	596	MCWG			3	16		L.11th-13th c?
10c	291	596	THET			1	2		L.9th-11th c.
10c	291	596	ENSOW			1	3		12th-14th c.
10c	291	596	ENSOW	Jar	UPTA P	1	4		12th-14th c.
10c	291	598	EMSW	Large storage vessel		2	18		11th c.
10c	291	600	EMSW	Jar	FLAR	1	18		11th c.
10c	291	600	EMSW	Jar	FLAR	1	13		11th c.
10c	291	600	EMSW			1	10		11th c.
10c	291	600	THETK			8	95		10th-11th c.
10c	291	600	THETK			2	19		10th-11th c.
10c	291	600	THETK	Large storage vessel		1	34		10th-11th c.
10c	291	600	THETK			2	7		10th-11th c.
10c	291	600	THETK			1	14		10th-11th c.
10c	291	600	THETK			2	11		10th-11th c.
10c	291	600	EMSW			9	30		11th c.
10c	291	600	THETK	Spouted pitcher		1	16		10th-11th c.
10c	291	600	EMSW			11	38		11th c.
10c	291	600	THETK	Jar	6	3	34		10th-11th c.
10c	291	613	THETK	Jar?	4	1	3		10th-11th c.
10c	291	613	EMSW			1	9		11th c.
10c	291	613	WVSW			1	5		12th-14th c.
10c	291	613	WVSW			1	12		12th-14th c.
10c	291	613	THETK	Jar	4/6?	1	6		10th-11th c.
10c	291	613	EMSW			3	7		11th c.
10c	291	613	THETK			1	4		10th-11th c.
10c	291	613	THETK			4	10		10th-11th c.
10c	291	613	THETK			14	42		10th-11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10c	291	613	EMW			5	7		11th-12th c.
10c	291	615	EMWSF			9	24		M.11th-13th c.
10c	291	615	EMWSF			1	10		M.11th-13th c.
10c	291	615	THET			1	1		L.9th-11th c.
10c	291	615	THETK			1	2		10th-11th c.
10c	291	617	THETK			2	41		10th-11th c.
10c	291	617	EMSW	Spouted pitcher?		1	1		11th c.
10c	291	617	THETK			1	13		10th-11th c.
10c	291	617	THETK	Bowl?	6	8	52		10th-11th c.
10c	291	617	THETK			1	17		10th-11th c.
10c	291	617	EMSW			8	20		11th c.
10c	291	617	EMSW			2	10		11th c.
10c	291	617	THETK			10	62		10th-11th c.
10c	291	617	MESCWC			1	8		13th-14th c.
10c	294	676	EMSW			3	15		11th c.
10c	294	684	LMU-V	Jar	THEV	2	13		11th-14th c.
10c	294	684	EMSW			6	18		11th c.
10c	294	684	EMSW			5	28		11th c.
10c	294	684	WVSW			1	5		12th-14th c.
10c	294	684	WVSW			5	19		12th-14th c.
10c	294	684	NESMCW			1	9		12th-14th c.
10c	294	684	WVSW	Bowl?	UPTAP	3	87		12th-14th c.
10c	294	684	ENMSGW			1	19		12th-14th c.
10c	294	684	MESCW			3	12		12th-14th c.
10c	294	684	CNSW			2	8		12th-14th c.
10c	294	684	THETK			1	5		10th-11th c.
10c	294	684	EMW			3	10		11th-12th c.
10c	294	684	EMSW	Jar?	FLAR	2	7		11th c.
10c	294	684	EMW			1	7		11th-12th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10c	294	690	WVSW			2	12		12th-14th c.
10c	294	690	EMW			2	5		11th-12th c.
10c	294	690	WVSW			2	13		12th-14th c.
10c	294	690	MESCW			1	7		12th-14th c.
10c	294	690	WVSW	Jar	UPSQ	3	26		12th-14th c.
10c	296	666	ELMT	Pipkin?	UPPL	4	12		M-L.14th c.
10c	296	666	WVSW			1	13		12th-14th c.
10c	296	672	THETK			1	1		10th-11th c.
10c	296	672	EMSW			3	12		11th c.
10c	296	672	THETK	Large storage vessel		2	155		10th-11th c.
10c	296	682	ENMSGW			1	7		12th-14th c.
10c	296	682	EMWSF			3	66		M.11th-13th c.
10c	297	668	EMSW			1	2		11th c.
10c	297	668	EMSW			4	22		11th c.
10c	297	668	THETK			1	12		10th-11th c.
10c	297	686	EMSW	Large storage vessel		8	127		11th c.
10c	297	686	THETK			1	1		10th-11th c.
10c	297	688	EMSW			2	7		11th c.
10c	298	639	EMSW			13	24		11th c.
10c	298	639	CNSW			2	7		12th-14th c.
10c	298	640	EMSW			7	17		11th c.
10c	298	646	CNSW			1	5		12th-14th c.
10c	298	646	THETK			1	4		10th-11th c.
10c	298	646	EMWSF			1	33		M.11th-13th c.
10c	298	646	EMWSF			2	14		M.11th-13th c.
10c	298	646	EMSW			4	17		11th c.
10c	298	646	THETK	Large storage vessel		1	102		10th-11th c.
10c	298	646	THETK	Large storage		1	52		10th-11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
				vessel					
10c	298	646	THETK	Spouted pitcher/ handled jar	6	1	132		10th-11th c.
10c	298	646	THETK			3	59		10th-11th c.
10c	298	648	EMSW			2	6		11th c.
10c	298	648	THETK			1	13		10th-11th c.
10c	298	648	EMW			1	5		11th-12th c.
10c	298	648	THETK			3	23		10th-11th c.
10c	298	650	THETK			3	6		10th-11th c.
10c	298	650	THETK			34	73		10th-11th c.
10c	298	650	THETK	Jar	5?	1	4		10th-11th c.
10c	298	650	THETK	Jar	4	1	12		10th-11th c.
10c	298	650	EMSW			1	9		11th c.
10c	298	650	EMSW			1	9		11th c.
10c	298	650	EMSW			40	182		11th c.
10c	298	650	EMSW			160	234		11th c.
10c	298	650	EMSW			1	5		11th c.
10c	298	650	EMSW	Jar	6	1	3		11th c.
10c	298	650	EMSW	Jar	6	1	3		11th c.
10c	298	650	THETK			1	12		10th-11th c.
10c	298	650	THETK	Large storage vessel?	?	1	6		10th-11th c.
10c	298	650	THETK			20	85		10th-11th c.
10c	298	652	THETK			1	2		10th-11th c.
10c	298	652	EMSW			1	3		11th c.
10c	298	656	THETK			3	4		10th-11th c.
10c	298	658	EMSW			7	24		11th c.
10c	298	658	THETK			5	32		10th-11th c.
10c	298	660	EMSW			6	15		11th c.
10c	298	660	THETK	Jar	5/6	1	1		10th-11th c.
10c	298	660	THETK			1	5		10th-11th c.
10c	298	660	EMW			2	1		11th-12th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW	Jar	4?	1	3		11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW			4	21		11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW			2	15		11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW			3	44		11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10c	298	662	EMSW			4	64		11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW			67	189		11th c.
10c	298	662	EMW			3	9		11th-12th c.
10c	298	662	THETK			45	207		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK			1	8		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK			1	11		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW	Jar	6	1	5		11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW			39	50		11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK	Spouted pitcher?	FLAR	1	7		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK			10	12		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK	Jar	1	1	7		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW	Spouted pitcher?	FLAR	2	10		11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK	Spouted pitcher?	FLAR	1	10		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW	Jar	6	1	6		11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK	Spouted pitcher?	FLAR	1	12		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK	Spouted pitcher?	FLAR	2	30		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK	Large storage vessel	5	2	27		10th-11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW	Spouted pitcher	FLAR	8	89		11th c.
10c	298	662	EMSW	Spouted pitcher?	FLTH	2	11		11th c.
10c	298	662	THETK	Spouted pitcher?	FLAR	1	13		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK			3	27		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK			1	6		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	LMT			1	14		15th-16th c.
10c	298	678	THETK	Jar	4	3	8		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	EMSW	Jar	FTEV ?	1	6		11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK	Jar	FLFT	1	2		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK		UPT	1	6		10th-11th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
					H				
10c	298	678	EMSW			1	11		11th c.
10c	298	678	EMSW			1	15		11th c.
10c	298	678	EMSW	Large storage vessel?	FTBD	2	29		11th c.
10c	298	678	EMSW	Jar?	FLTH	1	5		11th c.
10c	298	678	EMSW	Jar?	4?	2	5		11th c.
10c	298	678	EMSW	Jar	7	1	7		11th c.
10c	298	678	EMSW			93	346		11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK			2	21		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK			2	12		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK			49	245		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK			2	20		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	EMWSF			3	45		M.11th-13th c.
10c	298	678	YAR			3	10		M.11th–12th c.
10c	298	678	THETK	Jar	FLAR	1	7		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	THETK	Jar	6	1	1		10th-11th c.
10c	298	678	EMSW	Jar	6	1	2		11th c.
10c	299	642	LMT			1	3		15th-16th c.
10c	305	506	THETK			1	1		10th-11th c.
10c	305	506	EMWSF			1	1		M.11th-13th c.
10c	305	506	EMSW			1	1		11th c.
10c	307	524	LMU-V			1	2		11th-14th c.
10e	0	500	ELMT			1	18		M-L.14th c.
10e	0	500	WVSW			1	89		12th-14th c.
10e	0	500	WVGW			1	33		13th-14th c.?
10e	0	500	LMT			1	10		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	LMT			2	28		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	ELMT			1	3		M-L.14th c.
10e	0	500	LMT			1	15		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	LMT			2	19		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	ELMT			1	63		M-L.14th c.
10e	0	500	LMT			3	5		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	GRE			2	7		16th-18th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10e	0	500	LMT			1	4		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	LMT			2	3		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	LMT			1	8		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	LMT	Bowl	FTEV	2	29		15th-16th c.
10e	0	500	LMU-V			1	1		11th-14th c.
10e	0	500	YAR			1	3		M.11th–12th c.
10e	0	500	EMW			1	5		11th-12th c.
10e	0	500	EMWSF	Ginger jar	INT	1	3		M.11th-13th c.
10e	0	500	YARN	Jar	UPFTTH	1	10		11th-12th c.?
10e	0	500	NESHSW	Jar	EVSQ	1	4	13-14	12th-14th c.
10e	0	500	NESHSW			1	9		12th-14th c.
10e	0	500	LMU-V			1	5		11th-14th c.
10e	0	500	LMU-V	Bowl	COLL	1	16	14?	11th-14th c.
10e	0	500	NESMCW			1	2		12th-14th c.
10e	0	500	WVSW			1	11		12th-14th c.
10e	0	500	WVSW			1	5		12th-14th c.
10e	0	500	WVSW			1	17		12th-14th c.
10e	0	500	WVCWM	Bowl	FLBD	2	50	13	L.12th-14th c.
10e	308	739	LMT			1	48		15th-16th c.
10e	308	745	EMW			1	2		11th-12th c.
10e	309	747	MESMC			1	18		13th-14th c.
10e	309	747	WVSW			1	2		12th-14th c.
10e	309	749	WVSW			1	1		12th-14th c.
10e	309	749	NESHSW			1	1		12th-14th c.
10e	309	749	THETK			2	5		10th-11th c.
10e	310	741	LMT			1	25		15th-16th c.
10e	310	741	LMT			1	12		15th-16th c.
10e	310	741	LMU-V			1	11		11th-14th c.
10e	310	743	LMT			1	5		15th-16th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10e	310	743	LMT			10	41		15th-16th c.
10e	310	743	MCWM			1	3		12th-14th c.
10e	310	743	MCWSC			1	2		Probably 13th-15th-century
10e	310	743	LMT			11	41		15th-16th c.
10e	310	743	LMT			1	4		15th-16th c.
10e	310	743	GRIM			2	2		L.12th-14th c.
10e	311	718	ENMSGW			1	1		12th-14th c.
10e	311	718	EMW			1	5		11th-12th c.
10e	311	720	WVEMW			1	2		11th-12thc.
10e	311	722	EMW			3	2		11th-12th c.
10e	313	696	EMWSF			1	1		M.11th-13th c.
10e	313	696	EMW			1	1		11th-12th c.
10e	313	696	EMSW		?	1	5		11th c.
10e	313	696	EMSW			2	15		11th c.
10e	313	696	EMW			5	14		11th-12th c.
10e	313	696	LMU			1	2		11th-14th c.
10e	313	696	THETK			1	7		10th-11th c.
10e	313	696	EMWC			1	1		11th-12th c.
10e	313	696	WVSW			4	24		12th-14th c.
10e	313	704	EMSW			2	10		11th c.
10e	313	704	WVEMW			2	8		11th-12thc.
10e	313	704	THETK			2	3		10th-11th c.
10e	313	704	THET	Large storage vessel		1	34		L.9th-11th c.
10e	313	723	EMW			1	4		11th-12th c.
10e	313	723	NESMCW			2	15		12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	WVSW			1	4		12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	LMU-V			3	9		11th-14th c.
10e	313	723	EMWSF			2	4		M.11th-13th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10e	313	723	WVSW			2	12		12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	MESCWC	Jar	EVSQ	1	21	13-14	13th-14th c.
10e	313	723	WVSW	Jar	UPSQ	1	11	13?	12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	WVCWM			1	6		L.12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	NESHSW	Jar	EVSQ	1	6	13-14	12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	NESHSW			1	4		12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	WVCWM	Jar	UPSQ	1	19	13-14	L.12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	WVCWM			1	4		L.12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	MESCWC			1	9		13th-14th c.
10e	313	723	WVCWM	Bowl	EVSQ	1	20	13-14	L.12th-14th c.
10e	313	723	WVCWM	Bowl	EVSQ	1	21	13-14	L.12th-14th c.
10e	313	727	EMW			3	1		11th-12th c.
10e	313	727	WVSW	Bowl	PL	3	17		12th-14th c.
10e	313	727	WVSW	Jar	UPBD	1	9	12-13	12th-14th c.
10e	313	727	ENSOW			1	4		12th-14th c.
10e	313	727	EMW			1	2		11th-12th c.
10e	313	727	EMWSF			1	4		M.11th-13th c.
10e	313	727	EMSW			4	6		11th c.
10e	313	727	EMSW			1	1		11th c.
10e	313	727	LMU-V			1	3		11th-14th c.
10e	315	694	EMW	Ginger jar	BD	1	9		11th-12th c.
10e	315	694	THETK			1	32		10th-11th c.
10e	315	694	THETK			1	4		10th-11th c.
10e	315	708	EMWSF			2	11		M.11th-13th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10e	315	708	THETK	Jar	1?	1	7		10th-11th c.
10e	315	708	WVSW			2	9		12th-14th c.
10e	315	708	WVEMW			1	4		11th-12thc.
10e	315	708	WVSW			1	2		12th-14th c.
10e	315	708	EMSW			1	24		11th c.
10e	315	708	EMW			6	13		11th-12th c.
10e	315	708	WVEMW			4	4		11th-12thc.
10e	315	708	THETK			10	45		10th-11th c.
10e	315	708	THETK			2	12		10th-11th c.
10e	315	708	THETK			1	18		10th-11th c.
10e	315	708	EMW			1	8		11th-12th c.
10e	315	708	EMSW			1	10		11th c.
10e	315	708	EMSW			2	6		11th c.
10e	315	708	EMWSF			1	15		M.11th-13th c.
10e	315	708	EMSW			2	11		11th c.
10e	315	708	EMSW			1	4		11th c.
10e	315	711	EMWSF			1	14		M.11th-13th c.
10e	315	711	EMWSF			3	8		M.11th-13th c.
10e	315	711	EMWSF			5	12		M.11th-13th c.
10e	315	711	EMW			1	3		11th-12th c.
10e	315	711	WVEMW			1	1		11th-12thc.
10e	315	711	EMW	Jar	SEV	1	4		11th-12th c.
10e	315	714	EMSW			2	8		11th c.
10e	315	714	THETK			3	9		10th-11th c.
10e	315	714	WVEMW	Jar	SEV	1	13		11th-12thc.
10e	315	714	EMWSF			4	25		M.11th-13th c.
10e	315	714	EMSW			2	21		11th c.
10e	315	714	EMW			4	6		11th-12th c.

Site	Trench	Context	Fabric	Form	Rim	No	Wt/g	Spot date	Dates
10e	315	714	EMWSF			1	5		M.11th-13th c.
10e	315	714	EMW	Spouted pitcher?		1	2		11th-12th c.

21 APPENDIX 10: POST-ROMAN POTTERY SPOTDATES

Site	Trench	Cut	Context	Category	EAS	LSax	EMed	Med	LMed	PMed	Mod	Un	Spotdate
1b	10	1181	1182	Ditch					2				15-16
1b	11	1163	1165	Ditch					1				M-L14
1b	12	1185	1186	Ditch					1				15-16
1b	16	1195	1198	Ditch				2					13-14
1b	19	1170	1171	Ditch								1	Rom or med
1b	20	1166	1167	Ditch						1			M16-18
3b	34	28	29	Ditch							1		20
3b	36	45	46	Ditch							1		19-20
3b	43	10	12	Ditch				1					L12-14
3b	44	23	24	Ditch			1						11-12
3b	45	6	7	Posthole				1					L12-14
3b	45	8	9	Ditch			2						11-12
3b	45	47	48	Pit		1	11	11	1				M-L14?
3b	45		58	Layer				31	50				M-L14-15?
3b	46	38	39	Ditch		2		8	2				M-L14
3b	48	26	27	Ditch			1						11-12
4a	65	89	92	Ditch				1					12-14
4a	68	51	54	Ditch				1					L12-14
4a	80		174	Ditch				1					13-14
4a	80		181	Ditch				5					13-14
4a	80	190	194	Ditch		1							10-11?
4a	80	196	198	Ditch							5		L17-19
4a	81	153	154	Ditch			1						11-12
4a	81	185	186	Ditch			1						11-12
4a	81	203	204	Ditch			1	12					14?
4a	81	203	205	Ditch		1	6						11-12
4a	81	203	206	Ditch			3	2					13-14
4a	81	209	210	Ditch		1	1	2					13?
4a	81	215	216	Pit		1							10-11?
4a	81	232	234	Pit			3	9					12-14
4b	88	276	277	Ditch				4					L12-14
5a	93	328	329	Ditch		3							10-11

Site	Trench	Cut	Context	Category	EAS	LSax	EMed	Med	LMed	PMed	Mod	Un	Spotdate
5a	105	306	307	Ditch			1	2					L12-14
5a	108	360	361	Ditch			12	1					12?
5a	109	334	335	Natural Feature	1								6-7?
5a	110	365	368	Ditch	1			4					12-14
5a	111	313	315	Pit		2	15	97					13?
5a	111		375	Layer			1	7					12-14
5a	111	376	377	Ditch			1	34					13-14
5a	112	355	358	Ditch		2	29	32					13?
5a	112	378	379	Pit		1	3	8					13?
5a	114	343	344	Ditch		1	19	2					12?
5a	114	345	346	Ditch			18	139	1			1	13-14
5a	114	347	348	Pit			3	2	1				14
5a	114	350	351	Pit			5	17	3				M14-E15?
5a	114	350	352	Pit				2					12-13?
5a	114	362	363	Posthole			3	3					12?
5a	114		364	Layer			2	9					L12-14
7c	81	1035	1037	Ditch				9		1			16-18
7c	143	1019	1021	Ditch				3					13
7c	143	1019	1022	Ditch			4	14			3		19-E20
7c	143	1035	1036	Ditch		1		3					12-14
7c	144	1067	1068	Ditch			3	2					13-14
7c	144	1067	1069	Ditch			6						11-12
7c	144	1067	1070	Ditch		1	1	4					13?
7c	147	1015	1016	Ditch				1					13-14?
7c	147	1015	1018	Ditch			1	7					12-13
7c	147	1044	1048	Ditch			1	3					12-14
7c	147	1065	1066	Ditch				16	1				L14-15
7c	147	1081	1083	Cobbled surface				8	3				L14-15?
7c	147	1107	1110	Ditch				1					12-14
7c	151	1078	1079	Pond			1	4					12-13
7c	152	1073	1075	Ditch				2					12-14
7c	154		1106	Layer				16					L12-14

Site	Trench	Cut	Context	Category	EAS	LSax	EMed	Med	LMed	PMed	Mod	Un	Spotdate
7c	154	1119	1121	Ditch				1					12-14
7c	155	1122	1123	Ditch		1	1	5					13-14
7c	155	1122	1124	Ditch				2					12-14
7d	171		1088	Layer							2		17?
7d	174	1086	1087	Ditch						1			M16-18
7h	199	1127	1128	Ditch						1			M16-18
9	230	766	767	Ditch						4			M16-18
9	238	834	835	Ditch			2	1					L12-14
9	240	859	860	Ditch				1		1	1		18-19
9	240	861	862	Ditch		1	6	5					L12-14
9	240		863	Trackway				1					L12-14
9	241	837	838	Ditch			5	1					L13-14
9	241	839	840	Ditch			6						11-12
9	241	841	842	Ditch		1	3						12?
9	241	843	844	Posthole				1					12-13
9	241	845	846	Ditch			2						11-13
9	242	852	854	Ditch		2							11
9	242	880	881	Ditch			2	4					13
9	242	880	882	Ditch		1	4	20					L12-13
9	253	921	922	Ditch		2	1	3					12-14
9	256	902	903	Ditch			2						11-13
9	261	884	885	Pit		2							11?
9	263	937	938	Pit			1	1					12-14
10b	268	553	554	Ditch						1	10		L19-E20
10b	268	556	579	Foundation							5		18
10b	274	561	562	Ditch				3					12-14
10b	276	551	552	Pit			2						11-12+
10b	280	622	623	Pit		137	13						11
10b	280	624	625	Pit		430	16					54	11
10b	280	624	637	Pit		100							11
10c	282	512	513	Ditch				1			2		18-19
10c	284	529	530	Ditch				2			1		20?
10c	284	543	545	Ditch				18					13-14

Site	Trench	Cut	Context	Category	EAS	LSax	EMed	Med	LMed	PMed	Mod	Un	Spotdate
10c	286	525	526	Ditch			4	1					12-13
10c	286	546	547	Ditch		5	4	1					12-13?
10c	287	527	528	Ditch				1					14?
10c	288	590	591	Ditch		4	3	49					13-14
10c	288	618	619	Ditch		6		2					L12-14
10c	288	626	627	Pit		25	1						11
10c	288	626	628	Pit		168	180	65	7				15-16
10c	290	580	581	Pit		8		4					12?
10c	290	582	583	Ditch		5	5	6					L12-14
10c	291	586	587	Ditch		15	2	5					13
10c	291	588	589	Ditch		122	25	21					L12-14
10c	291	594	595	Pit		3							11?
10c	291	594	596	Pit		12	6	10					13-14?
10c	291	594	598	Pit		2							11
10c	291	599	600	Ditch		43							11
10c	291	612	613	Ditch		25	5	2					11-12
10c	291	614	615	Ditch		2	10						11-13
10c	291	616	617	Ditch		33		1					11?
10c	294	675	676	Ditch		3							11?
10c	294	683	684	Ditch		14	4	18					12-14
10c	294	689	690	Ditch			2	8					12-14
10c	296	665	666	Kiln rake out				1	4				14?
10c	296	671	672	Ditch		6							11?
10c	297	667	668	Pit		6							11?
10c	297	681	682	Ditch			3	1					12-14?
10c	297	685	686	Ditch		9							11?
10c	297	687	688	Ditch		2							11
10c	298	638	639	Pit		13		2					12?
10c	298	638	640	Pit		7							11
10c	298	645	646	Kiln rake out		11	3	1					12?
10c	298	645	648	Kiln rake out		6	1						11?
10c	298	649	650	Ditch		266							11

Site	Trench	Cut	Context	Category	EAS	LSax	EMed	Med	LMed	PMed	Mod	Un	Spotdate
10c	298	651	652	Posthole		2							11
10c	298	655	656	Kiln		3							11?
10c	298	657	658	Rake out pit		12							11
10c	298	659	660	Posthole		8	2						11?
10c	298	661	662	Pit		200	3						11
10c	298	677	678	Ditch		169	6		1				11?
10c	299	641	642	Ditch					1				15-16
10c	305	505	506	Ditch		2	1						11?
10c	307	522	524	Ditch				1					12-13?
10e	0		500	Topsoil			4	13	18	2			16
10e	308	738	739	Pit					1				15-16
10e	308	744	745	Ditch			1						11-12
10e	309	746	747	Ditch				2					13-14
10e	309	748	749	Ditch		2		2					12-14?
10e	310	740	741	Pit				1	2				15-16
10e	310	740	743	Pit				4	23				15-16
10e	311	717	718	Ditch			1	1					12?
10e	311	717	720	Ditch			1						11-12?
10e	311	721	722	Natural Feature			3						11-12?
10e	313	695	696	Ditch		4	8	5					12?
10e	313	703	704	Ditch		5	2						11?
10e	313		723	Layer			3	18					13-14
10e	313	726	727	Pit		5	5	6					13-15
10e	315	693	694	Ditch		2	1						11?
10e	315	707	708	Ditch		21	15	3					11-12?
10e	315	709	711	Pit			12						11-12?
10e	315	712	714	Ditch		7	11						11-12?

22 APPENDIX 11: CERAMIC BUILDING MATERIAL CATALOGUE

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
A1b	10	1181	1182		fs	RTP	1	40	1	+						pmed
A1b	12	1185	1186		msf	LB	8	333	3							pmed
A1b	12	1185	1186		comp	B	2	140	1						burnt	mod
A1b	12	1185	1186		msffe	LB	1	73	1						slightly overfired, dark red	pmed
A1b	12	1185	1186		msf	LB	2	45	1						heavily overfired, reduced, vit	pmed
A1b	12	1185	1186		fsc	PAN?	1	3	1						curved flake	pmed
A1b	12	1185	1186		fs	PAN	23	1251	6						smooth on both surfaces, 1 nib	mod
A1b	12	1185	1186		fs	PAN	6	172	6						sanded undersides	pmed
A2b	29	1225	1228		fsf	LB?	1	21	1							pmed
A2c	32	1222	1223		fs	PAN	3	198	2							pmed
A3b	36	45	46		fsfe	RTP	2	18	2	+						pmed
A3b	43	10	11		msf	RTP	1	31	1							pmed
A3b	43	10	12		fs	UN	4	7	4	++						?

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
A3b	43	13	14		fs	UN	4	2	3	+						?
A3b	45		58		csf	RTM?	4	18	1						orange, v coarse	med?
A3b	45		58		fsf	RTP	2	13	1						buff surfaces, red core	lmed?
A3b	45		58		fsf	RTP	1	34	1						buff, corner but not a right-angle	lmed/pmed
A3b	45		59		fsf	RTP	2	224	2						buff surfaces	lmed/pmed
A3b	45		59		fsf	RTP	1	53	1						burnt, reduced	lmed/pmed
A3b	45		59		wfs	FT?	1	236	1			103	18		base worn? edge may be rubbed, so poss not full width	lmed/pmed
A3b	46	38	39		fscp	RTM?	2	30	1	++			11		pink	med?
A3b	50	15	17		fsx	UN	1	2	1	+						?
A4a	57	255	259		fs	RBT	11	118	1	+			20			Rom
A4a	57	255	259		fscp	RBT	5	69	1	+			29		surface burnt,	Rom

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
															cracked	
A4a	61	0	0	topsoil nr [152]	msf	RBT	1	101	1				20		cfm	Rom
A4a	61	0	0	topsoil nr [152]	msf	BOX	1	67	1				20		partial diag combing	Rom
A4a	61	0	0	topsoil nr [152]	msf	BOX	1	22	1				18		deep groove combing	Rom
A4a	61	0	0	topsoil nr [152]	msf	BOX	1	60	1				14		corner frag	Rom
A4a	61	0	0	topsoil nr [152]	msf	UN	1	36	1	++						Rom/pmed
A4a	61	0	0	topsoil nr [152]	fs	RBT	1	50	1	+			27		poss FC?	Rom
A4a	61	152	150		msf	BOX	5	126	5	+			18		traces of combing, right-angled corners	Rom
A4a	61	152	150		msf	RBT	1	123	1	++			30+			Rom
A4a	61	152	150		scp	UN	1	1	1	+					small flake	?
A4a	61	152	150		fscp	RBT	1	47	1	++						Rom
A4a	61	152	150		fs	UN	1	4	1	+				thin white	poss FC	?

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
														all over		
A4a	61	152	150		msf	RBT	15	81	15							Rom
A4a	61	152	150		fs	RBT	1	19	1	+			23			Rom
A4a	61	152	150		fsf	RBT	2	19	2	+						Rom
A4a	62	138	139		fs	RTP	1	10	1							mod
A4a	62	138	139		fs	LB?	1	4	1							mod
A4a	65	89	96		msf	BOX	1	4	1						grooves - outer flake of BOX	Rom?
A4a	65	89	96		msf	UN	1	1	1							?
A4a	65	89	96		fsfe	UN	1	2	1	+					soft	?
A4a	65	89	96		fs	RBT?	4	44	1	++						Rom?
A4a	67	87	88		fscp	RBT	1	435	1	+			21-30		redced core, soft, orange	Rom
A4a	70	103	104		fs	UN	1	1	1	+					base flake	?
A4a	71	116	117		fsf	LB?	1	6	1	++						pmed?
A4a	71	222	223		fsfe	UN	1	9	1	+					poss FC	?
A4a	71	224	225		s	LB?	40	75	35	++					some poss RBT?	pmed?
A4a	71	224	225		wfe	LB	20	630	1	++					heavily laminated, lots of small	pmed

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
															flakes not counted	
A4a	71	224	225		wfe	LB	2	866	1	+		90+	67		one stretcher rubbed	18-19
A4a	71	224	225		wfe	LB	1	631	1	+			68			18-19
A4a	71	224	225		sv	LB?	3	128	1	++					rounded lump	pmed?
A4a	71	224	225		s	LB?	1	72	1	++					rounded lump, flat base, v dense	pmed?
A4a	75	218	221		fs	RBT?	2	6	2	++						Rom?
A4a	80	190	195		msf	RBT?	2	69	2	+				1 thin on breaks	poss LB	Rom?
A4b	88	276	277		wfe	FB?	1	1101	1	++		115	55+		yellow with red streaks, base damaged	18-19?
A5a	105	306	307		fsfe	RTP/LB	2	7	1							pmed
A5a	105	306	310		s	UN	6	28	6	+						Rom/pmed?
A5a	105	306	310		fs	RTP/LB	10	15	6							pmed

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
A5a	108	322	323		fs	RTP	6	18	1							pmed
A5a	108	322	323		msfe	RTP	2	36	2							pmed
A5a	108	322	323		fs	RTP	1	22	1	+						pmed
A5a	109	334	335		fsf	UN	2	30	1	++						?
A5a	109	334	335		fs	UN	11	18	9	+					some poss FC	?
A5a	109	334	335		est	EB	4	203	4	++					orange	15-16?
A5a	117	311	312		fscp	RBT?	1	96	1	++			34+			Rom?
A7c	143	1019	1022		fs	UN	2	2	2	+					with FC	?
A7c	143	1035	1036		scp	RBT?	1	1	1	+					pink	Rom?
A7c	143	1035	1036		ms	UN	1	1	1	++						pmed
A7c	143	1035	1037		fs	PAN	1	14	1	+						pmed
A7c	143	1035	1037		fs	UN	3	14	3	+						pmed
A7c	145	1049	1051		fs	RTP?	1	1	1	+					base flake	pmed
A7c	147	1015	1018		ms	RTP	1	7	1	+						pmed
A7c	147	1081	1083		fs	UN	3	5	3	+					unwashed	pmed?
A7c	151	1103	1104		fsx	RBT?	2	7	1						sim to (971) in A.9; burnt, reduced	Rom?
A7d	169	1089	1092		scp	FB	1	836	1	+		116	41		slightly worn; pink	pmed
A7d	169	1089	1092		s	DP	12	133	1						laminated - extruded	mod

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
															type	
A7d	169	1089	1092		fs	PAN	1	16	1							mod
A7d	169	1089	1092		fsf	RTP	1	23	1	+				patch white fs		pmed
A7d	171		1088		fsx	LB	4	20	1					patch white ms		pmed
A7d	171		1088		msf	LB	2	25	2					white ms on base		pmed
A7d	171		1088		fs	RTP	1	63	1					spot of white fs		pmed
A9	230	766	767		msf	UN	1	9	1	++						pmed?
A9	233	935	936		wcp	DP	4	86	1				12		diam c.110mm	pmed
A9	242	880	882		fscp	RBT	1	228	1	+			28			Rom
A9	250	945	946		fsf	RBT	3	49	1				15		reduced core	Rom
A9	250	949	950	81	s	RBT	1	35	1	++			25			Rom
A9	251	970	971		fsx	RBT	1	140	1				35		poss later FT? heavily burnt, reduced	Rom

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
A9	255	892	893		fs	DP?	1	789	1				18		rim, c.190mm diam, lime or plaster int	pmed
A9	255	892	893		fs	DP?	1	36	1				20		worn int	pmed
A9	255	892	893		fs	DP?	1	74	1				20		rim, c.230mm diam, ?lime deposit int	pmed
A9	255	892	893		fs	DP?	1	16	1						?lime int, flake	pmed
A9	255	892	893		wcp	DP?	2	500	1				20		c.230mm diam, ?lime deposit int	pmed
A9	263	937	938		s	RBT	1	47	1	++						Rom
A9	263	937	939		s	RBT	1	107	1	++			24			Rom
A10b	264	635	636		fs	RTP	2	20	2	+						pmed
A10b	264	635	636		wfs	QFT	1	384	1				39			18-19
A10b	274	561	562		fs	UN	3	11	1							pmed
A10b	274	561	562		scp	RBT?	1	3	1	+						Rom?
A10b	274	561	562		fs	PAN?	1	2	1							mod

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
A10b	274	561	562		fs	UN	4	6	4							pmed
A10c	282	512	513		sx	RBT?	1	45	1	++					sanded base	Rom?
A10c	282	512	513		fs	RTP	1	4	1	+						pmed
A10c	282	512	513		s	RBT?	1	14	1	+			18			Rom?
A10c	282	512	513		scp	RBT?	7	18	1	+			16			Rom?
A10c	282	512	513		fs	RBT	1	227	1	++			30			Rom
A10c	284	529	530		fsf	RBT	1	163	1	+			31			Rom
A10c	286	525	526		wfe	FB	1	154	1				39			18-19
A10c	288	626	627		scp	RBT	1	202	1	+			37			Rom
A10c	291	586	587		fsx	LB	1	981	1	+		118	54			16?
A10c	291	599	600		fscp	RBT?	1	29	1	+					with FC	Rom?
A10c	307	522	523		sc	RBT?	4	13	1	+					joining frags, soft, powdery, pink	Rom?
A10c	307	522	523		ms	LB?	1	1	1	+						pmed?
A10c	307	522	524		msfe	RTP?	4	27	3	+						pmed?
A10c	307	522	524		s	UN	3	14	3	++						?
A10c	307	522	524		sc	RBT?	4	15	2	+					soft, powdery, pink	Rom?
A10c	307	522	524		wfs	FB	5	1135	1			115	45	patchy white	slight sunken	17-19?

Area	Trench	cut	context	sample	fabric	form	no	wt/g	minno	abr	length	width	height	mortar	comments	date
														ms on surface	margin on one edge, poss Dutch?	
A10e	315	707	708		fsfe	LB	1	5	1					patchyy fs on surface		pmed

23 APPENDIX 12: FIRED CLAY CATALOGUE

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
A3b	44	23	24		fsc		pale orange	2	2				
A3b	45	0	58		fsc		orange	13	43		grass, 1 poss wattle?		irreg frags
A3b	45	47	48		fsc		orange	10	22	a few flattish			irreg frags
A3b	48	26	27		fsc		orange	1	1				irreg
A4a	57	237	238	8	sv		buff-red/brown	136	124			++	soft rounded frags, mostly <1cm across
A4a	57	237	240	9	fs		red, dk grey	53	28			++	dense rounded frags, mostly <1cm
A4a	57	237	241	11	fsc		buff, a few red	445	262	a few flattish		++	rounded frags, some soft, some with voids, mostly <1cm
A4a	57	237	242	12	sv		red	83	17			++	
A4a	57	237	243	13	sv		buff-red/brown	594	195			++	5mm-10mm. Very small crumbs/fragments.
A4a	57	237	243	13	sv		buff-red/brown	65	163	several convex		++	>10mm. Small fragments. WET
A4a	57	237	245	14	fsc		red, occ dk grey	314	113			++	5mm-10mm. Very small crumbs/fragments.

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
A4a	57	237	245	14	fsc		red, occ dk grey	59	180	a few convex		++	>10mm. Small fragments.
A4a	57	237	247	10	sv		buff-orange	231	106			++	soft rounded frags, mostly <1cm across
A4a	57	248	250	16	fsf	KF?	buff-red	48	182	several flat & slightly convex		++	>10mm. Small fragments
A4a	57	248	250	16	fsf		red, a few black	228	104			++	5mm-10mm. Very small crumbs/fragments.
A4a	57	248	252	18	fs		red, black	19	8			+	dense
A4a	57	248	253	19	fs		red, a few partly dk grey	23	14			++	
A4a	57	248	254	20	fs		mainly red	283	185			++	5mm-10mm. Very small crumbs/fragments.
A4a	57	248	254	20	fs		buff-red	27	78			++	>10mm. Dense, rounded frags
A4a	57	248	249	15	fs		buff/red	320	107			++	4 medium frags, rest tiny-small; dense
A4a	57	255	256	21	fs		red	44	22			++	rounded frags, some soft, some with voids, mostly

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
													<1cm
A4a	57	255	256	21	sv		buff	8	17			+	irreg frags
A4a	57	255	257	22	s/fs		red	83	198	some flat?		++	>10mm. Dense, slightly rounded frags. WET
A4a	57	255	257	22	fsc		buff	3	9	convex		+	
A4a	57	255	257	22	s/fs		red	851	310			++	5mm-10mm. Small rounded frags
A4a	57	255	258	23	s	KF?	buff, red, dk grey	49	121	some convex	wattles?	++	>10mm. Mostly dense
A4a	57	255	258	23	s		buff, red, dk grey	397	162			++	5mm-10mm. Very small crumbs/fragments.
A4a	57	255	259	24	s		buff, orange, red	36	86			++	>10mm. Dense, some rounded
A4a	57	255	259	24	s		buff, orange, red	116	127			++	5mm-10mm. Very small crumbs/fragments. Rounded
A4a	57	255	260	25	s		dark orange to red	540	227			++	5mm-10mm. Very Small crumbs and fragments. Rounded, a few

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
													with voids
A4a	57	255	260	25	s	KF?	buff, dk red	83	296		1 with wide wattles	++	>10mm. Dense
A4a	57	255	261	26	s/fs		buff, red, a few dk grey	160	138			++	dense rounded frags, mostly <1cm
A4a	57	255	262	27	s		dk red	72	53	some flattish	1 wattle?	++	dense rounded frags, mostly <1cm
A4a	57	255	263	28	fs		buff-red	28	24	a few convex		++	dense
A4a	67	87	88		fsvx		orange	5	5			+	
A4a	67	134	135	3	fsf	KF	lt/dk grey, buff, orange	294	199			++	5mm-10mm. Very small to small crumbs and fragments.
A4a	67	134	135	3	fsf	KF	lt/dk grey, buff, orange	159	388	includes a few with flattish or smoothed surfaces	1 frag with large wattle	+	>10mm. Small-medium fragments. 1 frag poss kiln bar 32mm thick
A4a	67	134	135		fsf	KF	mostly orange/red/buff, a few dark grey	242	3861	mostly flattish or slightly undulating smoothed, occ convex; some have a thin skim	several frags with large wattles c.18-23mm diam, some running	+	large pieces up to 40mm thick

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
										of extra clay	parallel		
A4a	67	134	136		fsf	KF	mostly orange/red/buff, a few dark grey, some patchy oxid/reduc	160	3502	mostly flattish or slightly undulating smoothed, occ convex; some have a thin skim of extra clay (2 joining frags with thicker skim & straight edge)	several frags with large wattles c.13-20mm diam, some woven running parallel	+	1 ?corner frag with hole c.40mm diam - vent? fully oxid
A4a	68	69	70		fsfe		orange	2	5			+	poss CBM
A4a	69	82	84		fs		orange, red	2	10			+	1 poss natural (soft), 1 poss CBM
A4a	81	168	170		fsc		pale orange	4	113	convex?		+	
A4a	81	185	186		fsc		orange	1	1			+	
A4a	81	201	202		fsc		pink	2	3			+	
A4a	81	203	204		fsc		cream	4	12			+	also 1 frag burnt chalk
A4a	81	203	205		fsc		orange, red	3	2			+	
A4a	81	203	206		fsc		buff-red	1	2	flattish?		+	
A4a	81	209	210		fsc		cream-orange	1	1.5			++	
A4a	81	232	234		fsc		pale to dk	8	50			+	

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
							orange						
A4a	81	236	235		fsc		pale orange	2	3			++	
A5a	107	373	374		fsc		orange	47	46			+	irreg & rounded, less chalk than other pieces from this area
A5a	108	322	323		s		red	2	4			++	with CBM
A5a	108	360	361	33	sv		brown	35	8			++	soft, mostly dust
A5a	110	365	368		fsc		pink	1	16	convex		+	
A5a	111	313	315	30	fsc		buff-grey	71	96	1 large flattish		++	fairly dense, rounded
A5a	111	313	315		fsc		orange-grey	2	15	flattish?	straw	+	
A5a	112	355	358	35	fsc		buff-orange	113	97.5			+	small rounded frags
A5a	112	355	358		fsc	O/KD	buff-orange	68	1033	1 thick flattish piece with straight edge. Several frags undulating, smoothed		+	also 1 frag burnt chalk & 1 frag burnt ?limestone
A5a	112	369	370	36	fsc		buff-red	1252	666				5mm-10mm. Small rounded frags
A5a	112	369	370	36	fsc		buff-red	466	2028				>10mm. Large

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
													rounded frags
A5a	112	369	370	36	fsc		buff	12	888	flattish & concave	parallel wattles 8-12mm diam	+	large pieces up to 45mm thick
A5a	112	369	370		fsc		buff-orange-grey	10	709	flattish & concave	parallel wattles 7-15mm diam		
A5a	112	371	372	37	fsc		pink-red, 1 buff	27	98	1 (buff) flattish		++	mostly rounded frags, buff piece more angular
A5a	112	378	379		fsc		dk red (wet), black core	2	19			+	
A5a	114	0	364		fsc		buff-orange	132	226			+	irreg, friable
A5a	114	343	344		fsc		orange	7	19			+	
A5a	114	345	346		fsc		buff-orange	34	71	some flattish?		+	
A5a	114	347	348		fsc		orange	3	10			+	
A5a	114	350	351		fsc		orange, some grey cores	17	38	a few flattish		+	
A5a	114	350	352		fsc		orange	1	3	convex?		+	
A5a	114	362	363	32	fsc		red, buff, pink	11	8			++	(1 still with pot)
A5a	114	362	363		fsc		red	2	1			+	
A7c	135	987	988		s		red	3	4			++	unwashed
A7c	143	1019	1020		fsc		lt orange	8	14			+	
A7c	143	1019	1022		fsc		white-pink	2	3	flat 2 surfaces &		+	9-11mm thick

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
										straight edge			
A7c	143	1019	1022		fsc		orange	1	2			+	
A7c	143	1035	1036		fsc		pink	7	10			++	
A7c	143	1035	1037		fsc		pink-red	4	4			++	
A7c	144	1067	1069		fsv		buff-red/cream	2	3	1 flat?		++	
A7c	144	1067	1070		fsv		cream-orange	3	3	1 flat?		++	
A7c	144	1076	1077		fsc		orange	41	69			+	
A7c	145	1049	1051		sv		brown-red	1	4			+	irreg
A7c	145	1049	1052		fs		buff-grey	2	3			++	poss pottery
A7c	145	1049	1053		s		black	1	9	1 convex, 1 concave	straw?	+	16mm thick, groove in 1 surface - poss mould? or preh pot?
A7c	147	1044	1048		fsc		orange	1	2				irreg
A7c	147	1065	1066		fsc		pink	8	3			+	
A7c	151	1103	1104		fsv		orange/cream	2	2			++	
A7c	154	0	1106		fsc		lt orange	3	12			++	
A9	234	878	879		fsc		red	58	513	some convex, a few flat		+	mostly rounded & irreg lumps
A9	238	810	811		fs		buff, dk grey	8	35			++	irreg
A9	238	851	852	72	s		grey, buff, red	9	3			++	
A9	238	851	852		s		grey, buff, red	23	103	a few flattish		+	dense but lightweight

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
A9	240	861	862		fsc		red	1	1			+	
A9	242	880	882		fsc		buff/orange	1	1			++	wth CBM
A9	246	813	814		svx		cream/red	3	29			++	lightweight
A9	246	847	850		fsc		buff-orange	2	20	1 convex, 1 flat?		+	
A9	246	847	850		sv		grey	10	29			+	irreg
A9	247	764	765		fs		cream	1	2			++	
A9	247	764	765		sv		buff-dk grey	4	32			+	lightweight
A9	247	829	830	70	sv		grey, buff, red	21	19	flattish		+	
A9	247	829	831	21	sv		grey, buff, red	9	8	flattish		+	
A9	247	886	889		fsv		buff-red	1	6			+	
A9	248	777	778		sv		red	2	6			+	irreg
A9	248	779	783		fsffe		buff	1	4			+	irreg
A9	248	779	783		sv		red	66	430	most flattish		+	up to 24mm thick; 1 piece with 2 surfaces 14mm thick
A9	249	876	877	76	fsv		brown	2	7			++	
A9	250	945	946	80	fs		buff-red	71	49	some convex?		++	
A9	250	949	950	81	fsv		buff-red	49	40	undulating		++	
A9	250	951	952	82	fsv		buff-red	789	343			++	5mm-10mm
A9	250	951	952	82	fsv		buff-red	297	900	some flattish		+	>10mm. irreg lumps
A9	250	951	953	83	fsv		dk red	1494	708				5mm-10mm.
A9	250	951	953	83	fsv		dk red	444	1314	some fragments		+	>10mm. irreg

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
										with flat or undulating surfaces			lumps
A9	250	951	953	83	fsv		dk red	9	430	1 flat, several flattish			large frags, irreg, up to 46mm thick
A9	251	957	958	84	fs		mostly red, some dk grey, buff	157	87	a few flattish		++	
A9	251	970	971	85	fsf		dk grey-dk red	187	685	some flat, a few convex		++	>10mm.
A9	251	970	971	85	fsfc		grey	20	164	some flat, a few convex			near-vit
A9	251	970	971		fsf		grey	4	164	undulating smoothed	tool tip?	+	3 joining; 1 piece near-vitrified
A9	251	970	971	85	fsf		dk grey-dk red	706	349			++	5mm-10mm, very small to small fragments.
A9	251	970	972	86	fs		mostly dk grey, some red	27	50			++	1 large, rest small
A9	251	970	972		fsf		dk grey-dk red	13	655	undulating		+	up to 45mm thick; some underfired 'core' frags; dense, heavy
A9	258	924	925		fsc		buff-orange	1	15	flattish		++	

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
A9	259	908	909		fs		red	1	16	tapered edge, convex/concave		++	poss HM pot base?
A9	261	904	905		sv		red	2	7			+	angular frags
A10b	274	561	562		sc		red	1	2			++	
A10b	276	551	552	50	s		buff-black	36	19			++	dense, small rounded frags
A10b	276	551	552	50	sf		dk grey	1	3	slightly convex, sooted?		++	with pot
A10b	280	622	623	52	fsc		buff, orange, red, some grey	187	493				
A10b	280	622	623		fsc		orange, red	3	90	1 convex		+	
A10b	280	622	623		fsfc		buff, grey	1	83	flattish in 2 levels			
A10b	280	624	625		fsc		red	7	23				extracted from pot
A10b	280	624	625		fsfc	OD?	buff-orange	14	1568	convex smoothed, & convex finger-smoothed	1 roundwood c.30mm diam		
A10b	280	624	625	53	fsfc		buff, orange, grey	81	289	some convex		+	
A10b	280	624	637		fsc	OD?	buff-orange	7	88	undulating, 2 with rounded straight edge			
A10c	284	529	530		s		orange	1	4		wattle?	+	

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
A10c	286	546	547		fs		orange	1	2			++	with pot
A10c	288	590	591		fsfc		red-brown	12	33	rough		+	
A10c	288	626	627		fsc		orange	8	48		2 with wattles? 1 poss also large roundwood		
A10c	288	626	628		fsc		buff-orange	103	315	1 flat, 1 convex	grass on flat piece		>10mm. Irreg fragments
A10c	288	626	628	54	fsc		orange	182	62			++	
A10c	288	626	628		fsc		buff-orange	100	61				5mm-10mm. irreg frags
A10c	290	582	583		fsc		buff-red	4	94	flat & undulating			
A10c	291	599	600		fsfc		red	1	3			+	
A10c	291	614	615		fsc		orange	3	9			++	
A10c	291	616	617		fsc		buff-orange	4	199	slightly convex, rounded right-angled corner on large piece	large roundwood ?upright c.40mm diam	+	1 large, 3 small
A10c	296	681	682		fsv		orange	1	5			+	
A10c	297	667	668		fsfc		grey	1	12				irreg frag
A10c	297	685	686		fsc		orange	1	2				
A10c	297	687	688		fsc		orange	1	2			+	

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
A10c	298	643	644		fsc	OD?	buff/grey-orange	14	756	undulating, flattish, finger-smoothed	straw; 1 withy 15mm, 1 roundwood c.30mm diam		several underfired 'core' pieces. 2 surface frags appear to have diag-cut square holes?
A10c	298	649	650		fsc	OD?	buff/grey-orange	4	177	convex, finger-smoothed	2 pieces with large wattle or small roundwood	+	
A10c	298	649	650	55	sv		mainly red	800	475	4 larger pieces convex		++	rounded frags, fairly dense with sparse voids
A10c	298	661	662	56	sv		red, a few dk grey, 1 buff	139	91	some flattish		++	6 medium, rest tiny; dense with small voids
A10c	298	661	662		fs		mainly red	96	210	a few convex or flattish	straw?		dense
A10c	298	661	662	56	sc		buff	6	17	1 convex		++	
A10c	298	677	678		fsv	OD?	grey-red	7	87	finger-smoothed			
A10c	298	677	678		fsc		buff, red-grey	2	9			++	
A10c	302	608	609	51	fsv		orange/red	6	24			++	3 medium, 3 tiny
A10c	306	503	504		sv		brown	1	3				irreg

Area	Trench	Cut	Context	Sample	Fabric	Type	Colour	No	Wt (g)	Surface	Impressions	Abr	Notes
A10c	307	522	523		sc		lt orange	4	13	flat		+	joining frags, soft, powdery
A10c	307	522	523		ms		brown	1	1			+	
A10e	308	744	745		fsc		buff-red	3	12	convex?		+	
A10e	310	740	743		fsc		orange, red	3	7	1 convex		+	
A10e	311	717	718		sv		red	1	1			++	
A10e	312	699	700		fsc		orange	8	21			++	rounded
A10e	312	707	708		fsc		orange, red	9	34			+	
A10e	313	695	696	57	fsc		buff/orange	1	2			++	with pottery
A10e	313	726	727	59	fsc		red, cream, grey	33	24			++	rounded (3 tiny with pot)
A10e	315	712	714		fsc		orange, red	3	10			+	

24 APPENDIX 13: METALWORK CATALOGUE

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	767	766	290	9	Fe	Wire	UN	Fourteen small fragments of wire	Und					7.7	Fragment	
	854	853	242	9	Fe	Nail	BS	A large iron nail with a flattened circular head	Und	70.11	9.85	8.87	21.2	25.68	Complete	
	881	880	242	9	Fe	Object	UN	A heavily encrusted fragment of uncertain function	Und	23.43	10.85	8.18		3.6	Fragment	
	893	892	255	9	Fe	Barbed Wire	AG	Two short lengths of barbed wire	Mod					17.29	Fragment	Discard
	893	892	255	9	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened circular head.	Und	40.95	9.24	8.05	17.04	9.17	Complete	
	893	892	255	9	Fe	Nail	BS	A large nail, lower part of body missing.	Und	55.04	12.35	11.32		27.03	Incomplete	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	893	892	255	9	Fe	Object	UN	A fragment of iron sheet	Und					4.22	Fragment	Discard
	950	949	250	9	Cu Alloy	Bracelet?	DA	Three curving fragments of wire, possibly a bracelet? From a Roman feature.	Rom	39.11			1.69	10.4	Fragment	
	958	957	251	9	Fe	Hobnail	DA	A hobnail with a convex circular head	Rom	15.53	4.76	3.9	10.69	1.33	Complete	
	971	970	251	9	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened circular head, lower part of body missing. From a Roman feature.	Rom	26.73	6.08	5.99	14.34	4.96	Incomplete	
50	589	588	291	10C	Cu Alloy	Object	UN	A piece of rolled up sheet of uncertain function	Und	16.62	6.72	5.98		1.57	Fragment	
51	589	588	291	10C	Fe	Horseshoe	TRN	Approximately half of a horseshoe of possible early or late medieval	Med	115	37.24	6.58		80.84	Incomplete	X-ray

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
								type, either Clark type 1 or 4. Needs X-ray								
52	628	626	288	10C	Pb	Pot Mend	HO	A possible cast pot mend	Und	21.49	16.05	15.49		14.47	Complete	
	524	522	307	10C	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened rectangular head	Und	36.88	6.25	4.66		3.6	Complete	
	591	590	288	10C	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a narrow rectangular head	Und	31.02	8.81	4.4		1.92	Complete	
	591	590	288	10C	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	42.28	6.63	6.18		3.71	Incomplete	
	591	590	288	10C	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	36.41	6.15	5.99		1.86	Incomplete	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	628	626	288	10C	Fe	Tool	TO	A socketed tool, of which only the socket and the upper part of the tool element survives.	Und	82.55	27.35	26.41		58	Incomplete	X-ray
	628	626	288	10C	Fe	Nail	BS	A heavily encrusted nail.	Und	82.62	10.85	7.01		3.65	Complete	
	727	726	313	10E	Fe	Nail	BS	A heavily encrusted nail, head missing	Und	24.9	8.33	6.6		2	Incomplete	
	1171	1170	19	1B	Fe	Object	UN	Part of a large cast object, probably a piece of agricultural machinery	Mod					337	Fragment	Discard
	1186	1185	12	1B	Fe	Object	UN	A small fragment of an uncertain object.	Und					3.96	Fragment	
	1186	1185	12	1B	Fe	Object	UN	A small fragment of an uncertain object.	Und					1.81	Fragment	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	1186	1185	12	1B	Fe	Object	UN	A small fragment of an uncertain object.	Und					2.8	Fragment	
	1226	1225	29	2B	Fe	Object	UN	Two refitting fragments of a plate object of uncertain function, probably agricultural and modern.	Mod					200	Fragment	Discard
	1231	1229	30	2B	Fe	Object	UN	A small fragment of an uncertain object.	Und					2.81	Fragment	
1	48	47	45	3B	Cu Alloy	Mount	FA	A square mount with the remains of rivets in two corners. The front face is decorated with a right-facing bull or ox . Silvering or tinning is present on the surface. Probably medieval.	Med	17.78	18.83	1.09		0.94	Incomplete	Clean, illustrate

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	12	10	43	3B	Fe	Chain	AG	A broken oval iron chain link	Mod	51.76	28.03	10.18		27.79	Complete	Discard
	12	10	43	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	31.92	7.62	7.6		4.65	Incomplete	
	14	13	43	3B	Fe	Wire	UN	A short length of wire	Und					1.31	Fragment	
	16	15	50	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	30.03	7.35	7.16		4.21	Incomplete	
	29	28	48	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a small rectangular head, lower part of body missing.	Und	14.61	5.42	4.62		1.11	Incomplete	
	42	41	33	3B	Fe	Object	UN	A heavily encrusted tool or fitting, consisting of a socketed element to receive a handle or pole,	P.Med to Mod	100.35	34.05	16.59	27.46	138	Incomplete	Discard

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
								with a rectangular plate slightly offset from this.								
	46	45	36	3B	Fe	Object	UN	Three fragments of an uncertain object. Consisting of three lengths of U-shaped iron strips	Und					93.8	Fragment	
	48	47	45	3B	Fe	Staple	BS	A c-shaped staple, encrusted	Und	15.8	27.19	5.01		3.44	Incomplete	
	59		45	3B	Fe	Bolt/Nail	BS	A nail or bolt with a domed circular head.	Und	65.73	10.89	11.04	13.9	25.34	Complete	
	59		45	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a narrow triangular head	Und	36.85	12.35	6.83		3.41	Complete	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	59		45	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a small rectangular head	Und	36.9	7.23	6.41		4.22	Complete	
	59		45	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	33.14	6.87	6.6		2.91	Incomplete	
	59		45	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	34.57	6.43	5.11		2.97	Incomplete	
	59		45	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	35.08	5.67	4.8		2.4	Incomplete	
	62	60	44	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	28.22	6.13	5.95		1.61	Incomplete	
	67		46	3B	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a square head	Und	34.07	5.43	4.93		4.52	Complete	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
2	96	89	65	4A	Cu Alloy	Object	UN	A small sheet object of uncertain function, consisting of a rectangular length of sheet, one end of which has a (now broken) perforation, while the other bends and terminates in an old break. Undated but old.	Und	14.7	4.69	1.46		0.2	Fragment	
	75	73	66	4A	Fe	Object	UN	A heavily encrusted object of uncertain function, possibly a tool. Probably later post-med	P.Med	190	37.2	19.54		218	Incomplete	
	79	78	58	4A	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened oval head.	Und	59.4	8.39	7.52		10.69	Complete	
	135	134	67	4A	Fe	Object	UN	Four fragments of a heavily encrusted iron object of uncertain function.	Und					48.37	Fragment	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	135	134	67	4A	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened circular head.	Und	59.15	12.18	11.15	21.67	26.11	Complete	
	170	168	81	4A	Stone	Natural	UN	A fragment of unworked natural ironstone.	Und					93.85	Fragment	Discard
	206	203	81	4A	Fe	Object	UN	Four heavily encrusted fragments of uncertain objects	Und					26.92	Fragment	
	234	232	81	4A	Fe	Object	UN	A fragment of an uncertain object, consisting of a rectangular length of iron formed into a right-angle. Both ends terminate in old breaks.	Und	61.69	11.05	4.98		23.91	Fragment	
	236	235	81	4A	Fe	Horseshoe	TRN	Approximately half of a horseshoe of late medieval to post-medieval date.	Late med to P.Med	93.63	23.65	8.13		40.34	Incomplete	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	277	276	88	4B	Fe	Knife	TO	A complete folding knife with the blade folded into the handle. Heavily encrusted.	P.Med	91.83	26.86	12.99		46.83	Complete	X-ray
3	315	313	111	5A	Cu Alloy	Pin	TXT	A wire sewing pin with a small wound head. From a medieval feature.	Med	33.43			0.71	0.05	Complete	
	307	306	105	5A	Fe	Object	UN	A fragment of an uncertain object, consisting of a rectangular length of iron bar.	Und	64.86	12.37	10.36		27.45	Fragment	
	310	306	105	5A	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a slightly domed square head	Und	47.63	7.39	5.8		7.4	Incomplete	
	333	330	96	5A	Fe	Staple	BS	A U-shaped staple	Mod	39.85	21.28	5.05		7.25	Complete	Discard
	338	336	102	5A	Fe	Plough	AG	A modern ploughshare or subsoiler blade.	Mod	450					Incomplete	Discard

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	338	336	102	5A	Fe	Object	UN	A heavily encrusted C-shaped object, possibly a bracket or fixing from agricultural machinery	Mod						Incomplete	Discard
	338	336	102	5A	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing	Und	34.83	10.2	6.88		4.32	Incomplete	Discard
	346	345	114	5A	Fe	Loop	UN	A hand-forged circular loop of uncertain function	Und			5.99	36.96	9.18	Complete	X-ray
	346	345	114	5A	Fe	Nail	TRN	An iron fiddle key nail for shoeing horses	Med	28.71	17.62	7.31		5.46	Complete	X-ray
	346	345	114	5A	Fe	Object	UN	A small fragment of rectangular metal of uncertain function	Und	24.91	9.06	4.46		3.87	Fragment	X-ray
	346	345	114	5A	Fe	Nail	BS	The possible semi-circular head from a nail	Und	19.57	19.52	6.74		3.5	Incomplete	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	348	347	114	5A	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a narrow rectangular head	Und	27.97	11.02	5.51		2.43	Complete	
	375		111	5A	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head clenched over	Und	23.85	5.51	5.15		2	Complete	
53	500		162	7C	Cu Alloy	Mount	FA	A domed circular harness boss from a piece of post-medieval horse harness.	1600-1750 AD	24.48		2.25	86.81	84.53	Complete	
	1048	1044	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened circular head, lower part of body missing.	Und	25.93	7.16	6.33	12.88	4	Incomplete	
	1083	1081	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened circular head.	Und	50.17	10.23	8.96	18.94	11.75	Complete	
	1083	1081	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened circular head.	Und	31.9	6.71	6.68	16.28	10.73	Complete	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	1083	1081	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A fragment of the body of a nail.	Und	29.3	5.75	6.04		5.72	Fragment	
	1083	1081	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A fragment of the body of a nail.	Und	27.87	5.91	4.74		1.43	Fragment	
	1083	1081	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A fragment of the body of a nail.	Und	25.66	3.42	3.39		1.31	Fragment	
	1083	1081	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A fragment of the body of a nail.	Und	21.3	7.06	4.27		0.63	Fragment	
	1083	1081	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A fragment of the body of a nail.	Und	20.7	7.97	7.3		1.51	Fragment	
	1083	1081	147	7C	Fe	Nail	BS	A fragment of the body of a nail.	Und	15.72	5.98	5.89		1	Fragment	

Small finds No.	Context	Cut	Trench	Site	Material	Object	Finds category	Description	Date	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (g)	Extent	Recommend
	1087	1086	174	7D	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened circular head.	Und	57.6	9.96	8.95	17.75	20.35	Complete	
	1087	1086	174	7D	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail, head missing.	Und	55.75	7.61	7.56		9.28	Incomplete	
	1088		171	7D	Cu Alloy	Thimble	TXT	A pressed sheet metal thimble with an iron cap. Distorted	19th-20th Century	24.76		2.15		7.05	Complete	
	1092	1089	169	7D	Fe	Shoe	DA	Part of a U-shaped sole plate from a shoe.	19th-20th Century	77.31	14.78	6.14		33.39	Incomplete	
	1092	1089	169	7D	Fe	Object	UN	A fragment of iron plate of uncertain function.	Und	44.69	39.32	5.99		24.27	Fragment	
	1128	1127	199	7H	Fe	Nail	BS	A nail with a flattened circular head.	Und	47.16	7.79	5.94	16.47	8.75	Complete	

25 APPENDIX 14: ANIMAL BONE CATALOGUE

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
4	4A	80	181			Ditch	SSZ	SAC	F	M	1	3
4	4A	80	181			Ditch	CSZ	RIB	F		1	5
4	4A	80	181			Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		1	1
5	5A	111	375			Layer	SUS	TTH	F		1	1
10	10c	309	500			Topsoil	BOS	MAN	F	L	1	1
3	3B	44	9	8		Ditch	EQU	MAN	F	R	1	23
3	3B	43	12	10		Ditch	RAT	SKEL			1	8
3	3B	50	17	15		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		1	10
3	3B	44	24	23		Ditch	EQU	PH1	W		1	4
3	3B	44	24	23		Ditch	CER	ANT	TINE		1	21
3	3B	46	39	38		Ditch	EQU	MX M	W		1	1
3	3B	46	39	38		Ditch	BOS	MN M	W		1	1
3	3B	46	39	38		Ditch	BOS	MTC	S		1	3
3	3B	46	39	38		Ditch	BOS	MTP	S		1	2
3	3B	36	46	45		Ditch	GSZE	HUM	W	L	1	2
3	3B	36	46	45		Ditch	GSZE	HUM	PRO	R	1	1
3	3B	36	46	45		Ditch	GSZE	TIB	PRO	L	1	1
3	3B	36	46	45		Ditch	GSZE	SAC	F	M	1	1
3	3B	36	46	45		Ditch	UNIB	LBF	S		2	2
3	3B	36	46	45		Ditch	ORC	SKEL			1	5
4	4A	64	66	65		Ditch	BOS	HUM	DIS	R	1	1

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
3	3B	46	67	0		Layer	CSZ	VER	F	M	1	1
3	3B	46	67	0		Layer	DSP	ANT	F		1	1
4	4A	67	135	134		Pit	CSZ	LBF	S		1	1
4	4A	78	165	164		Ditch	BOS	TTH	F		1	5
4	4A	80	194	190		Ditch	CSZ	RAD	PRO		1	1
4	4A	80	194	190		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
3	3B	45	48	47		Pit	CSZ	LBF	S		2	2
3	3B	45	48	47		Pit	SSZ	LBF	S		1	2
3	3B	45	48	47		Pit	OVCA	MN M	F		1	1
3	3B	45	48	47		Pit	EQU	INC	W	L	1	1
3	3B	45	48	47		Pit	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
3	3B	45	58	0		Layer	CSZ	LBF	S		5	5
3	3B	45	58	0		Layer	SSZ	LBF	S		5	5
3	3B	45	58	0		Layer	CSZ	RIB	F		2	2
3	3B	45	58	0		Layer	FEL	TIB	DIS	R	1	1
5	5A	112	379	378		Pit	SSZ	LBF	S		1	1
4	4A	81	204	203		Ditch	CSZ	SKF	F		1	3
4	4A	81	210	209		Ditch	OVCA	MX M	W		1	1
4	4A	81	210	209		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
4	4A	57	242	237	12	Oven	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
5	5A	105	307	306		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
5	5A	108	323	322		Ditch	CSZ	LBF	S		4	4
5	5A	108	323	322		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		2	2
5	5A	108	323	322		Ditch	OVCA	MX M3	W		1	1

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
5	5A	108	323	322		Ditch	SUS	INC	F		1	1
5	5A	114	344	343		Ditch	SUS	TIB	S	R	1	4
5	5A	114	344	343		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
5	5A	114	344	343		Ditch	SSZ	SKF	F		1	1
5	5A	114	346	345		Ditch	CSZ	LBF	S		3	15
5	5A	114	346	345		Ditch	SMA	PH	W		1	1
5	5A	112	358	355		Ditch	SUS	MAN	F	M	1	1
5	5A	112	358	355		Ditch	SSZ	RIB	F		2	3
5	5A	111	377	376		Ditch	EQU	TIB	S	L	1	4
5	5A	111	377	376		Ditch	EQU	TIB	S	R	1	4
5	5A	114	346	345		Ditch	UNIF	VER	W	M	4	4
5	5A	114	346	345		Ditch	AN	VER	W	M	1	1
5	5A	114	346	345		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		10	10
5	5A	114	351	350		Pit	SSZ	LBF	S		2	2
5	5A	114	350	352		Pit	CER	MTT	DIS	R	1	1
9	9	230	767	766		Ditch	RAT	MAN	W	M	1	2
9	9	230	767	766		Ditch	RAT	MAX	F	M	1	8
9	9	230	767	766		Ditch	RAT	HUM	S		1	1
9	9	230	767	766		Ditch	CSZ	LBF	S		1	1
10	10E	309	751	748		Ditch	BOS	MTT	W	R	1	1
5	5A	112	358	355		Ditch	MF	VER	W	M	2	2

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
5	5A	112	358	355		Ditch	SSZ	PH	F		1	1
5	5A	112	358	355		Ditch	AN	LBF	S	L	1	1
5	5A	112	358	355		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		10	10
10	10C	294	690	689		Ditch	OVCA	MAN	F	R	1	2
10	10E	315	714	712		Ditch	BOS	MAN	F	R	1	15
10	10E	315	714	712		Ditch	SSZ	PEL	F		1	1
9	9	231	770	768		Pit	SSZ	FEM	S		1	1
9	9	247	830	829	70	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		3	3
9	9	247	830	829	70	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
9	9	247	830	829	70	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
9	9	247	830	829	70	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
9	9	242	854	853		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		1	1
10	10E	313	696	695	57	Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
10	10E	313	696	695	57	Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
10	10E	313	696	695	57	Ditch	SSZ	TTH	F		1	1
10	10E	315	708	707		Ditch	BOS	MN M3	W		1	1
10	10E	315	708	707		Ditch	CSZ	UNI	F		1	1
10	10C	287	528	527		Ditch	BOS	MN M3	F	L	1	1
10	10C	284	530	529		Ditch	CSZ	LBF	S		1	5
10	10C	284	530	529		Ditch	CSZ	VER	F	M	1	2
10	10B	274	562	561		Ditch	CSZ	UNI	F		1	1
10	10B	268	579	556		Foundation	CSZ	SCP	F		1	1
10	10B	268	579	556		Foundation	CSZ	RIB	F		1	1
10	10B	268	579	556		Foundation	BOS	MX P	W	R	1	1

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
10	10B	268	579	556		Foundation	SUS	RAD	S	R	1	1
10	10B	268	579	556		Foundation	BOS	RAD	S	L	1	1
10	10B	268	579	556		Foundation	BOS	TRV	F	M	1	1
10	10C	288	591	590		Ditch	OVCA	RAD	S	R	1	1
10	10C	291	616	617		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		1	4
4	4A	81	236	235		Pit	CAN	MAX	F	L	1	10
4	4A	81	236	235		Pit	BOS	PH3	F		1	1
4	4A	81	236	235		Pit	SSZ	LBF	S		1	1
10	10C	288	627	626		Pit	SSZ	LBF	S		1	1
10	10E	315	711	709		Pit	OVCA	MX M	W		1	2
10	10E	308	739	738		Pit	SSZ	LBF	S		1	1
10	10E	309	749	748		Ditch	CSZ	VER	F	M	1	1
10	10E	309	749	748		Ditch	CSZ	HUM	S	R	1	1
9	9	249	877	876		Natural Feature	CSZ	LBF	S		1	7
9	9	240	862	861		Ditch	EQU	INC	W	R	1	1
9	9	240	862	861		Ditch	CSZ	UNI	F		1	1
10	10C	288	628	626		Pit	BOS	MAN	F	L	1	30
10	10C	288	628	626		Pit	BOS	MN P3	W	R	1	1
10	10C	288	628	626		Pit	BOS	MN P4	W	R	1	1
5	5A	117	312	311		Ditch	SSZ	TIB	S	L	1	1
5	5A	117	312	311		Ditch	CSZ	UNI	F		1	1
10	10C	306	504	503		Posthole	OVCA	TTH	F		1	3
10	10E	311	722	721		Natural Feature	SSZ	HUM	S	R	1	2

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
10	10C	288	628	626	54	Pit	BOS	MAN	W	L	1	4
10	10C	288	628	626	54	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		20	20
10	10E	310	741	740		Pit	UNI	UNI	F		3	3
10	10E	310	741	740		Pit	CSZ	RIB	F		1	1
10	10E	310	741	740		Pit	UNIB	LBF	S		1	1
10	10E	310	743	740		Pit	SSZ	RIB	F		2	2
10	10E	310	743	740		Pit	CSZ	PEL	F		1	5
10	10E	310	743	740		Pit	CSZ	PH3	F		1	2
10	10E	310	743	740		Pit	CAN	HUM	S	R	1	6
9	9	248	781	779	63	Ditch	CSZ	UNI	F		17	17
5	5A	108	361	360		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		10	10
9	9	248	781	779	63	Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		30	30
5	5A	108	361	360		Ditch	CSZ	LBF	S		2	2
5	5A	108	361	360		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
5	5A	108	361	360		Ditch	CSZ	HUM	DIS	L	1	6
5	5A	114	363	362		Posthole	SSZ	LBF	S		1	1
5	5A	114	363	362	32	Posthole	SSZ	LBF	S		1	2
5	5A	114	363	362	32	Posthole	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
9	9	240	860	859		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		1	12
5	5A	108	360	361		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	UNIF	UNI	F		6	6
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	SSZ	RIB	F		1	3
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	SSZ	VER	F		5	5

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	DSP	TTH	W		1	1
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	SSZ	PH	W		3	3
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	AN	LBF	F		2	2
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	MF	MAN	F	L	1	1
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	CSZ	TTH	F		15	15
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	BOS	MN P3	F	L	1	1
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	BOS	MN M3	W	L	1	1
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	BOS	MN M	W	L	1	1
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	CSZ	HUM	S	R	1	20
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	CSZ	MAN	F		1	1
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	BOS	MAX	F	R	1	2
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	CSZ	PEL	F		1	2
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	CSZ	PH1	F		1	2
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		25	25
9	9	247	889	886		Ditch	CSZ	UNI	F		5	5
5	5A	111	315	313	30	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		40	40
5	5A	111	315	313		Pit	SSZ	LBF	S		4	4
9	9	261	905	904		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		5	5
9	9	242	881	880		Ditch	CSZ	LBF	S		1	1
9	9	242	881	880		Ditch	CSZ	SCP	F		1	1
9	9	242	881	880		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		5	5
9	9	247	888	886		Ditch	BOS	MN M	F		1	3

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
9	9	247	888	886		Ditch	CSZ	VER	F	M	1	5
9	9	257	928	926		Ditch	CSZ	UNI	F		25	25
9	9	251	971	970	85	Kiln	SSZ	RIB	F		1	1
9	9	251	971	970	85	Kiln	SSZ	LBF	S		1	1
9	9	251	971	970	85	Kiln	UNI	UNI	F		11	11
9	9	251	971	970	85	Kiln	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
2	2A	24	1204	1293		Ditch	CSZ	FEM	F		1	13
2	2A	24	1200	1199		Ditch	EQU	TIB	DIS	L	1	5
9	9	250	950	949	81	Pit	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
9	9	250	950	949	81	Pit	UNI	TTH	F		1	1
2	2A	24	1213	1212		Pit	CAN	MAX	F	R	1	2
2	2A	24	1213	1212		Pit	EQU	MAN	F		1	10
2	2A	24	1213	1212		Pit	UNI	UNI	F		10	10
1	1B	16	1197	1195		Ditch	SSZ	TIB	S		1	1
7	7C	155	1123	1122		Ditch	OVCA	MTT	S		1	1
7	7C	154	1120	1119		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		1	2
7	7C	147	1082	1081		Cobbled surface	EQU	MX M	W		1	1
7	7C	144	1069	1067		Ditch	SSZ	MTC	S		1	1
7	7C	144	1069	1067		Ditch	SSZ	RAD	S		1	1
7	7C	144	1069	1067		Ditch	SSZ	VER	F	M	1	2
7	7C	143	1036	1035		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		3	3
7	7C	143	1036	1035		Ditch	CSZ	LBF	S		1	1
7	7C	143	1036	1035		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
7	7C	147	1083	1080		Cobbled surface	BOS	MAX	F	L	1	2

AREA	S.AREA	TRENCH	CXT	CUT	ENV	Feature	SPECIES	BONE	PART	SIDE	SPECIMEN	FRAG #
7	7C	147	1083	1080		Cobbled surface	OVCA	MN M3	F		1	1
7	7C	147	1083	1080		Cobbled surface	OVCA	TTH	F		1	1
7	7C	147	1083	1080		Cobbled surface	SSZ	LBF	F		1	1
7	7C	147	1083	1080		Cobbled surface	CHIK	RAD	W	L	1	1
7	7D	169	1092	1089		Ditch	OVCA	TIB	DIS	L	1	1
7	7D	169	1092	1089		Ditch	SSZ	LBF	S		1	2
9	9	251	971	970		Kiln	CSZ	LBF	S		1	2
9	9	251	972	970	86	Kiln	UNI	UNI	F		1	1
7	7C	143	1022	1019		Ditch	OVCA	RAD	S	L	1	1
7	7C	143	1022	1019		Ditch	CSZ	LBF	S		1	2
7	7C	143	1022	1019		Ditch	CSZ	PH	S		1	1
7	7C	143	1021	1019		Ditch	EQU	MN P2	W	L	1	1
7	7C	143	1021	1019		Ditch	BOS	CARP	F		1	2
7	7C	143	1021	1019		Ditch	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
7	7C	143	1021	1019		Ditch	OVCA	PH3	F		1	1
9	9	251	972	970		Kiln	BOS	TTH	F		1	4
9	9	251	972	970		Kiln	BOS	MAX	F	L	1	2
9	9	251	972	970		Kiln	CSZ	UNI	F		5	5
9	9	251	958	957	84	Oven	SMA	RIB	F		1	1
9	9	251	958	957	84	Oven	SSZ	LBF	S		2	2
9	9	251	958	957	84	Oven	UNI	UNI	F		6	6
9	9	251	958	957	84	Oven	UNI	UNI	F		2	2
5	9	251	958	957	84	Oven	CSZ	LBF	F		1	1
6	9	251	958	957	84	Oven	SSZ	RIB	F		2	2

26 APPENDIX 15: SHELL CATALOGUE

Cut	Context	Sample no.	Site	Feature type	Total Oyster Valves	Oyster (MNI)	Oyster weight (g)	Add. Comm.	Whelk	Whelk (g)
47	48		3B	Pit	1	1	9			
	58		3B	Layer	3	3	13			
235	236		4A	Pit	2	2	27			
203	204		4A	Ditch	16	9	152			
306	310		5A	Ditch		1	1			
313	315		5A	Pit	6	3	89	Oyster clock. Polydora ciliata.	1	6
313	315	30	5A	Pit		1	12		1	33
345	346	31	5A	Ditch		1	1			
345	346		5A	Ditch	96	56	913	Notch marks. Predation, pinhole. Oyster clock. Punchhole.	4	33
347	348		5A	Pit	1	1	8			
350	351		5A	Pit	4	3	40			
	364		5A	Layer		1				
365	368		5A	Ditch	3	2	36			
376	377		5A	Ditch		1	3			
616	617		10C	Ditch	1	1	26			
618	619		10C	Ditch	1	1	8	Polydora ciliata.		
689	690		10C	Ditch	2	1	28	Notch mark.		
740	741		10C	Pit	1	1	11	Polydora ciliata.		
740	743		10C	Pit	1	1	5			
744	745		10C	Ditch	1	1	14	Orange discolouration.		
861	862		9	Ditch	2	1	23			
880	883		9	Ditch		1	7			
1015	1016		7C	Ditch		1	5			

27 APPENDIX 16: ENVIRONMENTAL REMAINS

Key: 1- Occasional, 2- Fairly Frequent, 3- Frequent, 4- Abundant, Y- Present

Sample Number	**1**	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**
Context Number	21	17	135	167	167	167	181	238	240	247
Feature Number	20	15	134	166	166	166	176	237	237	237
Feature type	Pit	Ditch	Pit	Pit	Pit	Pit	Ditch	Oven	Oven	Oven
Area	3B	3B	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A
Entity										
Group name										
Period										
Volume of flot (mililitres)	12	29	32	1	2	16	9	33	43	13
Volume of sample (litres)	8	5	35	4	4	4	12	32	27	13
FLOT RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm	1	1	2			1	1		1	
Charcoal 2-4mm	2	3	4			2	2	1	4	1
Charcoal <2mm	4	4	4	1	1	4	4	4	4	4
Charcoal of ID size										
Seeds										
Brassica sp.	1									
Large Poaceae sp.			2				1			
Fabaceae sp.							1			

Sample Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Indeterminate charred seed			3							
Uncharred Seeds										
Montiaceae sp.										
Apiaceae sp.										
Rubus sp.										
Rosaceae sp.							1			
Chenopodium sp.			1			1		1	1	1
Sambucus sp.							1			
Veronica hederifolia										
Fallopia convolvulus			1			1				
Rumex sp.									1	
Cereals										
Charred cereal waste material										
Hordeum vulgare										
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Secale sp.										
Triticum sp.										
cf. Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain	1		2				1			1
Other plant macrofossils										
Modern plant material	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Roots/tubers	3	4	2	2	4	4	2	4	3	3
Molluscs										
Freshwater molluscs										

Sample Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Marine shell										
Terrestrial molluscs	1			1			2			1
Broken shell										
Other remains										
Insect eggs/ worm cases										
Insect remains								1		
Amorphous charred material		1	1							
Vitrified material										
Industrial waste- hammerscale										
Industrial waste- bloom										
Indeterminate industrial waste										
Metal Cu.										
Burnt Clay				1				2		3
Burnt flint		2	1			2			1	
Charred nutshell										
Animal bone										
HEAVY RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm	1	2	2			1	2		2	
Charcoal 2-4mm	4	4	4	2	1	1	3		4	2
Charcoal of ID size										
Cereal										
Charred cereal waste material										
cf. Hordeum vulgare										

Sample Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain			1						1	
Charred seed										
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed										
Building Material										
Burnt Clay			4					4	1	3
CBM										
Finds										
Pottery				2						
Animal bone										
Metal Fe.										
Metal Cu.										
HSR										
Vitrified material										
Struck flint										1
Stone										
Lavastone							1			
Burnt Flint	2		2	1	1		1	2	3	1
Industrial waste										
Hammerscale										
Slag										
Shell										
Terrestrial shell										

Sample Number	**1**	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**
Marine shell										
Nutshell		1								

Sample Number	**11**	**12**	**13**	**14**	**15**	**16**	**17**	**18**	**19**	**20**
Context Number	241	242	243	245	249	250	251	252	253	254
Feature Number	237	237	237	237	248	248	248	248	248	248
Feature type	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven
Area	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A
Entity										
Group name										
Period										
Volume of flot (mililitres)	1	12	13	5	54	47	6	10	48	32
Volume of sample (litres)	25	16	23	16	29	29		4	8	33
FLOT RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm					1			1	3	
Charcoal 2-4mm		2	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	1
Charcoal <2mm	1	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	1
Charcoal of ID size										
Seeds										
Brassica sp.						1				
Large Poaceae sp.										

Sample Number	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed										
Uncharred Seeds										
Montiaceae sp.										
Apiaceae sp.		1								
Rubus sp.			1	1						
Rosaceae sp.										
Chenopodium sp.		1			2	1	1			1
Sambucus sp.			1							
Veronica hederifolia										
Fallopia convolvulus								1		
Rumex sp.			1				1	1		
Cereals										
Charred cereal waste material										
Hordeum vulgare										
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Secale sp.										
Triticum sp.										
cf. Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain					1			1		
Other plant macrofossils										
Modern plant material		2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
Roots/tubers	2	3	3	1	4	4	4	1	2	4
Molluscs										

Sample Number	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Freshwater molluscs										
Marine shell										
Terrestrial molluscs				1						
Broken shell										
Other remains										
Insect eggs/ worm cases										
Insect remains		1	1							
Amorphous charred material					1					
Vitrified material										
Industrial waste- hammerscale										
Industrial waste- bloom										
Indeterminate industrial waste										
Metal Cu.										
Burnt Clay		4	4	4	4	1		4	1	4
Burnt flint		1		1						
Charred nutshell										
Animal bone										
HEAVY RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm	2	1	1		1			1	2	
Charcoal 2-4mm	3	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	3	
Charcoal of ID size										
Cereal										
Charred cereal waste material										

Sample Number	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain			1							
Charred seed										
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed					1					
Building Material										
Burnt Clay	4		4	3		3			2	4
CBM		3			3			2		
Finds										
Pottery										
Animal bone		1								
Metal Fe.										
Metal Cu.										
HSR										
Vitrified material										
Struck flint		1	1			1	1			1
Stone										
Lavastone										
Burnt Flint	3	1	2		2	2		1		
Industrial waste										
Hammerscale										
Slag										
Shell										

Sample Number	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Terrestrial shell										
Marine shell										
Nutshell					1		1			

Sample Number	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Context Number	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	265	315
Feature Number	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	264	313
Feature type	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Oven	Pit	Pit
Area	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	4A	5A
Entity										
Group name										
Period										
Volume of flot (mililitres)	29	56	17	64	19	9	53	75	5	110
Volume of sample (litres)	24	30	12	26	9	9	37	26	8	33
FLOT RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm			1	1	1	1				2
Charcoal 2-4mm	2	1	3	3	3	3		1	1	3
Charcoal <2mm	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	1	4
Charcoal of ID size										≤2
Seeds										
Brassica sp.									1	1
Large Poaceae sp.										

Sample Number	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Fabaceae sp.										2
Indeterminate charred seed										1
Uncharred Seeds										
Montiaceae sp.										
Apiaceae sp.			1							
Rubus sp.										
Rosaceae sp.										
Chenopodium sp.			1	1		1	1	1	1	1
Sambucus sp.							1			
Veronica hederifolia										
Fallopia convolvulus								1		
Rumex sp.					1		1			
Cereals										
Charred cereal waste material										
Hordeum vulgare										
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Secale sp.										
Triticum sp.										1
cf. Triticum sp.										1
Indeterminate charred grain										3
Other plant macrofossils										
Modern plant material	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
Roots/tubers	4	4	3	4	2	4	4	3	4	3
Molluscs										

Sample Number	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Freshwater molluscs										
Marine shell										1
Terrestrial molluscs		1							1	2
Broken shell										
Other remains										
Insect eggs/ worm cases										
Insect remains							1	1		
Amorphous charred material				1				1	1	1
Vitrified material										
Industrial waste- hammerscale										
Industrial waste- bloom										
Indeterminate industrial waste										
Metal Cu.										
Burnt Clay	4	4	1	2	4	2	3	1		1
Burnt flint								1		
Charred nutshell										
Animal bone										1
HEAVY RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm		1	2		1			1		2
Charcoal 2-4mm	1	2	4	1	2	1	2	2	1	3
Charcoal of ID size										
Cereal										
Charred cereal waste material										

Sample Number	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain										4
Charred seed										
Fabaceae sp.										1
Indeterminate charred seed										
Building Material										
Burnt Clay	1	4	4	4	4	3	3			1
CBM								2		
Finds										
Pottery							1			3
Animal bone										4
Metal Fe.										
Metal Cu.										
HSR										
Vitrified material										
Struck flint				1				2	1	
Stone										
Lavastone										
Burnt Flint	1	1	2	1				2	1	3
Industrial waste										
Hammerscale										
Slag										
Shell										

Sample Number	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Terrestrial shell										
Marine shell										3
Nutshell				1						1

Sample Number	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	50	51
Context Number	346	363	361	309	358	370	372	552	609
Feature Number	345	362	360	308	355	369	371	551	608
Feature type	Ditch	Posthole	Ditch	Pit	Ditch	Oven	Pit	Pit	Pit
Area	5A	5A	5A	5A	5A	5A	5A	10B	10C
Entity									
Group name									
Period									
Volume of flot (mililitres)	87	30	94	8	65	14	47	127	25
Volume of sample (litres)	34	7	34	26	32	32	35	32	35
FLOT RESIDUE:									
Charcoal									
Charcoal >4mm	1		3	1					
Charcoal 2-4mm	3	1	3		2		1	3	1
Charcoal <2mm	4	4	4	4	4	1	4	4	4
Charcoal of ID size			≤1						
Seeds									
Brassica sp.							1		
Large Poaceae sp.			1	1					

Sample Number	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	50	51
Fabaceae sp.	1		1		1				
Indeterminate charred seed			1			1			1
Uncharred Seeds									
Montiaceae sp.									1
Apiaceae sp.							1		
Rubus sp.									
Rosaceae sp.									
Chenopodium sp.		1		1		1	1		1
Sambucus sp.									
Veronica hederifolia								1	
Fallopia convolvulus									
Rumex sp.									
Cereals									
Charred cereal waste material									
Hordeum vulgare	1				1	1			
cf. Hordeum vulgare	1				1	1			
Secale sp.									
Triticum sp.		1	1		1				
cf. Triticum sp.		1	1		1				
Indeterminate charred grain	3		4		3	1	1		
Other plant macrofossils									
Modern plant material	3	1	2	1	4	1	2	2	1
Roots/tubers	4	4	1	3	1	4	4	4	3
Molluscs									

Sample Number	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	50	51
Freshwater molluscs									
Marine shell									1
Terrestrial molluscs	2	1		1	4	4	3		
Broken shell									
Other remains									
Insect eggs/ worm cases									
Insect remains	1						1		1
Amorphous charred material									
Vitrified material			1						
Industrial waste- hammerscale									
Industrial waste- bloom									
Indeterminate industrial waste									
Metal Cu.									
Burnt Clay			2	1	1		1	1	
Burnt flint									
Charred nutshell									
Animal bone	1						1		
HEAVY RESIDUE:									
Charcoal									
Charcoal >4mm	2		4	1	2	1		2	1
Charcoal 2-4mm	2	3	4	3	4	2		4	3
Charcoal of ID size									
Cereal									
Charred cereal waste material									

Sample Number	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	50	51
cf. Hordeum vulgare							1		
Triticum sp.			1		1				
Indeterminate charred grain			4		3		1		
Charred seed									
Fabaceae sp.									
Indeterminate charred seed			1						
Building Material									
Burnt Clay		1			3	4	2	2	
CBM			2						1
Finds									
Pottery	2	1	2		1			1	2
Animal bone	2	1	2		2				
Metal Fe.	1								
Metal Cu.									
HSR									
Vitrified material									
Struck flint	1	1	1						
Stone									
Lavastone									
Burnt Flint		1	3	1	2		3	1	4
Industrial waste									
Hammerscale									
Slag									
Shell									

Sample Number	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	50	51
Terrestrial shell									
Marine shell	2								
Nutshell				1					

Sample Number	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
Context Number	623	625	628	650	662	696	702	727	730	731
Feature Number	622	624	626	649	661	695	701	726	728	728
Feature type	Pit	Pit	Pit	Ditch	Pit	Ditch	Pit	Pit	Oven	Oven
Area	10B	10B	10C	10C	10C	10C	10C	10C	10C	10C
Entity										
Group name										
Period										
Volume of flot (mililitres)	112	14	43	141	156	33	18	111	3	9
Volume of sample (litres)	31	29	28	36	36	34	5	30	5	8
FLOT RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm	3		1		1		2	1		
Charcoal 2-4mm	4	1	2	3	3	1	4	4	1	1
Charcoal <2mm	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
Charcoal of ID size										
Seeds										
Brassica sp.										1
Large Poaceae sp.										

Sample Number	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
Fabaceae sp.					1					
Indeterminate charred seed						1				
Uncharred Seeds										
Montiaceae sp.					1					
Apiaceae sp.										
Rubus sp.										1
Rosaceae sp.										
Chenopodium sp.	1	1	1	1	1			1		1
Sambucus sp.	1						1			2
Veronica hederifolia										
Fallopia convolvulus					1					
Rumex sp.							1	1		1
Cereals										
Charred cereal waste material										
Hordeum vulgare										
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Secale sp.										
Triticum sp.										
cf. Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain						1		1	1	1
Other plant macrofossils										
Modern plant material	4	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	1	1
Roots/tubers	2	4	2	4	4	3	2	4	2	3
Molluscs										

Sample Number	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
Freshwater molluscs										
Marine shell										
Terrestrial molluscs	1	1	1			1	1	3		2
Broken shell										
Other remains										
Insect eggs/ worm cases				1						
Insect remains		1			1	1		1	1	
Amorphous charred material			1							1
Vitrified material										1
Industrial waste- hammerscale										
Industrial waste- bloom						1				
Indeterminate industrial waste										
Metal Cu.					1					
Burnt Clay	2	1	2	2	4	1		1		1
Burnt flint	1			1				1		
Charred nutshell										
Animal bone			1							
HEAVY RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm	3	2	1	3	2		2	3	1	1
Charcoal 2-4mm	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	2	3
Charcoal of ID size	≤3							≤2		
Cereal										
Charred cereal waste material										

Sample Number	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain						3				
Charred seed										
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed										
Building Material										
Burnt Clay					2			2		
CBM			3	4	3	1				
Finds										
Pottery			2	3	3	1		2		
Animal bone			2							
Metal Fe.								1		
Metal Cu.										
HSR										
Vitrified material										
Struck flint										
Stone										
Lavastone										
Burnt Flint				2				1		
Industrial waste										
Hammerscale										
Slag										
Shell										

Sample Number	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
Terrestrial shell										
Marine shell										
Nutshell			1							

Sample Number	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Context Number	771	781	782	785	788	791	794	811	830	831
Feature Number	768	779	779	784	787	790	793	810	829	829
Feature type	Pit	Ditch	Ditch	Posthole	Posthole	Posthole	Posthole	Ditch	Pit	Pit
Area	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Entity										
Group name										
Period										
Volume of flot (mililitres)	65	4	59	3	9	2	7	64	40	9
Volume of sample (litres)	28	2	32	3	4	4	3	32	17	15
FLOT RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm			1	1	1		1			1
Charcoal 2-4mm	1	1	3	1	3	1	4	1	2	3
Charcoal <2mm	3	3	4	3	4	1	4	4	4	4
Charcoal of ID size										
Seeds										
Brassica sp.										
Large Poaceae sp.										

Sample Number	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed								1		
Uncharred Seeds										
Montiaceae sp.										
Apiaceae sp.								1		
Rubus sp.										
Rosaceae sp.							1			
Chenopodium sp.		1	1	1		1	1		1	
Sambucus sp.										
Veronica hederifolia										
Fallopia convolvulus										
Rumex sp.			1							
Cereals										
Charred cereal waste material										
Hordeum vulgare										
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Secale sp.										
Triticum sp.										
cf. Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain										
Other plant macrofossils										
Modern plant material	1	2	1		1	1	1	1	1	2
Roots/tubers	4	2	4	1	2	3	1	4	4	1
Molluscs										

Sample Number	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Freshwater molluscs										
Marine shell										
Terrestrial molluscs		1	1							
Broken shell										
Other remains										
Insect eggs/ worm cases										
Insect remains							1			
Amorphous charred material				1						
Vitrified material										
Industrial waste- hammerscale										
Industrial waste- bloom										
Indeterminate industrial waste										
Metal Cu.										
Burnt Clay								1		3
Burnt flint		1		1			1	1		1
Charred nutshell										
Animal bone										
HEAVY RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm			4	1	1		2	1	3	1
Charcoal 2-4mm	2	3	4	3	3	2	4	4	4	3
Charcoal of ID size										
Cereal										
Charred cereal waste material										

Sample Number	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain									1	
Charred seed										
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed										
Building Material										
Burnt Clay									2	
CBM										
Finds										
Pottery										
Animal bone										
Metal Fe.										
Metal Cu.										
HSR		3							1	
Vitrified material										
Struck flint			1					1	1	1
Stone										
Lavastone										
Burnt Flint		3						4	4	3
Industrial waste										
Hammerscale										
Slag										
Shell										

Sample Number	**62**	**63**	**64**	**65**	**66**	**67**	**68**	**69**	**70**	**71**
Terrestrial shell										
Marine shell										
Nutshell										

Sample Number	**72**	**73**	**74**	**75**	**76**	**77**	**78**	**79**	**80**	**81**
Context Number	852	857	873	875	877	901	911	913	946	950
Feature Number	851	856	872	874	876	900	910	912	945	949
Feature type	Pit	Pit	Pit	Pit	Natural feature	Pit	Pit	Pit	Oven	Pit
Area	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Entity										
Group name										
Period										
Volume of flot (mililitres)	63	19	16	3	13	57	6	130	7	105
Volume of sample (litres)	28	3	8	6	25	32	7	32	33	36
FLOT RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm		2						2		3
Charcoal 2-4mm	3	4	1			1		4		4
Charcoal <2mm	4	4	4	2	2	4	3	4	1	4
Charcoal of ID size										≤1
Seeds										
Brassica sp.										
Large Poaceae sp.										

Sample Number	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed										
Uncharred Seeds										
Montiaceae sp.										
Apiaceae sp.	1					3	1	1	1	
Rubus sp.										
Rosaceae sp.										
Chenopodium sp.	1		1		1	1	2	2	1	1
Sambucus sp.										
Veronica hederifolia								1		
Fallopia convolvulus										
Rumex sp.					1					
Cereals										
Charred cereal waste material										
Hordeum vulgare										
cf. Hordeum vulgare										1
Secale sp.										1
Triticum sp.										
cf. Triticum sp.										1
Indeterminate charred grain			1		1					3
Other plant macrofossils										
Modern plant material	1	1	4	3	3	3	2	2	1	3
Roots/tubers	4	1	2	1	4	3	2	3	3	3
Molluscs										

Sample Number	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
Freshwater molluscs										
Marine shell										
Terrestrial molluscs		1							1	1
Broken shell										
Other remains										
Insect eggs/ worm cases										
Insect remains			1				1			
Amorphous charred material								1		
Vitrified material										
Industrial waste- hammerscale										
Industrial waste- bloom										
Indeterminate industrial waste										
Metal Cu.										
Burnt Clay	1	1	1	1					1	1
Burnt flint			1	1		1				
Charred nutshell								1		
Animal bone										
HEAVY RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm	3		2		3	1		3		4
Charcoal 2-4mm	4	2	4	2	4	2	3	4	4	4
Charcoal of ID size										
Cereal										
Charred cereal waste material										

Sample Number	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain										4
Charred seed										
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed										1
Building Material										
Burnt Clay					1				3	3
CBM										
Finds										
Pottery						1	1	1		3
Animal bone										
Metal Fe.										
Metal Cu.										
HSR										1
Vitrified material										
Struck flint					1			1	1	
Stone										
Lavastone										
Burnt Flint	4		4	4	4	4	1	1	1	2
Industrial waste										
Hammerscale										
Slag										
Shell										

Sample Number	**72**	**73**	**74**	**75**	**76**	**77**	**78**	**79**	**80**	**81**
Terrestrial shell										
Marine shell										
Nutshell							1	4	1	

Sample Number	**82**	**83**	**84**	**85**	**86**	**87**	**88**	**89**	**90**	**91**
Context Number	952	953	958	971	972	1012	1026	1039	1082	1072
Feature Number	951	951	957	970	970	1011	1025	1038	1081	1071
Feature type	Oven	Oven	Oven	Kiln	Kiln	Pit	Watering hole	Pit	Cobbled surface	Posthole
Area	9	9	9	9	9	7K	7K	7C	7C	7C
Entity										
Group name										
Period										
Volume of flot (mililitres)	43	3	136	189	90	45	21	4	24	7
Volume of sample (litres)	30	15	30	32	35	24	16	15	15	4
FLOT RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm	1		1	3	1	1				
Charcoal 2-4mm	3		3	4	3	3	1		1	1
Charcoal <2mm	3	4	4	4	4	3	2	4	4	4
Charcoal of ID size			≤1							
Seeds										
Brassica sp.										
Large Poaceae sp.			1							

Sample Number	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
Fabaceae sp.										
Indeterminate charred seed			1							
Uncharred Seeds										
Montiaceae sp.										1
Apiaceae sp.			1		1	1		1		
Rubus sp.										
Rosaceae sp.										
Chenopodium sp.	2	2	1		1	1	1	1		
Sambucus sp.										
Veronica hederifolia										
Fallopia convolvulus										
Rumex sp.										
Cereals										
Charred cereal waste material										
Hordeum vulgare										
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Secale sp.										
Triticum sp.										
cf. Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain			2	1						
Other plant macrofossils										
Modern plant material	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	1	1
Roots/tubers	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	4	3
Molluscs										

Sample Number	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
Freshwater molluscs										
Marine shell										
Terrestrial molluscs		1			1			1		
Broken shell										
Other remains										
Insect eggs/ worm cases										
Insect remains	1				1			1		
Amorphous charred material										
Vitrified material										
Industrial waste- hammerscale										
Industrial waste- bloom										
Indeterminate industrial waste										
Metal Cu.										
Burnt Clay	1	1		1				1	1	
Burnt flint			1	1				1		1
Charred nutshell										
Animal bone										
HEAVY RESIDUE:										
Charcoal										
Charcoal >4mm	1	1	1	3	1	1				
Charcoal 2-4mm	3	3	4	4	3	3	1			
Charcoal of ID size				≤1						
Cereal										
Charred cereal waste material										

Sample Number	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
cf. Hordeum vulgare										
Triticum sp.										
Indeterminate charred grain			2	1						
Charred seed										
Fabaceae sp.					1					
Indeterminate charred seed										
Building Material										
Burnt Clay	4	4	4	4	2					
CBM										
Finds										
Pottery	2	2	1	3						
Animal bone										
Metal Fe.			1	1						
Metal Cu.										
HSR			2	2	1					
Vitrified material										
Struck flint			1							
Stone				1						
Lavastone										
Burnt Flint	3	4	3	4	2	3	2	4		
Industrial waste										
Hammerscale										
Slag										
Shell										

Sample Number	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
Terrestrial shell										
Marine shell										
Nutshell										

Sample Number	92	93	94
Context Number	1146	1148	1150
Feature Number	1145	1147	1149
Feature type	Posthole	Posthole	Posthole
Area	7F	7F	7F
Entity			
Group name			
Period			
Volume of flot (mililitres)	0.5	7	3
Volume of sample (litres)	1	3	5
FLOT RESIDUE:			
Charcoal			
Charcoal >4mm			
Charcoal 2-4mm			1
Charcoal <2mm	1	1	3
Charcoal of ID size			
Seeds			
Brassica sp.			
Large Poaceae sp.			

Sample Number	92	93	94
Fabaceae sp.			
Indeterminate charred seed			
Uncharred Seeds			
Montiaceae sp.			
Apiaceae sp.			
Rubus sp.			
Rosaceae sp.			
Chenopodium sp.	1		
Sambucus sp.			
Veronica hederifolia			
Fallopia convolvulus			
Rumex sp.			
Cereals			
Charred cereal waste material			
Hordeum vulgare			
cf. Hordeum vulgare			
Secale sp.			
Triticum sp.			
cf. Triticum sp.			
Indeterminate charred grain			
Other plant macrofossils			
Modern plant material	1	1	
Roots/tubers	2	4	
Molluscs			

Sample Number	92	93	94
Freshwater molluscs			
Marine shell			
Terrestrial molluscs			
Broken shell			
Other remains			
Insect eggs/ worm cases			
Insect remains			
Amorphous charred material		1	
Vitrified material			
Industrial waste- hammerscale			
Industrial waste- bloom			
Indeterminate industrial waste			
Metal Cu.			
Burnt Clay	1		
Burnt flint			
Charred nutshell			
Animal bone			
HEAVY RESIDUE:			
Charcoal			
Charcoal >4mm			
Charcoal 2-4mm	2	3	2
Charcoal of ID size			
Cereal			
Charred cereal waste material			

Sample Number	92	93	94
cf. Hordeum vulgare			
Triticum sp.			
Indeterminate charred grain	1		
Charred seed			
Fabaceae sp.			
Indeterminate charred seed			
Building Material			
Burnt Clay			
CBM			
Finds			
Pottery			
Animal bone			
Metal Fe.			
Metal Cu.			
HSR			
Vitrified material			
Struck flint			
Stone			
Lavastone			
Burnt Flint	3	4	
Industrial waste			
Hammerscale			
Slag			
Shell			

Sample Number	92	93	94
Terrestrial shell			
Marine shell			
Nutshell			

OASIS Summary for preconst1-539361

OASIS ID (UID)	preconst1-539361
Project Name	East Pye Solar, Long Stratton, Norfolk: A Programme of Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation
Sitename	East Pye Solar, Long Stratton, Norfolk: Archaeological Trial Trenching
Sitecode	ENF158517
Project Identifier(s)	ENF158517
Activity type	Trial Trench
Planning Id	1227/03
Reason For Investigation	Planning requirement
Organisation Responsible for work	Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd
Project Dates	04-Aug-2025 - 04-Nov-2025
Location	East Pye Solar, Long Stratton, Norfolk: Archaeological Trial Trenching NGR : TM 23873 94851 LL : 52.50556217941051, 1.297280799159938 12 Fig : 623873,294851
Administrative Areas	Country : England County/Local Authority : Norfolk Local Authority District : South Norfolk Parish : Hempnall
Project Methodology	Between 4th August and 4th November 2025, Pre-Construct Archaeology undertook a Programme of Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation at the site of a proposed solar energy scheme (East Pye), located across several sites running from Great Moulton to Seething. A geophysical survey previously conducted across the area of the scheme had identified a number of potential archaeological anomalies, which were targeted by the trenching. A total of 303 trial trenches were excavated across nine of the ten 'sites' and archaeological remains were identified in 228 of the trenches.

Project Results	The densest concentrations of archaeological remains were recorded in the north-east corner of Site 3B, where medieval activity of possible industrial character was identified. Site 4A contained the remains of a Roman farmstead, along with marginal prehistoric activity toward the southern end of the field, including a small pit containing Beaker pottery. Site 5A revealed evidence of ancillary activity likely associated with the nearby manor during the medieval period. In Site 7C, a small portion of further medieval activity was encountered, showing notable similarities to that recorded in Site 3. Two possible prehistoric watering holes were revealed in 7F and K and a flint axe was picked up on the surface of 7E. In Site 9, trenches at the northern end of the site contained multi-period settlement remains with evidence of activity from the Neolithic, Iron Age, Roman and medieval periods, including a well-preserved Roman pottery kiln. A trench at the southern end also contained a possible prehistoric watering hole or large pit. In Site 10, a number of Late Saxon to early medieval pottery kilns were revealed alongside associated features in the southern block of trenches, while further medieval activity was revealed in the northernmost field. A sparse scatter of prehistoric features was also present. Many of the trenches across the sites were targeting field boundaries present on post-medieval mapping, mostly piecemeal enclosure boundaries or later sub-divisions, although a few also formed parish boundaries. These were consistently shown to have been single episodes of ditch construction, which were maintained into the 20th century, before being backfilled at various points in the second half of the 20th century as part of wider processes of field amalgamation.
Keywords	Kiln - MEDIEVAL - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types Kiln - ROMAN - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types Boundary Ditch - MEDIEVAL - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types Boundary Ditch - POST MEDIEVAL - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types Rubbish Pit - MEDIEVAL - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types Rubbish Pit - LATER PREHISTORIC - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types
Funder	Private or public corporation Island Green Power
HER	Norfolk HER - unRev - STANDARD
Person Responsible for work	Peter Crawley, Judy Mlynarska
HER Identifiers	HER Event No - ENF158507
Archives	Physical Archive, Documentary Archive, Digital Archive - to be deposited with Norfolk Museums Service;

Report generated on: 23 Jan 2026, 17:26

P C A

PCA CAMBRIDGE
THE GRANARY, RECTORY FARM
BREWERY ROAD, PAMPISFORD
CAMBRIDGESHIRE CB22 3EN
t: 01223 845 522
e: cambridge@pre-construct.com

PCA DURHAM
THE ROPE WORKS, BROADWOOD VIEW
CHESTER-LE-STREET
DURHAM DH3 3AF
t: 0191 377 1111
e: durham@pre-construct.com

PCA LONDON
UNIT 54, BROCKLEY CROSS BUSINESS CENTRE
96 ENDWELL ROAD, BROCKLEY
LONDON SE4 2PD
t: 020 7732 3925
e: london@pre-construct.com

PCA NEWARK
OFFICE 8, ROEWOOD COURTYARD
WINKBURN, NEWARK
NOTTINGHAMSHIRE NG22 8PG
t: 01636 370 410
e: newark@pre-construct.com

PCA NORWICH
QUARRY WORKS, DEREHAM ROAD
HONINGHAM
NORWICH NR9 5AP
T: 01603 863 108
e: norwich@pre-construct.com

PCA WARWICK
UNIT 9, THE MILL, MILL LANE
LITTLE SHREWLEY, WARWICK
WARWICKSHIRE CV35 7HN
t: 01926 485 490
e: warwick@pre-construct.com

PCA WINCHESTER
5 RED DEER COURT, ELM ROAD
WINCHESTER
HAMPSHIRE SO22 5LX
t: 01962 849 549
e: winchester@pre-construct.com

PCA 25 years
PRE-CONSTRUCT ARCHAEOLOGY 1993-2018

REGISTERED ORGANISATION CIfA